

THE YADKIN VALLEY NEWS.

VOL. 15.

{ P. B. HAMER, Editor and Owner. }

MOUNT AIRY, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1895.

{ Advertising Rates Reasonable. }

NO. 30

A TRUE STORY.

In a cabin at the foot of the Blue Ridge Mountains, lived a beautiful girl with her aged father. They were very poor, and as their little "Mountain Home" was soon to be sold under a mortgage, it was with joy that the old father welcomed as a visitor for his daughter's hand, an old and wealthy friend of his youth, who having come to pay him a visit, had fallen in love with the charming girl. She having lived so long in poverty was quite carried away with the tales told her by the rich old friend, regarding the wealth and splendor of his city home, and he offered her land, gold, and diamonds if she would become his bride. She had a dark-eyed mountain lover, who was too poor to offer her anything but roses. Which did she choose? The question is answered in the (3) verse song and chorus, entitled:

"DIAMONDS OR ROSES?"

Words and Music by C. H. ADDISON.

This is one of the most catchy, brilliant and fascinating songs ever published, and being out of the ordinary line, is bound to make a "hit." Price 40c. Order from any music dealer, or the publishers.

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The Yadkin Valley News,
Mount Airy, N. C.

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And in short anything to ride in can be had by calling on SPARGER & ASHBY, at Globe Warehouse.

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Practice in the State and Federal courts. All business entrusted to me. I receive prompt attention.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED.
By Dr. TAYLOR & BANNER, Mount Airy, N. C.

THE FARMER'S ALTERED POSITION.

In a recent issue of the New York Evening Post some official statistics were brought forward to show the shrinkage that occurred in the value of a million acres of Ohio land that changed hands last year. The shrinkage was \$3,000,000, while the mortgage indebtedness incurred during the year was 65 per cent. greater than the mortgage debt canceled. The phenomenon was a striking one, but not new, nor local, as land values in nearly all parts of the United States and Europe have been undergoing for years a similar decrease of value. Nearly everywhere the agricultural interest has been losing its pre-eminence. The cheap grain of our virgin soil has ruined the farmers and landowners of Europe, whose decreased wealth and influence have been followed by political changes—greatly to their disadvantage. Nor have our own farmers profited permanently by their victory over their competitors in the Old World.

Unenlightened selfishness, it is argued, is the cause of this ruin of the best element of the population of every country. The policies and laws of day are dictated, it is said, to an increasing extent, by the manufacturing centres, and in those centres by persons ignorant of matters outside their special occupations. Legislative favors have created a class of rulers who are incompetent. Sharp enough in a short-sighted way to secure their own profits, they have no use for the general masses of the people except to fleece them. For thirty years the laws of the United States have promoted the growth of monopolies, so that it is now most difficult to get rid of them.

Yet a change is needed—a change that will give the farmer, the laborer and all other classes of people an equal chance. Evidently the present adjustment of burdens and benefits is inequitable. The steady fall in the value of land is a great fact. Over against it is the vastly increased number and wealth of the non-agricultural classes. In Europe the contrast is more marked, perhaps, than here, and legislators are there already groping their way toward a remedy. What is it to be nobody is to know. In France and Germany the farmers seek to borrow the weapon of "protection" from the manufacturers and turn it upon them. Agrarian interests have demanded and obtained high duties on foreign grain and restrictive "sanitary" regulations hostile to the importation of foreign meats. In England similar views begin to prevail among landholders and farmers, but their political influence is considerable, and the masses accept dependence upon foreign countries for food as inevitable. It is seen clearly that the only effect of a tariff on food would be to increase the difficulties of life for a great majority of the people. Still traces of a protectionist movement are seen in the readiness with which imported meat is found by sanitary inspectors to be diseased.

But however valuable protection of farm products may be to agriculturists in countries which import such products, it is no solution of the difficulty in the United States. We do not import farm products to any considerable extent. The most we can do, it seems, is to cultivate economy and to adjust our systems of taxation so as to adapt them to the altered position of the agricultural classes. The latter, being no longer able to protect the manufacturer, will continue with justice—in spite of seeming protectionists victory of 1894—to demand the abolition of protective duties. In 1890 they were content to ask lower duties; they now demand free trade. So far as the farmer is concerned, the time has come now for every tub to stand on its own bottom.

The Proper Time

When the most benefit is to be derived from a medicinal preparation, it should be taken at the proper time. This is the season when the tired body, weakened organs and nervous system yearn for a building up medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many wait for the open spring weather and, in fact, delay giving attention to their physical condition so long that a long siege of sickness is inevitable. To rid the system of the impurities accumulated during the winter season, to purify the blood and to invigorate the whole system, there is nothing equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Don't put it off, but take Hood's Sarsaparilla now. It will do you good. Read the testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla, all from reliable, grateful people. They tell the story.

In No Very Great Hurry.

A good story is told of a lazy and loquacious farmer whose farm lies just outside Worcester. He called at a neighbor's house recently. "Sit down, sit down," exclaimed the neighbor. "I don't know as I ought," replied the farmer; but nevertheless, he sat down. After some talk about crops and the value of an adjoining piece of ground, the farmer said, slowly: "I don't know as I ought to see if I could get a ladder; our house is a little high."—London Telegraph.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, King-Bone, Stiffles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by TAYLOR & BANNER, Mount Airy, N. C.

RUINED PANAMA CANAL.

The Scene of Desolation and of Wasting and Vanishing Wealth.

If that often mentioned New Zealander of Macaulay's imagination is tired waiting for the chance to sketch the ruins of St. Paul's from a broken arch of the London bridge, he might find diversion in a visit to the Isthmus of Panama. He can see there the mark of wealth and the ruin of the works of man to such an extent as may at least whet his appetite for the feast which the English historian suggested might be his. He will see there nature in the act of undoing the labors of man. The great scar on the isthmus is rapidly healing. Piles of excavated material are washing back into the water. Acres of machinery are rusting into dissolution. On the isthmus are nearly 1,000 miles of steel track with locomotives and thousands of dump carts, now half hidden in the tropical growth. Seventy-six great steam shovels stand side by side in the excavation, buried in the luxuriant vegetation, so that only the great arms stand up above the green. What a picture is that to emphasize the impotency of man in his struggles with nature! What ever he may appropriate for his own use, and whatever form he set to work to repossess it some Her slow process will reclaim it all unless man maintains a constant warfare to keep it. Of all the unnumbered millions of dollars which have been expended on the Panama canal, it is said ninety per cent is going to waste, and will be utterly lost unless the work on the vast enterprise is resumed actively. Some of the machinery has been housed and cared for. Most of it has been abandoned where last used, and where it is now rotting or rusting its usefulness away.

TOO DREADFUL FOR BELIEF

Frederick Villiers' Account of Japanese Atrocities at Port Arthur.

Frederick Villiers, the noted war artist, in a lecture on the Oriental war last week, at San Francisco, declared that he witnessed the atrocities at Port Arthur. "People were shot down," he said, "until every street and alley of the wretched town was cumbered with corpses and muddied with blood. They came to the doors of their stores," said the lecturer, "in answer to Marshal Oyama's proclamation promising protection to all non-combatants, and they were shot down on their thresholds while Oyama and his officers listened to the music of their band not two miles from the scene of slaughter. Of the Chinese citizens only thirty-five were left alive. These had been ticketed, and the label read, 'These men are not to be killed.' Among all that were slaughtered," said Villiers, "we did not see a single soldier or weapon. Numbers of them were killed as they were 'kownowing' to their conquerors."

A European correspondent named Hart visited Villiers to go with him to his hotel. "We found the cook dying on the kitchen floor," said the lecturer, "shot in the breast, and on the couch at the end of the room two boys lay dead in each other's arms. They had been killed by single shot. I asked a Japanese officer why they had been killed, and he answered that a gun and cartridge had been found in the house."

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. "Buckley's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at Taylor & Banner's Drug Store.

Did you ever make excellent iron holders and at the same time utilize the tops of a pair of worn-out boots or shoes? Cut the leather into squares and cover it with some suitable material, using as many thicknesses of leather as desired and whipping it closely in place. These will prove very serviceable.

Marvelous Rests

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderson, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at River Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia, succeeding Le Grippes. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Taylor & Banner's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Did you ever want to tint the cake frosting? Lemon juice will whiten it, the grated rind of an orange strained through a cloth will give it a yellow tint, and strawberry or cranberry juice will produce a pretty shade of pink.

Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relieves the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm and that she has also used it for lame back with great success. For sale by D. A. Houston, Druggist, Mount Airy, N. C.

A HOWLING BLIZZARD.

THE WORST STORM EXPERIENCED IN MANY YEARS.

Zero Temperature Everywhere—Snow and Wind—Potomac River Frozen Over at Washington, D. C.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., February 7.—Clear and cold weather continues throughout this section, though it has moderated slightly from the intense cold of the past few days. At 11 o'clock to-day it is 10 degrees below zero in the heart of the city, while in the country districts it is from 3 to 5 degrees lower. At Governor, Lawrence county, early this morning 26 to 30 below are the figures reported and corresponding temperature is recorded from other towns throughout this section. At Alexandria Bay and other Thousand Island points yesterday, the lowest mark was 34 degrees below. The average temperature for the day in Watertown yesterday was 19 degrees below.

SEDALIA, Mo., February 7.—The worst blizzard since 1883 is sweeping over this section. The train from Kansas City, due at 10:30 last night, struck several drifts and did not reach here till 11 o'clock this forenoon. All other trains are late. The M. K. & P. passenger trains are over an hour late. Stock has suffered severely.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., February 7.—The thermometer fell to 3 degrees below zero this morning, the coldest weather ever known here. DENISON, TEXAS, February 7.—A howling blizzard, with the wind blowing fifty miles an hour, prevails throughout Northern Texas. It is the worst storm in years. Thousands of cattle are dying from exposure.

PERRY, O. T., Feb. 7.—The blizzard that set in here yesterday is the worst storm the Territory has experienced in twenty years. From 8 o'clock last night till 9 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered from 10 to 15 degrees below zero. The wind blew a hurricane from the north. No trains have arrived here since yesterday morning.

MEMPHIS, TENN., February 7.—The mercury reached zero this morning and will go five below to-night. There is much suffering among motormen and street car conductors.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 7.—The thermometer here is at zero, and a driving snow storm has prevailed during the morning. Street car travel is almost impossible, and the streets are practically deserted. To add to the severity a heavy gale set in during the night and still continues, though the victory has decreased. The attendance at the suburban schools is very light.

PLYMOUTH, MASS., Feb. 7.—This harbor is completely frozen over, which is a rare occurrence.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 7.—The harbor closed by ice and railroad trains one to four hours late.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Feb. 7.—At 11 o'clock to-night the mercury at this place had fallen to twenty degrees, and was still falling. Reports from various points in the State show that the cold is intense, and that the freeze of December last will be equalled. It is feared that the orange trees which were recovering from the December freeze will be ruined. The loss to the early vegetable and strawberry growers will be heavy.

"CAN I ASK A QUESTION?"

Not many years ago a man by the name of A. C. Sharpe, of Ireddell county, was a Democratic member of the Legislature. When the magistrates were being elected, he rose in his seat and said: "Mr. Speaker: Can I ask a question?" Permission was granted him and his question was: "Are there any niggers in that list?" And he would not vote for the magistrates until assured that there were no niggers, as he called them, in the list.

Mr. Sharpe is now a Republican-Populist Fusion Senator. Will he ask the same question this year? We call attention to this incident merely to show that it is extreme and loud-talking men who are first to change. Some of the men who are now most abusive of Democrats will be ashamed of the Fusionists when the proceedings of this legislature are known to all the world.—News and Observer.

Save Time.

"Are you doing anything for that cold?" asked Raynor. And Shyne handed him a card inscribed as follows:

I'm taking the advice of every Blimed Fool That comes along with a remedy. What's yours?

The experience of Geo. A. Apper, of German Valley, N. J., is well worth remembering. He was troubled with chronic diarrhoea and doctored for five months and was treated by four different doctors without benefit. He then began using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, of which one small bottle effected a complete cure. It is for sale by D. A. Houston, Druggist, Mount Airy, N. C.

A CONGRESSMAN'S JOYS.

I found a millionaire member of Congress sitting in his hotel the other day surrounded by gloom so dense that it could have been shoveled away like snow from the sidewalk, and asked him what had happened. "I was just thinking," he said, "what a fool I was to come to Congress. It cost me \$12,000 cash to pay my campaign expenses, in addition to two months' neglect of my business. When I am home about two-thirds of my time is taken up by people who come in to ask for foreign missions, consulates, department bureaus, United States marshalships, United States attorneys, pension agents, about forty postoffices and no end of Indian agents and land officers, and all've succeeded in getting since Cleveland was inaugurated is one assistant keeper of a lighthouse, a place for which there was no candidate, and they asked me to hunt up a man. I scarcely dare go home. I am being cursed all over my district by people who think I'm ungrateful to their interests and ungrateful to my friends. It will take six weeks' steady talking to explain why I haven't been able to get all the republican office holders in the district turned out and democrats put in, and not half the people who hear the explanation will believe me. Until now I have never sought anything that couldn't be bought, but I've spent \$10,000 worth of my time trying to get a \$1,200 consular appointment for the son of one of my constituents, and can't make it. My business is going to ruin for want of attention, and there is a basket of letters on my desk at home that I have never had time to read."

NEGRO EMPLOYEES OF THE STATE SENATE.

Replying to Dr. J. B. Alexander, a leading Populist of Mecklenburg who had sought to defend the fusionists for electing a negro assistant door-keeper in the Legislature over a one-legged ex-Confederate soldier, Mr. W. C. Dowd, the Democratic member of the Senate from Mecklenburg, says:

"You ask me if my party has not had negro assistant doorkeepers in the last 20 years, etc. I have made diligent inquiry into this matter and answer most emphatically, No. "Now, good doctor, come with me a minute. Before I started home last Saturday, being a poor man, I needed some money. I went into the office of the chief clerk of the Senate, who is a Populist, to get an order for my salary. What do you suppose I saw? His book-keeper, a fat and sleek negro weighing about 200 pounds, sitting side by side at a desk with the other clerks. Is this all? No. I imagine I see you pulling back, doctor, but come on. As I left the clerk's office and re-entered the Senate chamber, there lay a dusky yellow negro stretched at full length upon a lounge placed there for the use of Senators. Don't leave me yet, doctor. I went a few steps further and there in the Senate library sat five of these dusky gentlemen, of all shades, including yellow, black and tan. They had their feet cocked on the book-cases, or reclined in comfortable chairs, chatting and having a general good time. These are all employees of the Senate, put there by your party. Is this the way they keep their promises of economy and reform? What do you think about it, doctor?"

HOUSEKEEPERS, LISTEN.

Did you ever clean vinegar bottles with crushed eggshells in a little water?

Did you ever use an oyster for baiting a rattrap? You will catch him sure!

Did you ever try to discover the easiest methods of accomplishing the household tasks?

Did you ever realize the importance of salting the steak after it is broiled, not before?

Did you ever notice the difference between old and new flour when used for pastry? The old is always preferred.

Did you ever brush pig crust over with the white of an egg before putting the fruit in? It will keep it from becoming "soaky."

Did you ever have occasion to clean paint brushes in which the paint had partly hardened? First soak them in turpentine, then clean with soap and water.

Did you ever have baking dishes or cups spilt by remaining too long in the hot oven? The brown discolorations may be rubbed off with a flannel dipped in whitening.

An Exception.

Widow—Well, Mr. Brief, have you read the will?

Brief—Yes, but I can't make anything out of it.

Heirs—Let us have it patented. A will that a lawyer can't make anything out of is a blessing.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Itch on human, mange or horse, dogs and all stock, cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by TAYLOR & BANNER, Mount Airy, N. C.

Subscribe to the News, only \$1.00 per year.

WHY GOLD IS EXPORTED.

Alfred S. Heldenbach in the February Forum.

If it be true that Europe no longer sends us large quantities of securities, and since the merchandise balance is very considerable in our favor, whence then comes this unsettled debt which keeps clamoring for payment in gold, and which it seems we can liquidate with nothing else? The explanation is simple enough.

The United States owe to Europe (apart from the ordinary merchandise balances as evidenced by the custom returns) annually:

1. For money spent by American travelers abroad, about \$100,000,000
2. For freight carried in foreign ships, about \$100,000,000
3. For dividends and interest upon American securities held abroad, minimum \$100,000,000
4. For profits of foreign corporations doing business here, and of non-residents, derived from real estate investments, partnership profits, etc., about \$75,000,000

Total \$375,000,000

These figures have been carefully gone over and represent a very conservative estimate, so that the actual total is more likely to be larger than smaller. In order to pay this vast annual indebtedness to Europe the balance of trade in merchandise would have to reach at least this sum, but it has never done so. The merchandise balance (including exports of silver) in our favor in 1894 was \$264,000,000, and large as this was, it still left a very large amount to be paid for. This balance could be paid only in securities or in gold. So long as European creditors were willing to take our securities or re-invest their balances in American enterprises, there was no inordinate call for gold, but as they no longer seem to wish to take our securities to any extent nor to make permanent investments here, there is nothing left but to ask for and insist upon payment in gold.

This leads up to the question: Why do they not wish to take our securities or make investments in our enterprises? Simply because the developments in our railroad management have filled world with investors with disgust and anger, and above all because they are dismayed at the condition of our Treasury and our currency, and fear that if they leave or invest money here, they may not be able to get back as good money as they gave. They have no doubt of the good intentions of the government to uphold the parity of gold, silver and paper, but they cannot help doubting its ability, under the present conditions, so to do. Thus, fear is one of the main causes, and this fear will not be dissipated until we are on a sound basis, and no basis is sound that does not provide for a redemption of all currency in the money of the world—gold.

Mr. Pell's Work in Mitchell and Watauga Counties.

Rev. R. P. Pell, who has been engaged in home mission work in Watauga and Mitchell counties, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Presbyterian church at Newberry, S. C. Writing to the North Carolina Presbyterian he says: "After three and a half years of work in the counties of Mitchell and Watauga, where there was no Presbyterian before (except at Blowing Rock in the corner of Watauga), we now have 169 members, four organized churches, four Sabbath-schools, with 275 pupils, and four parochial day schools, with seven teachers and 275 pupils."

Sentenced to Sit in the Pulpit.

Some time ago, while two young men were carefully handling a revolver in a United Brethren church at Bellegrave, Penn., one of them was accidentally shot in the arm. The authorities of the church discussed the propriety of prosecuting them or requiring them to make a public apology. Failing to reach a satisfactory conclusion, it was finally decided to compel them to sit in the pulpit, one on each side of the pulpit, at three Sabbath services in succession. This punishment is now being carried into effect.—Philadelphia Press.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props. Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. West & Traut, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Wadling, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

A frog farm with about a million head of stock is carried on successfully by a man in Contra Costa county, Cal. He started with a herd of about 2,000 frogs, and is already making a lot of money. He supplies the markets of San Francisco, Oakland and other large cities on the coast. It costs little or nothing to raise the frogs, and the rancher is not anxious to trade his ranch even for a gold mine, so he says.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.
THE BEST SALVE IN THE WORLD FOR Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Taylor & Banner, Druggists, Mount Airy, and J. A. Stone, P.O. Mount Airy.



Palpitation of the Heart.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Savannah, Ga., with no relief. I then tried various Springs without benefit. Finally, I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure also his Nerve and Liver Pills. After beginning with them I felt better. I continued taking them and I am now in better health than for many years. Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this statement may be of value to some poor sufferer.

E. B. STUTON, Ways Station, Ga.
Dr. Miles Heart Cure and Nerve Pills guaranteed that the first bottle will relieve. If not, a full refund will be made. It will be sent prepaid, on receipt of name by Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

For Sale by Taylor & Banner.

HE CELEBRATED.

Story of the College Days of a Japanese Sailor.

An Almost-Blind Cadet at Annapolis—Was Blind Because of the Destruction of the Admiral Matsuimo—An Athletic Star.

A humorous incident connected with the early career of Admiral Matsuimo, one of Japan's most distinguished sailors, is recalled by that officer's highly creditable services in the war between his country and China, says a writer in Golden Days.

"Mats" as they used to call him at Annapolis, was a member of the class which was graduated from the naval academy in 1873. He was a most enthusiastic classman. To him '73—which was the fourth class at the time of which I speak—was superior in everything except rank to all the other classes.

The incident admiral lost no opportunity of exhibiting his enthusiasm, and whenever members of his class displayed any notable qualities, especially in the way of athletics, Matsuimo was conspicuous for his applause and delight.

On one particular occasion I remember that the fourth classmen were challenged by the third classmen to a pulling race in cutters. The challenge was accepted, and the fourth class was victorious, greatly to "Mats'" delight.

At the time of the race, sliding seats in boats were unknown, or, at least, not in use at the naval academy, and thecoxswain of the winning crew, in accordance with custom, had grasped the seat of his trousers, to make easy his forward and backward movements in following the motions of the carmen.

The contest was a very important one to the cadets, and on the day when it was to take place those of the youngsters who were not in the race donned their nearest uniforms. Matsuimo was especially gloriously dressed. Only a day or two previously he had received a specially valuable coat, which was the delight of his heart, and had been enthusiastically admired by his comrades.

The enthusiasm of the fourth classmen was unbounded when their crew won the race.

When the cutter returned to the dock, and the crew jumped ashore, "Mats" could not restrain his glee. Yelling with delight, he rushed for the coxswain, and, placing his hand between that individual's legs, lifted him up on his shoulders and madly jumped around the lawn.

His classmates saw that his coat was being ruined forever and tried to warn him. They cried: "Look out for your coat, Mats! Look out for the grease!"

But it was to no purpose. The cries had no terrors for Japan's present fighter.

"Never mind coat. Fourth class win!" he shouted in answer. And off he ran with the coxswain and grease-covered trousers.

Of course, Matsuimo's beautiful coat was ruined, but he had no regrets. The victory of his classmates was of more importance to him than all the coats at the academy, and he was determined that his own should not stand in the way of a proper celebration of the glorious event.

An Actor's Slip in His Lines.

Instead of militating against them, a little accent on the part of a foreign actor or actress often catches the American public. English spoken with a certain accent, which attaches itself particularly to the French and Italian, is very fetching.