

THE SENTINEL.

NEWBERN:

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1831. The General Assembly of this State will convene on Monday next.

We are pleased to find that Mr. DILLIARD has commenced his line of four horse stages between this place and Raleigh. His very neat and commodious stage coach, drawn by four beautiful grays, arrived here on Saturday.

Mrs. ALEXANDER'S Infant School. All present were delighted with the progress of the pupils, and fully convinced of the utility of the system. Children of from three to five years of age were examined in spelling, reading, geography, &c. and their knowledge if these, and other elementary branches, and their capability of combining and comparing ideas that are generally considered beyond the capacity of children of their age, reflected great credit on themselves and their teacher.

Our readers who were recently elated by the conradiction which followed the report of the fall of Warsaw, will learn with indignation that it was nothing more than an unjustifiable fabrication by the Editors of the New York Courier and Enquirer. We fear that the Judge of Israel is not a judge of American beling, or he would not thus wantonly sport with it en such a subject.

/ Webster's Dictionary .- A few days ago we found our desk a pamphlet of fifty-six pages, containing a Review of the Orthography of Dr. Webster's series of books." We regret that the author, (Mr. Cobb,) has limited his criticism to orthographical inconsistencies and absurdities; for important and necessary as we 'onsider corréct spelling, Mr. Webster's innovations the disregard which he manifests for the settled usages of the language, and the anomalies into which his singular fancies would lead his followers. Should his dictionary be established as a standard by the American publick, of which there is no probability, we have no hesitation in saying that the adoption would leave the language where Johnson took it up, and involve it in that obscurity and that irregularity tifty years, been successfully tending to extricate it-We confess that we had little hope of his dictionary from the early specimen of scholastick skill exhibited in his famous spelling book. We always believed that that most pernicious of all elementary books would never have made its way but for the fortuitous circumstance of its having appeared at a moment when that was English, were under the ban of proscription. Its merits certainly were not accessary to its popularity. When Mr. Webster's dictionary was announced, we which are inexplicable by us, he has become identicigners, as well as by a numerous class of readers in our own country, with reference to the surreptitious have been realized; and we regret that such pains have been taken to draw the publick attention to a work which will inevitably annihilate the claims of the compiler to the stand which he had assumed in the republick of letters .-Credit is certainly due to Mr. Webster for his indusabout sixteen thousand words that are not to be found the letter that relate to this subject. m any similar work But he does not tell us that about eight thousand of these are the participles of verbs, and totally unnecessary in a dictionary, and

The labours of Sheridan, Walker &c. to establish a just and uniform standard of pronunciation, predicated on the true principles and long established analook upon as laws whereby to govern their judgment 4s capriciously and unreasonably as if his word were law, and his descisions infallible. In Mr. Cobb's reof which Mr. Webster is at variance, not only with a still more formidable list of errors that are much

to consider this of so little importance, that he has had established to guide us in this respect, and has readers. In the word expiatory, i, a, o, and y, are in this predicament, and each of these may be disforted through all the variations of sound which appertain to it, at the option of the speaker. The i in the second, and the a in the penultimate of expiable, as well as a thousand others which our limits forbid us to enumerate, are in the same state of uncertainty.

Polite ears will not readily sanction antipodes, reduced to three syllables, and accented on the antepenult; and berd, for beard, crick for creek, heerd for heard, perse for pierce, ferse for fierce, lev-er for lever, ple-nary for plen-ary, ri-sible for ris-ible, shone for waist-coat for wes-cot, and zee-lous for zel-ous, are sounds which none would venture to use, who are unwilling to risk the imputation of vulgarity.

His division of words into syllables is another great objection to his dictionary. Ex-pir-a-ble, in-frig-i- Tristram Burgess and one or two others, who looked more

date, in-fum-ed, in-fus-er, mac-er-ate. prim-ing, to rounding a prace and pointing a diatribe against the piqu-et, piqu-eer, so-lic-it, so-lic-i-ta-tion, and transprib-ing, are examples of his violation of all rule on impolicy of sending a Charge instead of Minister of high this head. The book abounds with irregularities and inconsistencies of all kinds; they are in almost every page, and are far more than sufficient to confine its circulation within narrow limits.

The cloven foot begins to show itself. "We have been brought to feel a degree of indifference in regard Pole by birth, but had the honor of being a citizen of to the union of the States, a diminished reverence for the United States. Imagine a man of Herculean it as a primary blessing." Reader, from what quarter of these happy United States would you look for such a sentiment? Surely not from Massachusetts. Read, then, and satisfy yourself.

From the New Hampshire Patriot.

Nullification in Boston .- The following paragraph is copied from the Massachusetts Journal, a paper edited by Mr. Webster's "friend in the gallery," and an excellent National Republican print. Had the of the Potomac, what a shout of Treason would

"It is better that we remain united for a while longer, in order to see if a better spirit and party may not get the upper hand there; but we must avow that we have been gradually brought to feel a degree of in- ten years of age. All this may look simple upon padifference in regard to the union of the States-adiminished reverence for it as a primary blessing. One long, loud, and hearty cheering followed. Surely, thing we are sure of; so long as the fierce ambition thought I, this answers Demosthenes' definition of of a PART to govern the whole shall continue, the Union cannot be happy, nor for any length of time beneficial. If there be any thing worse than for enemies to be apart and at war, it is for them to be together Portsmouth Journal of Saturday last:in forced friendship.

Cotton and Sugar Crops.—The New Orleans Emporium, gives the following account of the Crops in Louisiana and Mississippi :-

"The Sugar crops are likely to be better than we expected; we fear, however, they will fall short of the usual quantity—the past cool weather has assisted the canc to ripen. The Cotton Planters, we fear, will not reap any thing like fall crops. Our friends from Mississippi, give very discouraging accounts of the cotton crops in that State. The rains, winds and rot, have done the planters-great injury.'

The New Orleans Bee, says-

yesterday, upon the subject of bringing slaves into this lished State. The penal clause is a fine of one hundred We have received a request from one of our subdollars upon each slave who shall be introduced con-scribers to discontinue his paper for the present, for trary to the stipulation of said ordinance; one half of no other reason than he is plagued by borrowers. - Porter in qt. & pt. bottles Pepper, Spice. the penalty to go to the informer. The stipulations We presume they are not such persons as he can very are, that any one introducing or bringing slaves into well deny the use of the paper. So it is with you at this respect are venial indeed in comparison with the city, shall, within twenty-four hours after his and borrower, whoever you are! The person who lent their arrival, report the same to the Mayor, accom- you this, although he apparently did it with much panied by a statement, upon oath, of the sex, age, and pleasure, wished that you would take the paper yourplace whence each slave was brought, previous to the self, and not take his new coat, hat loaf, and letter, introduction into this State."

> The high estimate upon the character and administration of President Jackson abroad, is a source of just pride to his friends at home. We find the following in the New Orleans Ad-

from which the labours of the learned have, for the last Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Mexico to and noble country. Poor Europe seems destined to his friend in this City, dated 30th Sept.

notwithstanding the unexampled efforts of a deter- the Atlantic to your peaceful shores. Russia is the mined opposition, still retains the undiminished sup- only country that affords a prospect of future tranport and confidence of the people. His Administration is indeed marked with such distinguished integrity, energy and wisdom, that it must swell the bosom of every patriot with feelings of admiration, and a desire for its triumph and duration. His successful and English publications, and indeed every thing else advantageous negotiations in relation to our foreign intercourse, are incontestible proof, acknowledged by Foreign Nations, of his ability and superior qualifica- - I have never been used to it; but I can shout, laugh.

a fa orite champion of liberty, and his name is never most speeches generally have." mentioned by them but with the deepest respect and fied with the literature of the country, and this abortive the greatest veneration. The result of the approachattempt at a standard, will be looked upon by for- ing election in the United States, is of vital importance | We are informed that the Mail Coach, which left to the nation. Every friend of his country should be New York at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, arrived tire confidence in the intelligence and virtue of the There are eight changes on the road; three minutes reputation which interested booksellers and others people, that I cannot entertain a doubt they will sus- and a half being allowed for each, with half an hour have bestowed upon its compiler. Our worst fears tain the man whose patriotic and enlightened mea- for supper. Thus the actual time of driving was his country and her institutions."

We yesterday (says the New-York Evening Post of the 9th inst.) published a letter from a friend in Constantinople, dated August 20, 1831, in which the writer af firms with some confidence that commodore Porter, who has been sent out as Charge d'Affaires to Turkey would be received, and the treaty of which he went out the bear try; if it has been misapplied, his judgment is in er, ratified. We have this morning been shown a letter New Brunswick in coming this way from New York tault, and he will be the principal sufferer. He states from the same gentleman dated some four days later, in The splendid Troy coaches are furnished with excelwhich he expresses his doubts as to the conclusion to lent horses with careful and obliging drivers. The in his preface to the octavo edition, that he has added which he had previously arrived We copy the parts of BUYUKDERY, Aug. 24, 1831

"I wrote a few days since to **** a short and hurried letter, in which I am fearful that I have gone further in vouching for the reception of Commodore Porter, than the fact will warrant. The abusive language which has that six or seven thousand more are confessedly ob- been so liberally bestowed on the Porte in Congress, has Mr. Editor, been collected and translated here. This has irritated the high officers, and the delay in sending out a minister has increased this irritation. At last a United States vessel presents itself at the Dardanelles, with a person styled an American minister on board,—as such he is allowed to come up, and when his powers are to be verified, ation, have any political relations with Turkey, that her views were exclusively commercial, and that a Charge of Chili and Colombia, and thought that the Emperor could be fobbed off with a Charge. Austria, Sardinia. will be excluded from this country. Russia alone has and at the same time so in- believe, principally these. The Adams arrived on the 9th inst. and anchored outside of Seraglio point, below dispensable to correct speaking, can never be acquired the city, where she still lies. Porter landed about the of North Carolina." We do not understand him. there entirely unnoticed by the Government. No exchange of salutes took place on either side, but a salute at the ulter want of civility shown towards them. These the treaty, or in the arrangements for it, (I do not know which) it was in fact ratified as soon as they received official notice from our government of its ratification by our Senate: but this is extremely doubtful. At any rate, I must be allowed to express my belief that no American man-of-war will for a long time be permitted again to pass the Dardanelles."

ificent barbaric monarch of the east, our readers may CRISPIN, daughter of the late John Crispin, Esq. possibly recollect how it was occasioned; if not we can refresh their memories. A committee, friendly to the administration, in the House of Representative reported in favor of sending a Minister. The recommendation was hotly resisted in the House by all the strength of the opposite party, but unsuccessfully. When the bill got into the Senate, after a good deal of debate about the shon, slawth for sloth, sword for sorde, tin-y for ti-ny, Turkish treaty, Mr. Webster moved to amend it by substituting a Charge d' Affaires for a Minister The motion prevailed, and the bill was sent back about the close of the session to the House, where the opposition contrived to get a majority for concurring with the Senate: as to the abuse lavished on the Turkish nation in Congress, it came from certain members of the House of Representatives-

administration, than to the interests of the country. The folly of the childish declamation against the Porte and the ran, are now apparent enough

A Pole pleading for Poland .- At a recent meeting in Washington City in favor of the Poles, the following incident occurred:

Several speakers had addressed the meeting, some of them very eloquently, and all with effect, when Col. LEHMANOWSKY arose and stated that he was a stature, with the bold, frank bearing of an old soldier, addressing a large assembly, amongst which are many ladies. He has just enough of a foreign accent to remind you that it is a Pole pleading for unhappy Poland-tears are slowly trickling down his face, and he says:

"I have seen much misfortune in my time, but it All of which they offer for sale at a moderate could never make me weep; now, I cannot restrain advance for cash or country produce. my tears, for I am pleading for the cause of my native land before the inhabitants of a city which bears the name of Washington, and in his name I ask you the same sentiments been avowed by any editor south to aid the cause of liberty.—God is my witness! that, if ever the freedom of my adopted country should be On Monday last we attended an examination of have been attered against him by this patriotic press. threatened, I would shed the last drop of my blood in its defence. Yes!-and THIS BOY should also fight for America!" As he uttered these last words, he held up his son, a fine spirited-looking lad of about per, but the effect upon the meeting was electric; oratory; it is indeed "action!"

A short and comprehensive SERMON-from the

Newspaper Borrowers .- Reader, if you have borrowed this paper, send it right back—as you may feel CHEAP after you have finished this paragraph.

If the tailor sends a NEW COAT home to you, would Naples, you think your neighbor fair in his request for the first If the baker leaves you a not loaf, should you like

to lend it to your neighbor and have it returned cold with the corners gnawed off? If the pennypost leaves a LETTER on your counter,

should you think it right in your neighbor to seize it, before you had time to read it, to tally a load of potatoes on it, and thank you for the use of it some hours after, if he should not be so unfortunate as to lose it. If these things are not right—then it is not right "An Ordinance was passed in the City Council to borrow a newspaper on the day when it is pub-

before he has made full use of them himself.

The following compliment to our nation, is centained in a letter written by a Russian of great distinction at St. Petersburg to a merchant of this city, dated September 2d, 1831.-N. Y. Post.

"The concurring events of every day, increase our interest here, for the prosperity of your beautiful place, become a prey of war, discord, and political phrenzy, "It is truly gratifying to learn that Gen. Jackson and to compel nearly all of her inhabitants to cross

> Parliamentary qualifications .- A candidate by the name of Chadwick, in standing for a seat in the British House of Commons, sums up his qualifica

"I am no man of family; I am no man of business. hawk, and spit, and cough, stamp, hiss, hoot and "The most intelligent men of this country are well huzza; and what more can be wanted from an M. P? looked for its appearance with much anxiety, mixed, acquainted with his private and public character, as I do not doubt but my stamping, shouting, etc. would we confess, with fears for its fate; for, by means well in the field as in the cabinet. He is with them have as much effect in the House of Commons as

From the Philadelphia Chronicle.

vigilant and active at his post. But I have such en- here at twenty minutes before one this morning. sures furnish such ample testimony of his devotion to eight hours, and forty minutes. The passengers were seven, with driver, baggage, and ten or twelve hundred weight of mails, the whole weight estimated at nearly twenty-five hundred pounds. This certainly excels any driving yet recorded. We understand that the stock on the middle routes, on this line, has been re-purchased by Col. Reeside; that Trenton has been the place for taking supper in going East, and public will be pleased to hear that this line is now entirely owned by Col. Reeside, whose own enterprise and energy, with the zeal and activity of his agents, have made him famous throughout the United States.

FOR THE SENTINEL.

We perceive that a Mr. A. B. in the Raleigh Register, interferes very unnecessarily in the affairs of Newbern. We would by no means offer disrespect to the gentleman, but we are of the opinion logy of the language, are generally disregarded by he turns out only to be a Charge. This with us would be that the good people of our town are tolerably capable Mr. Webster, and settled rules which other orthoepists | considered as a small matter; but here, where diplomatic of taking care of themselves. On the subject of a has resumed business in Newbern, at the well to me. rank is regulated by the high court of etiquette at Pera, Town Member for the Assembly, the Raleigh corand regulate their opinions, are received or rejected urged that the United States never could, from her situ respondent seems extremely anxious, and his opinions on the subject are either misunderstood by us, or they was sufficient for that purpose. To this it was replied are too exclusive to suit the present state of the case. view he gives some thousands of words in the spelling that we had sent ministers to the insignificant countries There are now two gentlemen before the town, to either of whom we are quite willing to confide our Superfine Blue, Black, Olive, Brown, and In- late James Lovick, dec'd. This woman ran others, but with himself, and we have no doubt that England, and perhaps France, have of course fanned the interests; and when the question of a Convention embers, and all are tickled with the idea that the Yankees comes before the Legislature, we know that the wishes more injurious to the language could easily be made. been, and I believe will continue to be, our firm friend of his constituents will be strictly attended to by the A uniform pronunciation of the unaccented vowels, throughout. The facts connected with this case are, I person whom we shall select to represent us. A. B. talks of this being a "momentous crisis in the affairs from the labours of Mr. Webster. Indeed he seems 16th, hired a house for a year at Buyukdery, and lives he means to say that the value of town lots in Raleigh is in danger of decreasing, we agree with him that even set aside the rules which other lexicographers was given by the Adams when Porter left the ship. The such will probably be the result; but this "crisis" will Adams will sail on Saturday, and the officers grumble exercise but a partial influence over the affairs of the left this important particular to the judgment of his are the facts; of course you will have them embellished State. We will'tell Mr. A. B. for his comfort, that by the European journals. I learn that by a proviso in the wishes of the People are for a Convention, and we see no cause why they should be disappointed. BAH!

MARRIED,

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Dr. C. LEACH With respect to the sending of a Charge to the mag. Mr. MOSES W. JARVI., to Miss SUSAN A

PORT OF NEWBERN.

ARRIVED, Schr. Sarah, Jones, New York. Passenger-

Mr. Amos Wade. Schr. Trent, Luther, New York.

Schr. Mary, Schr. Mary, Schr. Hermit, Schr. Fanny,

CLEARED, Chadwick, Simpson, Gifford, Mason, Best. Schr. Citizen,

New York. Charleston. Baltimore. Hayti. Baltimore.

NEW GOODS.

OSEPH M. GRANADE, & Co. respect-fully inform their friends and the public, that he has just returned rivals) from New York, Philadelphia and Bal- from New York, with a good assortment of timore, and are now opening, at the well known Store formerly occupied by Mr. William Dunn, corner of Pollok & Middle-streets.

AN EXTENSIVE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Foreign and Domestic Bry Goods, GROCERIES,

WINES AND SPIRITS, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery and Primrose, Esq. Glassware.

Newbern, Nov. 14, 1831.

NEW GOODS. JOHN A. CRISPIN AS just returned from New York with a general assortment of

Groobries, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

The following articles comprise apart of his Stock: Wines. Fruits. Champaigne, in qt. and Citron, Currants, Teas. pt. bottles, Old Madeira,

Gunpowder, Pico, do. Imperial, Hyson, Lisbon, Souchong, Teneriffe, Pouchong. Dry Malaga, Sugars. Sherry, Loaf & Lump, White Havana,

Country. Liquors. Brown, various qual. Cogniac Brandy (supe-Nuts. Filberts, rior quality) Madeira Nuts,

Peach do. Old Jamaica Rum, Superior Holland Gin, Old Monong. Whiskey, Mace, Cloves, N. E. Rum,

Almonds. Spices. Cinuamon, Nutmegs,

Preserved Ginger.

Buckwheat, Goshen Butter, Cheese, Spanish & American Segars, superior Chewing Tobacco, &c. Which he offers low for cash or country produce, at the Store on Pollok-street formerly occupied by the late George A. Hall, Esq.

William J. Hancock

Will sell off at the New York Cost, for Cash, AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF Fall and Winter Dry Goods, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, CUTLERY, &c.

Also, one cask Teneriffe WINE. Just received per sch'r Mary, from Philadelphia, 200 lbs. Cotton Yarn, a ssorted-No. 5 to 15. Newbern, 9th Nov. 1831.

Edward C. O. Tinker,

MERCHANT TAILOR, ESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Newbern and its vicinity that he has lately returned from New York, with a handsome assortment of GOODS in his line of business, among which are

Super Blue, Black, Green and Olive Cloths, Mulberry and Plum Chesnut-brown, Steelmixt & blk. Cassimeres,

Black Silk Florentine, Black figured do. do. Velvet, do. Valencia, 1 case of Fashionable HATS.

Horse skin Gloves, Mixed Merino half Hose, Random do. do. Striped do. do. Merino do. do.

Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Cravat Stiffeners, of the latest style, &c. &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices. He will at all times be furnished with the latest fashions, and will execute all orders at the shortest notice, and in the neatest style. Nov. 9, 1831.

R. HALSEY, MERCHANT TAILOR, known stand lately occupied by Mr. CHARLES STEWART, on Pollock-Street, where he will have on hand a good assortment of

Fashionable Goods

visible Green Cloths; Blue, Drab and Faney mixt Cassimeres, fine Goat's Hair Camlet, Fancy & Plan Vestings,

Together with Fancy Articles of Bress. AMONG WHICH ARE Fashionble Stocks, Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, Cravat Stiffners,

fine linen Collars, &c. &c. All orders will be thankfully received and executed on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice.

Ten per cent. will invariably be deducted for Cash, on all orders for Clothing. Newbern, 9th Nov. 1831.

NOTICE.

HE Copartnership of Joseph M. Granade & Co. consisting of Joseph M, Granade and Stephen Kincey, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th September, 1831. All persons indebted to, or having claims against the said firm, are requested to come forward for settlement to Joseph M. Granade, who is duly authorised for that purpose. JOSEPH M. GRANADE,

STEPHEN KINCEY. Newbern, N. C. 9th Nov. 1831. SUPERIOR & COUNTY COURT

SHIPPING PAPERS, BILLS OF LADNG, &c. FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW GOODS. JOHN A. M. BATTLE

DRY GOODS. GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

Which he will sell very low.—Nov. 9, 1831. Martin Stevenson, Jr.

AVING just returned from New York, is now opening at his Store next door East of Robert

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES, HARDWARE & CROCKERY.

AMONG WHICH ARE

10 bbls. good Sugar, 10 bags good Coffee, 1 bbl. old Monongahela Whiskey 1 qr. cask good Lisbon Wine, Goshen Butter and Cheese, Loaf Sugar and Teas, &c. &c.

ALSO, 1 case fashionableblack Hats, 1 do. common

And a general assortment of SHOES. All of which he offers low for Cash or Country Produce. Oct. 26, 1831. - dt.

WILLIAM W. CLARK AS removed to the Store on Craven-street, next door to the Store lately ocstreet, next door to the Store lately oc-

cupied by Mr. John Justice, decd. and has just received from New York a new supply of GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c. &c. A few bbls. Rum, Gin, and Sugar Coarse and fine Salt, large & small bar Iron Axes, Hoes, Trace Chains, bags Shot, Lamp & Castor Oil,

Spermaceti & Tallow Candles, Soda, Butter, Water & Wine Crackers. Goshen Butter, Cheese, Raisins, Ahmonds, Candies, Toys, Tapers. Rochester Flour.

Hair Powder, Cologne Water. Seidlitz Powders, Wafers, Family Medicines, &c. &c. All of which will be sold on reasonable terms November 2d, 1831.

JAMES W. SMITH.

AS this day returned from New York, in-the schooner Henrietta, with a general assortment of Dry Goods,

Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, Shoes, Hats, Iron, &c. &c. He assures those who may wish to purchase, that they will obtain goods very low if they

will give him a call. AMONG HIS GROCERIES MAY BE FOUND. Raisins,

Whiskey, Gin, French Brandy, Holland Gin, Monong. Whiskey, | Irish Potatoes, Wines, Sugars,

Almonds, Butter, (Goshen, best) Cheese, Extra Canal Flour, Buckwheat, &c. &c.

26th Oct, 1831. PIPTH OHNSUS.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, 25th October, 1831. HE Accounts of the Marshals of the U. States, in relation to the Fifth Census. being in a course of final settlement, all persons who have been employed by the Marshals in that service, are requested to give information to this Department of the amount received by them, and of that which remains due from the several Marshals, by whom they were res-

pectively employed. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Patent Office, Oct. 24, 1831. PPLICANTS for Patents are hereby no-At tified, that in future, no Patent for any Machine, or improvement therein, will be issued, until a good model thereof be furnished to this Office. By order of the Secretary of State.

JOHN D. CRAIG, Superintendent. FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD. AN AWAY, from the subscriber on the 5th of June last, his Negro Man JOE. He is about six feet three inches high, and quite black; has a long neck, and looks, as he is, big and independent. He has been much of his time in Pitt county, and will probably attempt to pass to another State. All persons are hereby forewarned against harbouring or car-ESPECTFULLY informs his former rying him away. A reward of Fifty Dollars patrons and the public generally, that he will be paid to any one who will deliver him WILLIAM P. BIDDLE.

Craven County, 8th Nov. 1831. FIFTEEN DOLLARS REWARD ILL be paid for the apprehension and delivery to me of a Negro Woman called FANNY, the property of the estate of the away from her master in April last.

GEORGE WILSON. Newbern, 9th Nov. 1831. FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD,

ILL be given for the apprehension and delivery in Newbern Jail of my Negro Men HUGH and JIM. They ran away from my house in Beaufort, about ten days ago .-Hugh was raised on Mr. Gaston's Plantation on Brices Creek, and I expect both of them are dodging about in the bushes at that place. Hugh is about 28 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, is not a very dark negro, is trim built. with very thick lips. He wears a long, blue cloth coat occasionally. He has a pass written by my daughter, dated about two weeks ago. to go to Neuse and return, which he will probably show if interrogated. Jim is a black negro, about 25 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and thick set. He was raised by Mrs. Thompson, in Beaufort, and has a wife at James T. Jones' plantation, on Clubfoot's Creek. Jim has a pass written by me, about two weeks ago, with leave to go to Clubfoot's Creek and return immediately. They have taken a longer tour than I expected, and if they return to me immediately, without cost, I will endeavor to sell them to the man they want to live with. When Hugh reads this, he had better reflect on

his error, and come home without delay. JAMES MANNEY Beaufort, Nov. 6th, 1831.