

THE ERA.

The Cross (X) Mark is to remind you that your subscription is about expiring. Let all renew promptly.

Local and State.

Our readers would do well to read the able and well written article on the 4th page, signed "W." in this issue.

ABSENT.—Dr. Eugene Grissom has gone to Morganton to attend a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the Western Lunatic Asylum.

"Give me gas light, or give me a gun to shoot the Aldermen with," cried a countryman the other night as he broke his nose against a bale of cotton.

CITY NOTICE.—The Daily News contains the names of delinquent city tax-payers for 1875. As the notice was not furnished to the Era we take it for granted that there are no delinquent Republicans in the list. We should have thought there would have been no political feeling at least in notifying tax-payers, but it looks like we are mistaken. Give all sides a chance, gentlemen. Perhaps you overlooked it. We are charitable enough to hope you did.

A DEPLORABLE AFFAIR.—A most deplorable homicide took place on Tuesday evening, 25th ult., near the residence of Geo. W. Swepson, in Alamance county. It seems that on the evening mentioned, Mr. Adolphus Moore, a well known citizen of the county residing at Haw River, went hunting, taking with him a small dog. Passing through the yard of Mr. Swepson a few words occurred between him and Mr. Moore, when Swepson fired upon him twice with a rifle, the last shot taking effect, from which Moore has since died.

We are not in possession of sufficient information to enable us to give an opinion as to this sad case. Even if we were, it would be out of place for us to do so.

After the shooting, Mr. Swepson surrendered himself to the Sheriff of Alamance county and an investigation has been held at Graham. Whatever evidence we may be able to gather previous to publication, will be laid before our readers in another column.

SUPREME COURT.—Opinions were filed by the Supreme Court in the following among other cases on the 13th inst.

Samuel Harker vs. W. L. Arendell, from Carteret. Error. Judgment modified so as to strike out the order to the clerk and allow execution on the judgment against the defendant.

Boylston Insurance Company et al. vs. John D. Davis, from Carteret. No error. Affirmed.

Flora McFarland vs. John McKay, administrator, from Richmond. No error. Cause remanded to the end that the defendant may answer.

James Campbell et al. vs. J. J. Wolfenden et al., from Craven. Affirmed.

R. Barnes, administrator, vs. Piedmont and Arlington Life Insurance Company, from Harnett. Affirmed.

State vs. Jerry Rorie et al., from Richmond. Error. Verdict de novo. F. Borden Mace vs. Isaac Ramsey, from Carteret. Affirmed.

C. B. Curlee vs. Annice Thomas, from Union. Error. Judgment reversed.

THE CAPITOL SQUARE.—The keeper of the capitol has decided not to allow persons in future to pull any flower or shrub, or to walk on any of the plats of the square, and any one so offending will be dealt with as the law directs. In order to disabuse the minds of many who think otherwise we state that the keeper of the capitol informs us he has no real right to give away any plant or flower without the consent of the board of public buildings. The board consists of the Governor, Treasurer, Secretary of State and Attorney General, and no flowers or shrubs will be allowed to be taken off unless by written consent of these gentlemen, or a majority of them. Although the keeper of the capitol is by law the sole superintendent of the square, and has authority over the workmen of the building, yet he is amenable for the discharge of his duties to the board of public buildings. One of the main reasons for the course pursued is the meagre sum allowed to keep the square in order, being only six hundred dollars per annum. It would be well for parents and guardians to warn their children of this notice.

THE HAW RIVER TRAGEDY.

The funeral of Adolphus Moore took place at Graham, on Saturday, 25th ult. We publish the following particulars as furnished by the News reporter: The funeral of the late Adolphus Moore took place last Saturday in the town of Graham, at 11:30 A. M., from the Presbyterian Church. The business houses were closed, and a crowded church awaited the coming of the dead body. A line of carriages and buggies were followed by men, women and children on foot, and walking through the rain, made up the procession as it entered Graham, having come a distance of two miles from Haw River. Rev. Mr. Curry preached the funeral sermon. The magistrate court adjourned for the funeral, and at the time the procession passed, the prisoner, Mr. Geo. W. Swepson, was in his room with the sheriff at Clapp's hotel.

THE SHOOTING OF MOORE—A SCENE AROUND THE BODY.

When Mr. Moore fell wounded the evening of the 25th, in front of Swepson's house, Mr. C. P. Albright, a clerk for Holt and Moore, was the first man to reach him as he lay on the ground. He was flat on his back about fifteen steps from the fence, his gun a few feet off, and the first words he said to Albright, were, "I am a dead man; he shot me cowardly." He then asked Albright to put something under his head, and go for Col. Holt and a doctor. Mr. Albright put his coat under his head. When his friends reached him he told them he was paralyzed, and couldn't move his body, except his hand, and when it was suggested to turn him over, he remarked, "If you do, I'm a dead man." No one was seen in Swepson's house, and Mr. S. did not make his appearance at all. The factory hands of Holt & Moore crowded to the spot and as they stood around, Mr. Moore requested them to kneel and pray for him. They all knelt and prayed, and Mr. Moore accompanied them with a prayer which is said to have been the most impressive ever uttered. "What a scene!" And right in front of his slayer's house!

HOW HE DIED.

His mind was clear to the very last, and the reporter was told by Mr. W. D. Bethel, who was just from the house, through Mr. Albright said he was clear and conscious till near the very last when he was slightly delirious. But when in clear mental power he was visited and conversed with by the clergy, and in reply to the Rev. Mr. Curry, who asked him if he could forgive his enemies and trust in the Saviour, he said he could; that he had a strong confidence in Jesus Christ, and felt he could forgive his enemies, even George Swepson, and hoped God would make Swepson a better man. Mr. Moore's lawyers did not take down his depositions, only dying declarations, which were made in the presence of witnesses.

THE EVIDENCE.

Mr. Moore's witnesses have all been examined. His first witness was the boy, Sam. Oliver, whose evidence has been already published. The next witness was the boy, Elwood Smith, who along with Sam. Oliver went hunting that day with Mr. Moore. He testified that Mr. Moore asked him to go hunting and sent Sam Oliver for another gun, and loaded it with big shot. They went up the road that led by Swepson's house. At Swepson's house Mr. Moore got to hollering and cursing and was going on hollering like a bugle. That he got over the fence and told the dogs to get in your own house or yard. At that Swepson fired. I repeated between Swepson's first and second shot: "I do not want to shoot you in your own house, but come out into the road and I will shoot with you or fight you." I was looking towards the factory and at the same time, watching Swepson, and when he fired the second time I fell. I did not present my gun to Swepson. I might have had my arm a little up but I do not think I did. To the question asked by his counsel, "Did you intend to draw out Swepson and shoot him when you were hunting in the field around his house?" Mr. Moore replied: "I had no idea of shooting him." This declaration was made the morning after he received the wound. He repeated a few hours before he died.

REMARKS.

This report has been made with prejudice to none and best wishes for all. From the visit to the place it was impossible to get at the pulse of popular opinion. Mr. Swepson's friends believe he will be proven justifiable in the killing. Mr. Moore's friends say nothing short of convincing proof that Mr. Swepson apprehended death at the hands of Mr. Moore at the time, will justify him, and they do not think this can be shown. The examination of

MR. SWEPSON'S WITNESSES

began yesterday morning. Mrs. Martha Fonville was examined, and testified that the day of the tragedy she was at Holt & Moore's store, and heard some one say, she thinks it was Mr. Moore, "If Swepson popped his head out he would shoot him." She also stated Mr. Albright, the clerk, told her, Moore was going to kill Mr. Swepson. This was told the reporter by a most excellent gentleman who heard the examination, and he also said that Mr. Albright did not recollect saying this to Mrs. Fonville. Mr. Swepson has a number of witnesses to be introduced. The examination may extend into next week, but there is some talk of continuing the court to-day, and if so, one of the prisoner's counsel said he thought they would get through this evening. Again there are others who say it may last through next week.

FAMILY OF THE DECEASED.

The brothers and sisters of Mr. Moore were all at Haw River, save Mr. William Moore, who is now in Arkansas.

low the house, Mr. M. sat on the fence some little while, saying, "Oh, yes, you, I've got you now; I'll get you yet, grabbing towards Swepson's house and said it loud and mad, and was blowing like a bugle. I cannot hear good out of one ear. Saw Hill, the negro, a second time as we passed, didn't hear him say anything. Sam. Oliver was closest to Hill. Mr. Moore passed Swepson's house the second time and when he got down to the corner of the yard he stopped close to the yard paling and turned around with his face to the house and said something, don't know what it was; I then saw Swepson standing in the back door. Heard Swepson speak first. He said: "Are you ready?" Moore said "yes." Swepson had a rifle in his hand, a short gun, don't recollect which hand, and don't recollect whether he was aiming or pointing. Moore had his gun in the crack of Swepson's fence pointing it toward Swepson. Don't know whether it was cocked or not. Moore had the gun at his shoulder and took aim through the crack of the fence. Swepson shot right straight and then shot again. He was in the door when he first shot, and fired quick after the first. He got behind the door the second time. (Swepson fired the second shot from the window-east of the door. REPORTER.) Moore took his gun down after Swepson's first shot, and when he was shot he gave his gun a sling. Didn't see Mr. Moore drink any that day. I smelt liquor on him. He was not drunk or light, could walk as straight as I could. Sam Oliver had been drinking, I smelt the liquor on him. Mr. Moore didn't seem to be mad. He was singing and laughing.

McCulloch testified, and A. T. Benton next testified. The gist of their evidence was they had often seen Mr. Moore take two guns with him in hunting. Mr. Beuton had thought of going hunting with Mr. Moore that day, Mr. Moore had asked him; but Col. Jere Holt came to see Mr. Moore that evening and they were busy talking over the business of the factory, and it was so late he concluded Mr. Moore had given out the hunt.

C. P. Albright said he was clerk for Holt and Moore, had been for three years. Mr. Moore came to the store about three o'clock that evening with a double barrel shot gun and two dogs. McCulloch Whitsell brought him another gun. Mr. Moore staid in the store ten minutes; went out and was standing north of the store. He asked him to bring him the largest shot he had. He took him no 4 or large bird shot; wasn't positive, but didn't think Mr. Moore was cursing; he was talking and people in the store went out to hear him talk. He was speaking of G. W. Swepson. After loading the gun Moore moved off in the direction of Swepson's house and said, "I'm going bird hunting." Moore stood in the door and watched Moore till he passed over the hill out of sight. Witness knew Swepson was at home, knew Moore and he were enemies, did not know what might occur if they should meet.

DYING DECLARATION OF MR. MOORE.

Dr. B. F. Mebane was with Mr. Moore till he died. He was satisfied from the first the wound was mortal. The bullet went through Mr. Moore's left arm into his chest through the spinal column and through both lungs.

Dr. Mebane asked Mr. Moore how the thing happened? Mr. Moore replied: "I had been out birding that evening and coming by Mr. Swepson's, I said: "There is the man now;" but I passed on by Swepson's house, when I heard Swepson say, "what do you want?" I turned and replied: "Come out into the road and I'll tell you what I want; I do not intend to shoot at you in your own house or yard."

At that Swepson fired. I repeated between Swepson's first and second shot: "I do not want to shoot you in your own house, but come out into the road and I will shoot with you or fight you." I was looking towards the factory and at the same time, watching Swepson, and when he fired the second time I fell. I did not present my gun to Swepson. I might have had my arm a little up but I do not think I did. To the question asked by his counsel, "Did you intend to draw out Swepson and shoot him when you were hunting in the field around his house?" Mr. Moore replied: "I had no idea of shooting him." This declaration was made the morning after he received the wound. He repeated a few hours before he died.

Col. J. Young, Collector of this district, has seized the tobacco factory fixtures and a lot of leaf and manufactured tobacco, the property of George W. Watkins, in Granville county, for violation of Internal Revenue law.

Alfred Hollingsworth, Esq., residing near Magnolia, gave the editor of the Record two tusks taken from the mouth of a four year old hog, and measuring seven inches in length and about half an inch in diameter.

Jay Cooke and other Northern capitalists are in Elizabeth City, and the Economist expresses the wish that they shall take hold of the Elizabeth City and Norfolk Railroad.

The Stokes people continue to take shares in the stock of the Mt. Airy & Greensboro Railroad, which will pass centrally through the county and make it one of the most desirable sections in the State.

At Mills River a band of robbers attempted to break into a store. They were shot at and returned the fire, throwing splinters from a post into the face of one of the defendants. Next day blood was discovered where the robbers had crossed a fence. So says the Asheville Pioneer.

Col. Johnston has returned from Washington, and, according to the Observer, reports that there is no possibility that Congress will continue the Charlotte Mint. Dr. Linderman, Director of the U. S. Mint, will recommend that the Mint be continued as an assay office, which recommendation, it is thought, will carry it through Congress.

"Gas what I see," said a Davie street grocer to his wife. "Give it up," she said. "Nothing; it's too dark!"

FOUTZ'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS, with cure or prevent Disease.

April 1, 1875.

North Carolina News.

Gen. Jo Johnston is on a short visit to Statesville and Charlotte. Lumberton prepares for a tournament and ball on Feb. 16.

The Charlotte Baptist parsonage is nearly completed. Col. Henry T. Guion, a prominent citizen of Newbern, aged 55, is dead.

Last week in Oxford young Augustus Hall shot himself accidentally in the leg with a pistol. Edwin Booth played Hamlet in Charlotte, the 25th ult., to an immense audience.

The Washington Echo learns of the burning of a house and child near Bath.

Dr. Dush, pastor of the Lutheran church in Salisbury, is also editor of the Lutheran Visitor.

A Wilson jeweler has invented "a pyramid which revolves by unseen machinery."

The Economist chronicles the beginning of shad-catching in the lower Albemarle.

Mr. Lattimore Halstead, of Elizabethtown, was knocked down, run over and mortally injured last week.

Of the 230,000 white children in North Carolina, only 15,000 attend subscription schools.

The Asheville Citizen has converted itself into an eight page form, and is very much improved.

Chas. Buchanan, a Mitchell county kuklux, has been pardoned out of the Albany penitentiary and is now at home.

Neal Knox, the Charlotte highwayman, has been apprehended near Statesville, and taken to Charlotte.

Mr. Garner is in Tarboro making arrangements to re-issu the Greenville Beacon, which was burned the other day.

There's a town in Indiana named Possungory, and one in Arkansas named Toperville. There's one in North Carolina called Save Rent.

Mrs. Montgomery, of Philadelphia, and many years since a pupil of Salem Female Academy, is on a visit here with her son and daughter.—Salem Press.

A thief boldly entered the back gate of Adam Empie, Esq., the other night, and deliberately drove off a milk cow—a very fine one.—Wilmington Journal.

Another big tobacco factory is to be built in Salisbury, this one to be occupied by Messrs. Booc & Paine, of Davie. The tobacco interests seem to be looking up over there.

Rev. J. M. Rose, pastor of the Portsmouth (Va.) Presbyterian Church, and a native of Fayetteville, has entirely lost his voice and returned to his old home.

In Johnston county, Saturday, 22nd ult., one Jernigan struck a man named Barefoot, with a slab across the skull and split it. Barefoot died Sunday.

The First National Bank of Winston has chosen for its President J. A. Biting, and for its cashier J. W. Alsap, formerly editor of the Winston Sentinel.

Joe Richards, Sam Osborn and John Washington, all colored, were arrested some time ago in Washington for robbing the mail at the post office and conniving at the robbery.

The corn crib and stables of Geo. Barnes, a very worthy colored man, near Wilson, were fired Friday night last by an incendiary, who is supposed to be Tony Barnes, now in jail under the charge.

Fayetteville Gazette: On last Sunday night a little child, aged five or six years, of Mag Ruic, a colored woman living near the still of Jno. McEachern, Esq., at Seaford town, was burned to death.

Winston Sentinel: Paul Crutchfield has sued the Richmond & Danville Railroad for injuries sustained while an employee of that company, by which he has permanently lost the use of his right arm.

Col. J. Young, Collector of this district, has seized the tobacco factory fixtures and a lot of leaf and manufactured tobacco, the property of George W. Watkins, in Granville county, for violation of Internal Revenue law.

Alfred Hollingsworth, Esq., residing near Magnolia, gave the editor of the Record two tusks taken from the mouth of a four year old hog, and measuring seven inches in length and about half an inch in diameter.

Jay Cooke and other Northern capitalists are in Elizabeth City, and the Economist expresses the wish that they shall take hold of the Elizabeth City and Norfolk Railroad.

The Stokes people continue to take shares in the stock of the Mt. Airy & Greensboro Railroad, which will pass centrally through the county and make it one of the most desirable sections in the State.

At Mills River a band of robbers attempted to break into a store. They were shot at and returned the fire, throwing splinters from a post into the face of one of the defendants. Next day blood was discovered where the robbers had crossed a fence. So says the Asheville Pioneer.

Col. Johnston has returned from Washington, and, according to the Observer, reports that there is no possibility that Congress will continue the Charlotte Mint. Dr. Linderman, Director of the U. S. Mint, will recommend that the Mint be continued as an assay office, which recommendation, it is thought, will carry it through Congress.

"Gas what I see," said a Davie street grocer to his wife. "Give it up," she said. "Nothing; it's too dark!"

FOUTZ'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS, with cure or prevent Disease.

April 1, 1875.

Prospectus.

A Representative and Champion of American Art Taste!

Prospectus for 1875—Eighth Year.

THE ALDINE.

The Art Journal of America. ISSUED MONTHLY.

"A magnificent conception wonderfully carried out."

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the productions of our great artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed each attempt in this country to establish an art journal, do not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support, and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or TIMELY interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature and collected pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, THE ALDINE is a unique and original collection—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume can not duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes FOR TEN TIMES ITS COST; AND THEN, THERE IS THE CHROMO, BEST OF ALL.

The national feature of THE ALDINE must be taken in no narrow sense. True art is cosmopolitan. While THE ALDINE is a strictly American institution, it does not confine itself to the reproduction of native art. Its mission is to cultivate a broad and appreciative art taste, one that will discriminate on grounds of artistic merit. Thus, while placing before the patrons of THE ALDINE, as a leading characteristic, the productions of the most noted American artists, attention will always be given to specimens from foreign masters, giving subscribers all the pleasure and instruction obtainable from home or foreign sources.

The artistic illustration of American scenery, original with THE ALDINE, is an important feature, and its magnificent plates are of a size more appropriate to the satisfactory treatment of details than can be published in any other page. The judicious interposition of landscape, marine, figure, and animal subjects, sustain an unabated interest, impossible where the scope of the work confines the artist to a single style of subject. The literature of THE ALDINE is a light and graceful accompaniment, worthy of the artistic features, with only such artistic distinctions as do not interfere with the popular interest of the work.

PREMIUM FOR 1875. Every subscriber for 1875 will receive a beautiful portrait, in oil colors, of the same noble dog whose picture in a former issue attracted so much attention.

"Man's Unselfish Friend" will be welcome in every home. Every body loves such a dog, and the portrait is executed so true to life, that it seems the veritable picture of the animal itself. The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage tells that his own Newfoundland dog (the finest in Brooklyn) barks at it. Although so natural, no one who sees this premium chromo will have the slightest fear of being bitten.

Besides the chromo, every advance subscriber to THE ALDINE for 1875 is constituted a member, and entitled to all the privileges of

THE ALDINE ART UNION. The Union owns the originals of all THE ALDINE pictures, which, with other paintings and engravings, are to be distributed among the members. To every series of 5,000 subscribers, 100 different pieces, valued at over \$500 are distributed as soon as the series is full and the awards of the Union are given.

THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable only by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rates, cash for subscribers or club rates, cash for publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, WITHOUT RESPONSIBILITY TO THE PUBLISHERS, except in cases where certificates are given, bearing the fac-simile signature of JAMES SWEPSON, PRESIDENT.

CANVASSERS WANTED. Any person wishing to act permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to

THE ALDINE COMPANY, MAIDENLANE, NEW YORK 3158

In Bankruptcy.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT. In the matter of Carter B. Harrison, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice that I have been appointed assignee of the estate and effects of Carter B. Harrison, bankrupt, by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina.

This January 12th, A. D. 1875. R. G. LEWIS, Assignee. Raleigh, N. C. 31-32.

IN THE MATTER OF W. S. SKINNER, Bankrupt. This is to give notice, that on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1874, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, against the estate of William S. Skinner of Oxford in the county of Granville and State of North Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition.

That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer any property, by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove his debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Raleigh, N. C., before A. W. Shaffer, Register, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JOSHUA B. HILL, Marshal as Messenger. By F. B. HILL, Deputy Marshal and Messenger in Bankruptcy. T. L. HANCOCK, Attorney. 30-36

Job Printing.

JOHN NICHOLS & CO.,

Book & Job PRINTERS,



Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts., RALEIGH, N. C.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY invite the public, and especially those visiting the city during the season and desiring to have any description of

PRINTING

executed, that they are prepared, with the largest and most varied assortment of type, first class presses, excellent workmen, and a full stock of material, to execute any order in their line, from

The Largest Book to the Smallest Card,

in the very best style at the shortest notice, and at prices as low as the same can be furnished by any establishment

NORTH OR SOUTH. They respectfully solicit orders, and guarantee satisfaction. They also keep on hand for sale a complete series of

COURT BLANKS,

FOR

MAGISTRATES, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, CLERKS OF COURTS, and other officers.

Their series of blank forms were prepared for them by an able and

EXPERIENCED JURIST,

on the adoption of the present code of laws, and are now the standard series in use throughout the State. Orders for

Job Printing or Blank Forms

promptly filled and forwarded by mail or express to any portion of the country.

Address, JOHN NICHOLS & CO.,

Book and Job Printers, Raleigh, N. C. 31-1y

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

Blank Book Manufacturing

Executed in the very best and latest improved style. We have the only combined JOB OFFICE AND BOOK-BINDERY IN THE CITY OF RALEIGH, N. C., and the LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT of the kind in the STATE. Our Printing, including Pamphlets and Books, has been extensively praised by the Press North and South. Says J. B. Burwell, A. M., Peace Institute, Raleigh: "I have never had dealings with any Printer who do better work." P. P. Hobgood, Principal Raleigh Female Seminary: "I have done all my printing for the last two years—so good work and on so reasonable terms as any Publishing House North or South." Maj. Robt. Bingham, Sup't. Bingham School: "We know of no better house in their line. President and Cashier Citizens National Bank of Raleigh: "We know of no Establishment turning out neater or more satisfactory jobs. Much of their printing and binding done for this Bank has taken premiums at different Fairs."

Our BLANKS for Clerks, Sheriffs, Registers, Magistrates, Attorneys, &c., pronounced the best in the market. Send for catalogue and price list.

Send your orders to EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & CO. PRINTERS AND BINDERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

BIBLICAL RECORDER.

Organ of N. C. Baptists, published every week at \$2.10 per annum. One of the oldest Religious Papers in the South. As an advertising medium unsurpassed by any in the State. Address, EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

THE ERA

Job Office.

We can supply at short notice and in best style all

Blanks used by Sheriffs, Justices, and Clerks,

—SUCH AS—

RECOGNIZANCES, ATTACHMENT WRITS, APPEAL BONDS, EXECUTIONS, SUPENAS, SUMMONS, TICKETS, &c., &c., &c.

Our facilities for getting up

LETTER AND BILL HEADS

For merchants, lawyers and business men generally, are unsurpassed, and we ask the public to give us a trial, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

Address, W. M. BROWN, Manager, Raleigh, North Carolina.

Schedules.

Piedmont Air-Line Railway.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W. N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. E. W.

CONDENSED TIME-TABLE.

In effect on and after Sunday, December 19, 1875.

GOING NORTH. Stations. Mail. Leave Charlotte, 5.45 a. m. Air Line 6.00 a. m. Salisbury, 7.20 a. m. Greensboro, 8.08 a. m. Danville, 1.34 p. m. Dundee, 1.49 p. m. Burkeville, 6.51 p. m. Ar. at Richmond, 9.35 p. m.

GOING SOUTH. Stations. Mail. Leave Richmond, 5.50 a. m. Dundee, 9.00 a. m. Danville, 1.43 p. m. Greensboro, 4.28 p. m. Salisbury, 6.54 p. m. Ir-Lines, 9.15 p. m. Ar. at Charlotte, 9.35 p. m.

GOING EAST. Stations. Mail. Leave Greensboro, 4.45 p. m. Arrive at Salem, 6.45 p. m. Leave Salem, 8.15 a. m. Arrive at Greensboro, 10.35 a. m. Passenger trains leaving Raleigh at 11.05 A. M. connect at Greensboro with the Southern bound train; making the quickest time to all southern cities.

Accommodation Train leaving Raleigh at 7.30 P. M., connects with Northern bound Train at Greensboro for Richmond and all points East. Price of tickets same as via other routes.

Accommodation Train leaving Greens