# THE STATE GAZETTE 

## NORTH-CAROLINA.

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## 4 a

'THBRE is an obiection made to the new conflitution, which I believe origenated in this flate, as I have never feen it in privt.-It is betieve a very powerful rosicn with many among us, for oppofing at in others from interefted anotiv:s.- The obection is this-that if the new government takes place, the dehts due to Bist, fisjeets will he recoveratizens bare the expences of the war, and had their pioperty torn fiom them for the fupport of it, whiff the fubiedts of Brituin remared en. ticly at their eafe, or were employed in altumpting to rob and erficee is. It wonld therefore, it is Said, be manifeft injuftice that we Gouald, out of the litite pittance which we have left, or from the fruit of putr labours, pay debts to thofe who have contributed to opprets, and reduce ps to poverty." Pcrtraps in fome inftances, the ee reatons may be applieable; but we are semember, that if any of us have been reduced to porerty by the ixar, Nothing can be recovered of us, and theid w will difcharge us if we are mindvent, - The treaty of pogge loaves the Britifh fubject open to recever his mentey, if the debror is poffefied of property; and it is thamelefs on our part, that it has not becen erecoted with good fuith.. - This his given a planfible pretext ter one breach on the part. of the Britifh, and for not making compenlations for another. Thefe are the fivervite reafons of a leamed judge, which as he has ufed them pubticlv, as well es privately, are fof fecrets:' With what proprithem pabliclv, as well as privately, are rofecrets, With what propri-
ety they come from one in lis fiation; the puthlic will determine. If it ety they come from one in his station; the public wild determine. It it
fhuld appear herenter, that any one who ufes thefe argumentsagaint adopting the new conftutution, frould be found to be deeply indebted adopting the nev confhtution, frould be feund to be deeply indebted
to Britifh fubiects; what fhall we think of his patriotifm? we fhall be to Britith fubiets, what thall we think of his pithe the motvanabie part of his property, by contraetmg dobts with Britifh fubjects, and thit the fime property remains at this day entire, and ever contiderably improved (the lols of a tame dees excepted) thatl wenct be convinced minproved (the hols of a tame dets excepted) , thafl wenct be convinced
that his refentment againtt our lare enemics is excited by the love of that his relentment againt our arte enemics is excited by the love of
wealith, to the att intment of which he facritices the national faith. I have teen thus particular in order to warn your againft thote who would enteavour to rek indle your refentment for their own particular purpofes. You fhopld never forget that thie tieaty of peace will one day be enforced; if not by ourfelves, it certainly will by our enemies. Few of you owe dehts to Britifh fubjeets, and therefore I prefume you will not readily ${ }^{\text {cen }}$ fent to pas the debts of otlids. - But if the courts are not Speedily open for their recovery, you will either be taxed for the payment, or which is mare probable they svill be collected with much more certainty than federaltaxes, and that too at the point of the bay *

Some of the mint important fonfiderations are yet to come. The Antes are now fo'ecble, that they are, by the confeftion of all, withous any effective government-In cafe of attemits upon our independencs, are Congrefs able to raife a regiment, or fie out a ingle chip of war? Can we in fuch an exigency, expeet foreign aflilante, while we are un-
willing, or dnable, to obferve the treaties we have made, or topay the monies wis have herrowed? Six Hates have already atopted the new conflitution, and theie is every probability thar thiee more, at the lealt, wiil come into the tneafure. What will become of North Carolina if we fheuld refofe our affent? No man of the leat knowiedge in government will he fo widd as to affert, that we can fupport ourfelves. We Shall unqueftionably be deferted by South-Carolina, and moft proba. bly by Virginia ; but if the latter thould alforefute the new contitution, what wowd hertrengti avall us, Canwe jointly repel a powerful enemy' Look hack to the late war, and anfwer the queftionShould we reject the new government we fhall be the moft centempti-ble-fate ont the faee-of the carabindefpifed and ridiculed by all the nations in the world, and fink even beneath the politieal character of Rhode-Ifland. The Utited States will treat us as forergners, and will either precludc us from all commerce with them, or lay our trade under fuch fevere reftrictions, that the little we have now left will be totally andihilated; and in the end we fhall he reduced to the mortification, of fuing for admifion into the union. Remember, my fellow, eitizens, it was by the ftricteft union we became independent. Our zeal during the war fupplied the want of good goveinment-Nothing but union gan preferve us from deftruction. Let every man make it his boaft, that he continues a citizen of the United States - That was once a refpeetable appellation-Do not change it to be called a citizen of a fingle-fate bowever refpectable. Whoever advifes you to a meafure fo deftruetive, does not confider your honowt, or your intereft-bur puffies hie own feeffift motives, and the gratification of a paltry and vicious ambition - The greateft part of you will, in fuch ah event, remain obfcure and unknown, whiff your adviferis will txalt themmain obicure and unknown, whint
fotves upon the ruin of their couniry.
 d 1 now endeavouring to bring about a reconciliation with our ancient Fafters. If the charge is juft, a better fcheme couid not have been thapted, than to keep us divided and feeble. But the cafe appears to d- different here. Thofe among ws who are the moft induftrious to pie Wht a reform, have been folme of the waimeft oppofers of the Britith goverhment-- Their zeal has been little thort of perfeciition, but if fit yyk around us, we flall difcover, that a contiderable number of thein Det fuch as were unknotw or as perions of no contiquence, previcus to thewar - They have arifen by accident into power, and influence, and tirw dread the lois of it. They make a merit of their uniform actach ri:tet to the American caufe, thotigh in foct mary of them hiad nothing ta lofe, and confequently ran no tifk in the conteft; and fince the peate fis taken place, moft of thm have been equally uniform in oppofing Ticth mealures as were beft adapted to allay the animofities of parties; an reflore the community to order and tranquillity - To this oppofi-4- m , throughout all the ftates, it is owing; that a reform in governimene bermes necellary.
If we look on the other hand, to thofe who appear favetrable to the nto conftitution, we can farcely fuppofe the baik of them to be actualid by any improper motives. Few, very few of them, indeed, can eng. Ct to be individually benefited. The honour of fitting in Congrefs, w: be confined to feven at prefent-The number cannot be augmentce until the populffion of the country is confiderably encreafed. The pe fits atterding a feat in the national Counciis, can be no tempration tc be allowance muft necellarily be moderate. In all events it cannot be ich as to be a corspenfation to thofe who muth, in a great meafure, ale ton the care of their private affairs. The officers of Congrefs in the (tote will be yery few, The Coliectors of the inpofs at the differ-
 The great number of refpectable perfons who are in favour of the neve government, and the impoffibility that the greateft part of them can derive any partial benefit from it, are irrefragable proofs that they act from conviction.

The enemies of the new forin of government endeavoir to perfuade others, whit I can fcarcely think they believe themfelves; that the Prefident of thie United States is only another name for King, and that we thall be fubject to all the evils of a monarchical government. How a magiftrate, who is remoteabie at a flort period, can be compared to an hereditary monarch, whofe family, to all fucceeding generations; as well as himelf muft be maintained in pomp and spiendour, at an enormous expence to the nation; and whofe power and influence will be proportionably great, thefe honeft guardians of the tights of the people would do well to inform us - It needs no argument to prove that a goveriment is the more forcibie when the Executive department is in the hands of one, or a few. There can be no danger, where that one is liable to be removed every four years, and will be at all times re-Iponfible-It is a maxim in the Britifh gosernment that the King can do no curonf ; that is, He is not amenable to the courts of juftice, as the law has not provided any punimment for his mifconduct; but the Prefident of the United States will be liable to be Impeached by the reprerenatives of the people, sid to be tried for his crimes-Yet we may remember that it was not the Britifh form of government of which we complained; but the $x$ fufal on the part- of the Legiflature of that country, to let ths participate of the nghts which their other fubjects and C. Intead of the protectors of our privileges; King, Lords and Commons became otr tyrants ; and, animated by liberty, we ipurned at therr ufurped authority, and threw off the yoke. Will our litsation under the new government be finitar? Can common fence, and common honcfy view it in the fame fight? Exercife your own underHtand nggs, read and judge for yourfelves; and yotr mbit neceffarily be convinced, that thofe who would infidioufy, under pretence of imagiThe dangers, whifper you out of gour jenles, do not mean you well The Preitdent, the Senators and Reprefentatives in Congrels, will be Reprefentatives in che Generl A Reprefentatives in the General Asembly; with ins diference, that they are not chofen fo frequently. This became neteflary to give ftability to government-But they will be more in your power, if ahy of them abuie their truif, - you can impeach, and try thetn; but you cannot try a perfon impeached by your on Aftembly. You have na conftitution al provifion for it; and your jodges have raifed fuch a clamour about your ears, that no law can be obtaned for the purpofe. Yet I will do them jutice. I verily believe that they wowid not object to a law for regulating trials upon impeachment, if the Affembly would graciouf ly pieaie to exempt heir Honours from furch uriats.
If after all you thould be averle from receiving the new conftitution, apprehending fone danger to the liberties of the people, there is one certain rule, which cannott fail to point out the eonduet which you ought to pusfae. Atrand to the sandse of, the fudgeo en this greves- nutiois.

