THE HORNETS' NEST.

BY BRYANT BRAMBLE, ESQ.

VOL. I. MURFREESBOROUGH, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1812. N. C. No. 6.

TERMS OF THE NEST.

THE HORNETS' NEST will be published in its present form at Three Dolls. per ann. half payable on the receipt of the first number—the remainder at the end of the year.

Subscribers who receive their papers per mail, will be subjected to the additional expence of postage.

Papers to be continued until all arrearages are paid up.

Advertisements will be inserted at one dollar per square for three weeks; and twenty-five cents for each weeks continuance—subject, however, to a reasonable deduction, when continued for several months.

Murfreesboro', Sept. 3, 1812.

For sale at the Murfreesborough Book-Store,

An Impartial and Succinct HISTORY OF THE *Rise, Declension and Revival* OF THE Church of Christ, *From the Birth of our Saviour to the present time, with Faithful Characters of the Principal Personages, Ancient and Modern.*

BY THE *REV. T. HAWEIS, LL.B. & M.D. Chaplain to the late Countess of Huntingdon.*

BOOKS.

A New edition of Monro's Anatomy with additions, corrections and notes, with twenty nine copper plates. Stanford's Domestic Chaplain, being fifty two short lectures with appropriate Hymns on the most interesting subjects for every Lord's day in the year. Also, a variety of school books for sale by

TRADER & WHEELER,

Who request all those indebted to them to make immediate payment.

October 1, 1812.

Notice.

A BILL to establish a separate Election at St. John's Chapel, will be introduced in the next General Assembly.—Also to have the Elections on different days, so as to conclude at the Court House in Winton.

Aug. 27th, 1812.

Harbour Fishery.

The above Fishery on Chowan river belonging to the heirs of A. Foster, deceased—if not let out before, will be rented out for the next season, before the Court House door, on the first day of the Superior Court.

JOS. F. DICKINSON, *Guardian.*

Winton, September 6.

For Sale,

THE valuable HOUSE and LOT together with the improvements which I at present occupy, situated on the main Street in the center of Murfreesborough. The stand is well calculated for a mechanic, and the house might accommodate a number of boarders with little trouble.

SAMUEL WELLS.

Murfreesboro', Aug. 24, 1812.

Salt for Sale.

1500 Bushels Lisbon Salt, excellent quality, for Cash...Apply to

BELL AND RAMSEY,

who wish to purchase Apple and Peach Brandy, for which cash will be given.

Sept. 3.

BLANKS

Of almost every description, will be kept constantly for sale at this Office.

PRINTING executed with correctness and dispatch.

Murfree & Gordon,

Have on hand and offer for sale, an extensive assortment of DRY GOODS & GROCERIES, Among which are the following articles: Viz.

SUPERFINE Black, Blue, Brown, Drab, and Corbeau BROADCLOTHS, Do. do. Cassimers, Sattinetts, Stockinetts, Bombazines, and Bombazettes, Corduroys, Thicksetts, Fancy-Cord, and Velveteens, Tabby Velvets, Cotton Cassimers, Washington Stripe, Blue and Yellow Nankeens, Twilled Lustrings, Plain do. Florentines, Canton Crapes, Mourning do. Ladies' white and black Silk and Cotton Stockings, Men's do do. Tamb'd laced black & white Silk Sleeves, Plain do. Cotton do. Laced Silk Veils, Leno do. Damask Silk Shawls, Silk do. of different kinds & colours, Cotton do. long and short Silk Gloves, plain, figured and knoted Lenos, Leno Shawls, plain and twilled Cambrick, Cambrick-muslin, thread Cambrick, Spider and Paris Nett, Ladies' long and short Kid Gloves, Calicoes, printed and stamped Cambricks, Ginghams, and Shambrays, 4-4 and 7-8 Irish Linens, Cotton Shirtings, Cambrick Dimities, common do. white and coloured Marseilles Vesting, Barcelona, Malabar, Madrass and Bandanna Handkerchiefs, silk do. India Cottons, Bed-ticking Ladies' and Misses' best green, yellow, black and dove coloured Morocco Shoes with ties, do. leather do. Men's best calf-skin and Morocco Shoes and Pumps, Children's Shoes of all colours, Grecian Sandals, Tortoise-shell long and tucking Combs, horn do. Ladies' red and green Morocco Indispensibles, do Pocket and Memorandum Books, an elegant assortment of Ladies' Straw, Plush and Silk Bonnets of the latest fashions from Boston, Men's best beaver and roram Hats, felt, wool, willow and patent water proof do.

Groceries.

West-India and New-England Rum, Holland Gin, apple and peach Brandy, fine and coarse Salt, Molasses, brown loaf and lump Sugars, Coffee, Copperas, Pimento, Pepper, race and ground Ginger, Cinnamon, Mustard, Imperial and Hyson Teas, Lampblack, red and white Lead, yellow and red Ochre, Spanish Brown, Lintseed and train Oil, CROCKERY of all kinds, Glass ware, Trace Chains, weeding & plough Hoes, 30, 20, 10, 8, 6 and 4d. wrought and cut Nails, Swedes and Russia Iron, German Steel, Powder and Shott, Cotton and Wool Cards.

Also the following Classical and Miscellaneous BOOKS: Viz.

Looking-Glass for the Mind, Murray's Reader, do. Sequel, do. Grammar, do. do. abridged, Walkers Pronouncing Dictionary, Walsh's Arithmetick, Dilworth's do. Morse's Geography, Gibsons Surveying, Ruddimans Rudiments, Corderi, Selecta Vetira, Cæsar Delphini, Virgil do. Horace do. Cicero do. Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary, Howard's Greek Grammar, Greek Testament, Lucian's Dialogues, Carey's Pocket Atlas, Blairs Lectures abridged, Do. Philosophy, Xenophon, Cyropædia, Morse's Gazeteer, Do. Atlas, Scott's Works complete—5 vols. Manners and Customs, Porter's Travels in Russia, Bigland's View of the World, Buchanans Christian Researches.

NOVELS.—Village Pastor, Tales of Fashionable Life, Thinks-I-to-myself, Forest of Meltabano, Cœlebs in search of a Wife, Thalaba the Destroyer, Oberon, 2 vols. Edmund the Wanderer, Hungarian Brothers, Thaddeus of Warsaw, Winter in London, Don Sebastian.

Blank and Memorandum Books, Hot pressed, vellum and gilt Letter Paper, Foolscap writing do. Quills, Wafers, Sealing-wax, &c. &c.

All which will be sold on moderate terms for cash, or on short credit.—Every kind of Produce taken in payment at the highest market price.

Murfreesboro', Sept. 3, 1812.

Sheep Skins.

A few untanned Sheepskins are wanted at this office, for which Cash will be paid.

Blank Notes, Warrants, &c. on hand.—

RULES
FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF HERTFORD ACADEMY,
AT MURFREESBOROUGH,

Agreed upon, by the Board of Trustees, on the 26th day of Sept. A. D. 1812.

ARTICLE I.
OF ADMISSIONS.

SEC. 1. The quarters shall be considered as commencing on the first days of January, April, July, and October; and no scholar shall enter for a shorter period than one quarter: Provided, that when scholars offer from a distance, after the quarters have commenced; the treasurer may be authorised to receive for such quarter, such sum as may to him seem reasonable.

SEC. 2. Every student shall, at the time of admission, pay one quarter's tuition in advance, and produce to the Principal a certificate of his or her admission.

SEC. 3. The terms of tuition shall be, for Spelling and Reading, four dollars, for Reading, Writing, Arithmetick, English Grammar, and the Elements of Geography five dollars, for the Languages, Mathematicks, use of the Globes and general Geography, Natural Philosophy and Logick six dollars per quarter.

ARTICLE II.
GOVERNMENT OF THE STUDENTS WITHIN THE ACADEMY.

SEC. 1. From the first day of April until the first day of October, attendance will be required from the ringing of the bell, at sunrise, until dismissed for breakfast; again from 8 A. M. until 12, and from 2 P. M. until 6.—From the first of October until the first of April—from 6 in the morning until breakfast, and from 9 until 12—in the afternoon from 2 until 5.—No attendance will be required on Saturdays, except by the higher classes, who exhibit composition.

SEC. 2. At the ringing of the bell the students shall repair, in a decent and orderly manner to their respective seats; after which, all conversation, whispering, and improper gestures shall cease, and diligent attention to their various duties and employments shall be required.

SEC. 3. No student shall take from the desk or apartment of another student, any article without permission.

SEC. 4. A monitor shall be appointed weekly from the senior classes, in each apartment, who shall notice all absences, offences and indecorums, and report them to the Preceptors.

ARTICLE III.
EXERCISE AND STUDIES.

SEC. 1. The academy shall be opened and closed, morning and evening, by reading a portion of the Holy Scriptures, and by prayer—during which the students shall behave with strict decorum, and shall be provided with Bibles to look over the portion read.

SEC. 2. The branches of learning taught in the academy, shall be Reading, Writing, Spelling, Elocution, English Grammar, Arithmetick, Geography with the use of the Globes, Rhetorick, Logick, Mathematicks, Natural Philosophy, with the Latin and Greek languages. And in the female department, Needle-work, Drawing, Painting, &c.

SEC. 3. There shall be a monthly visitation of the school by a standing committee of the board of trustees, whose duty it shall be to notice the deportment and proficieny of the students.

SEC. 4. There shall be an annual examination and exhibition, which shall immediately precede the vacation in the month of September, to be regulated by the standing committee.

ARTICL IV.
CONDUCT OF THE STUDENTS OUT OF THE ACADEMY.

SEC. 1. If any student shall absent himself from the Academy, without permission from the Preceptors, or shall absent himself from Publick Worship on Sunday, he shall bring a written excuse from the family with whom he resides, when he next attends the Academy.

SEC. 2. The students shall maintain a decent and respectful deportment towards all with whom they converse, especially towards those advanced in years, and towards the Trustees of the Academy.

SEC. 3. All profane, indecent and passionate language is expressly forbidden; and all noisy and improper sports on the Sabbath are to be avoided.

SEC. 4. No student shall enter the enclosure of any inhabitant to commit any trespass on his property; or to disturb the peace of his family.

SEC. 5. Any student convicted of haunting taverns, tippling shops, or improper places of resort, or of gambling for money, shall be punished at the discretion of the board of Trustees.

SEC. 6. As the Trustees feel a solicitude to fulfill their pledge to watch over the morals and deportment of the youth committed to their care, many of whose parents and guardians living at a distance, cannot be consulted on such occasion; they do therefore forbid the students of the Academy from attending any dancing-school, or any balls which may be given in the place, while they are members of the Academy, unless they bring a written permission from their parents or guardians.

ARTICLE V.
PUNISHMENTS.

The only intention of punishment is to preserve good order, and to reclaim the offender; and such has hitherto been the good conduct of the students, that the Trustees feel a hope it will seldom be necessary to have recourse to it. When it shall be necessary, it shall be either private admonition and corporal punishment by the Preceptors, or publick admonition, suspension and expulsion by the Trustees—the two last never to take place without serious cause, and a full meeting of the board.

ARTICLE VI.
VACATIONS.

There shall be two vacations—one during the month of September, and the other a short period before Christmas, at the discretion of the superintending committee.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

FROM THE WEEKLY REGISTER.

THE PRINCELY TRIUMVIRATE.

George, Frederick & Wm. Guelph.—Prince Regent—commander in chief of the forces, and admiral of the fleet.

The Prince Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, was born on the 12th of August, 1762, and is therefore in his 50th year. In early life he was married according to the ordinances of the Church of Fngland, to a most interesting and accomplished lady, Mrs. Fitzherbert. This solemn engagement after some years continuance, was declared null and void, and he took for his second wife. "a princess of the illustrious house of Brunswick," to use the language of the court. He soon treated this wife with the most disgusting coolness and contempt, and "eloped from her bed and board," and moreover accused her of incontinency, though he himself was known to every bawd in the metropolis as among the most profligate creatures "within the bills of mortality." An inquiry, known by the name of the "delicate investigation," was had, and the lady in due time honourably acquitted. George, however, acknowledges a female child, this woman had, born January 7th, 1796, within a year after he coupled with her. This girl, called Charlotte Caroline Augusta, is 16 years old, represented to have quite as much sense as belongs to the family, and reported to be designed as a wife to the young prince of Orange, son of the ex-stadtholder of Holland, as soon as the parties arrive at maturity. If this match is not agreed upon, she may be unable to please her fancy among the few "legitimate princes" that yet reign in Europe; mount the throne as a maiden, and be the second "virgin queen" of England.

The support of the prince regent from the time of his birth to the present day (49 years) has cost the British nation, by direct annuities only, twenty millions of dollars; he has also received excessive "free gifts" from the parliament on several occasions. Besides, his debts, then amounting to more than two millions of dollars, were paid by the people in 1787.

In 8 years afterwards his promissory note for 500l. would not sell for 50 shillings in the money market, and government again interfered to support the "dignity of the heir apparent." His debts were paid from the public purse a second time on which occasion, they amounted to 730,860l. 4s. 2d. (2,842,112 dolls.) Since then he was relieved, but we do not recollect to what amount, and the London papers now state it as gratifying intelligence that his debts proposed to be paid by a vote of parliament [illegible] 60,000l.—only, 2, [illegible] It is understood [illegible] Co. have agreed [illegible] demands as the [illegible] in the ministry [illegible] further insinuated (and [illegible] the morality of the court of St. James the thing is probable enough) that they are further to procure for him a divorce from his wife, on the plea of want of chastity before marriage!

This limb of royalty has cost the British nation—that is his own personal or individual support, about 800,000 dollars on an average, for every year of his life, independent of his fixed annuities and public free gifts, receiving large portions of the "candle ends and cheese parings" of a profligate government. No wonder that "two-fifths of the labouring poor are paupers."—no wonder that the spinner or weaver by toiling 16 hours in every 24, is hardly able to furnish a wife and two or three small children with a sufficiency even of the coarsest bread. This man George Guelph, without doing any thing to compensate the least atom of the expenditure has consumed the whole proceeds of three thousand men for forty-nine years, admitting that each of them earned one dollar per day. There is no language that can paint his debaucheries in their true colours—all that French ingenuity could devise, and British strength perform, were concentrated, consolidated & systematized by him and his profligate colleagues. Nay the graces of the South Sea islanders were impressed into his service, and more than Otaheitans could do was transacted in the brothels of the British prince! Such pursuits are yet continued. Public report said he was confined with a sprained ancle. Now how he met this disaster was not so generally known.

A caricature engraving, exposed to common view in the windows of the print shops of London, solves the mystery. He appears to have been trespassing on a delicate property belonging to lord Holland, who seized him in the fact, fell upon him and blacked his royal eye, slapped his royal jaws, and terminated the affair literally by kicking him down stairs, by which his royal ancle was sprained, &c.

The prince regent has not co-ha-