The New Berne Republican.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY JOHN W. HARPE, JR.

RAISE, LIBERTY, AND EQUALITY REFORE THE LAW.

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1868.

Editorial Briefs.

Gen. Grant is a man that the people North and South, Democrats and Republicans, will learn to respect and honor, even if that is not the case at present. Already he has made his policy known in regard to appropriations, and is strongly in favor of retrenchment. He will not sanction the wholesale expenditure that has been going on for the last few years. He says, pay the old debts before making new ones; and already government officers who hope for favor under his administration, are "hauling in their horns," and learning that economy is wealth. His stated ideas in the matters pertaining to the expenditures of money are now causing retrenchment in the different departments, and all the people are looking forward to more prosperous times.

Good bye Christmas. With allthe enjoyment incident to the day, it has gone, and we all resume our labors again, feeling better for the general exchange of good feeling, and for the delicacies that have loaded the festive board. It gives us great pleasure to say that drunkenness and riot were the exception, and not the rule on that holiday, and the streets presented a quiet and orderly appearance. The small boys burned a good many fire crackers, and considerable powder was burned by older people, but we have yet to learn of any serious accident or affray. Our exchanges all did the right thing for the occasion, in one way and another. Some of them had long and prosy articles by the column, that nobody would read, and others short spicy articles, that it was a pleasure to peruse; business was suspended, churches were opened and some of them well attended, and the great pleasure day of the season was enjoyed to its fullest extent.

If the New York Central Railroad Company are making the great profits they exhibited by their scrip dividends, the revenue the United States should receive from it will be quite an item. We cut the following from the New York *Tribune:*

"The Directors of the New York Central Railroad Company recently made a scrip dividend of *eighty* per cent. out of the alleged earnings or profits of the last few years. Presuming this fair and legitimate, we respectfully ask if there be not a considerable Income Tax due thereon to the Federal Treasury? If the earnings or profits of the Road had all been divided annually, and new stock (or scrip) issued to represent the increased value of the property, something handsome must have accrued therefrom to the Treasury. Will the Supervisor of Internal Revenue for this district be good enough to inquire into the matter? We want nothing but what is just.

The New York papers are full of reports regarding the arrest of Mr. Samuel Bowles, of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, and his incarceration in Ludlow street jail in New York city. He was taken at the Fifth Avenue Hotel in the evening, hurried away to jail in a carriage, and no body was allowed to communicate with him till the next morning, so here he was obliged to stay. The cause of the arrest and libel suit was the appearance of an article in Mr. Bowles' paper not particularly complimentary to Mr. Fiske, nor accusing him of being extremely honest. No body who knows of Mr. Fiske or his transactions, doubt that every word of the offensive article was strictly true, and this is no doubt the reason that Fiske felt particularly gronty about it. Mr. Bowles was liberated the next morning on $50,000 bail, and from a personal knowledge of the gentleman, we venture the assertion that he will yet get even with the notorious railroad speculator. Millions of dollars could have been raised as security for his appearance within an hour of the time he was arrested, but the villainous arrangements of the New York Courts helped to evade the question, and while they were beating about the bush the night passed. Well, Mr. Fiske, if you don't find your self in a pretty kittle of fish before you get through with the affair, then we are sadly mistaken in the character of Mr. Bowles.

For the past few weeks, the papers in this State have been filled with articles and notices in regard to the Swiss emigrants, who were brought here to settle on plantations, and who have not been treated as free men deserve. There has been so much said, some of which was nothing less than falsehood, by papers who tried to uphold the employers of these people, that Mr. G. Waterman, a Swiss who influenced his friends to come here and settle in Hyde, a few years ago, has taken the trouble to inform us in regard to the way they are treated.

He says they have been told they were to take the place of the negroes who were formerly slaves, and that in fact they have been treated as such. That they were promised a part of the crop in return for their wages, and when it was harvested they have been driven from the plantations without money or cotton to show for their labor. That they had actually begged themselves away from the county, and have become scattered, some going to the Atkinson plantation, near Goldsboro, and others nobody knows where, trying to find a place where honest toil would be repaid.

These people came with high hopes of a pleasant home, and willing to work for it, and these hopes have been thwarted and they are scattered with no prospect of coming together again, and without money to enable them to go to the land they have left. Now who will say that this is right? It is a *shame*. We do not accuse all the planters of having the heart to do this, and do not believe it would be just toward them to say that a majority would do it, but we do say that the fact that it has been done cannot be contradicted, and it is a disgrace to the men whose names are connected with the affair.

ALL SORTS OF GOSSIP.

Dr. Johnson used to say, "He who waits to do a great deal of good at one will never do any."

Empire Block and Hill's Block at Albion, New York, were burned on Saturday morning; loss about $30,000.

Andrew Rielly, a prominent railroad contractor of Missouri, and well known in the East, died at St. Louis Saturday evening.

Mr. Thornton, the British Minister to this country, sent a cable dispatch in cipher to his government on Sunday, costing $1000.

Artemus Ward used to say that no one could beat his mother at making slapjacks, and that "as slapjackist she held the belt."

In western New York lives a man named King who has had thirty-one children by one wife. He is both King and a Patriarch,

The steamer Era No. 10 was sunk in the Red River on the 17th instant, with 88 bales of cotton on board. No lives were lost and a portion of the cargo was saved.

A clerk in the register's office of the Treasury Department at Washingoton has been missing for several weeks, and an investigation of his accounts disclosed a deficit of several thousand dollars.

The expediton under Colonel Carpenter, which left Fort Wallace last month, has returned. No evidence was found of Indians being in the rear of General Sheridan, and no fears were felt of further trouble north of Arkansas this winter,

The same old women that recently inquired at Waterbury, Conn., how they turned the oil into "them ere iron things stickin' down from the plasterin'" (the gas pipes), drew up to an iron safe the other day and remarked that she "never did not like them awaful cold air-tight stoves,"

A bridle robe, to be worn at Trinity Church next month, is on exhibition at the elegant appartments of an up-town fashionable dress-maker. It is of white silk velvet trimmed with seven thousand dollars' worth of point lace.

Joe Wormald, the pugilist, was surrendered by his bondsman at Lynn, Mass., on Friday. Both O'Baldwin and Wormald are now confined in Salem jail, and will be tried in January for engaging in a prize fight at Lynnfield on the 29th of October.

Brigham Young is on the war-trail against long skirts, &c., in ladies' dresses. And he adds: "On the other hand I will say, ladies, if we ask you to make your dresses a little shorter, do not be extravagant and make them so short that we can see the tops of your stockings."

A Mississippi editor having given notice that he would inform, free of charge, enterprising young men how to make a fortune without capital, replies to several anxious inquiries: "Every one of you pull off your coats, leave off your army sixes, quit whiskey, go to work, make a crop of corn, cotton, peas and potatoes, house them up, and then marry an 'enterprising' girl."

The Cornell University paper says that a few days ago a gentlemen from Ithaca saw a farmer's boy standing by the roadside holding a horse which he recognized. He asked the boy who was the owner of the horse, and the boy replied: "It belongs to a crazy Dutchman looking for bird nests over yonder in the woods." The "crazy Dutchman" was Prof. Louis Agassiz.

A western exchange gives vent to its poetical phrenzy in the following stanza:

"I would not dy in Ortum,
With the peaches fit for eatin'
When the wavy corn is gettin' ripe
And the candidates are treatin',
When sassidge meat is phryin',
& hickory nuts is thick,
Ow! who would think of dyin'
Or evin gettin' sick."

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NOON DISPATCHES.

Cable News.

London, Dec 26.

The definitely settled conference of the great powers meets in Paris early in January.

Paris, Dec. 26.

A dispatch from Vienna states that the Austrian Ambassadors at Constantinople and Athens will be recalled and replaced by persons unobjectionable to both Turkey and Greece.

Bullion Bank States has decreased $4,800,000 francs.

Liverpool, Dec. 26.

Bombay shipments of cotton since last report is 20,000 bales.

Home Markets.

New York, Dec 26.

Stocks strong. Money active at 7. Exchange 9½. Gold 35. Coupons of 62 10½. N. C's 65, new 61½. Va's 56, new 56½. Tenn. 69½, new 69½.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn a shade better. Mess Pork heavy and nominal, new 27.50. Lard dull and lower, steam 16½@17½. Cotton quiet, middlings 25. Turpentine firm at 45c@46c. Rosin steady, strained common 2.35 bid, 2.40 asked.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

From Washington, D. C.

Washington, Dec 26.

In consequence of the constant crowd, Gen. Grant will receive no visitors after 12 o'clock.

The departments only worked a couple of hours to-day.

There is no news of importance from this place.

The late Thomas C. Moore, an old resident of Williamsburg, N. Y., in codicil to his will, revokes a devise of his personal estate to his sister Martha Jane, comprising bonds, mortgages, scrip, certificates of bank stock, money, &c., for the reason that he desires to set apart a moderate fund for the relief of suffering and destitute widows and children of Southern soldiers who died or were killed in the late war in the Eastern parts of South Carolina, North Carolina and Georgia. He therefore bequeathes to James Hall, Francis J. Porcher, Louis Dale Sassaseur and E. Henry Frost, of Charleston, S. C., and Rev. John Rumley, bonds in trust for that purpose, amounting to $21,600. The portion to be distributed in South Carolina is to be more than one fifth of the whole. The amount, with interest, is to be distributed in the course of seven years. All the residue of the bonds and mortgages, with few exceptions, he sets aside for the rebuilding or repairing of churches, without regard to sect or denomination, injured by the late war within the districts of the Southern States aforesaid.

Solicitor John M. Binckley, has prepared a card to the public in which he reviews Van Wyck's late report and says the latter made of representations are deliberately opposite to truth and he knew they were untrue when he made them. Binckley calls him a despicable politicaster.

From Massachusetts.

Lynn, Dec 26.

Nearly the entire city is burned, with a loss of many millions of dollars. The suffering is indiscribable.

Springfield, Dec 26.

Colfax in responding to a serenade, uttered nothing political. Said unfortunately he was not born in New England, nor did his ancestors come from thence. He concluded by saying, "every loyal heart is happy; Gen. Grant is happy, I am happy."

Boston, Dec. 26.

The fire at Lynn originated in the Lyceum Hall.

From Illinois.

Chicago, Dec. 26.

Mrs. Augustus N. Dickens, Charles Dickens's brother's wife, committed suicide.

Cable News.

Madrid, Dec. 26.

Duke Montpensier has published a manifesto announcing liberal views of newspapers.

Nuparciale suggests the nomination of the son Duke Montpensier for King under the regency.

London, Dec. 26.

Reverdy Johnson, yesterday, received a deputation of London citizens, desirous of founding a colony in Nebraska. Johnson favors the project.

A dispatch from Athens says the Turkish government has placed two war ships on the coast to prevent the departure of volunteers for Crete.

The Paris newspaper, *Gantois*, says that Russia urges the United States to take a part in the Eastern question.

Marsailles advices from Rio Janerio states that after the failure to take Vallita by land the iron clads attempted it with no better success.

Home Markets.

New York, Dec. 26.

Cotton firm, quiet; sales 1,000 bales; uplands 25. Flour and wheat quiet, unchanged. Corn shade better. Whiskey quiet at 1.00—Pork lower, 27.00a¼. Lard lower, kettle 17a17¼. Groceries quet. Turpentine 45a¼. Rosin 2.35a7.50. Freights firmer.

Money close during evening but closed easier at 7 in currency; bank statement more favorable than expected. Sterling nominal, 9¾a¼. Gold quiet. 34¾a35. Governments firmer. 62 coupons 10¼a¼. State bonds steady.

An old deformed negro woman was passing along the street, when a fashionable miss, troubled considerably with the "Grecian bend," turned around and looked after the poor old negro woman, and was rather disposed to make fun of her deformity. The old negro woman stopped and looked at her a moment or two, and very truthfully remarked: "Lor, miss, you need'nt be pokin' fun at me, kase de Lor almighty know you's bigger curiosity to look at dan I is." The young lady "humped" herself.

Nason & Foster, Insurance Agents.

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE.

Baer & Eppler Manufacture their own Clothing

STATE GOVERNMENT.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN of Wake, Governor, inaugurated July 4, 1868. Elected for four years, from the 1st of January, 1869.

ROBERT M. DOUGLAS of Rockingham, Private Secretary.

TOD R. CALDWELL of Burke, Lieutenant Governor; elected for 4 years from January 1st, 1869. Speaker of the Senate, *ex-officio*.

HENRY J. MENNINGER of Craven, Secretary of State; elected for 4 years from January 1st, 1869.

DAVID A. JENKINS of Gaston, Treasurer; elected for 4 years from Jan. 1st, 1869.

HENDERSON H. ADAMS of Davidson, Auditor; elected for 4 years from January 1st, 1869.

S. S. ASHELY of New Hanover, Superintendent of Public Schools; elected for 4 years from January 1st, 1869.

C. L. HARRIS of Rutherford, Superintendent of Public Works; elected for 4 years from January 1st, 1869.

ABEL W. FISHER of Bladen, Adjutant General; appointed by the Governor.

W. KLER of Mecklenburg, State Geologist.

H. D. COLLY, State Librarian; appointed by the Governor and Supreme Court.

CHAS. M. FARRIS of Wake, Keeper of the Capitol; appointed by the Governor and Council.

GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL:

Henry J. Menninger, Secretary of State, Henderson H. Adams, Auditor; David A. Jenkins, Treasurer; S. S. Ashely and C. L. Harris, *ex-officio*.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of Stage, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Works, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney General constitute the State Board of Education.

The Governor is President, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction Secretary of the Board.

The Board of Education elect the Trustees of the University; one Trustee for each County in the State; term of office of Trustees 8 years.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The General Assembly commences its annual session on the third Monday in November in each year, and is composed of fifty Senators and one hundred and twenty Representatives, biennially chosen by ballot on the first Thursday in August.

SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court consists of a Chief Justice and four Associate Justices. There are two terms of the Court held at Raleigh in each year, commencing on the first Monday in January and the first Monday in June, and continuing as long as the public interests may require.

OFFICERS.

R. M. Pearson of Yadkin, Chief Justice.
Ed. G. Reade of Person, Associate Justice.
Wm. B. Rodman of Beaufort, Associate Justice.
R. P. Dick of Guilford, Associate Justice.
Thomas Settle of Rockingham, Associate Justice.
William M. Coleman of Wake, Attorney General.
Samuel F. Phillips of Wake, Reporter.
C. B. Root of Wake, Clerk.
James Litchford of Wake, Marshall.

SUPERIOR COURTS.

There are twelve Judicial Districts and twelve Judges. Every Judge of a Superior Court must reside in the District. Judges may exchange districts with the consent of the Governor. At least two courts shall be held in each county annually, at the time herein stated, and will continue for two weeks, unless the business is sooner disposed of.

JUDGES—Elected by the people. Term of office, eight years; salary $2,500.

1st District—Charles C. Pool.
2d do Edmund W. Jones.
3d do Charles R. Thomas.
4th do Daniel S. Russell, Jr.
5th do Ralph Buxton.
6th do Samuel W. Watts.
7th do Albion W. Tourgee.
8th do John W. Cloud.
9th do George W. Logan.
10th do Anderson Mitchell.
11th do James L. Henry.
12th do Riley H. Cannon.

SOLICITORS—Elected by the people; term of office four years:

1st District—J. W. Alberton.
2d do Jos. J. Martin.
3d do John V. Sherard.
4th do John A. Richardson.
5th do Neill McKay.
6th do Wm. R. Cox.
7th do J. R. Bulla.
8th do A. H. Joyce.
9th do W. P. Bynum.
10th do W. P. Caldwell.
11th do Virgil S. Lusk.
12th do R. M. Henry.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

Commissioners—James W. Potter, Chairman; E. Hubbs, E. R. Stanly, J. L. Smith, Wm. C. McSorley.
Sheriff—A. R. Dennison.
Coroner—Giles W. Young.
Superior Court Clerk—I. Edwin West.
Register of Deeds—James C. Harrison. *Ex-officio* Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners.
Surveyor—Wm. H. Marshall.
Treasurer—A. H. Foster.
OPhysician—P. B. Rice.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

CITY OFFICERS:

Mayor—Wm. L. Palmer.
City Clerk—John S. Manix.
City Treasurer—E. R. Stanly.
Chief of Police—Wm. Colligan.
City Physician—P. B. Rice.
Councilmen—Benjamin Jacobs, A. H. Foster, George B. Willis, E. R. Stanly, A. S. Seymour, E. Hubbs, George S. Fisher.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICERS:

Chief Engineer—Samuel Radcliff.
First Assistant—Wm. G. Brinson.
Second Assistant—Wm. S. Phillips.
Secretary—John S. Manix.
Treasurer—James E. Nash.

HOLDEN HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY NO. 1

Foreman—John S. Manix.
Asst. Foreman—John M. Harget.
Secretary—Edmund I. Guthrie.
Treasurer—A. Lang.
Representatives—J. McSorly, P. H. O'Brien.

ATLANTIC FIRE COMPANY NO. 1.

Foreman—John L. Watkins.
Asst. Foreman—J. W. Jones.
Secretary and Treasurer—Julius Ash.
Representatives—J. E. Nash, Sydney Tuttle.
Captain of the Hose—Samuel R. Ball.

NEW BERNE STEAM FIRE ENGINE CO. NO. 1

Foreman—Thomas Powers.
Asst. Foreman—W. G. White.
Secretary—James Rouget.
Treasurer—P. L. Cooper.
Representatives—I. E. West, J. L. Hassell.
Engineer—James Manwell.

E. M. PAVIE,

***Carpenter* AND *Builder*.**

Middle St., next door to Holden Hook & Ladder Co.

New Berne, N. C.

☞ *Particular attention paid to orders.* ☜

dec 9–tf

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES OF

Rations and Ship Chandlery.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALED PROPOSALS for furnishing Rations and Ship Chandlery for the use of the United States Revenue Cutters, in the District of Pamlico, will be received by the undersigned at his office at the Custom House, in New Berne, until 12 o'clock, noon, the 10th day of January, 1869. Contracts to be for the balance of the fiscal year ending 30th of June, 1869.

A list of articles to be furnished, can be seen at the Custom House.

E. W. KING,
Collector of Customs.

New Berne, N. C. Dec 16, 1868. jdec 24-1w

AUCTION SALE OF

SPEED!!!

WILL be sold at public auction, at the residence of J. R. Parker, in New Berne, N. C., on Monday, January 4th, 1869, the elegant Young Gray Eagle Horse,

Bonnie* *Harry!

BONNIE HARRY is a beautiful Chestnut Bay, in 6 years old and 16 hands high, free from spot or blemish, is kind in all Harness, and will stand without tying. He was raised by Morrill, of New York, from Sherman's best Stock. His trotted in 50, and will show a 50 gait any good day. Also,

ONE FINE TOP BUGGY,

In complete order, with one set of good single harness.

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

comprising 2 Sofas, 1 Whatnot, 3 Split Chairs, 1 Extension Table, 1 Lounge, 1 Dressing Bureau, 1 Book Case, 1 Clothes Press, 5 Bedsteads, 1 Clock, 40 yards Carpet, 1 Cook, 1 Parlor and 3 Box Stoves, Kitchen Furniture, and other articles unnecessary to mention.

dec 26 td) A. G. EURANK, Auct'r.

SAMUEL T. JONES. HENRY T. DENNETT.

S. T. JONES & CO.,

Bankers,

Corner South Front and Middle Streets,

NEW BERNE, N. C.,

BUY AND SELL

Foreign and Domestic Exchange,
Bonds and Stocks,
Gold and Silver Coin,
Southern Bank Notes,
And other uncurrent Money.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

Collections

Made on all accessible points in the United States and Foreign countries.

CONSIGNMENTS

OF

Cotton, Naval Stores,

Lumber, Shingles, Staves, or any Staple Merchandise received, and sales made, for the usual commissions, either in New Berne, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, the West India Islands, or Europe.

Cash Advances

Made on such consignments, or on any approved collaterals, at a moderate rate of interest.

BAGGING, ROPE, AND IRON TIES

Furnished to Consigners at Cost.

oct 21–tf

dec 6–dtf

Advances on Cotton!

WE WILL ADVANCE

$50 to $75 per bale

ON COTTON

AND HOLD THE SAME

ANY LENGTH OF TIME DESIRED,

AT A

Moderate Rate of Interest.

S. T. Jones & Co.

nov 5–tf

James Conner's Sons,

United States

Type and Electrotype Foundry

AND

Printers' Warehouse,

Nos. 28, 30, and 32 Centre Street,

Corner Reade and Duane Streets,

NEW YORK.

A LARGE STOCK of English and German Faces, both Plain and Ornamental, kept on hand. All Type cast at this establishment is manufactured from the Metal known as CONNER'S UNEQUALLED

Hard Type Metal.

Every article necessary for a Perfect PRINTING OFFICE furnished. The Type on which this Paper is printed, is from the above FOUNDRY. 6–6tf

N. Y. Advertisement.

New York Nov. 8, 1868.

To the People of the Southern States.

When the pure medicinal preparation, now so widely known as Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps, was introduced into the world under the endorsement of four thousand leading members of the medical profession, some twenty years ago, the proprietor was well aware that it could not wholly escape the penalty attached to all new and useful preparations. He, therefore, endeavored to invest it with strongest possible safeguard against manufacturers and to render all attempts to imitate it difficult and dangerous. It was submitted to distinguished chemists for analysis, and pronounced by them the purest spirit ever manufactured. Its purity and properties having been thus ascertained, samples of the article were forwarded to ten thousand physicians, including all the leading practitioners in the United States, for purposes of experiment. A circular, representing a total of the preparation and a report of the result, accompanied each specimen. Four thousand of the most eminent medical men in the Union promptly responded. Their opinions of the article were unanimously favorable. Such a preparation, they said, had long been wanted by the profession, as no reliance could be placed on the ordinary liquors of commerce, all of which were more or less adulterated, and therefore unfit for medical purposes. The peculiar excellence and strength of the oil of juniper, which formed one of the principle ingredients of the Schnapps, together with its unalloyed character of the alcoholic element, give it, in the estimation of the faculty, a market superiority over every other diuretic stimulant as a diuretic, tonic and restorative.

These satisfactory testimonials from professional men of the highest rank were published in a condensed form, and enclosed with each bottle of the Schnapps, as one of the guarantees of its genuineness. Other precautions against fraud were also adopted; a patent was obtained for the artic; the label was copyrighted; a *fac simile* of the proprietor's autograph signature was attached to each label and cover, his name and that of the preparation were embossed on the bottles, and the corks were sealed with his private seal. No article had ever been sold in this country under the name of Schnapps prior to the introduction of Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, in 1851; and the label was deposited, as his trade mark, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York during that year.

It might be supposed by persons unacquainted with the daring character of the pirates who prey upon the reputation of honorable merchants by vending deleterious trash under their name, that the protections so carefully thrown around these Schnapps would have prevented the introduction and sale of counterfeits. They seem, however, only to have stimulated the rapacity of impostors. The trade mark of the proprietor has been stolen; the indorsement which his Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps alone received from the medical profession has been claimed by mendacious humbugs; his labels and bottles have been imitated, his advertisements paraphrased, his circulars copied, and worse than all, dishonorable retailers, after disposing of the genuine contents of his bottles, have filled them up with common gin, the most deleterious of all liquors, and thus made his name and brand a cover for poison.

The public, the medical profession and the sick, for whom the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps is prescribed as a remedy, are equally interested with the proprietor in the detection and suppression of these nefarious practices. The genuine article, manufactured at the establishment of the proprietors in Schiedam, Holland, is distilled from a barley of the finest quality, and flavored with an essential extract of the berry of the Italian juniper, of unequalled purity. By a process unknown in the preparation of any other liquor, it is freed from every acrimonious and corrosive element.

Complaints have been received from the leading physicians and families in the *Southern States* of the sale of cheap imitations of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps in those markets; and travellers, who are in the habit of using it as an antidote to the baneful influence of unwholesome river water, testify that cheap gin, put up in Schiedam bottles, is frequently palmed off upon the unwary. The agents of the undersigned have been requested to institute inquiries on the subject, and to forward to him the names of such parties as they may ascertain to be engaged in the atrocious system of deception. In conclusion, the undersigned would say that he has produced, from under the hands of the most distinguished men of science in America, proofs unanswerable of the purity and medicinal excellence of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps; that he has expended many thousand dollars in surrounding it with guarantees and safeguards, which he designed should protect the public and himself against fraudulent imitations; that he has shown it to be the only liquor in the world that can be uniformly depended upon as unadulterated, that he has challenged investigation, analysis, comparison, and experiment in all its forms; and from every ordeal the preparation which bears his name, seal and trade mark, has come off triumphant. He therefore feels it a duty he owes to his fellow-citizens generally, to the medical profession and the sick, to denounce and expose the charlatans who counterfeit these evidences of identity, and he calls upon the press and the public to aid him in his efforts to remedy so great an evil.

The following letters and certificates from the leading physicians and chemists of this city will prove to the reader that all goods sold by the undersigned are all they are represented to be.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre-eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians.

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

26 PINE STREET, NEW YORK,
Nov. 21, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., *Present:*

DEAR SIR: I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining if any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors. I would not hesitate to use myself or to recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of gin.

Very respectfully, yours,
(Signed, CHAS. A. SEELY, Chemist.

NEW YORK, 53 CEDAR STREET,
November 27, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., *Present:*

DEAR SIR: I have submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of "Schiedam Schnapps," which I took from a fresh package in your bonded warehouse, and find, as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification; that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixtures of alcohol and aromatics.

Respectfully,
FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

NEW YORK, Tuesday, May 1.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: The want of pure Wines and Liquors, for medicinal purposes has been long felt by the profession and thousands of lives have been sacrificed by the use of adulterated articles. Delirium tremens, and other diseases of the brain and nerves, so rife in this cuntry, are very rare in Europe, owing, in a great degree to the difference in the purity of the spirits sold.

We have tested the several articles imported and sold by you, including your Gin, which you sell under the name of Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps, which we consider justly entitled to the high reputation it has acquired in this country; and from your long experience as a foreign importer, your Bottled Wines and Liquors should meet with the same demand.

We would recommend you to appoint some of the respectable apothecaries in different parts of the city as agents for the sale of your Brandies and Wines, where the profession can obtain the same when needed for medicinal purposes.

Wishing you success in your new enterprise,

We remain your obedient servants,

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D. Professor of Surgery, University Medical College, New York.
J. M. CARNOCHAN, M. D. Professor of Clinical Surgery, Surgeon-in-Chief to the State Hospital, etc., No. 14 East Sixteenth street.
LEWIS A. SAYRE, M. D. No 396 Broadway.
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