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1.033,000

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NUMBER 45.

# THE RANDOLPH REGULATOR. PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{Y}$

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# GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

To the Honorable the General Assem: bly of North Carolina:

The meeting of the General Assembly in this Centennial year of our national existence, is an important event in the history of the State. You have met for the purpose of enacting laws to promote our various interests as a people. You are here, the chosen representatives of the people, who, in return for the confidence they have reposed in you, look to you for wise and udicions legislation.

During the year now drawing ra- Total prin. and in., pidly to a close, we have been exempt from pestilence and famine, and from unusual suffering of every kind. Our people have enjoyed the blessings of Total prin, and in., civil and religious liberty, and they have prospered to a greater or less degree in every department of industry. We have abundant cause to be grateful to God for His manifold mercies blessings. The earth has brought forth her fruits in due season, and all who have been industrious and economical have prospered, having generally received fair compensation for their labor ..

Peace has prevailed everywhere within our borders. We have nothing. in the heavens or in the earth itself o which we have a right to complain, for both have been propitious to us. I remains fof us only to go forward in the path of duty, without any vain re grets for what is passed, prepared to use and improve the present, and to act our part in a cheerful and hopeful spirit in the future which lies before

CONDITION OF PUBLIC TREASURY.

The following statement shows balnace in hands of Public Treasurer Oct. 1st. 1875, and the amount of receipts, established under a sound basis. and disbursements of the Public Treasurer for the fiscal year ending Septem ber 30th, 1876.

Balance in hands of State Treasurer. Oct. 1st, 1875-Educational Fund, \$ 14.039.78 184.703.111 Public Fund,

\$ 198,742,894

Receipts of Elucation Fund for fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1876. \$ 42,235,59 Receipts of Public Fund

for fiscal year ending Sept. 30th, 1876,

\$ 265.017.66

Disbursement of Educa tional Fund for fiscal end. Sept. 30th, '76, \$ 528.055 22

\$ 582,758.15 Leaving in hands Public Treas., Oct. 1.1876-

\$ 1.572.44 Educational Fund. Public Fund. 180,687.07 STATE DEBT.

The bonded debt of the State on the 1st Oct. 1876, was as follows: Bonds issued before the

war, called old bids, \$8.372,900 Inter. unpaid on same, 4,003.777,50

Total, prin. and inter., \$12,376,677.40 Bonds issued since the \$ 1,781,000 Inter. unpaid on same. 807.180

2,488,180 Bonds issued since the war under ordinance and acts passed since

the war not special \$ 2,015,045 tax, Inter. unpaid on same,

921.127.95

This class embraces the following / issues :--Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford R. R., issued during the war under acts passed before the

war, and renewtd by

acts of 1865 and '67, Reg. certificates of B'rd of Education. Chatham R. R. Ordinances Convention. Williamston & Tarboro Railroad.

Penitentiary. \$ 2,015,045 Bonds is, under Funding Acts of 1866-'68 as follows :

Funding Act of 1866. \$ 2.417,300 In. unpaid on same. 1.157.793 \$ 3.574.993 Funding Act of 1868. 1,702,900 In. unpaid on same. 819,252

\$ 2.522,152 Total for Funding. \$ 6,007,145 Bonds issued during the war under acts passed before the war, for internal improvement, purposes, including \$215,000 for Chatham R. Road, issuedunder ordinance of Conver-

tion, Jan. 30th, 1862, \$ 951,000 n, unpaid on same. \$ 1,543.985

\$11.407.000

In. unpaid on same. 4 897,770 \$16.304.770

Special Tax Ponds.

Total debt including interest exclusive of Special Tax, \$25,542,160 45

Total delt with interest incling 'Special Tax \$41.846,930.45

FUNDING ACT OF 1874-'75:

Nothing has yet been done under he act passed by the last General Assembly to compromise the State lebt. The amount of our State bond held by the few creditors who signified their willingness to accept the propos ed compromise was so small that it was not deemed advisable to incur the expense of having new bonds prepared, and of levying a special tax upon all the taxable property of the State, for the purpose of paying the interest on such a small amount. It is very important that we should compromise. commute and settle the State debt : so that our financial condition may be the better known both at home and abroad, and our public credit again

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

I respectfully recommend to your careful consideration the interesting report of D. A. Jenkins, Public Treas-

It becomes my duty to say that Treasurer Jenkins has voluntarily retired from the office he has filled with consumate skill and ability for more than eight years past. He has manage I the financial affairs of the State honestly and safely through all the 524.039.174 difficulties and embarrassments by which he has often been surrounded \$ 566,274:763 He has been an honest and faithful public officer, and in retiring to pri vate life, he leaves a record of which the may well be proud.

THE AUDITOR'S DEPARTMENT.

The Aulitor's reports show the receipts and disbursements at the Public Treasurery for the two fiscal years ending September 30, 1876, and I respectfully invite your attention to the same. The Auditor's office is one of the most important offices in the State. and I take pleasure in bearing testimony to the manner in which the duties of that office have been discharg-

MANUFACTURES.

from the soil, and while the interest the University. of the farmer should, therefore, be first considered, we should at the same time give attention and extend our annum for that purpose. fostering care to the manufactures and the Mechanic arts. North Carolina pays annually to foreign countries and to her sister States millions of dollars for manufactured articles, which President and an able corps of Proshould be produced here at home. - fessors.

We have the raw material, or the means of producing the raw material for nearly every fabric for which we to the biennial Report of the Board of and regions. It may be assumed that prosperity of the State; but while this that much valuable work has been er branches of domestic manufactures.

We ought to manufacture and supply ourselves with a large proportion of our woolen clothes of all kinds, especially of the charser and more substantial kinds.

We ought to spin and weave at least one-half of our entton crop, which cannot be less than 200,000 bales per an- for occupation. num. We ought to manufacture our own iron, from the vast bels of ore State, some of which are not excelled for quality elsewhere in the earth.

of our timber, and send more of it than we do to the markets of the worldket for our people, and of thus living nore within ourselves.

A policy of this kind would benefit every interest, and would especially redown to the advantage and prosper- ready for this section also. ity of the farmers, by creating a delemand here at home for their pro-Incts.

It would also save millions of dolars per annum to the State, which are now expended outside our borders. and which constitute a constant drain toon our wealth.

It would also diversify labor and ive employment to all classes of our people, without which we cannot hope clothe, and guard them. o advance rapidly in intelligence and wealth.

I cannot gentlemen too strongly commend this subject to your attenion and consideration.

### IMMIGRATION.

I beg leave to renew and urge the recommendations heretofore made by my predecessors and myself on the subject of immigration. No State has finer climate than North Carolina. and her soil is rich and so varied that nearly all the fruits and products of the earth common to our country can be cultivate I an I realize I here by the hand of industry. Besides, we have mexhaustible deposits of the most valnable minerals; we have water jower in the greatest ablindance for turning machinery; and we have vast forests of the best timber thus far barely touched by the hand of man. In a word, there is no region of the earth, so for as climate and mineral resources are concerned, which is more inviting than our State is to the immigrant feel sure that your legislation will be such as to holl out inducements to cessary and valuable. immigrants to settle among us, to become as one of our people, and thus labor with those of us who are already here, and who expect to remain to develop our resources, to build up our State more and more prosperous, enlightened and wealthy.

UNIVERSITY. The last General Assembly masse an actalifecting the Pablic Treasurer to issue to the Trustees of the University, a certificate of indebtedness for me hundred and twenty-five thousan dollars, with interest at six per cent. payable semi annually, on the 1st days of January and July in each year out of any moneys in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriate I, the interest to While all material wealth comes be used by said Trastees in support of

> Under this act the Public Treasfirer pays to the University \$7,500 per

The University was opened for the reception of students on the 10th of September 1875, under its new organization and it is now in successful operation with Hon. Kemp P. Battle as PENITENTIARY.

I respectfully, invite your attention pay thus largely to other communities Directors, Architect, Deputy Warden, Stewart and Physician for the two grounds for that institution. we manufacture our own tobacco, and years ending October 31st, 1876. The supply a large surplus thereof to othe report of the Board of Directors show er portions of the world the proceeds in a plain and tusiness like manner of the sales of which constitute the ba the practical operations of the Peni- victs. sis of no small part of the financial tentiary, from which it will be seen is so, and while I would commend the done on and about that Institution, tobacco manufacturers for their skill although a large number of the best energy and industry, yet I would at convict laborers have been sent off to. the same time urge that more capital work on public works. During the and skilled labor be employed in othe last two years the work on the Penitentiary has progressed about as much as could reasonably be expected under all the circumstances.

> There has been erected within the prison enclosure a strong cell building, containing 64 cells for prisons:

The building is of brick with iron doors and frames, and is now ready

The brick used in its construction were unde by convict labor, and all which we have in various parts of the the stone-work was cut by convicts.-There has also been erected one section of the cell block in the main buil-We ought to get out and use more ding the larger portion of the bricks having been laid by convicts. And the iron doors and frames for the same convicts for their labor. We ought to direct very much more were manufactured within the prison of our attention and energies to the enclosure, by convicts, at less than great work of building up a home mar- one-half of the original contract price.

The foundation for another section second stories built. The iron doors portant State work. and frames have been made and are

the Fenitentiary furnished 332 convicts to the Commissioners of the Western North Carolina Railroad and have built for them three sets of quar-

The value of the labor of the con victs already on that road is probably

victs, the increase of the guard and overseers have created a deficiency of \$21.678.97 for which the Directors ask an immediate appropriation, to meet the present wants of the prison.

The Directors of the Penitentiary formed out to the Spartanburg and Asheville Railroad Company 200 convicts for the period of 2 years. That ing to his deeds. was done mainly because the appropriation for the Per itentiary, made by performance of the contract and all of monstrons and absurd. provisions of the contract have been faithfully observed and the quarterly payments promptly made.

which has been proved to be both ne- itentiary crime.

The work in this shop both as to quality and quantity has been very satisfactory. All the work is done by the convicts and all the iron work re quired for the buil lifter is made here.

The blacksmith shop has been kept busy manufacturing tools required in vite your attention. carrying stone and for other purpos The labor is performed by con-

In the shoe shop they are now manufacturing all the shoes worn by the convicts within the prison enclosure. also for those employed on the different railroads in the State. It is believed that a small amount of moner invested in machinery for manufacturing shoes would vield a large return; but owing to the limited means on hand this important branch of business has not yet been very extensively carried on.

In accordance with the acquirements of the General Assembly, the Directors of the Penicentiary furnished 50. convicts to the Insane Asylum at Raleigh, who were employed in the manufacture of brick, used in the erection of a new kitchen for that in. 1875 yand 1876 should be applied by

itentiary also furnished the Directors ate construction of a suitable kitchen

tors furnished the North Carolina & Georgia Rail Road Company 50 con-

This road will form a part of the and the building is now completed. Western Division of the Western N. Carolina Railroad, leading from Asheville to Murphy, in Cherokee county, and thence via the Georgia Road to Marietta, Georgia.

izens of Georgia and North Carolina, and the State of Georgia is working chase for the State a suitable tract of its convicts on the road to the North land for the purpose to superintens Carolina line, while our people in its construction, and appropriated Cherokee county agreed to take upon \$50,000 for the year 1875, and \$25,000 themselves the trouble and expense of transporting, feeding and clothing, guarding and furnishing medical at- The act also provides that the comtendance to the convicts for their la-

ed out to Matthews & Co., lessees of be made available. A report of the the New Hanover work house, 30 con- progress of the work on said Asylom viets for the balance of their term; they agreeing to feed, clothe, guard . The last General Assembly passed and give medical attention to the also "an act to provide for the colored

men, to visit the Penitentiary any tablishment at the Marine Hospital time at your leisure, and see for your- building at Wilmington, North Caroliselves what has been done, and the of cells, has been laid and the first and management and progress of this im-

I deem it due to truth and justice to say that I have had no cause of In compliance with an act of the complaint against any of the officers mend the establishment of an asylum General Assembly the Directors of and managers of the l'enitentiary for the colored insane, under the same during the last two years. I believe rules, fegulations and treatment as they have been honest and faithful in white patients. The colorest race com the discharge of their duties, and I cherish none but the kindest feelings for them all.

AMENDMENT OF THE CRIMINAL CODE. Justice requires that each crime \$100,000. The State is bound to feed. shall be punished according to its grade, and not according to an arbi-The increase of the number of con- trary law that would punish a small crime as much as a great one; and as there are grades and degrees of crime, so there should be grades and degrees in the amount of punishment. We are informed by the Divine law, which upholds and sustains the internal principles of justice; that every man shall be judged and rewarded accord-

There is a white man in the Penitentiary, sent there for a term of ten the last General Assembly, was insu . years, for stealing a Bible while drunk. ficient to support all the convicts .- There is a youth in the Penitentiary The Company agreed to feed, clothe, for a term of three years for stealing guard and furnish medical attention one goose, valued at ten cents. There to the prisoners let to them and in ad- is another in the Penitentiary for a lition to pay to the prison Directors term of three years for receiving a the sum of \$31.20 per capita per year. stolen chicken: Such punishments and have given a bond for the faithful for such offences are unjust, cruel,

Under the law as it now stands, neor ling to the decision of the Supreme Court, assault and battery, even an Deaf and Dumb and Blind. There is a foundry and Machine assault with a deadly weapon, with Shop connected with the Penifentiary. intent to commit murder is not a Pen-

### INSANE ASTLUM.

The intere-ting report of Dr. Eu gene Grissom, Superintendent of the Insane Asylum, shows the condition of that Institution for the last two offi "ial years, to which I respectfully in times more and sometimes less,

The report for 1876 shows that the opening of the Asylum on the 22d humane teachers and matrons, who lay of February, 1856, is one thou- seem to regard their protection and sand one bun lee | and seventy-three : the total number of discharges for the of whom three hundred and two were by he expected. proved; one hundred and eighty unimproved; and three hundred and The appropriation for thirteen died-leaving now under two years was treatment two hundred and sixty-four. Special appropriation,

The last General Assembly passed, Received from the shop, an act authorizing the Board of Direc From interest, tors of the Insane Asylum to creet a new kitchen with sufficient store room connected therewith to accommodate There has been expended provisions and supplies for the institution. The act provided that so much of the appropriation made for the years stitution. The Directors of the Pen- the Board of Directors to the immedi-

a min sead : alea.

of the Western Insane Asylum at connected with and for the benefit of Morganton 50 convicts, who were em- the said Asylum; the snin for that ployed in making bricks and grading purpose was not to exceed \$5,000; the act also authorized the employment of The Penitentiary Board of Direc- such convict labor from the Penitentia: ry as should be necessary for the erection of said kitchen. From twentyfive to fifty convicts were employed;

The last General Assembly passed "an act to provide another Asylum for the Insane of North Carolina," to be located within three miles of Morganton, North Carolina, and known as the This Company is composed of cit- Western Insune Asylum. The act appointed five Commissioners to pur for the year 1876, all of which has been paid out of the Public Treasury. missioners may employ such convicts in the Penitentiary as can be spared The Boar of Directors also farm- by the authorities of the same and can will be made in a short time,

Insane of North Carolina," and appro-I respectfully invite you, gentle- printed \$10,000 per annum to the esna of a branch Asylum for the colored insane, and their support and treatment; but nothing has been done und der said act for their benefit.

I respectfully and earnestly recom: pose a large part of our population and help to support our gevernment; and they are as liable to become in sane as the white race.

Although they were kept in honlage and ignorance for more than two hundred years before their emancipal tion, yet they contributed largely to improve this country and increase its wealth and prosperity. They live among his, and we hope they will stay and enjoy with us the bellefits and blessings of a free Republican government, of equal laws and equal rights

If the white race compose two thirds of our population, and there are two asylums for the support of the white insane, surely the colored race, composing one-third of the population, enght, in justice, to have one asylum for the support of the colored insane. The subject should appeal strongly to the humanity and charity of the General Assembly, and I hope the appeal will not be made in vain. DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND.

I respectfully call your attention to the report of the Principal of the North Carolina Institution for the

The number of pupils enrolled duing the last two years has been : Deaf and Dumb male 83; females

Blind males 51; females 42, 93 Total.

The average attendance for the past two years has been about 210, some

The health of the pupils has been good, and they all seem to be content. ed and happy. total, number of a missions since the ... They are taken care of by kind and

welfare with as much interest an I anxlety as if they were their own children. The financial condition of the instisame time is nine han tred and nine. cution is as favorable as could reasona-

cured; one hundred and fourteen im- On the first day of November, 1874. there was a balance in the hands of

the Treasurer of \$ 5,097 01 96,000 00 3,000 00 2.020 23 Miscellaneous sources,

80 00 Total, \$101,355,41 for all purposes,

Leaving a balance in the hands of the Treasurer. November 1st, 1876, of \$15.361 41