

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A YOUNG LADY returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft, ruddy complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CHAMBERLAIN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unassisted in its efficacy in removing impurities from the skin, cleansing and beautifying the complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by W. S. CLARK & CO., Chemists, No. 2 West Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same, May 2-14.

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrist, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomètre, she guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can attest. She will send when desired certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y. May 2-14.

NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE! DR. MAGGIEL is the founder of a new medical system. The quantities, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the means which restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most violent sores with a box or so of his wonderful and all-healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superseding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Magguel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the so-called remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Magguel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box full taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Magguel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits light and buoyant. There is no gripping and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected, its functions are restored; and if the nervous system is feeble, it is invigorated. This last quality makes the medicine very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Chronic and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Magguel's Pills. In fact, it is here announced that MAGGUEL'S BILIOUS, DYSPEPTIC AND DIARRHOEA PILLS cure where all others fail. While for Burns, Scalds, Chills, Cuts and all abrasions of the skin MAGGUEL'S PILLS is infallible. Sold by HENRY McLEIN, No. 23 Pollock st., New Bern, N. C., and all Druggists, at 25 cts. per box.

COUNTERFEITS! COUNTERFEITS!—All readers of this paper are warned not to purchase MAGGUEL'S PILLS or SALVE under the name of J. HAYDOCK, proprietor, in addition to the name of J. MAGGUEL, is on the engraved slip surrounding each box or pot. June 6-16-14.

Wonderful but True.

MADAME REMINGTON, the world-renowned Astrologist and Somnambulist, Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomètre, she guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can attest. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information. Address in confidence, MADAME GERTHRE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y. May 2-14.

Free to Everybody.

A large free circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes. It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the dejected respected, and the forsaken loved. No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their address, and receive a copy, postpaid, by return mail. Address P. O. DRAWER 21, Troy, N. Y. May 2-14.

P. MERWIN & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Groceries & Provisions, Foreign and Domestic WINES AND LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c. South Front Street, OPPOSITE THE GASTON HOUSE, NEW BERN, N. C. P. MERWIN. W. S. WALKER. May 2-14.

J. Laughlin, DEALER IN GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, MIDDLE STREET, NEW BERN, N. C. May 2-14.

INSURANCE NOTICE.

OFFICE NEW YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS, January 5th, 1866. The Board of New York Underwriters have appointed Mr. J. A. LELAND, of the firm of Leland, Biddle & Co., their Agent for New Bern, and places on the New and Family Rivers. BLUWOOD WALTER, Secretary Board of Underwriters.

OFFICE OF THE AGENCY OF THE NEW YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS, New Bern, March 5, 1866. The undersigned respectfully gives notice that he is the authorized Agent of Underwriters in New York for examining and appraising Vessels and Cargoes insured by them, and that he is also authorized to issue certificates of insurance, and to receive the amounts of claims for loss, and to perform the duties required of him by the Policies issued by the Companies he represents, so that, in case of any imperfection of policy, or irregularity of proceedings, the Underwriters may be excused from the consequences thereof. J. A. LELAND, Of Leland, Biddle & Co., New Bern, N. C. New Bern, March 5, 1866. By authority vested in me, I hereby appoint H. J. MENNINGER as Deputy Agent for the Board of Underwriters, to act in my place during my absence from the City. J. A. LELAND. May 2-14.

The New Bern Republican.



UNION, LIBERTY, AND EQUALITY BEFORE THE LAW. NEW BERN, JUNE 11, 1867.

Reading matter on every page.

A few more copies of the eloquent address of the Pennsylvania State Equal Rights League to the colored people of the South, may be had at the REPUBLICAN office, gratuitously.

NEWS SUMMARY.

AMERICAN. General Sheridan has appointed Mr. Benj. F. Flanders to the Governorship of Louisiana, Mr. Thomas J. Durant having declined the appointment. Mr. Flanders, the new appointee for Governor, called on Governor Wells at the Executive mansion, and made known that he came in obedience to the order of General Sheridan, and was ready to enter upon the duties of Executive of the State. Governor Wells declined voluntarily to vacate the office, and protested in writing against the action of the military authorities. On Saturday morning Brevet Brigadier General John W. Forsyth, of General Sheridan's Staff, called at the Executive office, Mechanic's Institute, and told Governor Wells that he bore a written communication to him from the General Commanding, which was found to be as follows: HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, New Orleans, La., June 7, 1867. Mr. J. Madison Wells, Ex-Gov. of Louisiana, New Orleans, La. Sir:—Gov. Flanders has just informed me that he made an official demand on you for the records of the office which you have heretofore held as Governor of Louisiana, and that you have declined to turn them over to him, disputing the right to move from office from me, which right you have acknowledged and urged upon me up to the time of your own removal. I therefore send Brevet Brig. Gen. John W. Forsyth, of my Staff, to notify you that he is sent by me to eject you from the Governor's room forcibly, unless you consider this equivalent to ejection. (Signed) P. W. SHERIDAN, Maj. Gen. U. S. Comd'g 5th MIL. Dist. After reading this communication Governor Wells stated: H. G. FORSYTH: Sir:—I surrender the office I held to the sword, and call Judge Ryan, of the Parish of Rapides, to bear witness to what I say. General Forsyth and the new appointee, Mr. Flanders, will therefore take immediate possession of the Executive office. General Meguel Lopez, high in Maximilian's confidence, and two other Imperial Generals, caused the fall of Queretaro by selling one of the principal forts. Maximilian in surrendering made three requests: 1st. That he should not be insulted but treated as a prisoner of war. 2d. If any were to be shot that himself be the first. 3d. And if shot that his body should not be abused. General Sickles and Staff have returned to Charleston. The President and suite have returned to Washington. At Charleston, S. C., on Saturday last, in a case before the United States District Court, Judge Bryan decided that the Telegraph Company is bound to exhibit private messages in evidence when required, telegrams not being within the class of privileged communications. The large warehouse in Charlestown, Massachusetts, known as the Tucker Bounded Warehouse, fell to the ground with a terrible crash yesterday. Three men who were at work in the building at the time were severely if not dangerously injured. A. H. KENDALL, of New York, has filed a bankruptcy petition, their liabilities are \$120,000. The New York market was reported on Saturday evening as follows: Cotton without decided change—sales of 1,027 bales. Flour is more steady for medium grades, with a fair home demand; State superfine \$6 70; choice \$10 50-11 50. Wheat quiet. Corn opened firm but closed with a declining tendency; mixed Western new, 1 05-1 10. Pork lower at \$22-23 50. Whisky quiet. Naval Stores dull and heavy; Turpentine 53-55. Rosin \$3 75-3 88. Groceries quiet and steady. FREIGHTS. Lord Naas, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, announced in the House of Commons on the 6th inst. that the sentence of all the convicted Fenians has been commuted. Advice from Europe report a rising against the authority of the Porte in both Belgravia and Servia. Information received from the scene of recent military operations in the Island of Crete confirms the previous reports that the Turks have been everywhere badly defeated. The Herald's special dispatch, dated Paris, June 7th, has the following: The Imperial party had a very narrow escape, the ball passing in a line between the two distinguished personages, and wounding a lady standing in the street. The horse ridden by a groom in waiting was also wounded in the head immediately after the piece was discharged, and the blood spirted on the Imperial uniforms. The assassin attempted to fire the second shot, when his pistol burst. He is a Poleander, coming from Belgium, and without accomplices in the charge. The police saved his life from the enraged populace. A magnificent Ball has been given at the Russian Embassy's residence. On the same evening the Czar of Russia, with his sons and the Emperor and Empress of France were present, and the members of the Russian Royal party were congratulated on their escape.

THE TRUTH VINDICATED—OBJECTS OF REPUBLICANISM. The desperate and reckless attempts made by the secession press of the South, particularly for the past three months, to bring the republican party into disrepute and contempt with the masses, generally, has proven a most ignominious failure. Where can an honest and intelligent man be found in our midst who will not readily admit that the republican party, instead of receding or losing ground, has steadily advanced, and gained power-

fully in a moral and numerical point of view.

From the very hour of the final passage of the present reconstruction plan of Congress, we felt morally certain that the ultimate thorough triumph of the republican party in the South, especially in the State of North Carolina, was only a question of time. The guarantee given to the freedom of the press, the right of free speech and public debate, was a grand consummation in the pathway of progress, "devoutly to be wished" by the advocates of republican principles. Never before in the whole history of this great party had anything like a fair opportunity been presented whereby its objects and purposes could be peaceably presented before the Southern people.

The honest and unsuspecting masses had for years been totally deceived and misled in relation to the party, by dishonest and vindictive demagogues. Slander and deliberate falsehood by many of the would be leaders were the chief weapons persistently employed for years, for the purpose of preventing the party from gaining the slightest foothold. Never was such ostracism and intolerance exercised before, in any country or in any age of the world. Even within the short space of six years it would have been worth a man's life to openly avow himself a republican in the "old North State." When the long looked for opportunity did arise whereby the party could fairly unfurl its banner of freedom and progress, the rebel press teemed with fresh denunciations. Discovering the day for violence, lynching and mobbing had passed away, a persistent effort was made by the more violent of the secession leaders to stamp the party until odium and infamy by falsely representing its prominent object to be, the disgraceful and revolting one, of stirring up bad blood between old masters and their former slaves, thereby causing that most horrid catastrophe, "a war of races." In the face of the most palpable facts and truths to the contrary, these charges have been running until they have at last spent their intended force and are now beginning to rebound with stunning effect upon their propagators. The reaction is very likely to be the more complete from the very fact, the people, in all directions, are rapidly comprehending the true situation and becoming fully awakened to the enormity of these slanders and misrepresentations. After all the charges and assertions made, our enemies have been utterly unable to point to a single instance wherein the republican party has countenanced or approved any of the vile objects alluded to. 'Tis vain may any platform legitimately set forth, or the speech of any recognized or representative republican be searched in order to find such reprehensible sentiments as have been repeatedly charged to the party. Upon the contrary, the truth is becoming more patent every day, to every fair minded observer, that peace, progress, education and good will among all classes and conditions of men are the chief objects of this great national party. With its policy once fully carried out in the South it is easy to discern that a grand free school system will certainly be built up and flourish; free labor will raise its long down cast form and stand proudly erect; the magnificent physical resources of the soil will be surely and rapidly developed, manufacturers will receive a new impetus, commerce will be augmented, immigration and capital will naturally flow within our borders, sectionalism with its narrow and hated spirit will inevitably sink into oblivion, a feeling of national patriotism and love of country will become predominant and the entire South become the scene of unrivaled prosperity. With these splendid prospects clearly in view, let every republican rouse himself to a true sense of his duty and move firmly onward in securing their final consummation. Let those who doubt and hesitate, sweep aside the mist of prejudice that seems to surround them and aid by their sympathy and co-operation in securing the triumph of "the great party of liberty and emancipation."

OUR COMMERCE.

Notwithstanding the extremely dull times, the following exhibit of a part of our shipments during the month of May, shows that there is considerable mercantile activity. There were cleared at the Custom House for Northern ports, during the month of May: 237 bales Cotton. 2,479 bbls. Rosin. 514 bbls. Spirits Turpentine. 29 bbls. Tar. 390 bbls. Pitch. 89 bbls. Pine Oil. 180,000 feet Pine Lumber. 255,500 Shingles. 90,786 Staves. 4,872 sacks Corn. These are leading articles of merchandise only, and do not include shipments via Morehead and the Atlantic & N. C. Railroad, nor shipments through inland waters via Norfolk.

"IS IT TRUE?"

Under the above caption the Raleigh Sentinel of the 7th inst. says:

We learn that the rumor is well founded, that the Radicals in this State, disappointed at the readiness which the people manifest to reconstruct on the use every effort to induce the colored people to register, and then to vote against the calling of a Convention. We have no direct means of ascertaining the truth or falsity of this rumor. But we ask those who know, if this be the policy or not? The argument to be employed in thus inflaming the blacks is confession.

If we were not accustomed to seeing occasional flings of this kind from the Sentinel we might have been surprised at this one. We reproduce the above "well founded rumor," in order to show the consistency of the Sentinel. The Sentinel now and then makes large pretensions to journalistic proprieties; depreciates violent investives, and is particularly exercised about the truth of statements contained in other journals.

After publishing a slander on the Union men of the South, on what it calls a well founded rumor, our cotemporary has the assurance to ask "those who know, if this be the policy or not?" We must infer that the "journalistic proprieties" of the Sentinel did not permit it to trace the rumor which it calls "well founded," but with its usual zeal for truthful statements it first gives the rumor which slanders the character of a large portion of the community, and then asks, in virtuous simplicity, "is it true?"

In its very next issue the Sentinel charges a Republican paper with being animated by an acrid and vindictive spirit. A report is characterized by our consistent cotemporary as having "no existence but in the distorted imagination" of its author.

We challenge the Sentinel to show by any respectable evidence that the reported effort of the Radicals "to induce the colored people to register, and then to vote against the calling of a convention," which that journal calls a well founded rumor, has any existence "but in the distorted imagination" of its own head or the head of its informer.

The Radical Republican party of North Carolina stands fairly and squarely upon the platform of principles adopted at their Convention in the City of Raleigh on the 27th of March last. They desire peace, harmony and union, at the earliest possible time, and see in an honest compliance with the reconstruction measures of Congress, the only means of obtaining these blessings for our people. It is a significant fact that the Sentinel which has advocated opposition to all and every measure which was presented to the South as a means of her return to the Union, should now, when defeat of the reconstruction measures of Congress would bring on military rule and downfall to its rebel proteges, charge the Radicals, on what it calls a well founded rumor, with a desire to defeat reconstruction.

We presume our cotemporary who charges upon others an acrid and vindictive spirit and a disregard of journalistic proprieties will claim for himself in his present attitude a placable spirit of reconciliation, with a religious veneration for political and journalistic ethics.

THE WEALTH OF NORTH CAROLINA.

For many years the vast mineral resources of North Carolina have been known, but more attention than ever is likely to be given to them in the future. Intelligent and influential capitalists of the North are becoming fully awakened to the value and importance of these resources, and are only waiting for a settlement of our political difficulties to commence active operations in their development. When the fact is considered that North Carolina has within her borders as much IRON as the State of Virginia, and as much COAL as the State of Pennsylvania, and that many regard her as ranking next in GOLD to California, there can exist no doubt as to the important position she is destined to assume in the future. In addition to all this, we have notoriously the finest climate in the world. Corn, Wheat, Cotton, Tobacco, Rice, Lumber and Naval Stores are well known to be staple productions, and it is stated as a fact that Sugar Cane can be made one.

With these sources of natural wealth so richly bestowed upon us by a generous Providence, we think there is everything to arouse the fondest hopes for a speedy return of general progress and prosperity. There certainly exists the most powerful causes for the exercise of energy and enterprise among all classes.

WILL our cotemporary of the Richmond New Nation please remove from the Harrisburg Telegraph, the responsibility of the article on the Attorney General's opinion, copied into his issue of the 3d inst. The article appeared originally in the NEW BERN REPUBLICAN.

Meeting of the Members of the Craven County Bar.

At a meeting of the members of the Bar in the City of New Bern, the birth place of the late Richard Spaight, Donnell, and where he has just closed his life, on motion of Mr. Hubbard, Judge Manly was called to the Chair. Judge M., upon taking the Chair, eulogized the many virtues of the deceased.

Upon motion of Mr. Clark, Henry R. Bryan, Esq., was appointed Secretary. Upon motion of Mr. Hubbard, a Committee of three was appointed by the Chair, which consisted of Messrs. Hubbard, Clark and Thomas, to report suitable resolutions for the occasion. The Committee retired, and after a few moments returned and reported the following:

1st. The deceased was early called into public service in the Congress of the United States, in the local assembly of North Carolina, and in the active duties of the profession of law, and continued in those latter duties to the time when his failing health rendered the service impracticable. In all he was greatly distinguished for learning, ability, zeal, fidelity and patriotism, giving unqualified satisfaction to those whom he represented, and affording them just cause of pride in his distinction.

2nd. In private and social life he was singularly unselfish, generous and attractive, drawing around him and attaching friends in indissoluble bond; ever ready amongst companions to assume responsibilities and burdens, and equally prompt to yield to others coveted positions of ease, honor or advantage.

3rd. He was the idol of his friends. The public, the social circle in which he moved, and the bar especially of the State sustain by his death a great loss. His virtues in all relations of life were of rare excellence. His professional character was without blemish or reproach, and it is especially proper that these should be held in honored remembrance by us and proposed to all as examples for imitation.

4th. While the bar feel deeply and deplore the loss to them of a friend and professional brother, they are not unmindful of the sorrow which must afflict the members of the family to whom he was so dear. In this sorrow they desire to express sincere sympathy and to offer to the family their unaffected condolence.

5th. The Chairman and Secretary of this meeting are requested to transmit copies of the resolutions to the sisters of the deceased, and to cause the same to be published in the gazettes of the city.

6th. That a copy of these resolutions be handed to the Justices of the County Court, with the request that they be spread upon the Records of the Court.

Mr. Hubbard, upon offering the resolutions, paid a handsome tribute to the memory of his departed friend, and was followed by Messrs. Justice and Clark, in a few eloquent and appropriate remarks. Whereupon the resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

Meeting of the Republican State Committee of North Carolina.

In response to a call issued by W. W. Holden, the members of the committee, a meeting of the Republican State Committee was held in the Commons Hall, Raleigh, on Wednesday, 5th inst. On motion, W. W. Holden, of Wake, was appointed Chairman, and J. E. O'Hara, of Wayne, was appointed Secretary.

The Chairman stated, in appropriate terms, his reasons for summoning the Committee, and referred to the business which would come before it. The roll was then called, when the following gentlemen answered to their names: W. W. Holden, C. L. Harris, James F. Taylor, Eugene Christian, David Heaton, C. R. Thomas, Daniel R. Goodloe, Alfred Dockery, Thomas Settle, Robert P. Dick, Joe H. Neff, Samuel Forkner, R. W. King, David M. Carter, James H. Harris, G. W. Brodie, Alexis Long, James Jones, John Manuel, W. Caythorn, John Hyman, H. Eppes, J. E. O'Hara, A. S. Sykes, R. Smith, Alfred Stokes and G. P. Rouse.

Mr. Tourgee, of Guilford, was introduced by the Chairman, and addressed the Committee at some length. Dan'l R. Goodloe, Esq., then offered a resolution providing for calling a Convention of delegates of the Republican party.

After a considerable discussion, in which Mr. Goodloe, Esq., Heaton, Mr. Taylor, Gen. Dockery, Mr. Jas. H. Harris, Mr. King, Mr. Settle, Mr. Stokes, Mr. Goodloe, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Tourgee, Mr. Dick, Esq., after which, on motion, the doors were thrown open, and all Republicans were invited to participate in the discussions.

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The Committee re-assembled at 5 o'clock, Mr. Holden in the Chair. The discussion of Mr. Goodloe's resolution was resumed, when that gentleman and Mr. Carter, Mr. Peck of Wilmington, Dr. Chapin of Guilford, Col. John T. Dewees of Wake, Mr. James H. Harris, Gen. Dockery, Mr. Taylor, and Mr. Forkner were heard upon the subject.

Mr. Goodloe's resolution was then adopted, as follows: That this Committee recommend that a Convention of the Republican party of North Carolina assemble in Raleigh on Wednesday, the 4th day of September next; and that the people be requested to meet and appoint, through primary meetings, delegates thereto.

The following resolution was also adopted: Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a Committee of five, whose duty it shall be to wait upon General Sickles in relation to the appointment of persons to office in this State, and also with reference generally to the condition of our people and the work of reconstruction. It was also ordered that the Chairman appoint a Committee of Finance, to consist of three members.

On motion, the Chairman was added to the above Committee. On motion, the proceedings of the Committee were ordered to be published in the Standard, with the request that other Republican papers copy. On motion, the Committee adjourned sine die. W. W. HOLDEN, Chairman. J. E. O'HARA, Secretary.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW BERN MONEY MARKET.

Table with columns for various banks and their exchange rates. Includes entries for Bank of North Carolina, Bank of Cape Fear, Bank of Charlotte, Bank of Lexington, Bank of Salisbury, Bank of Weldon, Bank of New Bern, Bank of Beaufort, Bank of Currituck, Bank of Dare, Bank of Pamlico, Bank of Wayne, Bank of Jones, Bank of Lenoir, Bank of Graham, Bank of Swain, Bank of Wayne, Bank of Jones, Bank of Lenoir, Bank of Graham, Bank of Swain, Bank of Wayne, Bank of Jones, Bank of Lenoir, Bank of Graham, Bank of Swain.

PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing prices for various commodities such as Coffee, Sugar, Flour, and other goods. Includes entries for Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Rice, and other items with their respective prices.

Sanitary Notice!

Ordinance for Sanitary Purposes. 1. It is ordained by the Mayor and Council of the City of New Bern, that the occupants of each and every lot in the city (and in case the lot is unoccupied the owner thereof) are hereby ordered to collect and deposit in receptacles, or other suitable receptacles, all refuse matter, garbage, ashes and filth of every description, that may accumulate on their respective lots, dwelling places, or business stands, and to place such barrels or other receptacles on the sidewalks in front of their respective lots on Monday and Thursday mornings of each week, before the hour of 8 a. m. 2. It is further ordained, That all decayed animal or vegetable matter or offal, garbage or sweepings of any kind, collecting in or around the stalls of any public or private market, shall be deposited in the receptacles, or other suitable receptacles, and placed in convenient localities for removal before the hour 2 o'clock p. m. of each day. 3. It is further ordained, That all persons are prohibited from throwing any offal, rubbish, garbage, sweepings or refuse matter of any kind whatever, into any of the slips or blocks around the city, or upon the walls, streets, lanes and public highways within the city limits. 4. It is further ordained, That hereafter no sinks or privies shall be dug or excavated for more than two feet from the surface of the surrounding ground. 5. It is further ordained, That each and every property owner within the City limits shall have all sinks, water-closets or privies which may be upon his property, cleaned out or disinfected by the use of a copper, chloride of lime or other suitable disinfectant, whenever such cleaning or disinfecting may become necessary, or whenever notice to that effect may be served upon such property owner by the Sanitary Committee of the Board of Council. 6. It is further ordained, That no person shall feed, water, wash or any animal within fifteen feet of any of the public pumps of this City. 7. It is further ordained, That all persons are prohibited from throwing anything into any of the public pumps, wells or reservoirs of the City, or impair their utility in any manner. 8. It is further ordained, That no person shall convey to, sell or offer for sale any damaged or spoiled meat, fish, corn, wheat, rye, oats, peas or other articles of food within the jurisdiction of the City authorities. 9. It is further ordained, That no cattle or swine shall be slaughtered within the City limits. 10. It is further ordained, That all persons are prohibited from keeping any live dogs within the City limits from the 1st day of May to the 31st day of October. 11. It is further ordained, That no grave shall be dug in any of the Cemeteries in and around the City, unless it be at least five feet deep. 12. It is further ordained, That no stumps shall be removed from the Cemeteries, in and around the City, without special permit from the Sanitary Committee of the City Council. 13. It is further ordained, That any person violating any of the foregoing ordinances, shall upon conviction before the Mayor, be fined a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each and every offence, and if any person shall fail to pay such fine he shall be ordered to work upon the public streets a sufficient length of time to compensate for the amount of such fine in accordance with the law of the State for such purposes provided. 14. It is further ordained, That all previous Ordinances passed by the City or Town Council and conflicting herewith, are hereby repealed. June 6, '67-14.

Lost.

On the 21st inst. a small WALLET containing about SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS. The finder is hereby notified by leaving the same with the Editor of the Standard, or by calling on the Editor of the Standard at No. 4-14-14.