

PUBLISHED
BY THOMAS WATSON.
TERMS.
Three dollars per annum, payable in advance.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES
WILL be given for Negroes from the age of 18 to 25 years, by **JAMES FULSHIRE.**
Newbern, March 9, 1836.

Groceries, &c.
1500 BUSHELS coarse Turks Island SALT, (for sale low by the quantity.)
10 bags St. Domingo Coffee,
10 do Laguira do
10 do Java do a handsome article,
2 lbs Muscovado Sugar,
2 boxes & 6 lbs. Loaf and Lump Sugars,
20 bbls. Baltimore Howard street Flour,
10 do do do do
3 bbls. Philadelphia Rye Flour,
10 kegs Goshen, Butter, first quality,
10 do do do a common article,
50 drums fresh Smyrna Figs,
10 small boxes Bordeaux Prunes,
5 kegs Dupont's Brandywine Gunpowder.

5000 Spanish Cigars, in 1/2, 1/3 and 1/4 boxes,
50 lbs. Mrs. Miller's fine cut Spanish smol-
10 boxes yellow Soap, [king Tobacco,
2 bbls. butter Crackers,
10 do Cider Brand,
4 doz. cast steel Boxing Axes,
3 doz. Beers' long bit do.,
Just received from New York and Baltimore, and for sale cheap by
DAVID M. VANBOKKELEN
Newbern, Jan. 26, 1836.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, OCHRAOKE, }
February 17, 1836.
IN consequence of the Long Shoal Light Boat having been very much injured by the ice, it has become necessary to remove her to undergo repairs; the light will therefore be suspended for several weeks. Notice will be given when she returns to her station.
S. BROWN, Sup't of Lights.
To be inserted three times in the Edenton and Elizabeth City papers.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.
RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 20th inst., without any provocation, my Negro Man **ANTHONY.** He is about thirty years of age, stout and well built; 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high—dark complexion, and stutters badly when the least alarmed. He is well known about Newbern, having boated wood there for the last two or three years. I will give the above reward for his confinement in any jail, so that I get him again, or ten dollars for his safe delivery to me at my plantation on Cahoque Creek, Craven county, N. C.
JOSEPH PHYSIOC.
February 29th, 1836.

Fifty Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 5th of June last, a Negro Boy named **JERRY,**—about 19 years old, of dark complexion, spare made,—has a small scar across his nose, and is 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high. He has connexions in Newbern and at the plantation of J. C. Stanly, near that place, at one of which places he is no doubt concealed. The penalty of the law will be rigidly enforced against any person who may be found to harbour or secret said negro, and a reward of fifty dollars may be had by the person arresting and securing him in jail, or for his delivery at my residence, ten miles from Newbern.
HARDY O. NEWTON.
Jones County, February 22d, 1836.
I have understood that Jerry has endeavored to obtain free forged papers, and it is probable that he will exhibit a free pass and call himself **JEERY BRADICK;** Masters of vessels are therefore cautioned against carrying off said negro under the penalty of the law.
H. O. N.

Ten Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the Subscriber on the night of the 19th inst. a Negro Woman named **SUKEY,** about 55 years old, of low stature, and formerly belonged to William Hancock, Esq. Whoever will apprehend said Negro and lodge her in any Jail, or give such information that I get her again, shall receive the above reward and all necessary charges. Any person found harboring her, will be prosecuted.
Jan. 25. WILLIAM BROWER.

INSPECTION OF NAVAL STORES
THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed, by the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Craven County, Inspector of Naval Stores, respectfully tenders his services to the public, and assures them that the strictest attention will at all times be paid to the business which may be entrusted to his care.
CALEB C. BELL.
February 19th, 1836.

NEW BAKERY.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he conducts the **BAKING BUSINESS** in the house formerly used for that purpose by the late George Reid; and being determined to use every endeavor to give satisfaction, he trusts that families and others will give him a share of their custom.—He has constantly on hand the first quality of Loaf Bread, fresh Crackers and Cake of every kind, prepared in a superior manner, which will be served to families at the shortest notice.
He has just received and will constantly keep on hand a supply of Howard street **FLOUR** of a superior quality.
FRANCIS BANGARD.
Newbern, 1st Dec. 1835.

NEW GOODS.
THE subscriber has returned from the North, and is now opening at the old stand on Pollok and Middle streets, a general assortment of

Groceries
LIQUORS, WINES & CORDIALS,
Hardware, Crockery, Glass, China, and Earthenwares,
Wood, Willow and Hollow Wares, Saddles, Bridles and Martingales, Gig Harness,
Coach & Harness Trimming & Mountings, Windsor and fancy Chairs,
Cotton Bagging, Rope, Twine, &c. &c.
ALSO,
A full assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's and Blacksmith's Tools,
American, English and Swedes Tire, Band, and Hoop Iron, of all sizes,
German and Blistered Steel,
Freeborn's Cast Iron Ploughs, &c. &c.
All of which having been carefully selected by himself, he offers to his friends and the public on accommodating terms, for cash or country produce.
D. M. VAN BOKKELEN.
Newbern, Oct. 9, 1835.

JOHN M'DONALD
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has purchased of Booth & Porters their entire **STOCK OF FURNITURE,** and removed to the Store formerly occupied by F. J. Prentiss, where he will keep constantly, and now has on hand an elegant assortment of Furniture; among which are Sideboards, Sofas, Bookcases, Wardrobes, Crates, Bureaus, Portable Desks, Stands, Bedsteads, Cribs, &c. Elegant Fancy and Windsor Chairs and Looking Glasses will be kept constantly on hand, and every other article in his line of business. He hopes that the custom so liberally bestowed upon his predecessors, will be extended to him. All orders from the country will be received and punctually attended to.—He will also do all kinds of **Repairing,** so as to convert old Furniture into new. He will endeavor to give entire satisfaction as it regards workmanship and price.
N. B. He has an elegant **Hearse** for the purpose of attending to the burial of the dead, and will make all kinds of Coffins, such as Mahogany, Cherry, Poplar and Pine, at the shortest possible notice.
Newbern, January 1st, 1836.

WILLIAM HAY,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Newbern and its vicinity, that he has commenced the business formerly carried on by Wm. Charlotte, Esq. of painting houses. Painting of all kinds will be executed in the neatest manner, and at a moderate price. He flatters himself that an unremitting attention to his business will ensure him a portion of that patronage which was bestowed upon the gentleman above referred to; and those who favor him with their support may rest assured that no pains will be spared to render his services acceptable to them.
Newbern, December 8th, 1835.

For Sale,
PART OF LOT No. 83, on Middle St Newbern, with the improvements thereon, being two Dwellings and Store Houses, with sufficient out Houses,—lately occupied by the subscriber.
—ALSO—
500 acres of Pine Land, lying on Brices Creek, about nine miles from Newbern. Terms made known on application to Wm S. Morris, or to **JAMES DAVIS.**

GARISON.
THIS celebrated Horse (from Virginia) will stand at my stable the present season, which commenced on the 15th inst. and will end on the 15th of July. He is now at my stable, in fine healthy order, and appears to bespeak better times in the Horse Department. Particulars of this fine animal will be seen by reference to handbills which will appear in a few days. In the mean time, a look at him will be pleasing to those that may wish to improve the breed of their stock. As racing is likely to be the order of the day, let us now lay the ground work, and hereafter put in our claim to the honors of the Turf.
WILLIAM R. STREET,
Agent for James J. Harrison.
March 16, 1836.

TAKEN UP,
AND committed to the jail of Craven County, a Negro man who calls his name **CHARLES RIGBY,** and says that he belongs to Thomas Wilson, residing in Baltimore. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.
DAVID LEWIS, Jailor.
Newbern, October 26th, 1835.

Molasses and Sugar.
83 hhd, prime retailing Molasses, do. do. do. Sugar,
Just received per Brig Mary, and for sale by **J. C. & M. STEVENSON.**
June 8th, 1835.

FOR SALE ON CONSIGNMENT.
30 BBLs. prime Porto Rico Sugar, pure N. E. Rum,
6 hhd, pure do.
Cotton Bagging and Twine,
20 baskets Liverpool fine Salt.
Apply to **J. BURGWIN,**
Devereux's Building,
October 26, 1835.

THIS DAY RECEIVED,
PER the Schrs. Trent and Friendship from New York and Baltimore,
50 casks Stone Lime,
4 doz. each 1 and 2 quart Oyster Pots,
50 bushels superior Nova Scotia Potatoes expressly for family use,
50 bbls. and 25 half bbls. Baltimore superfine Flour,
5 " Pilot Bread, small Biscuits, for family use,
1 " Butter Crackers,
10 hhd. Rye Whiskey,
23 bbls. do. do.
50 Kegs Baltimore No. 1 Lard,
6,000 Baltimore half Spanish Segars,
100 pounds Flax,
D. M. VAN BOKKELEN.
May 5th, 1835.

SHINGLES WANTED.
10 000 GOOD bright 22 inch Cypress shingles wanted immediately by
JOS. M. GRANADE.
Oct. 27th, 1835.

JUST RECEIVED,
Per Schooner Ellen Douglass, from New York,
Apples, Cabbages,
Mercer Potatoes, Fresh Butter, &c.
For sale by
D. M. VAN BOKKELEN.
Oct. 20, 1835.

NOTICE.
THE subscribers have removed their **CABINET FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT** from Pollok-street to their Store on Middle-street, near the Court House, where extensive arrangements have been made to accommodate the several branches of their business. They would be gratified by frequent calls from their old customers, to whom and the public generally, they offer their goods at very low prices, and their thanks for former patronage.
BOOTH & PORTERS.
Newbern, July 9, 1835.

FRANCIS J. PRENTISS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE STATE BANK, Has just returned from New York with a choice selection of goods in his line, AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:
CLOTHS. Superior Blue, " Black, " Polish green " Dahlia, " Brown, " Olive, " Steel-mixed.
CASSIMERES. Diagonal, Drab, Fancy Ribbed, Black Moleskin, Dark-mixed Corded.
VESTINGS. Black silk Velvet, Embroid'd Quilting, Figured Velvet, Buff and White, Black Satin, Printed Toilettes, Black Florentine, Fancy patterns.

WANTED,
AN Apprentice to the Tailoring business. A boy of 12 or 14 years of age would be preferred. Apply to
ABNER A. PARKER.
Pollocksville, Jan. 6, 1836.

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAS just received a fresh supply of sundry articles suitable for Christmas Holydays, among which may be found the following:
Almonds, Filberts and Brazil Nuts,
Muscatel Raisins, in whole, half and quarter boxes,
Bordeaux Prunes, in small boxes,
Madeira, and Marseilles Citron,
Preserved Ginger,
Olives, Capers, and Pepper Sauce,
Walnut and Tomato Catsup,
Madeira, Port, Sherry, Canary,
Teneriffe, Mucatel, Malaga and } Wines
Champagne, Annisette and Noyau Cordials.
Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin & Jam. Rum,
London Brown Stout, in barrels 3 1/2 dozen each,
Fresh Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, and Pouchong, Teas,
ALSO,
12 boxes "patent" mould Candles, 4s & 6s,
6 do. Sperm do. 4s and 6s,
5 hhd and 10 barrels Baltimore Rye Whiskey,
10 bbls. Apple Brandy,
6 do. Custis Rye Gin,
do superior old Monongahela Whiskey
5 do. Pilot Bread,
20 kegs No. 1 pure White Lead,
10 do. Black Lead,
50 Corn Baskets,
Which he offers, together with his general assortment, for sale, at the old stand on Pollok and Middle Streets.
DAVID M. VANBOKKELEN.
Newbern, 15th Dec. 1835.

PREPARING FOR PUBLICATION,
In Monthly Parts, each containing Eighty Quarto Pages, and to be completed in Thirty Parts,
A
NEW DICTIONARY
OF THE
ENGLISH LANGUAGE.
BY CHARLES RICHARDSON.

"It was in the year 1747, that Dr. Johnson announced his intention of undertaking a Dictionary of the English Language. In a letter addressed to the Earl of Chesterfield, he unfolded the plan upon which he designed to proceed; and he very justly assumed, that a work upon his plan was then waiting to be written. The Dictionary itself was published in the year 1755, strange as it may seem, unaccompanied by his plan. But the offence which Johnson had taken at the neglect of the Earl, and the Lord among wits, will fully account for the omission. The execution would not, however, have sustained a comparison with the design, had the means of comparison been given.
"The leading principles of it were, that, in his explanations, he should exhibit, not the original, but the conventional, and then give the consequential, and then the metaphorical, meaning; and the quotations were to be arranged according to the 'age' of the authors. A more inspection into any page of his book will manifest that he had proceeded in the composition of it wholly regardless, and in utter dereliction, of his own avowed principles of lexicography.
"If such a Dictionary as Dr. Johnson projected was wanting, it may with justice be affirmed that it is so now, and for this plain and conclusive reason, that neither did he himself at that time attempt, nor has any other person since attempted, to construct a work upon the plan prescribed. That deficiency, therefore, which Dr. Johnson had felt, and which he had declared it to be his purpose to relieve, to this moment remains, not merely its full extent unabated, but with all the aggravations that time and change may be fairly supposed to have effected. During the whole period of eighty years, which have elapsed since the first publication of the Dictionary, no effort has been made upon the professed, but unpractised, principles of its Author to compile a new work, nor is any one known to have engaged even in the less glorious, but still arduous enterprise, of systematically reforming and remoulding the old. Supplements and additions to the increase of its bulk, have been collected and published; serviceable, it is true, even perhaps for all intended purposes, but certainly not calculated to effect the purpose of his own rules. Certain it is that, with one Junius and Skinner for his guides in Etymology, (the latter of whom, on various occasions, he has most unaccountably neglected,) and with no remoter search into our language than the age of Elizabeth, it is utterly impossible that he should have labored to apply those rules with success.
"The Author of the New Dictionary, when he embarked in this undertaking, was well assured that the undoubted chief of philosophical grammarians had not spoken either idly or unphilosophically, when he asserted that a new Dictionary ought to be written, and of a very different kind indeed from any thing yet attempted any where; he felt satisfied that this was not the solitary dictum of one man; he was supported by the opinions of Junius and Skinner, his colleges, and that it prevailed very generally among the various intelligent and enquiring classes of his countrymen. He further felt that the volumes of Horne Tooke had developed a new theory of language; that the principles of that theory had, in the main, been well received; that they had settled deeply in the minds of literary men, both abroad and at home; and that upon those principles he must compose his work.
"The great first principle upon which he has proceeded in that department of the Dictionary which includes the explanation of words, is that so clearly evolved, and so incontrovertibly demonstrated in the Diversions of Purley, namely,—That a word has one meaning, and is derived only; and that all its other meanings, and its various shades of meaning, are derived from that one meaning. To discover this meaning, etymological research was indispensable; and the results of such research has been stated, with conciseness it is true, yet with a fullness that will enable the more learned reader to form a judgment for himself, and the path of deeper investigation is disclosed to the pursuit of the curious inquirer. The explanations are placed distinctly by themselves, unmingled with Etymology, to suit the purposes of hasty consultation.
"As needful aids to trace the various usages of words from the intrinsic meaning, he has enjoyed and availed himself not only of the large store of materials collected by Johnson and his Editors, the various supplements and provincial vocabularies, the notes of editors and commentators upon our older poets, but of the abundant treasures which have been amassed for his own peculiar use.
"The quotations selected from the latter portion of this almost unmanageable consecration, (to use a Baconian term,) have been arranged under periods of chronological succession. From our earliest writers, Wiclif, Chaucer, and Gower, to shed their living lustre upon the annals of their country, contributions have been levied to add grace and strength to the columns of the Dictionary. From this chronological arrangement, the reader will be admitted to an insight into some very interesting and instructive portions of a history of his native tongue.
"One disadvantage will apparently be the consequence of this precision in time, that a metaphorical will sometimes stand prior to a literary example; but the manner of explanation will render this a matter of slender importance, when compared with the advantages that will be secured by a uniform adherence to chronology.
"The necessary brevity of a Prospectus will not permit the Author to touch further upon these topics, or even to name some minor points of omission or observance, for which he thinks the New Dictionary of the English Language deserves to be distinguished.
"But the Author is conscious that he should be chargeable with great want of courtesy if he passed unnoticed the American Dictionary of Dr. Webster. His censure, however, must be short. Dr. Webster disarmed and stripped himself for the field, and advanced unaided and unshielded to the combat. He injured the assistance of Skinner and Vossius, and the learned elders of lexicography; and of Tooke, he quaintly says, 'I have made no use of his writings.' There is a display of ostentatious reading in his Preliminary Essays, which, as introductory to a Dictionary of the English Language, seems as appropriate and useful as a reference to the code of Gentoo laws to decide a question of English inheritance. Dr. Webster was entirely unacquainted with our old authors; they must, too, be nearly inaccessible, even to the literary classes of our American brethren; and it may be fairly anticipated, that a Dictionary, prepared upon a plan so totally different from that of their own countryman, offering to their acceptance such numerous specimens of sterling wealth, from the great mine of their native English, will not be considered as a superfluous addition to their libraries.
"The 'New Dictionary of the English Language' will appear under the advantage of being already known to a considerable portion of the literary public. Nearly
"The individual examples—within each period—are placed in the order of the words that stand at the head of each article.

two-thirds of it are embodied in the pages of the published volumes of the **ENCYCLOPEDIA METROPOLITANA.** A work which has been in a course of publication for the last seventeen years, and which yet must require an appropriate number of years to bring it to a conclusion.
"There is this further advantage,—and a very great one it is,—that the Book is completed; and it will undergo the careful revision of the Author; and his exertions will be directed to adapt it to every purpose of utility, whether it be regarded as a book for instant and occasional reference, or to reward the more curious researches of the Student and the Scholar. The Purchaser are thus, also, from any risk of disappointment as to the completion of it.
"With the view of placing this Work—so confessedly of an important character—within the reach of every class of the community, it will be published at the lowest possible rate; the Publishers having made arrangements in London for a set of **STRAUFRYER PLATES,** will be enabled to offer it at a much lower price than it could otherwise be issued.
"It will form two large Quarto Volumes; each page will contain three closely printed columns; and the whole will consist of Thirty parts.
"Each part will contain Eighty Pages, price 63 cents; and will appear Monthly, until the whole is completed.
"Subscribers' names received by
THOMAS WATSON, Newbern.
WILLIAM JACKSON,
PUBLISHER,
53 Cedar Street, New-York.

Extracts from the *British Critic, the Monthly Review, the Quarterly, and Westminster Review.*
"The fourth Division [Ency. Met.] is so much like an ordinary Encyclopaedia in its scheme and contents, that it would not detain us as a single moment, were it not for the *English Dictionary* which is incorporated with it. It is an undertaking of immense labour; and notwithstanding all the aid which may be derived from Johnson and other lexicographers; it cannot fail to prove an *Herculean task.* If the compiler persevere, and finish as he has begun, we have no doubt the *English Dictionary* will soon be called for in a separate form."—*British Critic, Oct. 1818.*
"This is certainly one of the most interesting parts of the volume before us;—we mean as to the *Lexicon.* It is apparently executed with care; possesses a considerable degree of novelty in the arrangement of the radicals and derivatives; and is rendered both *amazing and instructive,* by the number of appropriate quotations from the earliest poets, chroniclers, and historians, down to the latest and most approved writers in the English language, with the exception of all living authors. The citations afford a very pleasing illustration of the progressive changes in the language, and the almost directly opposite signification which we now attach some words, when compared with the import which they were at first intended to convey. We make one extract from an example taken at random, to manifest the nature of the arrangement of this instructive part of the work. We regret that it has not been kept distinct."—*Monthly Review, June, 1819.*
"We are inclined to consider the English language as having attained that fulness of maturity which leaves no wish for increase, but only anxiety for preservation. As helps to this, we have the various acceptations, in which every word has been used by approved writers, collected by Mr. Richardson, in a *Dictionary, such as, perhaps, no other language could ever boast;* and we have a new guide for the theory and use of languages, exemplifying his (Horne Tooke's) principles by applying them to our own tongue."—*Quarterly Review for March, 1827, Art. 'English Synonymus,' by Taylor & Crable, p. 407.*
Alluding to the portions published in the *ENCYCLOPEDIA METROPOLITANA,* the Reviewer of Dr. Webster observes—
"Let the valuable contributions to an improved Dictionary of the principles of Tooke, be compared with the corresponding articles in the Dictionary of Dr. Johnson, and it will be seen how much lexicography owes to the Diversions of Purley."—*Westminster Review, Jan. 1831.*

PETER SIMPLE NOVELS,
AT 37 1/2 CENTS EACH.
UNIFORM EDITION.
THE great and constantly increasing demand for the novels of Captain Marryat, has induced the subscriber to commence the publication of a new edition of his entire writings, in a new form, and at a reduced price. Several of his works that have not yet appeared in this country will be comprised in this series, which will, when completed, be the only uniform edition of his writings that has yet issued from the press.
The work will be published in semi-monthly Numbers at 37 1/2 cents per Number. Each Number complete in itself, and containing the whole of one of his works, equal to Two Duodecimo volumes; a Title Page to each Number.
The whole series will be complete in Eight Numbers, and will form a royal octavo volume of Twelve Hundred Pages for Three Dollars.
List of works to be comprised in this edition:—
Frank Mildmay, or the Naval Officer.
Newton Foster, or the Merchant Service.
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Jacob Faithful.
Pacha of Many Tales.
Japhet in Search of his Father.
Naval and Military Sketches.
The first Number will positively be issued early in January, and the whole will be completed by the last of April. The work will be stereotyped, and any of the Numbers can be had separate, if desired.
They will be sent by post to any part of the Union, so packed as to defy the friction of the mails. Postage under 100 miles 14 cents per sheet, over 100 miles 24 cents.
It is almost useless for the subscriber to remark that this is the cheapest work ever offered. The simple fact of the number of pages being near twelve hundred, and the price only three dollars, speaks for itself. The public may look upon this as the commencement of an enterprise to furnish them with works of fiction by the most celebrated authors, printed in a beautiful manner, on fine paper, at a price which will at once defy competition, and place it in the power of every person to possess a library of novels at an extremely low rate. The advantage of transmission by mail is one that will not be overlooked by non-residents in large cities. The publisher thinks, and he presumes that the public will agree with him, that it is better to issue the works of each author, in series, at a stated price, than to publish a continuous work at so much per annum; for by this arrangement they may subscribe to the works of one author and reject another. Not being obliged to pay for that which they do not want.
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