

OFFICE COMMISSARY GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE.

Washington, July 1st, 1836. SEPARATE proposals will be received at this office until the first day of October next, for the delivery of provisions for the use of the troops of the United States, to be delivered in bulk, upon inspection, as follows:

At New Orleans. 360 barrels of pork 750 barrels of fresh superfine flour 330 bushels of new white field beans 5280 pounds of good hard soap 2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles 120 bushels of good clean dry salt 1350 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Jesup, 25 miles by land from Natchitoches. 360 barrels of pork 750 barrels of fresh superfine flour 330 bushels of new white field beans 5280 pounds of good hard soap 2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles 120 bushels of good clean dry salt 1350 gallons of good cider vinegar

At the public landing, six miles from Fort Towson, mouth of the Chiemichi. 240 barrels of pork 500 barrels of fresh superfine flour 220 bushels of new white field beans 3500 pounds of good hard soap 1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles 80 bushels of good clean dry salt 900 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Coffee, 10 miles above Fort Smith Arkansas. 360 barrels of pork 750 barrels of fresh superfine flour 330 bushels of new white field beans 5280 pounds of good hard soap 2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles 120 bushels of good clean dry salt 1350 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Saint Louis or at Jefferson Barracks, 10 miles below St. Louis, at the option of Government. 360 barrels of pork 750 barrels of fresh superfine flour 330 bushels of new white field beans 5280 pounds of good hard soap 2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles 120 bushels of good clean dry salt 1350 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Crawford, Prairie du Chien, Mississippi river. 240 barrels of pork 500 barrels of fresh superfine flour 220 bushels of new white field beans 3500 pounds of good hard soap 1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles 80 bushels of good clean dry salt 900 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Snelling, Saint Peters. 360 barrels of pork 750 barrels of fresh superfine flour 330 bushels of new white field beans 5280 pounds of good hard soap 2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles 120 bushels of good clean dry salt 1350 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Winnebago, on the Fox river, at the portage of the Fox and Ouisconsin rivers. 240 barrels of pork 500 barrels of fresh superfine flour 220 bushels of new white field beans 3500 pounds of good hard soap 1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles 80 bushels of good clean dry salt 900 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Gratiot. 120 barrels of pork 240 barrels of fresh superfine flour 110 bushels of new white field beans 1760 pounds of good hard soap 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles 40 bushels of good clean dry salt 450 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Howard, Green Bay. 240 barrels of pork 500 barrels of fresh superfine flour 220 bushels of new white field beans 3500 pounds of good hard soap 1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles 80 bushels of good clean dry salt 900 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Brady, Savit de Ste. Marie. 120 barrels of pork 240 barrels of fresh superfine flour 110 bushels of new white field beans 1760 pounds of good hard soap 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles 40 bushels of good clean dry salt 450 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Mackinaw. 120 barrels of pork 240 barrels of fresh superfine flour 110 bushels of new white field beans 1760 pounds of good hard soap 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles 40 bushels of good clean dry salt 450 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Fort Dearborn, Chicago. 120 barrels of pork 240 barrels of fresh superfine flour 110 bushels of new white field beans 1760 pounds of good hard soap 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles 40 bushels of good clean dry salt 450 gallons of good cider vinegar

1760 pounds of good hard soap 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles 40 bushels of good clean dry salt 450 gallons of good cider vinegar The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1837.

At Hancock Barracks, Houlton, Maine. 120 barrels of pork 240 barrels of fresh superfine flour 110 bushels of new white field beans 1760 pounds of good hard soap 800 pounds of good hard tallow candles 40 bushels of good clean dry salt 450 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Boston. 300 barrels of pork 625 barrels of fresh superfine flour 275 bushels of new white field beans 4400 pounds of good hard soap 2000 pounds of good hard tallow candles 100 bushels of good clean dry salt 1125 gallons of good cider vinegar

At New York. 1200 barrels of pork 2500 barrels of fresh superfine flour 1100 bushels of new white field beans 17600 pounds of good hard soap 8000 pounds of good hard tallow candles 400 bushels of good clean dry salt 4500 gallons of good cider vinegar

At Baltimore. 480 barrels of pork 1000 barrels of fresh superfine flour 440 bushels of new white field beans 7040 pounds of good hard soap 3200 pounds of good hard tallow candles 160 bushels of good clean dry salt 1800 gallons of good cider vinegar

At least one-fourth of the quantities of each kind of timber embraced in any offer, and any contract predicated upon such offer, must be delivered on or before the first day of June, 1837, and the remainder on or before, the first day of December, 1837.

Offers will not be received for a less quantity than 5000 cubic feet. The proposals must be separate for each navy yard, and a separate price per cubic foot must be stated for each kind of timber; and the Commissioners of the Navy reserve to themselves the right of accepting any one or more of several offers, should more than one be made by the same person.

The timber must have been felled or girdled between the twentieth of October and the twentieth of March next preceding the delivery at the respective navy yards. The white oak timber must have grown near to salt water, or within the influence of the sea air, and the pine timber must be of the fine grained, long leaved, yellow pine variety; all of which must be proved to the satisfaction of the commandants of the respective navy yards.

The whole of the timber must be of the best quality, free from injuries or defects, subject to the inspection and measurement of such persons as the Commissioners of the Navy may direct, and to their entire approbation.

The provisions for Prairie du Chien, and Saint Peter's, must pass Saint Louis, for their ultimate destination, by the 15th, April, 1837. A failure in this particular, will be considered a breach of contract, and the Department will be authorized to purchase to supply these posts.

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Each proposal will be sealed in a separate envelope, and marked "proposals for furnishing army subsistence."

THE subscribers, grateful for former favors, respectfully inform their numerous customers and the public generally, that they have just opened a large and complete assortment of Goods in their line, embracing

Hardware, SILVER, BLOCK TIN, AND PEWTER WARES, Tin and Hollow Wares, BOOTH & PORTERS. Newbern, Oct. 20th, 1835.

WHITE OAK AND YELLOW PINE PLANK STOCKS.

NAVY COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, 8th July, 1836. SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Timber," will be received at this office until three o'clock, P. M. of the thirty-first of August next, for the following timber:

No. 1. For 40,000 cub. ft. white oak plank stocks "40,000 do. yellow pine do. To be delivered at the navy yard, Charleston, Massachusetts.

No. 2. For 40,000 cub. ft. white oak plank stocks "40,000 do. yellow pine do. To be delivered at the navy yard, Brooklyn, New York.

No. 3. For 20,000 cub. ft. white oak plank stocks "20,000 do. yellow pine do. To be delivered at the navy yard, Philadelphia.

No. 4. For 100,000 cub. ft. white oak plank stocks "100,000 do. yellow pine do. To be delivered at the navy yard, Gosport, Virginia.

The plank stocks must average 45 feet in length, and none of them must be less than 35 feet long. The white oak plank stocks must square not less than 14 inches at the but, and may square one-fourth less at the top. The yellow pine plank stocks must square not less than 14 nor more than 16 inches at the but and may square one-fifth less at the top.

At least one-fourth of the quantities of each kind of timber embraced in any offer, and any contract predicated upon such offer, must be delivered on or before the first day of June, 1837, and the remainder on or before, the first day of December, 1837.

Offers will not be received for a less quantity than 5000 cubic feet. The proposals must be separate for each navy yard, and a separate price per cubic foot must be stated for each kind of timber; and the Commissioners of the Navy reserve to themselves the right of accepting any one or more of several offers, should more than one be made by the same person.

The timber must have been felled or girdled between the twentieth of October and the twentieth of March next preceding the delivery at the respective navy yards. The white oak timber must have grown near to salt water, or within the influence of the sea air, and the pine timber must be of the fine grained, long leaved, yellow pine variety; all of which must be proved to the satisfaction of the commandants of the respective navy yards.

The whole of the timber must be of the best quality, free from injuries or defects, subject to the inspection and measurement of such persons as the Commissioners of the Navy may direct, and to their entire approbation.

FOR SALE. 60 HHDS. Molasses, now landing from Schr. Philadelphia, from Guadaloupe. MOSES W. JARVIS. July 19th, 1836.

FOR SALE. 20 HHDS. prime retailing Molasses, just received per Schr. Francis Canady, and for sale by D. M. VAN BOKKELEN. Newbern, May 31st, 1836.

FOR SALE. JOHN McDONALD RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has purchased of Booth & Porters their entire STOCK OF FURNITURE, and removed to the Store formerly occupied by F. J. Prentiss, where he will keep constantly, and now has on hand an elegant assortment of Furniture; among which are

FOR SALE. 500 LBS. good live Geese Feathers by the subscribers. BOOTH & PORTER. Newbern, January 1st, 1836.

LIVE OAK TIMBER. NAVY COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, 8th July, 1836.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Live Oak Timber," will be received at this office until three o'clock, P. M. of the thirty-first day of August next, for supplying the following Live Oak Timber, viz:

No. 1. For the frame timber, beam and keelson pieces, and for the promiscuous timber for one ship of the line, one frigate, one sloop of war, and one schooner, to be delivered at the navy yard near Portsmouth, N. H.

No. 2. For the frame timber, beam and keelson pieces, and for the promiscuous timber for steamer and one schooner, to be delivered at the navy yard, Philadelphia.

The quantity and dimensions of the promiscuous timber for each vessel, of each class, is as follows: For the ship of the line, 8,000 cubic feet, which must be sided 15 inches, and be from 12 to 20 feet in length; six of the longest pieces to side 22 inches.

For the sloop of war, 1,000 cubic feet, which must be sided 12 inches, and be from 12 to 18 feet long; six of the longest pieces to side 16 inches.

For the steamer, 1,000 cubic feet, which must be sided 15 inches, and be from 12 to 18 feet long; six of the longest pieces to side 16 inches.

For each schooner, 300 cubic feet, which must be sided 8 inches, and be from ten to 16 inches long; six of the longest pieces to side 12 inches.

A part of the promiscuous timber may be got to larger dimensions, provided the pieces will answer for replacing defective hawse pieces, transoms, breast-hooks, or other valuable pieces.

Separate offers must be made for each of the preceding numbers, and each offer must embrace all the timber that is called for by the number to which it refers; the prices asked per cubic foot must be stated separately for each and every class of vessels embraced in the offer; and for the promiscuous timber of each class, separately from the other, which is considered moulded timber.

At least one-fourth of the whole quantity of timber embraced in each offer, comprising a fair proportion of the most valuable pieces, must be delivered on or before the first day of June, 1838, one-half of the remainder on or before the first of June, 1839, and the whole quantity on or before the first day of June, 1840; and if the above proportions shall not be delivered at the respective times above specified, the Commissioners of the Navy reserve to themselves the right of cancelling any contract in the execution of which such failure may occur, and of entering into new contracts, holding the original contractors and their sureties liable for any excess of cost and other damages which may be thus incurred.

The said Live Oak Timber must have grown within twenty-five miles of the seaboard, (which must be proved to the satisfaction of the respective commandants) must be got out by the moulds and written directions, and specifications of dimensions, &c., which will be furnished to the contractors for their government, and must be free from all injuries and defects which may impair the good quality of the said timber for the purposes for which it is required by contract, and be in all respects satisfactory to the commandants of the respective Navy Yards where it is delivered.

Bonds, with two good and responsible sureties, (whose names must be forwarded with the offers,) in the amount of one-third the estimate value of the timber to be furnished under the respective contracts, will be required; and, as collateral security for the faithful compliance with the terms, stipulations and conditions of the said contracts, ten per centum will be reserved from the actual amount of each payment which may be made from time to time, until the said contracts are completed and closed, which reservations, respectively, will be forfeited to the use and benefit of the United States, in the event of failure to deliver the timber within the respective periods prescribed.

The moulds will be furnished to the contractors at one of the Navy Yards, Brooklyn or Gosport. Ninety per centum will be paid on all bills for deliveries, agreeably to the stipulations of the contracts to be made, within thirty days after their approval by the commandants of the respective Navy Yards.

FOR SALE ON CONSIGNMENT, 6 REFRIGERATORS, or ICE preservers, an excellent article for family use. J. BURGWIN, May 2d, 1836. Devereux's Buildings. FOR SALE ON CONSIGNMENT, 10 hhds. N. E. Rum, 4 pipes do. do. 40 bbls. do. do. Apply to J. BURGWIN, May 10. Devereux's Buildings. THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES WILL be given for Negroes from the age of 18 to 25 years, by JAMES FULSHIRE. Newbern, March 19, 1835.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

In pursuance of the provisions of a Treaty between the United States and the Chickasaw Indians, made and concluded on Powhatan Creek, on the twentieth day of October, 1833, and of the supplementary and explanatory articles thereto, made and concluded on the twenty-second day of the same month, and also of the Treaty between the United States and the Chickasaw Indians made and concluded at the City of Washington, on the twenty-fourth day of May, 1834, I, Andrew Jackson, President of the United States, do hereby declare, and make known, that public sales for the disposal of such of the lands ceded to the United States by the said Indians, as are hereinafter described, shall be held at the Land Office at PONTIAC, in Mississippi, at the under mentioned periods, viz:

On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of the lands in the following townships, viz: Township 1, of ranges 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 east. Townships 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 4 east. Townships 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 5 east. Townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, of ranges 6, 7, 8 and 9 east.

On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of the lands, in the following townships and fractional townships, viz: EAST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE. Townships 14 and 15, of ranges 3 and 4. Townships 14, 15 and 16, of range 5. Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, and fractional township 17, of range 6. Townships 9, 10 and 11, and fractional townships 15, 16 and 17, of range 7. Townships 9, 10 and 11, of range 8 and 9.

Also, at the same time, for the sale of the under mentioned townships and fractional townships, west of the meridian, of the Huntsville district, being that portion of the Chickasaw cession situate in the State of Alabama, viz: Fractional township 4, of range 12. Fractional townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, of range 13. Fractional townships 8, 9 and 10, of range 14. Fractional townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, of township 9, and fractional townships 10 and 11, of range 15. Fractional townships 8, 9, 10 and 11, of range 16.

On the third Monday in October next, for the sale of the under mentioned townships, viz: WEST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE. Township 1, of range 1. Townships 1 and 6, of ranges 2 and 3 and 4. Townships 1, 4, 5 and 6, of range 5. Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 6. Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 7 and 8. Townships 1, 2, 3 and 5, of range 9.

On the first Monday in November next, for the sale of the under mentioned townships, viz: WEST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE. Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, of range 1. Townships 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, of ranges 2, 3, 4 and 5. Townships 7, 8 and 9, of ranges 6, 7 and 8. Township 7, of range 9.

The lands reserved by law for the use of Schools, or for other purposes, as well as the lands selected as reservations, under the provisions of the said treaties, are to be excluded from the sales. Each sale is to continue open for two weeks, and no longer. The lands will be offered in quarter sections and fractional quarter sections where such exist. Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this twentieth day of May, A. D. 1836. ANDREW JACKSON.

By the President: ETHAN A. BROWN, Commissioner of the General Land Office. Certificates of scrip issued from the Treasury Department, in satisfaction of bounty land warrants granted by the State of Virginia, and the United States, for services in the revolutionary army; as well as certificates of land stock, issued at the district land offices, for the amount of moneys forfeited by individuals, under the credit system of land sales, are not receivable for lands within the limits of the Chickasaw cession. GENERAL LAND OFFICE, May 20 1836. [June 15—till 1st Nov.]

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, District of Ocracoke, Aug. 15, 1836. NOTICE TO MARINERS. THE Light Boat stationed at the Nine Feet Shoal, Pamlico Sound, N. C., will be removed on or about the 7th day of August next to undergo repairs. A spar buoy with a white flag on it will be placed at her moorings, that may be seen one mile or more during the day. Notice will be given when the Boat is again placed at her station. S. BROWN, Superintendent of Lights.

E. R. HUBBERD, SURGEON DENTIST, RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newbern and its vicinity, that he has returned to Newbern for the purpose of attending to the various branches of Dental Surgery. He has taken Rooms at Mr. Cutler's Hotel, where he may be found at any time when called for.—Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings, if required. Feb. 22d, 1836. A Female Teacher Wanted.

A respectable family, some fifteen miles from Newbern, in a pleasant and healthy neighbourhood, wish to employ a Tutoress for their little daughters. She would reside in the family and be treated with affection and respect. Applicants will please communicate their terms, &c. at an early day, to the Editor of the Sentinel, who is authorized to furnish such other information on the subject as may be desired.—April 6, 1836. D. PRATTS, Artificial Nipple Shield.

FOR the prevention and cure of Sore Nipples, The following highly respectable certificates are deemed a sufficient recommendation for those who are afflicted in this manner, to try them. From Doctor Wm. P. Dewees, late Professor of Obstetrics, in the Medical University of Philadelphia. Doct. ELIJAH PRATT: DEAR SIR: As I feel it a matter of much public importance, to possess a means of lessening the terrible sufferings from sore Nipples, I have much pleasure in being able to say, that the "Shield" you offer for the preventing and the cure of this malady, is better adapted to the purpose than any I have heretofore seen. In the two or three instances, I have known them to be used, much satisfaction has been expressed; and I have no hesitation to believe it will generally succeed: I am so well persuaded of this, at this moment, that I cannot forbear to express a wish that our city, through the various Apothecaries, may be supplied with them. I am yours, &c. M. P. DEWEES, M. D. Philadelphia, Jan. 13, 1834.

From Dr. Thomas Seawall, Professor of Anatomy and Physiology, Columbia College, District of Columbia: WASHINGTON CITY, 4TH FEB. 1834. Having examined Dr. Pratt's newly invented Nipple Shields, and witnessed its practical application; among my patients, I take great pleasure in recommending it as decidedly superior to any thing previously known. It constitutes a perfect remedy for that distressing malady, Sore Nipples; a disease which so frequently afflicts young women. THOMAS SEAWALL, M. D. The above instrument is for sale, by W. M. SANDERS. Newbern, June 29, 1836.