

POETRY.

VESPER OF PETRARCH.

"I bless the happy moment, says Petrarch, that directed my heart to Laura. She led me to see the path of virtue, to detach my heart from base and grovelling objects: from her I am inspired with that celestial flame which raises my soul to Heaven, and directs it to the Supreme Cause, as the only source of happiness."

Mrs. Dobson's Life of Petrarch, vol. i. p. 87.

No! let my wreath be entwined and hid,
Till around my brow in Heaven it glows,
Where the living lily resumes amid
The bower of the bright immortal rose,
And wave the leaves of the Paradise tree
In the silver winds of Eternity!

I will not seek for an earthly wreath,
To entwine my brow with its fading light;
There is sought that shines in this world beneath,
With a smile that lasts in the death-wind's blight:
Then be mine a wreath from the blissful tree,
Over which the zephyrs of Eden flee!

Yet, oh pardon, Heaven! if one pure flower
I would bind and braid in the wreath divine—
If the fairest rose in an earthly bower
I would make, in the Land of the Tearless, mine:
Alas! without it there scarce would be
A charm in the garland of life for me!

THIS IS LOVE.

To sigh for hours at Beauty's feet,
To start when rival steps draw near,
With ardent warmth her glance to meet,
And pour soft flatteries in her ear;
To kneel, till won by fairer forms
And brighter eyes, and then forsake,
And while new hope, new fancy warms,
To leave her trusting heart to break:
This passion haunts our earthly span,
This is the wavering love of Man!

To seek one form in early youth,
To court one gaze, no vow beside,
To hold through life an holy truth,
Which firmest proves when deepest tried,
And like the diamond's sparkling light
Can halls and palaces illumine,
Can shine more cheering and more bright
In scenes of darkness and of gloom:
This faith descends from realms above,
This is the Woman's changeless love! M. A.

BEAUTY.

What is beauty?—alas!—'tis a jewel—a glass—
A bubble—a plaything—a rose—
'Tis the snow, dew, or air—'tis so many things rare,
That 'tis nothing one well may suppose.
'Tis a jewel, Love's token—glass, easily broken—
A bubble that vanisheth soon;
A plaything that boys cast aside when it cloy;
A rose quickly faded and strewn.

Like the air it is felt—like snow it will melt,
It refresheth the heart like the dew;
And as nothing can vie with a brilliant blue eye,
'Tis like nothing, sweet lady—but you. H.

MAN AND WOMAN.

Man is the rugged, lofty pine,
That frowns on many a wave-beat shore;
Woman's the slender, graceful vine,
Whose curling tendrils round it twine,
And deck its rough bark sweetly o'er.

Man is the rock whose towering crest
Nods o'er the mountain's barren side;
Woman the soft and mossy vest,
That loves to clasp its sterile breast,
And wreath its brown in verdant soil.

Man is the cloud of coming storm,
Dark as the raven's murky plume,
Save where the sun-beam, light and warm,
Of woman's soul and woman's form,
Gleams brightly o'er the gathering gloom.

Yes, lovely sex, to you 'tis given
To rule our hearts with angel sway,
Blend with each woe a blissful leaven,
Change earth into an embryo heaven,
And sweetly smile our cares away.

ECCENTRICITIES OF GENIUS.

It was the custom of Sterne to be very fastidious about his dress when he wished to go on with any of his literary performances, which though apparently so easy, were the result of labor and care; when he was ill-dressed, he found that his thoughts were slovenly and ill-arranged. Haydn also used to dress himself with particular care before he sat down to compose; unless his hair was properly powdered and he had his best coat on, he could not command his ideas; he even used to say that if he began to write without his diamond ring on his finger, (the gift of the Emperor Frederick) he could not get on; and he never could write music on any thing but the finest paper. It is related of Gluck that he composed in a meadow, having his piano transported thither, and a bottle of champagne at his elbow.—Sarti preferred the mysterious gloom of a large apartment, feebly lighted by a single lamp; and Cimarosi composed many parts of his lively opera of the Matrimonia Segreto, as well as some others of his works, in the midst of noisy parties.—Paeceillo composed, as Brindly the engineer meditated about canals, in bed; and Sacchini was not inspired unless his favorite cats were sitting on his shoulders. Lord Bacon is said to have delighted to soothe his mind with beautiful flowers around him, and sweet music playing in an adjoining room. It is related of the celebrated Mr. Dunning that whenever he wished to shine in speech or in society, he used to put on a blister. Curran used to prepare for exertion in a great cause, by playing wild and extemporaneous airs on the violinello.—It is said that composition of his eloquent sermons excited the mind of the celebrated Bourdaloue that he would have been unable to deliver them, but for a means he discovered of allaying the excitement. His attendants were one day both scandalized and alarmed on proceeding to his apartment for the purpose of accompanying him to the cathedral, by hearing the sound of a fiddle, playing a very lively tune. After their first consternation, they ventured to look through the key hole; and was still more shocked to behold the great divine dancing about without his gown and canonicals, to his own inspiring music;—of course they concluded him to be mad. But when they knocked, the music ceased, and after a short and anxious interval he met them with a composed dress and manner; and observing some signs of astonishment in the party, explained to them that without his music and exercise, he should have been unable to undertake the duties of the day.—Spirit of the Times.

A Rough Dentist.—I was much amused the last morning watch that I kept. We were stowing the hammocks in the quarter deck nettings, when one of the boys came up with his hammock on his shoulder, and as he passed, the first lieutenant perceived that he had a quid of tobacco in his cheek. "What have you got there my good lad, a gum ball? your cheek is very much swelled." "No Sir," replied the boy, "there's nothing at all the matter."—Oh there must be; it is a bad tooth then. Open your mouth and let me see." Very reluctantly the boy opened his mouth, and discovered a large roll of tobacco leaf. "I see, I see," said the first lieutenant, "your mouth wants overhauled and your teeth cleansing. I wish we had a dentist on board, but as we have not, I will operate as well as I can.—Send the armourer up here with his tongs." When the armourer made his appearance, the boy was made to open his mouth while the chaw of tobacco was extracted with his rough instrument. "There, now," said the first lieutenant. "I'm sure you must feel better already; you never could have had an appetite. Now, captain of the afterguard, bring a piece of old canvas and some sand here, and clean his teeth nicely." The captain of the afterguard came forward, and putting the boys head between his knees scrubbed his teeth well with the sand and canvas two or three minutes. "There, that will do," said the first lieutenant. "Now my little fellow, your mouth is nice and clean and you'll enjoy your breakfast. It was impossible for you to have eaten any thing, with your mouth in such a nasty state.—When it's dirty again, come to me and I'll be your Dentist."—[Peter Simple in the Metropolitan.]

Cold Weather.—The cold weather which has been experienced thus far in New England, is attributed to immense bodies of ice from the arctic regions floating in the vicinity of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and in the Atlantic ocean, off the coast of Newfoundland and Labrador. The north and east winds have been peculiarly cold and chilling up to a recent period, and it is evident some unusual causes have operated to suspend the natural warmth of the season. Immense icebergs have been seen by ships floating in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and some disastrous calamities have occurred among them. Icebergs of any considerable dimensions, are rarely met with so far south as Newfoundland at this advanced season of the year.

DIED.—At Frank Island, of Cholera, on the 18th of June, Captain JOHN NEWMAN, Keeper of the Light House at the North East Pass of the river Mississippi, aged about 57 years, a native of Newbern (N. C.) Captain Newman's daring exploits with the enemy during the last war, are conspicuous and familiar to many. The precarious visitation and alarming extent of the dreadful cholera, is peculiarly exemplified in the above case. Of six persons, attendants of the N. E. Light, consisting of Capt. Newman, his four slaves, and a hired white man, three died of cholera during the afternoon of the 18th, sparing three slaves only out of six persons.

Philadelphia Gazette.

Important if True.—The London correspondent of the Albany Advertiser, writes in a late letter, that the chairman of the Great Birmingham meeting, held a short time since, has refused, when called upon to pay the assessed taxes, and rather than do so, has allowed his goods to be distrained. This is indeed acting up to one's declaration, and it is yet impossible to say where this example may terminate. If the principal inhabitants of the great towns were to act thus, they would thereby "embarrass" the government more effectually than even their own acts have done, and that is saying a great deal.

It is said that Talleyrand fears the accession of Joseph Bonaparte to the throne of France in less than twelve months. The people would be benefited by the change. If Jos. Bonaparte is not a republican at heart, he ought to be.—[Philad. Inq.]

A Handsome Premium.—The Board of the American Peace Society, offer a premium of one thousand dollars to the author of the best essay on a Congress or Court of nations, for the amicable settlement of national differences & the abolition of War. Should two essays be of equal or nearly equal merit, the premium will be divided in correspondent proportions between them, if both are esteemed worthy of the prize. The conditions are, that the essay contain from 60 to 150 octavo pages, or about these limits; all the manuscripts to be at the disposal of the Society, both the successful and rejected essays. The essays to be transmitted free of expense, to the office of the Peace Society, 128 Nassau street, New York, directed to L. D. Dewey, before June 20, 1834.

Bark.—We understand (says the Philadelphia U. States Gazette) that such is the scarcity of the best kind of bark used by tanners, the kind usually denominated Spanish Oak will readily command from \$20 to \$21 a cord. The scarcity of the article has interrupted the regular business of several tanners.

Brotherly Love.—Don Miguel lately visited his army at Oporto, and at one time, in riding along the lines was visible to his dear brother, Don Pedro—the two worthies, accounts state, simultaneously fixed their respective telescopes to their eyes and viewed each other, "like two strange cats in a garret." On Pedro's putting down his glass, he remarked to Sir John Milley Doyle—"I see no alteration in the scamp;" and we have heard from Head Quarters that, by "a curious coincidence," so closely did their fraternal knowledge and feelings assimilate, that Mig. on finishing his examination of his brother's mug, exclaimed, "He has the same scheming vagabond countenance he always had."—English paper.

BOARD IN NEW YORK.
Genteel Permanent and Transient BOARDING,

AT
MRS. LYDE'S, No. 15, John street, New York,
A few doors from Broadway between Fulton st. & Maiden Lane.
New York, July 1st, 1833.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intending to remove from the State, has given up his appointment of constable. He is desirous of adjusting all unsettled business in his hands as early as possible, and earnestly requests that those holding his receipts for claims, or any other just demands, will bring them forward without delay. He also requests those indebted to him to call and settle. WILLIAMS BROWN.
Trenton, Jones County, July 19, 1833.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Sunday, the 14th July, a light mulatto girl named HARRIET, about 19 years old, and five feet high. She is stout built, has straight coarse hair, which she usually wears tucked up with a comb, large blue eyes, and a flesh mole on her right cheek. She had on a dark blue calico frock and white apron. Her mother living in New York, it is probable she will try to get to that place. Masters of vessels, and all others, are forewarned from harbouring, employing, or carrying her away under the penalty of the law. SALMON HALL.
July 26th, 1833.

OFFICE OF COMMISSARY GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,

WASHINGTON, July 1st, 1833.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS will be received at this Office, until the 1st day of October next, for the delivery of provisions for the use of the troops of the United States, to be delivered in bulk, upon inspection, as follows:

At New Orleans.

- 480 barrels of pork
- 1000 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 440 bushels of good sound beans
- 7040 pounds of good hard soap
- 3200 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 160 bushels of good clean salt
- 1800 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Baton Rouge.

- 240 barrels of pork
- 500 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 220 bushels of good sound beans
- 3500 pounds of good hard soap
- 1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 80 bushels of good clean salt
- 900 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Jesup, 25 miles by land from Natchitoches.

- 400 barrels of pork
- 840 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 375 bushels of good sound beans
- 5950 pounds of good hard soap
- 2700 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 135 bushels of good clean salt
- 1520 gallons of good cider vinegar

One half on the 1st of May; remainder 1st December, 1834.

At the public landing six miles from Fort Tinsom, mouth of the Chiemich.

- 270 barrels of pork
- 560 barrels fresh superfine flour
- 120 bushels of good sound beans
- 4920 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 3950 pounds of good hard soap
- 1800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 90 bushels of good clean salt
- 1000 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered in all the month of April 1834, and to leave Natchitoches by 20th February, 1834.

At Fort Smith, Arkansas.

- 65 barrels of pork
- 140 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 60 bushels of good sound beans
- 990 pounds of good hard soap
- 450 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 250 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered in all the month of May, 1834.

At Fort Gibson, mouth of the Verdigrise, 150 miles above Fort Smith, Arkansas.

- 650 barrels of pork
- 1350 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 295 bushels of good sound beans
- 11,800 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 9500 pounds of good hard soap
- 4320 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 220 bushels of good clean salt
- 2430 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 1st of May, 1834.

At Jefferson Barracks, 10 miles below Saint Louis.

- 360 barrels of pork
- 750 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 165 bushels of good sound beans
- 6570 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 5280 pounds of good hard soap
- 2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 120 bushels of good clean salt
- 1350 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Leavenworth, mouth of Little Platte.

- 270 barrels of pork
- 560 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 245 bushels of good sound beans
- 3960 pounds of good hard soap
- 1800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 90 bushels of good clean salt
- 1000 gallons of good cider vinegar

One half 1st of May; the remainder 1st of October, 1834.

At Fort Armstrong, Mississippi River

- 135 barrels of pork
- 280 barrels of superfine flour
- 60 bushels of good sound beans
- 2460 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 1980 pounds of good hard soap
- 900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 45 bushels of good clean salt
- 500 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 1st June 1834.

At Fort Crawford, Prairie du Chien, Mississippi River.

- 335 barrels of pork
- 700 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 310 bushels of good sound beans
- 4950 pounds of good hard soap
- 2250 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 110 bushels of good clean salt
- 1265 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.

At Fort Snelling, Saint Peters.

- 200 barrels of pork
- 420 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 185 bushels of good sound beans
- 2970 pounds of good hard soap
- 1350 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 65 bushels of good clean salt
- 760 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 15th of June, 1834.

At Fort Winnebago, on the Fox River, at the portage of the Fox and Ouisconsin Rivers.

- 280 barrels of pork
- 540 barrels fresh superfine flour
- 130 bushels of good sound beans
- 5120 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 4100 pounds of good hard soap
- 1865 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 90 bushels of good clean salt
- 1050 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.

At Fort Gratiot.

- 120 barrels of pork
- 250 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 110 bushels of good sound beans
- 1760 pounds of good hard soap
- 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 400 bushels of good clean salt
- 450 gallons of good cider vinegar.

One half on 1st May, 1834; remainder on 1st October, 1834.

At Fort Howard, Green Bay.

- 270 barrels of pork
- 560 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 120 bushels of good sound beans
- 4920 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 3960 pounds of good hard soap
- 1800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 90 bushels of good clean salt
- 1000 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.

At Fort Brady, Saut de Ste. Marie.

- 140 barrels of pork
- 290 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 65 bushels of good sound beans
- 2550 pounds of good merchantable rice
- 2050 pounds of good hard soap
- 935 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 45 bushels of good clean salt
- 525 gallons of good cider vinegar.

The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.

At Fort Mackinaw.

- 135 barrels of pork
- 280 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 60 bushels of good sound beans
- 2460 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 1980 pounds of good hard soap
- 900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 45 bushels of good clean salt
- 500 gallons of good cider vinegar.

The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1834.

At Fort Dearborn, Chicago.

- 135 barrels of pork
- 280 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 125 bushels of good sound beans
- 1980 pounds of good hard soap
- 900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 45 bushels of good clean salt
- 500 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1834.

At Hancock Barracks, Houlton, Maine.

- 280 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
- 580 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 125 bushels of good sound beans
- 5100 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 4100 pounds of good hard soap
- 1860 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 95 bushels of good clean salt
- 1050 gallons of good cider vinegar

The whole to be delivered in December, 1833, and January and February, 1834.

At Fort Sullivan, Eastport, Maine.

- 60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
- 125 barrels fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Preble, Portland, Maine.

- 60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 28 bushels of good sound beans
- 1100 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 469 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Constitution, Portsmouth N. H.

- 90 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Independence, Boston Harbor.

- 60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 2200 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Trumbull, New London.

- 60 barrels of New York mess pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Wolcott, Newport, R. I.

- 60 barrels of New York mess pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Niagara.

- 120 barrels of pork
- 250 barrels fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 2200 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 1760 pounds of good hard soap
- 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 40 bushels of good clean salt
- 450 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Severn, Annapolis.

- 60 barrels Baltimore packed prime work
- 125 barrels of fresh super Howard st. flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Washington.

- 60 barrels of pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Monroe, Old Point Comfort.

- 480 barrels of pork
- 1000 barrels of fresh super Howard st. flour
- 440 bushels of good sound beans
- 7040 pounds of good hard soap
- 3200 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 160 bushels of good clean salt
- 1800 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Bellona Arsenal, near Richmond.

- 60 barrels of pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 2200 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Johnston, Smithville, N. C.

- 60 barrels of pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 28 bushels of good sound beans
- 1100 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Moultrie, Charleston, S. C.

- 240 barrels of pork
- 500 barrels offresh superfine flour
- 220 bushels of good sound beans
- 3520 pounds of good hard soap
- 80 bushels of good clean salt
- 900 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Oglethorpe Barracks, Savannah, Georgia.

- 60 barrels of pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Arsenal, 4 miles from Augusta, Ga.

- 60 barrels of pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 55 bushels of good sound beans
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Marion, Saint Augustine, Florida.

- 60 barrels of pork
- 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
- 2200 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
- 880 pounds of good hard soap
- 400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
- 20 bushels of good clean salt
- 225 gallons of good cider vinegar

Note.—The periods and quantities of each delivery at those posts where they are not specified, will be one fourth 1st June, 1st September, 1st December 1834, and 1st March 1835. The hogs of which the pork is packed, to be fattened on corn, and each hog to weigh not less than two hundred pounds, and except where the quality is otherwise designated, will consist of one hog to each barrel, excluding the feet, legs, ears, and snout. Side pieces may be substituted for the hams.

The pork to be carefully packed with Turks Island salt: and in pieces not exceeding ten pounds weight each. The pork and vinegar to be contained in seasoned heart of white oak or white ash barrels, full hooped; the rice in air tight barrels; and the soap and candles in strong boxes of convenient size for transportation. Salt will only be received by measurement of thirty-two quarts to the bushel. The candles to have cotton wicks.