

The Wilmington Post.

VOLUME X.

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A STATESMAN TO BE TRUSTED.

In all the history of the party which saved the republic, struck the chains from the slaves, enfranchised the colored man and wiped out the one dismal stain upon the fair fame of the government that was founded by Washington, there stands out the name of no man more prominently than that of John Sherman. In all the muster roll of the names of illustrious persons and statesmen who have swayed the fortunes of that party, valiantly and cheerfully bearing its burdens or toils in the dark hours of doubt, discouragement and persecutions amounting in the eyes of the world to disgrace, and in the hour of its fierce trial when it gave bold battle for the advancement of civilization and the regeneration of mankind, bearing about him with grand steadfastness and unflinching fidelity, no man's name reflects a brighter glow, or stands credited with higher achievements than that of John Sherman.

Beginning with the beginning, he was a Republican. He naturally affiliated with that party, to which from the very moment of its birth the supreme interests of humanity have been confided, as the hardy oak sends his sturdy limbs up into the pines and brighter sunshine far above the dwarfed and dwindling growth that spends its short and futile life groveling at its base. His every impulse has been that of a high minded, pure hearted, patriotic humanitarian. Search his record and tell us wherein he has ever fallen short of the attempt at the fulfillment of the noblest impulses. Study his life and show us wherein he has been other than the highest type of man.

We kindle into enthusiastic admiration for the glorious achievements of General Grant, the heroic and accomplished soldier, the ardent and faithful patriot, and we are proud to belong to a nation that has in honoring him so honored itself. But we abate no jot or tittle of our claim that to John Sherman shall be awarded equal honor, equal reward. While General Grant at the front directed the armies that were to crush out a rebellion, wrong and causeless, and we feel that we have earned the right to so characterize it, and we do so without fear, at that moment John Sherman was doing no less desperate battle in his place in the United States Senate—beating back the unnatural disloyalty at the north that aimed the coward's blow at the father's life, keeping in courage and heart a worn and fainting people, filling the veins of patriotic endeavor with the healthy blood of heroic determination, holding up the hands of the soldier hero, who without such aid would have fallen and failed, garnering and making secure the fruits of the costly victory, and with the nobly won opportunity broadening and strengthening the foundation of the newly born republic. The courage and wisdom and patriotism that John Sherman was animated by was in no regard less worthy of our grateful recognition than that of Gen. Grant.

Mr. Sherman is a Republican by every instinct of his strong and patriotic nature. He has never swerved from his adherence to the broadest and most requiring creed of that great party. It would seem that with his mother's milk he drank in the inspiration of equal rights to all men—the shibboleth of all enlightenment and progress, the watch word of the great humanitarian organization. When others fainted in the heat of the conflict, or sunk weakened and despairing beneath their wounds, or allured by the deception of false ambition strayed away from the true path, deserted the camp and dropped out of the fight, John Sherman stood like a rock, and never for an instant relaxed his lofty purpose.

To what glorious purpose he wrought let this great nation testify. Let the world come and know that by the act of this man and his associates, amongst whom he stands a faithful leader, that four millions of human beings have been lifted from the shameful degradation of slavery and ignorance to the proud plane of American citizenship which ought to be, and which will be, please God, as proud a title as ever was that of boasted Rome in her brightest days. His life has been a long struggle in behalf of his country. No man may truthfully say that he has ever wrought selfishly. His aims have ever been for the elevation and amelioration of the condition of his fellow man. And if he wrought heroically in the days of darkness he has been no less firm and patriotic and wise in his recent contests. With what consummate skill and unwavering courage he has fought the fight of resumption! And now that his victory is won and he has placed the people of the republic on the firm footing of the sure high road to prosperity, how deserving he is of all our gratitude and rewards of honor.

The old Fulton market has been torn down and is to be rebuilt.

The Democracy pay John Sherman the compliment to train their heaviest guns upon him. This compliment he deserves. He has been a consistent opponent of the party which once attempted the life of the nation and which has always been filled with a spirit of hatred for the Union, and of bitter persecution toward the weak and helpless.

From the great west, the seat of empire, come unmistakable indications that the Sherman movement is gathering in volume and strength with each day that passes. There is no mistaking this sign of the disposition of the people. Secretary Sherman has earned their admiration and confidence. They realize that he is a man to be trusted—that he is seasoned timber, tried in the storms that have only demonstrated how staunch and true he is. The movement is not to be laughed or sneered down. It exists, and grows steadily in strength.

THE DEATH OF THE PRINCE IMPERIAL.

The Prince Imperial, the only son of Louis Napoleon and Queen Eugenie is reported to have been killed by the Zulus. He was probably about 24 years of age. Since the fall of the Emperor he has resided in England with his mother at Chislehurst, and has been trained at the military school at Woolwich. He went to Africa to participate in the war with the Zulus and was in the English army. His death leaves the French throne in case of the restoration of the Bonapartists.

The official account of Prince Napoleon's death says:

The Prince with Lieut. Cary, of the 93rd Regiment, six men and one friend, Zulu, left camp at Keletzi mountain, seven miles beyond Blooduar, on the 1st inst., for a reconnoissance. The party halted and unsaddled when ten miles from camp. Just as the Prince gave the order to remount, a volley was fired from ambush in the long grass. Lieut. Cary and four of the troopers returned to camp, and reported the Prince and two troopers missing. From their statements there could be no doubt that the Prince was killed. A party of the Seventeenth Lancers, with an ambulance, started on the 21st instant to recover the body of the Prince which was found and brought in on the same day. A special to the Daily News adds the following particulars: "The body of the Prince, when found, lay on its back. There were eighteen assegai in it, two of them piercing the body from the chest to the back, two in the side, and one destroyed the right eye. A bullet, with hair, medal lions, and a ring, were found around his neck. His face wore a placid expression. He had evidently ineffectually tried to mount, and the leather of the flap tearing, he ran along the path to where he was found. Two troopers lay near the body, both having been assegai'd. The Prince was very adventurous."

The news of the death of the Prince Imperial reached London at a late hour last night. About one o'clock this morning it was circulated in the lobbies of the House of Commons, when, in reply to inquiries, Col. Stanley, Secretary of the State for War read the official telegram.

Lord Sydney, an old and tried friend of the Imperial family, has left for Chislehurst to break the news to the Emperor Eugenie.

The London journals, while deploring the Prince's death, regard it as the end of Imperialism in France. Prince Napoleon, who has become the head of the line, is a Democrat in politics and is distasteful to the entire Bonapartist party. He has two sons, aged 17 and 19 years, respectively. Party loyalty may fasten around the name of one of these sons, but for the present Imperial council must be distracted and the possibility of the return of the Empire must appear more shadowy than ever.

The following correspondence between Mr. M. Cronly, Assessor for this Township, and J. M. Worth, Esq., State Treasurer, will be of interest to tax-payers generally:

[COPY.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.
Hon. J. M. Worth, Public Treasurer,
Raleigh, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—Many of the residents of this Township are listing no Solvent Credits. Cannot think there is any disposition to evade the law, but some inform me that they cannot state the value of their notes and accounts, and are unable to say what amount they could collect by law. Others claim that the State has no right to tax Credits in another State, and are unwilling to list them, while a large majority say their liabilities are larger than the entire amounts due them. Many hold mortgages upon real estate who decline to list, upon the ground that the owner being in possession lists the same, and claim that should they be compelled to list, these mortgages would involve a double tax upon the property. To illustrate: A sells to B a piece of real estate for \$4000, one quarter cash, balance one, two and three years credit with six per cent. interest, secured by mortgage. The real estate is assessed at \$4000. B lists and pays tax upon that amount. Now should A list the mortgage (Solvent Credit) made by B to secure the \$3000? Again: C loans D \$4000 upon a piece of real estate, assessed at \$6000, for one and two years, with interest at 6 per cent., secured by mortgage. D lists and pays tax on \$6000. Should C list

and pay on the \$4000 mortgage as a Solvent Credit?
Is money on hand, in legal tender notes, taxable?
Will you be kind enough to give me your opinion on these questions, as well as to poll and salaries of Ministers of the Gospel? and oblige,
Yours, very respectfully,
M. CRONLY,
Assessor Wil. Township.

NORTH CAROLINA,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, June 17th, 1879.)
M. Cronly, Esq., Assessor, &c.,
Wilmington, N. C.

DEAR SIR: Yours of the 13th instant received, and I answer your questions without repeating them.

Taxpayers must list their solvent credits, in or out of the State, estimating their value at what they would bring at a voluntary sale.

Property under mortgage must be listed by the mortgagee, but the note given by him to mortgagee, for the money advanced, must be listed by the latter as a solvent credit. This is not a double tax on the same property, because the solvent credit in this case is only a charge of the nature of the property of the mortgagee from money on hand or on deposit, or a solvent credit of another class.

It has been decided that while United States Treasury notes may be exempt from taxation as money on hand, National Bank notes are not exempt. If, however, United States Treasury notes are deposited in bank, and a certificate of deposit is obtained therefor, the certificate is a solvent credit, and, as such, is taxable.

I find no where in the laws that Ministers of the Gospel are exempt from poll or income tax. In fact, the Constitution does not admit of their exemption from poll tax as ministers.

Very respectfully,
J. M. WORTH,
State Treasurer.

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Nany Tobacco.

WANTED—An active young man to take charge of the Post-Subscription list, both city and country.

Yesterday was the longest day in the year.

Mr. Thos. Monk expects to visit Europe soon.

Mr. E. S. Latimer has left this city for the great west.

A very heavy hail storm visited this section on Thursday last.

Col. D. K. McKee, attorney at law has been appointed Auditor of Carolina Central Railroad.

Rev. J. W. Craig and J. W. Potter will hold an open air meeting at Dudley's Grove to-day.

Sheriff Manning has received information that Joe Miller has made his escape from the penitentiary.

The Bank of New Hanover has sent up sixty-five thousand dollars of old bonds to be exchanged for the new state bonds.

Dr. B. F. Cobb has gone west with his son. They are thinking of purchasing lands in western North Carolina for stock raising.

FIRE—On Thursday night last the residences of Jno. J. King and Frank Melton was destroyed by fire.

Mr. B. F. Mitchell and daughter left last week for Bath, Maine, to visit relatives. They expect to stop at different watering places as they go northward, and will be absent some three months.

How long, O, how long, will M. C. Guthrie continue to spend the money that honestly belongs to Samuel P. Swain the regularly elected Clerk of Brunswick county?

The trial of Joe Gillespie, charged with the murder of W. G. Fowler at Mooresville some time ago, has been removed from Iredell county to Alexander county, on application of the defendant Gillespie.

The last regatta of this season of the Carolina Yacht Club in the river will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. It is rumored that only four boats will enter this race: Rosa, Ripple, Gipsy and Bonnie Lassie. The Restless, Frolic and Lizzie, we hear are undergoing some repairs.

Next to the Sheriff, tax assessor, and the city dog-catcher, the dearest friend on earth is the tax-collector. He is pleasanter than a country physician, than a deacon, than a sea captain, than a dry goods clerk. He delightfully has insinuated himself into your private business, has found out the value of your watch, your private income and everything.

M. C. Guthrie holds on to the office of Clerk of the Superior Court with an iron grip—the people decided against him in August last, yet he holds; the courts have decided against him. Yet in contempt of the people and the courts he continues to hold. We suppose justice will reach him after awhile. In the meantime he is spending the money of Samuel P. Swain, the rightfully elected officer, and not his own.

Only five person confined in the city prison.

The police made nine arrests during the week.

Three interments in Bellevue Cemetery for the past week.

One interment in Pine Forest Cemetery during the past week.

Treasurer Savage collected \$507 57 during the past week.

During the past week 525,755 feet of lumber were shipped from this port.

Marriage licenses were issued to two colored couples during the past week.

There were 6 arrivals and 6 sailing of vessels from this port during the past week.

Quite a large number of vessels in below. Seven bound up and others waiting for favorable winds.

Stacy VanAmringe, Esq., probated five deeds, four chattel mortgage and one mortgage during the week.

There are 341 bales of cotton, 6,000 casks of spirits, 100,897 barrels of rosin, 4,059 do. turpentine, and 24,617 do. tar ashore and afloat at this port.

During the past week 44 bales of cotton, 2814-barrels of spirits, 9265 bbls. rosin, 114 bbls. tar, 2535 bbls. turpentine were received at this port.

Second street is getting to be the seat of an enormous business. One fellow keeps lemonade and ice cream in a store five feet square. Another makes coffins, another shaves Africa-Americans, and another has "meals at all hours." Pompey Harris holds court at the corner over multifarious vegetables. There is a cafe and one beer shop, one sewing machine store, and one cigar maker, and one tailor's shop, one upholsterer, one undertaker, a paint shop and a Magistrate's office, and a law office. The Postoffice and the United States Court, two delivery stables, furniture warehouses, and grocers are all crowded into this vast mart of human activity.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—At a meeting of Carolina Lodge, No. 434, Knights of Honor, last Monday night, the regular semi-annual election of officers was held. The following were chosen for the ensuing term:
Dictator—John D. Taylor.
Vice Dictator—Walter Coner.
Assistant Dictator—J. A. Springer.
Guide—Jas. F. Post, Jr.
Chaplain—N. W. Schenck.
Reporter—Geo. N. Harris.
Financial Reporter—John L. Dudley.
Treasurer—Owen Fennell, Jr.
Guardian—H. B. Willis.
Sentinel—Jas. M. McGowan.
Medical Examiner—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy.

MAGISTRATES COURT.—Lud Johnson was before Justice Hill, charged with willful abandonment and assault and battery. Judgment was rendered against him in both cases; the fine and cost amounting to \$6.30. He was committed in default.

Geo. W. Murry before the same Justice; charged with assault with a deadly weapon. He was fined \$50 and the cost.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Paddy's Hollow contributed Anna J. Hill as a victim for the city court. Anna was drunk and is now resting in the city prison. She will make a visit of twenty days.

Two kids Tom Tit and Mike Peden were caught purloining scrap iron. They are in the city prison on a month's visit.

Stephen Hannon committed an assault upon Billy Miller. Hannon was fined \$25. The fine was paid.

Bod Martin and Jacob Thompson had a bet to see who would be first to the Mayor. Their cases was continued.

Charles Murphy was arraigned for abusing and insulting a police officer in the discharge of his duty. The testimony of the witnesses went to prove that Health Officer Scharf, while on the premises of Mr. Murphy yesterday, in the regular discharge of his duty, inquiring into the sanitary condition of the place and making inquiry into the number of badgeless dogs on the premises, in accordance with a recent order of the Chief of Police, was cursed and abused by the defendant and ordered off the premises.

Lemonade Jim, alias James Clark, was arraigned for interference with an officer. He was furnished quarters for thirty days.

A sailor man got on his beam ends and refused to mind his rudder was steered into the wrong port and the Mayor fined him just ten dollars which he paid.

Limping Drake, the Chief of the Hollow was run in, and after spending two days in a cell was released.

Twenty-two vessels in port, and forty-two are up and sailed for this port.

John Mercer Langston, L. L. D. whose untimely death is announced, was a Professor at-Law of the Howard University, associated with the Hon. A. G. Riddle of Washington, D. C. He took charge of the Law Department of the above named institution, at its organization, and was by his earnest endeavors, instrumental in qualifying the first class of young colored men for practice of the profession in this country. Col. Geo. L. Mabson of this State was a member and graduate of 1870.

A live eagle may be seen any day on Second street in front of Sykes's meat market. He walks up and down the street or on the side walk with a lordly strut, occasionally flying a rod, and sometimes lighting upon a rail, folding his wings, and looking very wise and dignified. He minds his own business mostly, but the other day he took possession of a little boy's hat and wouldn't let him have it for a while. Then he walks into a mulpeduck and sticks his beak in the water as if he were hunting fish. He knows he is no common bird, looks you straight in the face and eyes of the sun as if he thought of taking an aerial flight. He subsists on the best of mutton chops and beef steak.

THE BRUNSWICK CASE.—DECISION AND APPEAL.—In the case of the people of the State of North Carolina upon the relation of S. P. Swain vs. M. C. Guthrie, being a quo warranto to test the validity of title of the defendant to the office of Superior Court Clerk of Brunswick county, heard in the Superior Court of New Hanover on Wednesday the 11th instant, His Honor Judge Seymour, rendered a decision on the 14th in favor of the complainant, S. P. Swain, the defendant (M. C. Guthrie) being required to surrender the office and its appurtenances to the plaintiff and pay a fine of \$250 and the costs of the action.

From this judgment defendant appealed to the Supreme Court, and was required to give bond in the sum of \$50 for his appearance.

K. of H. DELEGATES.—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy and Mr. N. Jacobi, who have been in attendance at the Grand Lodge Knights of Honor, which was held in Newbern, returned to this city yesterday morning. They speak in warm terms of commendation of the hospitalities of the people of our sister city. We give below a list of officers, as obtained from the representatives from this city:

G. D.—T. F. Klutz.
V. G.—Dr. W. H. H. Cobb.
A. G.—J. M. Spragins.
G. R.—P. C. Carleton.
G. Treasurer—S. C. Scofield.
Chaplain—Rev. W. P. Williams.
G. Guide—N. Jacobi.
G. Guardian—Dr. D. Cogdell.
G. Sentinel—C. M. Brown.
G. Medical Supervisor—Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy.

Trustees—L. C. Haines, Dr. R. F. Lewis, Alexander Miller.
Representative to Supreme Lodge—W. G. Brinson.

The Portland (Oregon) Bee looks upon Senator Chandler, of Michigan, as the most popular man in the nation to-day, and it would not be surprised to see the Republican ticket made Grant and Chandler; in case Grant declines to run, Chandler in the first place.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Wilmington

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE!

OUR FRIENDS ARE REQUESTED TO be a little patient. We expect the instruments soon. The wires are being strung as rapidly as possible. One Cable was laid in the river on Tuesday last, and we have another on the way.

It is hardly necessary to tell you that anything said through the Exchange will be private, only reaching the party for whom it is intended.

L. A. ANGEL
Agent.

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THIS is to give notice that on the 18th day of June, 1879, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued by the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of Samuel Northrop, William H. Northrop and William A. Cumming, partners trading as Northrop & Cumming, of Wilmington, in the county of New Hanover, in said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden on the 25th day of July A. D. 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Fayetteville, N. C., before Wm. A. Guthrie, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy of said District.

June 23 Marshal for said District.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mortgage Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 2ND, 1879, AT 10 o'clock, A. M., Messrs. CRONLY & MORRIS, Auctioneers, will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the BED-ROOM SETS, OFFICE FURNITURE, DINING-ROOM and KITCHEN FURNITURE contained in the

Empire House,

in this city, the same being the property that was conveyed by L. L. Doby to Maria Genauat, by Mortgage, dated January 24th, 1879, and registered in Book O. G. D., on pages 266 and 267, in the Records of New Hanover County. Said sale to take place at said Hotel, at the appointed hour by order of the Mortgagee.

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer.

Mortgagee's Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 2ND, 1879, upon the premises, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., we will sell, at Public Auction, THE ENTIRE FURNITURE AND OUTFIT OF THE

Empire House,

of this city, viz., Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture (8 Rooms), all in excellent condition, Bar, Office and Kitchen Furniture, Two Billiard Tables and Fixtures, Bedding, Crockery and Glassware, and everything requisite to the conduct of a First Class House.

Hotel can be rented for one or more years upon application to the Auctioneers.

Monday 23rd, And Tuesday 24th, The Last Days.

TAX LISTING.

WILL CLOSE TUESDAY, JUNE 24TH, 1879, at 6 P. M.

HOURS on Monday, June 23, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.

5 A. M. to 8 P. M.

TUESDAY June 24th, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., 8 to 6 P. M.

M. CRONLY, Assessor
je 22 11 Wilmington Township.

TAX LISTING,

HAVING BEEN FURNISHED WITH A LIST of all Mortgages of Record in this Township, it is made obligatory upon me, in case parties fail to list to enter the same upon the delinquent list, compute and extend a double Tax thereon.

Save annoyance and expense—call at City Hall and list, Hours from 9 A. M. to P. M., 3 to 6 P. M.

M. CRONLY, Assessor
je 22 11 Wilmington Township.

REASONS WHY

PERRY DAVIS'

PAIN-KILLER

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrhoea and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affords a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c.

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chills and Fevers; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER, as a Hoarseness is un-qualified for Sore Throat, Chlinitis, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy and to keep it always near at hand.

THE PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and get the genuine. Every Drug-Store, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

Prepared by J. B. HILL, n 15-17

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the observance.

IF WE COULD ONLY HAVE KNOWN
What a storm was brewing (in a teapot),
And how far off that shutter was, we should
never have ventured our head outside of
that window; but it is too late for regrets
now; we are nonplussed, completely
speechless, have been sat upon, and our
friends and the public generally are re-
spectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT

and we stake our reputation on its being
the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he
slides he slips up most miserably, and
our "kind friends" to find out the meaning
of the above, and while they are doing so
we will ask the following questions:

Hav'n't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in
the State?

Hav'n't we the poorest stock of goods in
Wilmington?

Hav'n't we made prices much higher since
we commenced?

Hav'n't we been very unaccommodating
and impolite to you?

Hav'n't we charged you for all the goods
delivered?

Hav'n't we made a great many mistakes
and refused to correct them when our atten-
tion was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to
the above questions will please not buy from
us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY
BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington, we will in the
future have to keep from being so tender
hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little
more.