New-Berne Daily Republican

"LIBERTY AND UNION, NOW AND FOREVER, ONE AND INSEPARABLE."---Daniel Webster.

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THE

NEW-BERNE REPUBLICAN,

THE ONLY

DAILY

Republican Paper

PUBLISHED IN

NORTH CAROLINA.

NEW BERNE, N. C.

Independent and Progressive Journal

Union, Liberty and Equality

before the Law.

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will receive such attention by Reports, Essays, Reviews and Summaries as space will permit.

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May 7 tf

AN ORDINANCE

To lay Taxes and Provide for the Support of the City Government.

[illegible]

Frank P. Blair's War Policy.

It is well enough to keep the war-like letter of FRANK P. BLAIR before the people. Democratic papers have become frightened at the startling proportions it contains, and hence they suppress it. They dare not keep it before the eyes, even of their friends, and yet it is the real basis of the Democratic Platform. Being written and placed before the Convention when it assembled, it, and nothing else, secured Blair's nomination. Rank rebels—and there sat at the polls.

WASHINGTON, June 26, 1868.

DEAR CHAUNCEY:—In reply to your inquiries I beg leave to say that I have no time to be diverted on consultation with any people from Missouri, whether my name shall be presented to the Democratic Convention or not. I cannot do it—I cannot and the following, or what I consider the real and only issue in the contest.

The reconstruction policy of the Radicals will be complete before the next election, five States so long excluded will have been admitted, negro suffrage established and the carpet-baggers installed in their seats in both branches of Congress. There is no possibility of changing the political character of the Senate, even if the Democrats should elect their President, and a majority of the popular branch of Congress. We cannot, therefore, undo the Radical plan of reconstruction by Congressional action; the Senate will continue a bar to the Digest. Must we submit to it? How can it be overthrown? It can only be overthrown by the authority of the Executive, who will fail to the his duty if he allows the Constitution to perish under a series of Congressional enactments which are in palpable violation of its fundamental principles.

If the President elected by the Democratic suffrages or patriots others to enforce these reconstruction acts, the Radicals by the assistance of twenty spurious Senators and fifty Representatives will control both branches of Congress, and his administration will be as powerless as the present one of Mr. Johnson.

THERE IS BUT ONE WAY TO RESTORE THE GOVERNMENT AND THE CONSTITUTION AND THAT IS FOR THE PRESIDENT ELECT TO DECLARE THESE ACTS NULL AND VOID, COMPEL THE ARMY TO UNDO ITS OPERATIONS AT THE SOUTH, DISPERSE THE CARPET-BAG STATE GOVERNMENTS, AND ALLOW THE WHITE PEOPLE TO REORGANIZE THEIR OWN GOVERNMENTS, AND ELECT SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.—The House of Representatives will contain a majority of Democrats from the North and they will admit the Representatives elected by the people of the South, and with the operation of the President it will not be difficult TO COMPELL THE SENATE TO SUBMIT ONCE MORE TO THE obligations of the Constitution. It will not be able to withstand the public judgement, if distinctly invoked and clearly expressed on this issue. Such issue, and it is the interest to resort all to the arbitrament to put the issue plainly to the country.

I repeat THAT THIS IS THE REAL AND ONLY QUESTION WHICH WE SHOULD ALLOW TO CONTROL US. Shall we submit to the usurpation by which the liberties of his been overthrown, or shall we reconstruct for his full and complete restitution? It is idle to talk of bonds, greenbacks, gold, the public faith, and the public credit. What can a Democratic President do in regard to any of these, with all engines in both branches controlled by the carpet baggers and their allies? He will be powerless to stop the supplies by which idle negroes are organized into political clubs—by which an army is maintained to protect the vagabonds in their outrages upon the ballot. These, and things like these, eat up the revenue and resources of the Government and destroy its credit—make the difference between gold and greenbacks. We must restore the Constitution before we can restore the finances—AND TO DO THIS WE MUST HAVE A PRESIDENT WHO WILL EXECUTE THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE BY TRAMPLING UNDER FOOT THE USURPATION OF CONGRESS, KNOWN AS THE RECONSTRUCTION ACTS. I WISH TO STAND BEFORE THE CONVENTION UPON THIS ISSUE. BUT IT IS ONE WHICH EMBRACES EVERY THING ELSE THAT IS OF VALUE IN ITS LARGE AND COMPREHENSIVE RESULTS. It is the ONE THING THAT INCLUDES ALL THAT IS WORTH a contest, and without it there is nothing that gives dignity, honor, or value to the struggle.

Your friend,
FRANK P. BLAIR

COLONEL O. BROADHEAD

Campaign Great Republic.

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Numerous speeches and documents not included in the foregoing, will be published. Persons willing to trust the discretion of the Committee can remit orders with the money, have them filled with the utmost promptitude, and with the best judgment as to price and adaptation to the locality where the speeches are to be sent.

Sept 19—tf

AN ACT

TO PUNISH BRIBERY AND COERCION IN ELECTIONS.

To the General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person to offer any bribe to any of the qualified voters of this State with intent to influence his vote in any election.

Sec. 2. That it shall be unlawful for any person to attempt to influence the vote of any of the qualified voters of this State, in any election, by any threat to discharge such voter from employment or to withdraw from him patronage, or to discharge from employment, or refuse patronage to any member of such voter's family.

Sec. 3. That it shall be unlawful for any person to give a pecuniary or other consideration whatever, to any of the qualified voters of this State because of the vote which such voter may cast or may have cast in any election.

Sec. 4. That it shall be unlawful for any person to discharge from employment, withdraw patronage from, or otherwise injure, threaten, oppress or attempt to intimidate any of the qualified voters of this State because of the vote such voter may cast in any election.

Sec. 5. That any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable to indictment for the same, and on conviction of having violated the provisions of section one, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars, or imprisoned not less than ten days. And on conviction of having violated the provisions of section two, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, or imprisoned not less than twenty days. And on conviction of having violated the provisions of section three, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars, and also imprisoned not less than ten days. And on conviction of having violated section four, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, and also imprisoned not less than twenty days.

Sec. 6. That every magistrate or peace officer of this State, or of municipal corporations in the State, who shall know of his own knowledge, or to whom information shall in any way come, that any person has violated any of the provisions of this act, shall immediately arrest, or by warrant cause to be arrested such person so offending, and upon sufficient evidence, shall cause him to enter into a bond and sufficient security in the sum of not less than two hundred dollars, for his appearance before the next term of the Superior Court of the County in which the offence may have been committed, then and there to answer to the law, and in the meantime to keep the peace, and in default of giving such bond and sufficient security, such person so offending, shall be committed to prison until he shall have complied with the aforesaid provisions.

Sec. 7. That any Justice of the Peace or other officer charged with the execution of this act, who shall refuse or neglect to carry out the provisions of said act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office.

Sec. 8. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified 24th day of August, 1868.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
OFFICE SECRETARY OF STATE,
Raleigh, August 31st, 1868.

I, HENRY J. MENNINGER, Secretary of State, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original act on file in this office.

HENRY J. MENNINGER,
Secretary of State.

"WESTWARD THE STAR OF EMPIRE TAKES ITS WAY."

SECURE A HOME IN

THE GOLDEN STATE!!

The Imigrant Homestead Association

OF CALIFORNIA,

Incorporated under the Laws of the State, November 30th, 1857, for the purpose of providing

Homes for its Members,

And thereby induce immigration.

Capital Stock $1,000,000

Divided into 200,000 shares, at $5 each, payable in U. S. currency.

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NO PERSON ALLOWED TO HOLD MORE THAN 5 SHARES.

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All letters should be addressed

Secretary Immigrant Homestead Association,
Post Office Box No. 86,
San Francisco, California.

Aug. 19—2m

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Life Insurance!

MANHATTAN

Life Insurance Company,

NEW YORK.

Assets - - - - - - $4,000,000

Important New Feature in Dividends and Modes of Insurance!!

SMALLEST RATIO OF MORTALITY

EXPENSES LESS THAN ANY CASH COMPANY,

LIBERAL MODES OF PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS,

INSURERS RECEIVE THE LARGEST BONUS EVER GIVEN.

DIVIDENDS MADE ANNUALLY ON ALL PARTICIPATING POLICIES,

NO CLAIMS UNPAID,

ALL KINDS OF NONFORFEIT NG LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ISSUED,

POLICIES INCONTESTIBLE,

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REGULAR LIFE POLICIES AFTER THREE YEARS NONFORFEITABLE

Endowment and ten Annual payment Policies, Non forfeitable after the payment of the first Premium.

The following are examples of the operations of the last Dividend

POLICIES ISSUED IN 1862, ONLY FOUR YEARS AGO.

AGE AT ISSE.	AM'T INSR'D.	PREM. PAID.	ADDED TO POLICY.	TOTAL AM'T POL.
40.	$10,000.	$1,280.	$3,572.	$13,572.
35.	8,000.	1,092.	2,848.	10,848.
30.	7,500.	708.	2,708.	10,208.
25.	7,000.	571.	2,505.	9,505.

This is an entirely New Plan, giving Insurers the largest return ever made by any Company in the same period.

Persons holding Policies that lapsed during the war, will be renewed (if in good health) and placed upon a basis that will carry the dividends the same as if no lapse had occurred.

E. F. SMALLWOOD, M. D.,
Medical Examiner.

H. H. THOMPSON, Agent,
Oct. 8-dw. New Berne, N. C.

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All letters should be addressed "REPUBLICAN" New Berne, N. C.

OUR PLATFORM.

I. We congratulate the country on the assured success of the reconstruction policy of Congress, as evinced by the adoption, in the majority of the States lately in rebellion, of constitutions securing equal civil and political rights to all, and it is the duty of the Government to sustain those institutions and to prevent the people of such States from being remanded to a state of anarchy.

II. The guarantee by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men at the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude, and of justice, and must be maintained, while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States.

III. We denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime; and the national honor requires the payment of the public indebtedness in the utmost good faith to all creditors at home and abroad, not only according to the letter but the spirit of the laws under which it was contracted.

IV. It is due to the labor of the nation that taxation should be equalized and reduced as rapidly as the national faith will permit.

V. The national debt, contracted as it has been for the preservation of the Union for all time to come, should be extended over a fair period for redemption; and it is the duty of Congress to reduce the rate of interest thereon whenever it can be honestly done.

VI. That the best policy to diminish our burden of debt is to so improve our credit that capitalists will seek to loan us money at lower rates of interest than we now pay, and must continue to pay so long as repudiation, partial or total, open or covert, is threatened or suspected.

VII. The Government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy and the corruptions which have been so shamefully nursed and fostered by Andrew Johnson call loudly for radical reform.

VIII. We profoundly deplore the untimely and tragic death of Abraham Lincoln, and regret the accession to the Presidency of Andrew Johnson, who has acted treacherously to the people who elected him and the cause he was pledged to support; who has usurped high legislative and judicial functions; who has refused to execute the laws; who has used his high office to induce other officers to ignore and violate the laws; who has employed his executive powers to render insecure the property, the peace, liberty and life, of the citizen; who has abused the pardoning power; who has denounced the National Legislature as unconstitutional; who has persistently and corruptly resisted, by every means in his power, every proper attempt at the reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion; who has perverted the public patronage into an engine of wholesale corruption; and who has been justly impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors, and properly pronounced guilty thereof by the votes of thirty-five Senators.

IX. The Doctrine of Great Britian and other European powers, that because a man is once a subject he is always so, must be resisted at every hazard by the United States, as a relic of feudal times, not authorized by the laws of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to protection in all their rights of citizenship, as though they were native-born; and no citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, must be liable to arrest and imprisonment by any foreign power for acts done or words spoken in this country; and if so arrested and imprisoned, it is the duty of the Government to interfere in his behalf.

X. Of all who were faithful in the trials of the late war, there were none entitled to more especial honor than the brave soldiers and seamen who endured the hardships of campaign and cruise, and imperilled their lives in the service of the country; the bounties and pensions provided by the laws for these brave defenders of the nation are obligations never to be forgotten; the widows and orphans of the gallant dead are the wards of the people—a sacred legacy, bequeathed to the nation's protecting care.

XI. Foreign immigration, which in the past has added so much to the wealth, development, and resources and increase of power to this Republic, the asylum of the oppressed of all nations, should be fostered and encouraged by a liberal and just policy.

XII. This convention declares itself in sympathy with all oppressed peoples struggling for their rights.

On motion of Carl Shurz, the following two planks were added by a unanimous vote:

Resolved, that we highly commend the spirit of magnanimity and forbearance with which men who have served in the rebellion—but who now frankly and honestly co-operate with us in restoring the peace of the country and reconstructing the Southern State governments upon the basis of Impartial Justice and Equal Rights, are received back into the communion of the loyal people; and we favor the removal of the disqualifications and restrictions imposed upon the late rebels in the same measure as their spirit of loyalty will direct, and as may be consistent with the safety of the loyal people.

Resolved, That we recognize the great principles laid down in the immortal Declaration of Independence as the true foundation of democratic government; and we hail with gladness every effort toward making these principles a living reality on every inch of American soil.

The recent elections have advanced the price of United States bonds and sent gold down. Is any further comment needed as to which policy will produce a settled order of things, financial as well as political.

BOOTH STILL LIVES. "The spirit of Wilkes Booth still *lives, thank God! therefore take courage! Seymour, Blair, and the revival of the great cause is the motto of every true man.*"—*Pine Bluff (Ark.) Vindicator.*

What right have Wade Hampton, Napoleon *Butcher* Forrest, Pirate Semmes, *et id omne genus*, to concern themselves about the Presidential election at all? If they could have had *their* way, there would be no United States, and no President to elect.

WHAT THE AUTHOR SAYS.—Here is General Hampton's own construction of the meaning of this resolution, delivered at a mass-meeting of the Copperhead and rebel Democracy before he left New York:

"*We can have no relief until the Democratic party will come out and pledge itself that the white people of the South shall vote. I want all to register an oath that when they do vote, their votes shall be counted.* AND IF THERE IS A MAJORITY OF WHITE VOTES, THAT YOU WILL PLACE SEYMOUR AND BLAIR IN THE WHITE HOUSE IN SPITE OF ALL THE BAYONETS THAT SHALL BE BROUGHT AGAINST THEM."