## NOIBTHI CAROLINA SENYTINIL.


$\frac{\text { GENERAL ASSEMBLY }}{\text { REPORT }}$

The Joint Seleet COmmitte, to whom were referree
the several reaputions of the two Hoosise of the Le
tidsture, instructing them to tuke under considera tion the propriety of A mending the-Constitutuon of Io adopt for the actoin lish ment of the same, have That a due regard. for the interests of the
thoie, and a proper respect for the wishes and
inhtis of a large majority of the people, re



## 둘쿨․․



| the committee flatter themselves that they have here recommended one which is too difficult in practice to invite mere imnovation, and yet not so impracticable as to leave us without hope of necessary reform. It is similar to like articles in several of the Constitutions of the other States. <br> The committee state further to the General Assembly, that they have recommended no alterations in the Constitution but such as have been put before the people during the last year, and upon which their votes were taken, as be |
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mendment, they believe that it should be put
in the power of the Governor to call a specia
meeting of the Assembly, whenever, in hi
opinion, the interests of the State require it.opinion, the interests of the State require it.
The committee entertain the opinion that thGovernor of the State should be elected for tw
years, by the people, and not by the Genera
Assembly; becase the
to be more distinctly separated; because thendent on the General Assembly; because
are competent to make it, and the office
clothed with no patronage that renders it pr
dent or cxpedient that they should surrendthe election into the hands of others. Experi-
ence teaches us lessons on this subject, whichare too imperative to need comment.14th article of the Constitution should be amen-
ded so as to put it in the power of the General
Assembly to confer on some other body (inf the good of the State requires this powerIf the good of the the Legislature, they will re-
be exercised by to
tain itor resume it; but if otherwise, (as it seemsThe committee also recommend that the 32nd
af cle of the constitution should be abolished,
at ast in part, if not altogether. Its spirit is
in conflict with religious freedon ; it has nopractical use, and it may be considered a merebadge of ancient prejudice, which, however ex-
cusable in those who first engrafted it upon ourConstitution, is unworthy the present age of en-
lightened liberality.representation should be abolished; because
the injustice, besides the well known evils of
good it promises, either to the State or
towns which enjoy this right. And they almen, in accordance with the spirit of our Leg-viction that the right of suffrage is in no sense amode of effecting necessary changes in the Constitution is indispensable to its perfection ; and





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##  <br> $\qquad$ <br> $\qquad$ <br> pectors of the several elections in their res pective coumies with correct copies of the sameunder the penalty of one thousand dollars fine, and twelve months imprisonment, and it shall be the duty of the inspectors, after proclama-

3 officers holding tbe next election for members
f the General A ssembly, in the several counties in this shate, under the same rules and re-
gulations which govern such eleftions, to pe-
ceive the wotes orall free citizensfor and against the proposed amendments to the Constitution,
and it shall be the duty of the sheriffs of the respective counties to make a return of the
state of the polls to the Governor, at Ralieigh,
within 30 days after the election, under the
penaly of one thousand dollars fine
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duty of the Governor to make proclamg be the of
the result in all the newspapers in the State
for three months, and to cause the same to be
deposited in the archives of the State.
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MERCHANT TAILOR,
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