

Liberal State Ticket.

Nominated by the Liberal Convention, held at Raleigh, June 7th, 1873, and endorsed by the Republican State Convention of June 14th, 1882.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE, OLIVER H. DOCKERY, Of Richmond.

FOR SUPREME COURT, GEORGE N. FOLK, Of Caldwell.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT, C. C. POOL, Of Pasquotank; JOHN A. MOORE, Of Halifax.

FRANK H. DABBY, Of New Hanover; W. A. GUTHRIE, Of Cumberland; L. F. CHURCHILL, Of Rutherford.

FOR CONGRESS, THIRD DISTRICT, WILLIAM P. CANADAY, Of New Hanover.

MR. SAMUEL N. HILL. We were glad to shake the hand of our brother quill-driver of the Wilson News, Mr. Samuel N. Hill, who was in the city on Wednesday last. May you prosper, dear friend.

Wonder if Col Wharton J. Green, recently from Warren county, is opposed to taking the duty off of champagne and other foreign wines? Perhaps this is a duty for tariff only, but "incidentally for protection."

Wharton J. Green seems to be so ashamed of his peculiar citizenship that he doesn't even put his place of residence after his name on the hotel register. Does it hurt your conscience, Warrenton J? or do you stand on blue blood dignity and believe everybody, even the mechanic and laborer, too, know you?

Bourbon-Democratic candidate for Congress in the Third District—Col. Wharton J. Greene, of Warren, a county in the Second District. How do you like it fellow-citizen of the Third District, to have a citizen of another District receiving the honors, in place of Waddell, Short, McLean or Shackelford?

Republicans and Liberals are wanted to put out for candidates their strongest and best men. The people are honest and will not support men for office unless they have confidence in their ability and integrity. Watch the township meeting that selects delegates to the county one and all will be well.

What does Wharton J. Green, formerly from Warren county, but at present Democratic candidate for Congress in the 3d District, know about the protection in our tariff laws afforded to pen-ink producing, rice production, to cut fishing interests, our cotton fields, by fostering competition for the staple at home, in the United States, against England?

What do Warren county politicians know about our interests in the 3d District, anyway?

Trace chains and spool cotton, things the Democrats want manufactured exclusively in foreign lands, are indispensable in an agricultural country. The monopoly that existed before the tariff was put on by the Republican party was an English monopoly and in the interest of English manufacturers. Now America competes with England for our trade, and we get the same goods cheaper and furnish work to home mechanics besides. What country has built up more rapidly for twenty years than the United States, under her system of protection to home industries?

And so, Col. Wharton J. Green, recently from Warren county, from which place he failed to get to Congress, but at present the Bourbon Democratic candidate in the 3d District whips up to the front and carefully says from his carefully written manuscript, "I too am with my party and opposed to a tariff for protection; I am for a tariff for revenue only." Well, all these people who are opposed to protecting industries and building up factories are among the aristocrats and opposed to any legislation favoring labor or the development of new enterprises bigger than "they."

It is a fact as some have said, that Col. Wharton J. Green, recently from Warren co., but now Democratic Democratic candidate for Congress in the 3d District, wrote and published a letter sometime ago favoring prohibition except as to native wines. Will our neighbors over in Virginia or in Warren county examine their old rice of newspapers on prohibition and furnish us the letter, if such exist? It is said not to be "two years old" yet, and probably as fresh as the candidate himself for the people of the Third District.

COL. WHARTON J. GREEN.

His speech here on Monday night has declared in favor of a "low tariff." He don't desire that American labor and American industry shall be protected against the pauper labor of Europe.

COL. WHARTON J. GREEN.

Declares for the total extinguishment of the Internal Revenue and a reduction of the tariff. At the same time he says he will get many appropriations for the harbor and river improvements. We would like to know how these improvements are to be made if all of the sources of the Government income is cut off. He wants the tariff reduced, and yet expects to have plenty of money to make all these needed improvements. You can't pay bills unless you have the money to do it with.

SPPOOL COTTON.

When did the price of Coats' spool cotton come down from ten to five cents per spool? It was when the manufacturers were forced to under the Republican tariff law to bring their machinery to the United States and work their mills in this country. The Republican party may be a war party as Southern people say, but it wars for the laborer and the interests of all the people, especially the honest laborer and for equal rights to all the people. Give us protection for home industries and the homes of the people will be happy and prosperous.

WHARTON J. GREEN.

Formerly of Warren county, but more recently of Cumberland, and at present Bourbon Democratic candidate for Congress against Waddell, Rose, Short, Shackelford, McLean and everybody else in the Democratic party at home, as well as against the Republicans and Liberals, and who, when called a carpet-bagger, falls back on his old "grandmother" of the ninth degree who is now inhabited with 30,000 people, as he says (and none of them ever in Congress)—well, this gentleman is for "Tariff for Revenue only—protection to home-made wares incidentally."

GOV. JARVIS VS. BOURBON DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS.

Gov. Thomas J. Jarvis, in his speech on Monday night last, told the people that the United States Government had robbed them of \$150,000,000 revenue the past year by collecting that amount of money from the people, more than was necessary for the running expenses of the Government, but why didn't Gov Jarvis go on and tell the whole story, viz: that this money was collected under authority given by a Democratic Congress for six years, therefore the Bourbon Democratic

WHARTON J. GREEN.

Desires to put the mechanics of the United States on a par with the partner laborers of England. We can tell you Col., that the laborers of the U. S., and particularly of the 3rd District, want stand that. You had make retire and go to England and run for Parliament. Your views don't suit the poor, hard-working mechanic of the Cape Fear. Your money and your blood won't save you. Our farmers and our mechanics don't care anything about your great-grandmother to the 9th degree, nor do they care about your aristocratic ancestry, nor do they want your money or your travels through Europe. What 35,000 farmers and mechanics of this District want, is a man to go to Congress who will work for their interest and not for the particular benefit of the very few aristocratic hobnobs in this District.

POOR JARVIS.

He was a poor sick when he was making a speech in this city out of an audience of about two hundred. Very near one half were colored people drawn there by curiosity, and the poor Governor did not dare to draw the color line as he has been in the habit of doing. He saw on the "big" side quite a number of well-dressed colored people and on the other a number of conservative white people. He saw he could not make his usual negotiating and negro hating speech. So he took the other side here and tried to show how much he had done for the negro and said he thought they ought to vote for his party because his party had constructed a small Asylum at Goldsboro for the colored insane, costing about \$20,000, while they had spent about \$40,000 on a magnificent establishment near Morganton for the white insane, notwithstanding the fact the State had one at Raleigh for the whites costing about \$1,000,000. So, Governor, you had better find some other reason for appealing for the colored vote. But you will deny all this when you get west—then you will shake the black flag again. But you had just as well shut up. It has no terrors for the good white people. They know that the colored people are going to conduct themselves as good citizens, and they can never again be led by your pictures of social equality, &c. They

have all heard the wolf story. You have bawled wolf before when there was no wolf to be seen, and this time your cries will not bring the good white people to your aid. There is no wolf and they know that the colored people know their rights and the conservative white are willing for them to enjoy the same without hindrance, and we honestly believe that the masses of the whites in North Carolina have made up their minds that colored people shall be treated right, regardless of the wishes of Bourbon politicians.

VANCE.

Well do we remember, when war was booming in the land, and when our wisest men knew that the "South" was unequal to the task it had voluntarily assumed, that through the influence of Mr. Holden, then editing the Standard at Raleigh, Vance was nominated and run and elected Governor of the State by the thoughtful and better balanced people in the year 1862.

Well do we remember how, when he got in power, he disappointed the men who wanted to make a man of him, and save the State and the blood and fortunes of our people, by making his famous Wilkesboro speech, wherein he attempted to turn over all the people, in a popular speech, to Jeff Davis, and what turned out to be the inevitable Lost Cause. It has been said that the gentleman was bought over with a tickle of his vanity bump—that he expected to be President or Vice-President of the C. S. A., with England and free trade to back him! The English did negotiate with him for cotton and ships and good things (by nominal purchase of course) through the blockade.

We still remember, when war was over and the inevitable reckoning was had, and the "dancers had to pay the fiddlers," how Vance, who then even could have reverted consistently to his old record of a Union man, and said, "As a forced Confederate I was faithful to you. My first notions were correct, and you see the mistake you made, and which I warned you of, but with you I determined to risk all and did it." "Now that all is over, let us quit this foolish war and go into the family of the States honored and respected, with equal rights to all, as we can do under Andrew Johnson." But no, Vance ran away from Raleigh and had to be "captured" and "surrendered" and "imprisoned," and tried to be a MARTYR and a saint.

We well remember, again, how he failed to be elected to the U. S. Senate by a Democratic Legislature, and was forced to run for Governor and fight with fraud for his party success to get in "by the count," and not really by a choice of all the people entitled to a vote. Judge Settle was really the savior.

When we consider he has aspired only to be the "wit," or "king's fool" or "clown" of that body of statesmen, even having made a speech on the tariff, inspired by the notion that his wit and ridicule could humbug the people on a doctrine advanced by and defended by Washington and Jefferson, and by the wise men all the way along since the days of the fathers. Why, if Vance was "necre," did he not make this speech when his own party controlled both houses in Congress? For humbug and clap-trap this tariff oracle "bumps the bumper."

If the ideas of this speech were enacted in law, our cotton fields would be a wasted plain, our mines remain as of the bowels of the earth (very much contipated), and our mechanics and artisans would come down to the plain of European pauper labor. As a failure to comprehend the popular will, or advance an idea in the interest of the people, commend us to Zeb Vance, the Senate clown. He is a big Prohibitor. He prohibits the will of the people, and forces his own with a jolly jolt, and calls that statesmanship.

SPPOOL COTTON.

Reporting Bennett's speech at Fayetteville, Capt. Bryan, of the Fayetteville Enquirer, says in his issue of Aug. 3rd, "Returning then to spool cotton, he (Bennett) said: 'Take of the duty of fifteen cents per dozen and it will be only 40 cents.' This duty on thread was imposed by the Republican Congress of 1862, and has been kept there ever since." "Coats, the manufacturer of the thread in Scotland, had brought over a portion of his machinery to this country (country per-haps) and instead of paying the duty to the Government, is now manufacturing the thread here, and putting the duty in his own pocket."

This is the Democratic argument as put forward by their candidate for candidate for Congressman-at-Large on SPOOL COTTON.

Observe the fact that it is admitted that Coats, of Scotland, to save the tax "brought over a portion of this machinery to this country" and is manufacturing the cotton here. What is the result? Coats' spool cotton is now selling at five cents for two hundred yards. Prior to the enactment of this law of 1862, this same spool cotton of Coats' manufacture, two hundred yards to the spool, sold at retail to the "poor stitcher" at ten cents per spool or three for twenty-five cents. Here we are, under a protective tariff, getting

spool cotton at half price, and absolutely forcing the manufacturers to bring their machinery all the way from Scotland and do the work here at home, thus giving employment to our dear people as well as reducing the price of the goods!

Such is the fact, and who can deny it? Whenever the Bourbon Democratic leaders can be converted to the true advocacy of the true interests of the people, then may we expect the millennium and not before.

STATE DEBT VS. JARVIS.

Did it ever occur to Mr. Jarvis that it comes with very bad grace from him to abuse the Republican Legislature of 1868-'9 for issuing bonds for certain railroads in North Carolina, when he, Jarvis, voted for the bonds himself?—The Journal of the House of Representatives show that Thomas J. Jarvis was a leader of the Democratic side during that session, and that a very large majority of the Democratic members, including Mr. Jarvis, voted for all of the infamous acts authorizing Governor Holden to issue bonds.—Even the infamous special tax bonds was voted for by Thomas J. Jarvis. And the Ship Fraud book show that Thomas J. Jarvis got the small sum of \$1500 from one Mr. Pickrell, a noted bond thief. Mr. Jarvis has never denied receiving the money, but claims that he borrowed it. It seems that Jarvis is going over the State abusing the Republicans for doing that which he himself assisted them in doing by voting for the Republicans.

Mr. Jarvis should also tell the people, and he will do it if he has reform, that A. S. Merrimon, Swepson's attorney, was a lobbyist at that time for the railroad bonds, and that the said Merrimon drew up all the acts authorizing those bonds which he and Jarvis lobbied through. They were assisted by all of the Democratic Presidents of railroads in the State, and by such leading Democrats as Judge Person, of Wilmington, and others.

Mr. Jarvis, if he has at last reformed and wants to stop being bribed as Pickrell bribed him in 1868-'9, should also inform his audience that out of the \$18,000,000 worth of bonds issued, \$17,500,000 of them went into the hands of the Bourbon Democrats; and if they were squandered, as we have no doubt they were, then it was done by those same Bourbon Democrats who received them after they were delivered to them.

Gov. Jarvis, these are historical facts that you should in common honesty admit.

1st. You should say to your audience, Fellow-citizens, I know it was wrong for the Legislature of 1868-'9 to issue bonds.

2nd. I know, my friends, that these bonds were issued by means of corruption, but in justice to you I would state that I, Thomas J. Jarvis, voted for them, and I received \$1500 from Pickrell. This is all that was ever proven on me.

3rd. Friends and fellow-citizens, as a matter of history, and I admit it to be you, that my (the Bourbon Democratic party) received nine tenths of these bonds and squandered them.

4th. My dear friends, I, Thomas J. Jarvis, exceedingly regret to have to admit, but the facts must be told—these corrupt bonds were authorized by the Legislature of 1868-'9 on account of the tremendous lobby consisting of every Democratic railroad President in the State (and all the Presidents were Democrats at that time) assisted by A. S. Merrimon and thirty other of the Democratic lawyers in the State, including the very ablest in the State.

5th. My dear friends and fellow-citizens, this record is hard, but as I wish God to forgive me of all my sins, I must make a truthful statement to you:

When Governor Jarvis mounts the stand and states the above facts like a man, then and not a little then will we believe that he has become any more honest than he was the day he received the 1500 from Pickrell.

We dislike to tell these important matters on the Chief Executive of the State, but when he starts out falsifying the record and makes statements which he knows is as false as can be, we believe the people should know the whole truth. A man who lives in a glass house as Thomas J. Jarvis has for thirteen years should not throw stones, nor neither should a man with the record that is fastened to the past conduct of Jarvis get up and abuse men even as notorious Messrs. Swepson, Littlefield, Latin and others who are his superiors in honesty and integrity.

It might be considered that we are saying these things about Jarvis because he is a Bourbon Democrat, but that is not the case we have clippings from a majority of Democratic papers of the State, including the Star of this city which charges him with being dishonest, and while it will be a little cumbersome to publish them yet we may be called upon to do so.

Even Greater Than the Bourbons. RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 2, 1883. H. H. WARREN & Co.—Dear Sirs:—Your favor of Monday and I have forwarded my two cents to you. JOHN H. DABBY.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE REPUBLICAN LIBERAL PLATFORM.

On Monday night Gov Thomas J. Jarvis made a speech in front of the Purcell House, and all who went to hear him expected to hear an honest effort on the part of His Excellency, but it was the most noted speech that we ever heard fall from the lips of any man for its many intentional inaccuracies. He falsified the Republican and Liberal position, and if he was not the Governor of North Carolina we should say that he lied about the financial operations of both the State and National Governments. In criticizing the platform of the Republican party he said it demanded the continuance of the Internal Revenue tax s, but he did not tell the people the reason for such continuance. He said the Republicans were opposed to public education. Well, if a lie ever choked a man to death, that would have killed him. For it is well known that there is not a State which has been under Republican rule for twenty years that all the people are, not thoroughly educated, and that every single State which has been under Democratic rule, 60 per cent. of the laboring people cannot read and write. He said the Republicans wanted to keep the negro in ignorance. The remark of an old colored man in the crowd is a sufficient answer to that. The old man said, "Good Lord, what a lie!" We were tempted to shout Amen! But here is the Republican platform. Examine it, dear reader, for yourself:

Resolved, That education is the bulwark of American liberty; that the constitution of the United States requires the national government to secure to each State a republican form of government; that the amount of money as now collected and disbursed by the State is greatly less than is absolutely necessary to furnish each child with a practical English education; therefore we favor the appropriation of the internal revenue tax on distilled spirits by Congress, pro rata, among the several States and Territories, to the full amount of money derived from this source, and to be expended in educating the children of our common country.

While the Republican platform demands that the money collected from the internal revenue taxes shall be devoted to schooling the poor white and colored man's children, the Democratic platform demands its repeal outright. The Bourbon Democratic platform wants to relieve whiskey and tobacco from taxation, while the Republican platform wants the tax continued, but proposes to devote the proceeds to school purposes. But the man who signs himself Governor of North Carolina could not come out like a man and tell the whole truth. He attempted to impose upon his audience, believing them too ignorant.

It is well known that the Liberal Democrats adopted a platform at their convention on the 7th of June, and the Republicans are acting with them. Gov. Jarvis also said that the Liberal Democrats demanded the Internal Revenue tax continued, but failed again to give all the facts, but we will publish the platform concerning this matter. Here it is:

We regard the education of the masses as essential to the welfare of the people, and we favor a liberal system of public instruction both by the State and the national governments. That and we urge the application of all funds arising from the tax on distilled spirits by the general government to the common schools of the States, the same to be disbursed by State officers.

Now how do you like the platform of the Liberals and the Republicans concerning the tax on whiskey as compared with Tom Jarvis' Bourbon Democratic platform, which demands that the tax on whiskey be entirely abolished. The Liberals and the Republicans desire to educate the masses, while Jarvis' Bourbon Democracy intend to let the people continue in ignorance. But that has ever been the policy of the Democratic leaders, and if the people want popular education they must drive them from power.

"CALL OFF YOUR DOGS." If the Bourbon Democrats don't "call off their dogs" the State will go 100,000 majority for the Liberal ticket, and we only want 25,000 majority, therefore we hope they will stop Jarvis from the fact. If he keeps on telling the people that a Democratic Congress has "robbed them out of \$150,000,000," as he did here on Monday night last, why, the result will be that every Liberal Republican candidate for Congress in the State will be elected. We have not and don't want over seven of them. Gov. Jarvis said, "the Government has robbed the people out of \$150,000,000 more than was necessary for the expenses of the U. S. Government." And we all know that Congress levys the taxes; not a cent can be collected without authority of Congress, and the Bourbon Democrats have been in control of both Houses of Congress previous to the 4th of March last. Therefore the Governor informs the good people of North Carolina that the Bourbon Democratic party has absolutely robbed the poor tax payers of the United States out of \$150,000,000 in the past year. We repeat, "Call off your dogs," or there will be no one left except Jarvis and his office-seeking hangers on to vote for the Bourbon ticket.

If a man tries to carry water on both shoulders, he should poise himself well and never forget that water will find its true level. Some people have failed in this venture, but ever and anon we find office-holders or candidates for office trying to carry water on both shoulders, but it is a risky business.

If the protective tariff is taken off of cotton goods and thus all home manufacturers are forced to quit manufacturing, then England has a monopoly of the manufacturing business and becomes the only customer for our cotton—resulting in low price for cotton and high prices for the manufactured goods.

Take the tariff off and raw cotton will sell for five cents per pound, and calico and shirting and spool cotton will go up to the old prices "before the war"—at from ten to fifteen cents and shirtings at the same price. Remember the old prices for manufactured goods and the old prices for cotton which seldom commanded eight cents per pound, although we raised them not half the number of bales we now do.

Protection for home industries is the slogan of the Republican party.

Lack-a-day! His Highness, Wharton J. Green, drank from a yaller mug while he was speaking Monday night, and don't forget it. He drank deep and often, the oftener we ever saw a speaker drink on the rostrum. What was it he drank?

Whether it was sparkling and bright in its liquid light, Like water in our glasses, Or whether it was fine, from the Tokay vine, Or even water and Jasses.

This deponent sayeth not, but he does say that he saw the transparent glass intercepted by an old stager as was being carried out of the door, and the sweet but silent yaller mug quickly substituted thereof. We wonder if a good Recheable would deign to take a sip of what that may contain?

If the protective tariff is taken off of home industries, not a cotton mill can run in the United States; not an iron foundry can live; not a rice field be cultivated; not a sheep fold be sustained, and every wool factory as well as the cotton factories must shut up shop and quit. The pauper labor of the old countries under monarchical government, with Chinese and Coolies, can manufacture goods or raise cotton in India and Egypt, or rice in China or wool in Asia cheaper than free men in America enjoying an equality of rights and protection of labor can afford.

The America on a level with countries of Kings, Monarchs and Klondikes, and the people are lost, while the favored rulers will flourish on the spoils of the poor. Every industry we have over this broad land is protected and encouraged, because we get on for the many and not for the few. Oligarchies, calling themselves "Democrats," do live in the South, but they exist on prejudices like mosquitoes on bad air—or "Prohibited" or damed up water, or mixed water, full of mud and stagnant. Our corn, our wheat, our cotton, our ground-peas, our wool and flax, our iron and our every industry is protected. What better example do we want as to the benefits of protection than the blockade of our ports during the Rebellion?

Manufacturers sprang up at every hand. Powder, gun caps, Lucifer matches, wool factories, cotton factories, tanneries, iron furnaces, etc. mines; every thing necessary to life and comfort was being worked with profit, just because it was necessary on account of the blockade of our ports, and thus the commerce with other countries inhibited.

Had that blockade lasted ten years, and our people been all at home engaged in industrial pursuits, the South would have vie'd with England to-day as a manufacturing people. The Southern States are yet to become the manufacturing States as well as the producing States of the Union.

Our South needs only to be free from the dogmatic ideas of a slave ruling reign for long, long years—free from the aristocratic, proud idea that we are better than other people, and that the negro was born a slave for us. Free, also, from the idea that the poor white laborer, either on the farm or at the workshop, was an unfortunate dependent, unworthy of aught but a scant living.

We are a common people. Our interests are in common, and ours the best government in the world. In common, each class yielding to and supporting the other, we live and will remain prosperous; so long as we observe this golden rule, which is simply Live and Let Live.

TOPICAL NOTES, August 2nd, 1883. Mr. Editor:—Allow me space in your paper to say something about the Republicans of Fender county. We are wide awake, with an eagle's eye of the present political affairs. We are proud of the name of Hon. O. H. Dockery at the head of our State ticket, as he is a man whose great talents and eminence ability are unsurpassed by any one in the State. We are also

proud of that able and sagacious gentleman, Hon. W. P. Canaday, our candidate for Congress in the Third District.

Now, Mr. Editor, if every Republican does his duty, and the Liberals we can, without a shadow of a doubt, carry the State of North Carolina next November. The people are tired of the present form of monarchical form of government, and if this kind of government is not abolished soon, there is no telling what the end will be.

We know it has already disfranchised two-thirds of the voting population of the State by preventing them from exercising and enjoying the rights properly belonging to them, through the constitution both Federal and State.

Such being the case, it behooves every voter in N. Carolina, be he white or colored, who has felt the oppression and tyrannical domination of Bourbon misrule, to go to the polls on election day next and be sure that he cast a vote for the overthrow of the present iniquitous system of prescription government.

If you my readers, will do your duty on the 7th day of November next, Oliver H. Dockery, W. P. Canaday, Frank H. Darby, and the rest of the Republican and Liberal candidates will sweep the State like wild fire and the victory will be ours, and the Bourbons will be driven from the seats of power which they have usurped so long.

THOS. A. NIXON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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MY MANY FRIENDS IN SMITHVILLE and in the country are invited to come and see me. Also the Capital and Common Traveller. The best Workmen and the best accommodations in the city.

I beg to inform the public that I am bound by Mr. JOHN WERNER's, proposal to visit upon all who have my work with a will. JAMES H. CARRAWAY