

and lay their relations under strong obligations.

The gentleman from N. Y. (Mr. Storrs,) has just told us, this school with its nine professors, is to cost us but \$7,000 a year. But has the gentleman taken into the calculation, the purchase of ground and buildings for the location. But taking it for granted that it will cost only that sum, that small sum may prove a canker in the body politic. It will tend to corrupt the whole mass of the nation. We see the effects which are produced by our military academy. The annual proselytism which it adds to the administration, but when this vast source of promotion and patronage is added, when there is no limit to the number admissible, we can readily judge what a powerful engine it may prove in favor of the government. The temptation to gain admission there, will be irresistible. It will pervade every quarter of the Union. The dull pursuits of civil life will be abandoned, labour will be shunned as ignominious, and a general rush will be made by the higher class of our population for the wide opened doors of this school.—This must have a tendency to produce degeneracy and corruption of the public morality, and change our simple republican habits.

From the Lynchburg Virginian.
"THE HOUSE THAT CLAY BUILT."

A PARODY.

We are indebted for the following humorous Parody, to a gentleman from Richmond, in which city it was pretty freely circulated in manuscript. It was written by a member of the Virginia Legislature. The palpable hits it contains will no doubt amuse our readers:

Adams.—This is the house that Clay built.

Webster.—This is the man, as sly as a mouse, that gilded the house, that Clay built.

Congress.—This is the clan, that followed the man, as sly as a mouse, that gilded the house, that Clay built.

Cabinet.—These are the rats, that pulled off their hats, and joined the clan, that followed the man, as sly as a mouse, that gilded the house, that Clay built.

Roosevelt.—This is the cat, that worried the rats, that pulled off their hats, and joined the clan, that followed the man, as sly as a mouse, that gilded the house, that Clay built.

Jno. Tyler.—This is the dog, that killed the cat, that worried the rats, that pulled off their hats, and joined the clan, that followed the man, as sly as a mouse, that gilded the house, that Clay built.

Dr. Crump.—This is the man who wrote a letter, when he could not do better, to bring to life, without any strife, the old Tom cat, that worried the rats, that pulled off their hats, and joined the clan, that followed the man, as sly as a mouse, that lived in the house, that Clay built.

Thos. Ritchie.—This is the man who stated so plump, that Dr. Crump, in knowing his fate, had saved the State, in writing a letter, when he could not do better, to bring to life, without any strife, the old Tom cat, that worried the rats, that pulled off their hats, and joined the clan, that followed the man, as sly as a mouse, that gilded the house, that Clay built.

The following anecdote is quoted from the new Philadelphia Quarterly. The review of American Biography, from which this is taken, contains a number of interesting incidents and characters.

When the British army held possession of Philadelphia, Gen. Howe's head-quarters were in Second street, the fourth door below Spruce, in a house which was occupied by Gen. Cadwallader. Directly opposite resided William and Lydia Darrah, members of the society of Friends. A superior officer of the British Army, believed to be the adjutant general, fixed upon one of their chambers, a back room, for private conference; and two of them frequently met there, with fire and candles in close consultation. About the 24 December, the adjutant general told Lydia that they would be in the room at 7 o'clock, and remain late; and that they wished the family to retire early to bed; adding, that

when they were going away they would call to let them out, and extinguish their fire and candles. She accordingly sent all the family to bed; but as the officer had been so particular, her curiosity was excited. She took off her shoes, and put her ear to the key-hole of the conclave, and overheard an order read, for all the British troops to march out late in the evening of the fourth, and attack General Washington's army, then encamped at White Marsh. On hearing this she returned to her chamber, and laid down. Soon after, the officers knocked at the door, but she rose only at the third summons, having feigned herself asleep.

Her mind was so much agitated, that from this moment she could neither eat nor sleep; supposing it to be in her power to save the lives of thousands of her fellow-countrymen; but not knowing how she was to convey the information to Gen. Washington, not daring to confide it to her husband. The time left, however, was short. She quickly determined to make her way, as soon as possible, to the American outpost. She informed her family, that, as she was in want of flour, she would go to Frankford for some; her husband insisted that she should take the servant maid with her, but to his surprise she positively refused. She got access to Gen. H. and solicited what he readily granted, a pass through the British troops on the lines. Leaving her bag at the mill, she hastened towards the American lines, and encountered on her way an American lieutenant colonel (Craig) of the light horse, who, with some of his men, was on the lookout for information. He knew her, and inquired where she was going? She answered, in quest of her son, an officer in the American army, and prayed the colonel to alight and walk with her. He did so, ordering his troops to keep in sight. To him she disclosed her secret, after having obtained from him a solemn promise never to betray her individually, as her life might be at stake with the British.

He conducted her to a house near at hand directed something for her to eat and hastened to head quarters, when he brought Gen. Washington acquainted with what he had heard. Washington made, of course, all preparation for baffling the meditated surprise. Lydia returned home with her flour, sat up alone to watch the movement of the British troops; heard their footsteps; but when they returned, in a few days after, did not dare to ask a question, though solicitous to learn the event. The next evening the Adjutant General came in, and requested to walk up to his room as he wished to put some questions. She followed him in terror, and when he locked the door and begged her, with an air of mystery, to be seated, she was sure that she was either suspected or had been betrayed. He inquired earnestly whether any of her family were up the last night he and the other officer met: she told him that they all retired at eight o'clock. He observed, "I knew you were asleep, for I knocked at your chamber door three times before you heard me: I am entirely at a loss to imagine who gave Gen. Washington information of our intended attack unless the walls of the house could speak. When we arrived near White Marsh, we found all their cannon mounted, and the troops prepared to receive us, and we have marched back like a parcels of fools."

Sir John Pringle, in one of his works mentions his having cured a soldier by the daily use of the Dog and Duck water which in former days stood where now stands the Bethlem Hospital, and was celebrated for a medical spa, as well as being a public house of great resort. A French physician, who translated this passage of Sir John's said, that "the cure was effected by administering an excellent broth made of a Dog and Duck."

The glory of young men is their strength; and the beauty of old men is their grey head.

Constables Warrants,

Neatly printed, for sale at the Office of the Chronicle.

WAR IN EUROPE.

The Editor of the Baltimore Patriot has been favored with the following interesting extract of a letter from a gentleman in Europe, (who has the best means of acquiring the most correct information,) to his friend in Baltimore dated 16th January. Whether his predictions are well founded or not must soon be realised.

"My unconquerable persuasion is, that War must break out ere long, and that France and England must be parties. Every effort will be made by England to involve us some way or other. I know that a policy of this effect has been agreed on and laid down in England several years ago, as the policy to be observed with respect to us, whenever any new war should occur. There was a policy adopted then, and it will be followed, not to allow us to enjoy profitable neutrality, and to re-become the factors of the world. They will move every spring to deprive us of another indefinite term of progressive, unexampled prosperity. They will not allow a renewal of Jonathan's thrifty, nourishing system of paddling his own canoe and picking up grists all over the mill ponds of the world, and of effecting in some twenty years, what other nations have required centuries to accomplish. I tell you my good friend I know this. England will have enough on her hands in Europe, and I shall not be surprised, if under the present pressure, she may not be in earnest in accommodating every cause of difference with the United States, indeed I have some reason to believe she will.

"There must be war—all Europe is alive for it—especially the French, they are indignant at Mr. Canning's audacious language in his afterwards subdued and mitigated speech. The English are detested every where on the continent, and no where more than to Portugal. The Portuguese ask the British officers, what the devil brought you here? Who wants the English to be meddling in our affairs? You may be assured that the Portuguese neither understand nor want Don Pedro's constitution.—The English are as well aware of that as are the French or Spaniards. Again I say, there will be War."

Six hundred thousand dollars of Kentucky Commonwealth's Bank paper, were consigned to the flames at Frankfort, the 15th ult. in pursuance of a Resolve of the Legislature. This makes in all \$1,473,000. There yet remains on hand \$500,000—leaving about \$8,000,000 in circulation unredeemed.

The Happy Union.—The Gods, wearied with the perpetual cries of wedded mortals, loudly complaining that they were unfortunately matched, sent at length, a messenger to earth, with authority to divorce all those who were desirous of being unmarried. On the messenger's return to heaven, it appeared, from his report, that only a single couple in the whole world were perfectly satisfied with each other. This amiable and peaceable pair had never quarrelled; if the woman was out of temper, and suffered her tongue to use violent expressions, the husband entirely disregarded what she said; and, if he committed any improper or indelicate actions, his dear wife never once noticed them. The cause of this singular instance of conjugal harmony puzzled all the celestials, who learned with astonishment that the wife was blind, and the husband deaf.

THINGS IN GENERAL.

We have an arrival from England with dates to the first of Feb. There is very little political news. From Greece, the intelligence is of a cheering character. We are sorry to perceive, that the cotton market has declined a little in Liverpool.

Imitating the example of the National Journal, the National Intelligencer has declared war against the U. S. Senate. It is wonderful how the loss of a little treasury yap will affect the temper and understanding of some people.

The Remains of Allen.—The Columbia Republican states that the Navy Department have promptly acceded to the request of the Common Council of Hudson, to have

the remains of our fellow citizen, Lieut. William H. Allen, brought from Mantanzas to New York in a public vessel; and that a letter from Mr. Secretary Southard to the Mayor of that city, assured him that the earliest opportunity will be improved to have this service performed in a manner gratifying to the friends and fellow-citizens of Lieut. Allen, and with all the respect due to the memory of the lamented hero.

The Greek Supply Ship.—The New York Commercial Advertiser of Saturday last says—"The elegant ship Chancellor, Capt. Baker, hauled out in the stream yesterday, and will probably sail to-day with provisions, &c. for the Greeks. Mr. Miller, of Vermont, who was three years in Greece, and eighteen months in active service, goes out in the vessel. He will have the charge of the supplies, and pay attention to their distribution. The cargo is said to be worth about \$18,000 including the freight and insurance, which have been paid. It consists principally of corn meal, flour, rice, and the like articles. May prosperous gales attend her! We have already stated that a second vessel will be despatched as soon as practicable, in which Lieut. Carpenter, of the United States Navy, who has just returned from the Mediterranean station, will go as agent.

A dinner was given to Mr. Randolph, on Thursday last, by a number of the members of the legislature as a mark of their esteem for his patriotic exertions to expose the corrupting influence of the present administration.

Mr. Randolph has consented to become a candidate for congress to represent the district of Charlotte. The administration will not have gained much in the ejection of Mr. Randolph from the national senate. In the H. of R. the theatre of his early fame, he will be ready to meet the manager (Mr. Webster) of Mr. Adams' House of Commons,—but which we anticipate will be no longer his, now that the constitutional term of the 19th congress has expired.

R. S. Garnett, of the Essex district, a representative in the late congress from this state, has declined a re-election.

The lower house of the Louisiana legislature, by a unanimous vote, has passed a bill granting to Mrs. Randolph, daughter of the late Thomas Jefferson, the sum of \$10,000. The bill will doubtless pass the senate. What has Virginia done to evince her feelings and her gratitude in this respect?—Nothing.

Mr. John S. Meehan, formerly Editor and publisher of the Columbian Star, has been unanimously elected a member of the Board of Trustees for the Columbian College, and has since been unanimously appointed Secretary of the Board.

A resolution has been introduced into the New York Senate, by Mr. Viele, changing the form of choosing electors from the district to the general ticket plurality. If this become a law; General Jackson will take the thirty-six electoral votes of New York beyond a doubt.—[Paladium.

The New-York Enquirer speaking of the election of Mr. Van Buren, says:—"The season for action has arrived. Much remains to be done to promote the success of Gen. Andrew Jackson, and the Republicans of this District will be happy to co-operate with their brethren throughout the State in promoting this desirable end. With no disposition to take the lead, they are still unwilling to be led: and while disposed to do every thing to promote the great cause, they will not surrender their judgment as to the best manner of effecting the object."

GOOD NEWS.—The Commentator states, that Mr. Horace Holley has resigned the Presidency of Transylvania University, and that his connexion with the institution will be finally dissolved in March next. We cannot, on this occasion, refrain from congratulating the citizens of Lexington, and of the State at large. The University was rapidly sinking under the Presidency of Mr. H. but we have every reason to

believe that it will not be long before it will again be in a prosperous condition. Every citizen of the State must feel, in some degree, interested as to the character and fate of this invaluable institution. To the citizens of Lexington and its vicinity, its success is all important.—It is therefore to be hoped, that, in the selection of a successor to Mr. Holley, sufficient care will be taken not to injure the University by again placing at its head, a mere political parasite, or an individual whose conduct and opinions are calculated to demoralize and mislead the youth of the country.—[Lou. Adv.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, the 15th instant, by Collin W. Barnes, Esq. Maj. REDDICK CROSS, of Hertford, to Mrs. ELIZABETH SOWERBY, of Northampton.

On the same day, by the Rev. Dr. Waller, Mr. GEO. SPIERS, to Miss ELIZABETH WISE, both of Murfreesboro'.

FOR RENT,

THE House lately occupied as a Printing Office, and adjoining the Store of Mr. L. Worrock. Possession can be had immediately. Persons wishing to rent, will apply at this Office. March 5—ts

For Sale,

4 ELEGANT NEWARK built DOUBLE GIGS; and ONE Elegant and well-toned PIANO FORTE—by Morgan & Couper. March 23—hw

The noted Janus Horse

SELECTION,

Will stand at Northampton C. House, Mr. William Thorp's, and at Mr James Weston's, about two miles below Murfreesborough, throughout the Season. WM. MOODY.

March 23—ts

Murfreesboro' Academy.

THE TRUSTEES NOW HAVE the pleasure of announcing to the public, that they have been successful in employing a Lady to undertake the duties of instructing in the Female Department of this Institution. The selection was made by a gentleman in New York, well qualified by his literary attainments to judge of her capacity, with due reference to all the requisites essential to the appointment: and from the high estimation in which Mrs. SHARP'S talents were held in New-York as an Instructress, they very confidently anticipate general satisfaction. The School will be opened for the admission of young Ladies, on MONDAY the second of April.

She will teach Music, Drawing, Painting, Needle-Work, in all its varieties, together with all the solid branches of Education; in which latter she will have the assistance of Mr. ELY of the male department.

The terms will be for Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, \$4 per quarter—English Grammar, Geography, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, and Astronomy \$5—Drawing and Painting \$6—Painting on Velvet \$8—Embroidery and Ornamental Needle-work \$6—Music \$10 per quarter. BOARD can be had in the most respectable families at Seventy-five dollars per annum.

For the satisfaction of Parents & Guardians at a distance, the Trustees take the liberty of informing them that those young Ladies who become pupils of this Seminary, will be considered as under their special guardianship and protection, in all that relates to their moral happiness and intellectual improvement.

By order of the Board,

BENJ. WYNNS, Sec'y.

March 16—hw

VACCINE.

I have procured some of the recent matter from a respectable Physician in Baltimore, which I think, can be relied on for propagating the genuine Vaccine disease THOS: OLD.

March 16—ts

BLANKS,

Hand-Bills, Cards, &c. of every description, printed at this Office with neatness and dispatch.