

PUBLISHED
BY THOMAS WATSON.
TERMS.
Three dollars per annum, payable in advance.

E. R. HUBBERD,
SURGEON DENTIST,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newbern and its vicinity, that he has returned to Newbern for the purpose of attending to the various branches of Dental Surgery. He has taken Rooms at Mr. Cutler's Hotel, where he may be found at any time when called for.—Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings, if required.
Feb. 22d, 1836.

NEW GOODS.
THE subscriber has returned from the North, and is now opening at the old and on Pollock and Middle streets, a general assortment of

Groceries
LIQUORS, WINES & CORDIALS,
Hardware, Crockery, Glass, China, and Earthenwares,
Wood, Willow and Hollow Wares,
Saddles, Bridles and Martingales,
Gig Harness,
Coach & Harness Trimming & Mountings,
Windsor and fancy Chairs,
Cotton Bagging, Rope, Twine, &c. &c.
ALSO,
A full assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's and Blacksmith's Tools,
American, English and Swedes Tire, Band, and Hoop Iron, of all sizes,
German and Blistered Steel.

D. M. VAN BOKKELEN.
FOR SALE,
THE Dwelling House and Store at present occupied by the subscriber. For terms, which will be very accommodating, apply to Mr. SAMUEL OLIVER, JOHN OLIVER.
Newbern, Aug. 10.

FOR SALE ON CONSIGNMENT,
6 REFRIGERATORS, or ICE preservers, an excellent article for family use.
J. BURGWIN,
May 2d, 1836. *Devereux's Buildings.*

FOR SALE ON CONSIGNMENT,
10 hhds. N. E. Rum,
4 pipes do. do.,
40 bbls. do. do. Apply to
J. BURGWIN,
May 10. *Devereux's Buildings.*

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES
WILL be given for Negroes from the age of 18 to 25 years, by
JAMES FULSHIRE.
Newbern, March 9, 1836.

FOR SALE.
60 HHDS. Molasses, now landing from Schr. Philadelphia, from Gaudaloupe.
MOSES W. JARVIS.
July 19th, 1836.

20 HHDS. prime retailing Molasses, just received per Schr. Francis Canady, and for sale by
D. M. VAN BOKKELEN.
Newbern, May 31st, 1836.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
District of Ocrakee, Aug. 15, 1836.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
THE Light Boat stationed at the Point of Marsh, Pamlico Sound, N. C., will be removed on or about the 25th of the present month to undergo repairs, and will be away, in all probability, five or six weeks. Notice will be given on her return. A Spar Buoy will be placed at her moorings, having on it a White Flag which may be seen one mile during the day.
S. BROWN,
Superintendent of Lights.

JOHN McDONALD
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has purchased of Booth & Porters their entire
STOCK OF FURNITURE,
and removed to the Store formerly occupied by F. J. Prentiss, where he will keep constantly, and now has on hand an elegant assortment of Furniture, of which are
Sideboards, Sofas, Bookcases,
Wardrobes, Cras les, Bureaus,
Portable Desks, Stands,
Bedsteads, Cribs, &c.
Elegant Fancy and Windsor Chairs and Looking Glasses will be kept constantly on hand, and every other article in his line of business. He hopes that the custom so liberally bestowed upon his predecessors, will be extended to him. All orders in the country will be received and punctually attended to.—He will also do all kinds of **Repairing**, so as to convert old Furniture into new. He will endeavor to give entire satisfaction as it regards workmanship and price.
N. B. He has an elegant Hearse for the purpose of attending to the burial of the dead, and will make all kinds of Coffins, such as Mahogany, Cherry, Poplar and Pine, at the shortest possible notice.
Newbern, January 1st, 1836.

FOR SALE.
590 LBS. good live Geese Feathers by the subscribers.
BOOTH & PORTER.

Fresh Butter.
D. M. VAN BOKKELEN, has just received and offers for sale a small lot of very superior fresh Goshen Butter. He will also continue to receive the same in choice lots by constant arrivals during the season.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
IN pursuance of the provisions of a Treaty between the United States and the Chickasaw Indians, made and concluded on Portneer Creek, on the twentieth day of October, 1832, and of the supplementary and explanatory articles thereto, made and concluded on the twenty-second day of the same month, and also of the Treaty between the United States and the Chickasaw Indians made and concluded at the City of Washington, on the twenty-fourth day of May, 1834, I, Andrew Jackson, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known that public sales for the disposal of such of the lands ceded to the United States by the said Indians, as are hereinafter described, shall be held at the Land Office at PONTIAC, in Mississippi, at the under-mentioned periods, viz:
On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of the lands in the following townships, viz:
Township 1, of ranges 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 east.
Townships 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 4 east.
Townships 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 5 east.
Townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, of ranges 6, 7, 8 and 9 east.
Townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, of range 10 east.
On the fourth Monday in September next, for the sale of the lands in the following townships and fractional townships, viz:
EAST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE.
Townships 14 and 15, of ranges 3 and 4.
Townships 14, 15 and 16, of range 5.
Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, and fractional township 17, of range 6.
Townships 9, 10 and 11, and fractional townships 15, 16 and 17, of range 7.
Townships 9, 10 and 11, of ranges 8 and 9.
Also, at the same time, for the sale of the under-mentioned townships and fractional townships, west of the meridian, of the Huntsville district, being that portion of the Chickasaw cession situate in the State of Alabama, viz:
Fractional township 4, of range 12.
Fractional townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, of range 13.
Fractional township 2, of townships 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, and fractional townships 8, 9, and 10, of range 14.
Fractional townships 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, township 9, and fractional townships 10 and 11, of range 15.
Fractional townships 8, 9, 10 and 11, of range 16.
On the third Monday in October next, for the sale of the under-mentioned townships, viz:
WEST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE
Township 1, of range 1.
Townships 1 and 6, of ranges 2, 3 and 4.
Townships 1, 4, 5 and 6, of range 5.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 6.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 7 and 8.
Townships 1, 2, 3 and 5, of range 9.
On the first Monday in November next, for the sale of the under-mentioned townships, viz:
WEST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE.
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, of range 1.
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, of ranges 2, 3, 4 and 5.
Townships 7, 8 and 9, of ranges 6, 7 and 8.
Township 7, of range 9.
The lands reserved by law for the use of Schools, or for other purposes, as well as the lands selected as reservations, under the provisions of the said treaties, are to be excluded from the sales.
Each sale is to continue open for two weeks, and no longer. The lands will be offered in quarter sections and fractional quarter sections where such exist.
Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this twentieth day of May, A. D. 1836.
ANDREW JACKSON.

WEST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE
Township 1, of range 1.
Townships 1 and 6, of ranges 2, 3 and 4.
Townships 1, 4, 5 and 6, of range 5.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 6.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 7 and 8.
Townships 1, 2, 3 and 5, of range 9.
On the first Monday in November next, for the sale of the under-mentioned townships, viz:
WEST OF THE CHICKASAW MERIDIAN LINE.
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, of range 1.
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, of ranges 2, 3, 4 and 5.
Townships 7, 8 and 9, of ranges 6, 7 and 8.
Township 7, of range 9.
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Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this twentieth day of May, A. D. 1836.
ANDREW JACKSON.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
I, Andrew Jackson, President of the United States, do hereby certify that the following certificates of scrip issued from the Treasury Department, by the State of Virginia, and the United States, for services in the revolutionary army; as well as certificates of land stock, issued at the district land offices, for the amount of money forfeited by individuals, under the credit system of land sales, are not receivable for lands within the limits of the Chickasaw cession.
GENERAL LAND OFFICE, May 20 1836.
(June 15—till 1st Nov.)

A fresh Arrival!
THE subscribers, grateful for former favors, respectfully inform their numerous customers and the public generally, that they have just opened a large and complete assortment of Goods in their line, embracing
Hardware,
SILVER, BLOCK TIN, AND PEWTER WARES,
Tin and Hollow Wares,
BOOTH & PORTERS.
Newbern, Oct. 20th, 1835.
N. B.—**Job-work** in both branches of their business will be executed faithfully and with despatch.

TAKEN UP,
AND committed to the jail of Craven County, a Negro man who calls his name **CHARLES RIGBY,** and says that he belongs to Thomas Wilson, residing in Baltimore. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.
DAVID LEWIS, Jailor.
Newbern, October 26th, 1835.

WILLIAM HAY,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Newbern and its vicinity, that he has commenced the business formerly carried on by Wm. Charlotte, Esq. of painting houses. Painting of all kinds will be executed in the neatest manner, and at a moderate price. He flatters himself that an unremitting attention to his business will ensure him a portion of that patronage which was bestowed upon the gentleman above referred to; and those who favor him with their support may rest assured that no pains will be spared to render his services acceptable to them.
Newbern, December 8th, 1835.

For Sale,
ON REASONABLE TERMS,
2 Two-Horse peddling Wagons, and
1 One-Horse do. do.
Persons who desire to purchase will do well to call soon.
BOOTH & PORTERS.
B. & P. continue to keep on hand an extensive assortment of goods in their line, which they will sell at moderate profits.
24th June, 1836.

Bacon Hams.
500 PRIME Bacon Hams, cured with Saltpeper, for family use, or sale by
J. C. & M. STEVENSON.
April 12, 1836.

New Goods.

THE subscriber has just received per schr. Bounty and Melissa, from New York, and Lion from Baltimore,
2 boxes and 6 bbls. Loaf and Lump Sugars,
1 box and 2 bbls. white Havana do.
2 hhds & 5 bbls. Porto Rico & St. Croix do.
6 bbls Scotch Snuff, in bottles and bladders,
Lorrillard's Moccoboy Snuff,
20 boxes manufactured Tobacco, a variety of qualities, from common, to very good,
Natural Sweet James River Tobacco,
Rifled smoking do.
Fine cut chewing do.
5 boxes Alexandria Segars, 3000 each,
4000 Baltimore half Spanish do. choice article,
5000 Spanish do. do. do.
2000 Principe do. do. a very superior and much admired article,
43 bags Shot, assorted sizes, from No. 10 to B.
6 bbls. water and butter Crackers,
Fresh Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson and Pouchong Teas of the very best quality.
10 boxes yellow Soap,
10 Portland Starch,
10 bbls. Rye Whiskey,
20 boxes Winsor Glass, 8x10 and 10x12,
1 bbl. Copperas,
10 sacks Salt,
50 bushels Shorts,
2 bbls. Mess Beef (put up in Fulton Market,) of choice pieces for family use.
24 Freeborn & Hitecock's cast iron Ploughs, each No. 104, 114, and 124,
50 Shares, each No. 104, 114, 124,
6000 pound English Tire Iron, assorted from 1 1/2 to 2 inch,
4,500 do. do. Bolt Rod, assorted from 3/4 to 1 1/2 inch,
12,500 do. flat Swedes Iron, assorted from 1 1/2 to 10 inch,
3000 do. square do. do. do. from 2 1/2 to 10 inch,
D. M. VAN BOKKELEN.
Newbern, April 15th, 1836.



DYSPEPSIA
AND
LIVER COMPLAINTS.
The Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and Gallbladder, formed by chymical analysis and synthesis of several proximate vegetable principles, are universally acknowledged to have totally eclipsed the pretensions of every other remedy, and superseded the necessity of every other mode of cure, as well as in enlargement of the Spleen and Hypochondria.
Among the symptoms of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaints, are flatulency, sourness or burning in the stomach, melancholy, irritability, disagreeable taste in the mouth; great irregularity of appetite, which is sometimes voracious, and at other times greatly deficient; thirst, febrile heat, nausea, eructation of the stomach, acid eructations, apitiation, drowsiness, irregularity of the bowels, pressure on the stomach after meals, pain in the head, dizziness, or vertigo; confusion of mind, attended with loss of memory, a gnawing in the stomach when empty, chilliness, affection of sight and hearing, pain and weakness in the back, languor, disturbed sleep, cold feet and hands, tremor, uneasiness in the throat, cough, pain in the side or breast, &c.
These Medicines have been found so effectual in removing the Complaints for which they are recommended, that Physicians frequently have recourse to them, after having exhausted all their skill to little or no purpose.

DR. PETERS' Vegetable Anti-Bilious Pills
Are the cheapest and most approved FAMILY MEDICINE ever offered to the Public. They are extremely mild in their operation, neither causing sickness of the stomach, nor any unpleasant sensation in the system, as is frequently the result from medicines given to act upon the bowels. They act specifically upon the Liver when in a torpid condition, carrying off a large quantity of bile through the influence of the excrement function, which, if suffered to remain in the system, would produce either Jaundice, Liver complaint, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, or some other grievous bodily affliction. In all cases of torpor of the bowels, they act like a charm. In recent cases of Dyspepsia, they are a certain cure. Many persons who were subject to violent attacks of sick head ache, have been much benefited, and several perfectly cured in a few weeks by their use. They are highly recommended as a preventive and cure of Bilious complaints. Persons who are subject to that distressing complaint, sea-sickness, by taking a portion or two of them a few days previous to embarking on board the vessel, will be almost certain to escape it. Females can use them at all periods, without incurring any risk. Persons going to sea, or to a southern climate, should by all means take some of these Pills with them.—Their virtues will remain unimpaired for years in any climate. No family should be without these Pills; a portion of them, taken occasionally, would be the means of preventing much suffering from sickness. It is from neglect of keeping up a regular peristaltic action of the stomach and bowels, thus suffering to be absorbed and mingled with the blood, unassimilated fluids, that most diseases are produced. Dr. P. feels confident that no person who gives these Pills a fair trial, will ever after feel willing to be without them. The testimony of thousands speaking in the highest terms of their efficacy, might be added, but the very high reputation Dr. P. has acquired as the inventor of the "Patent Vegetable Medicine Stomachicæ & Hepaticæ," for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver complaints, is thought a sufficient guarantee to those wishing to make a trial, of their virtues. They contain not a particle of Mercury, or any ingredient that does not act in harmony with health and opposite disease.
Dr. P. wishes it distinctly understood, that these Pills possess beneficial qualities independent of their purgative effects; they are both tonic and obstructive, active upon the secreting and exhalant functions; thus strengthening the patient, while they remove obstructions.—Medicines which possess no other, excepting cathartic qualities, debilitate the patient, and their repeated use lays the foundation of a long catalogue of Chronic diseases.
Dr. P. having been educated under the most eminent American and European Medical professors, and preceded his profession many years in the South, where diseases of the most obstinate character prevail, considers himself well qualified to judge of the nature of diseases incident to warm climates.
Prepared by **JOSEPH PRIESTLEY PETERS, M.D.** P. B. C. P. M., at his institution for the cure of obstinate Diseases, by means of vegetable remedies, No. 129 Liberty street New York, inventor and sole proprietor. Each box contains five Pills. Price 50 Cents.
These Invaluable Medicines are for sale in Newbern at the Drug Store of
WILLIAM SANDERS.
April 12, 1836.



[BY AUTHORITY.]
LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION OF THE TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

[Public. No. 70.]
AN ACT to carry into effect the States of Alabama and Mississippi, the existing compact with those States in regard to the five per cent. fund, and the school reservations.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a sum equivalent to five per cent. of the net proceeds of the lands within the State of Mississippi, ceded by the Chickasaws by the treaty of the twentieth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, which have been or may hereafter be sold by Congress, shall be, and is hereby reserved, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be applied in the same manner, and for the same uses and purposes, as is designated by the fifth section of the act of Congress of the first of March, eighteen hundred and seventeen.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be reserved from sale, in the State of Mississippi, a quantity of land, equal to one-thirty-sixth part of the lands ceded by said Chickasaws as aforesaid, within said State of Mississippi, which land shall be selected under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in sections, or half sections, or quarter sections, out of any public lands remaining unsold, that shall have been offered at public sale within either of the land districts in said State of Mississippi, contiguous to said lands within said State, so ceded by the Chickasaws as aforesaid; which lands, when so selected as aforesaid, shall be held by the same tenure, and upon the same terms and conditions, in all respects, as the said State now holds the lands heretofore reserved for the use of schools in said State.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That a sum equivalent to five per cent. of the net proceeds of the lands within the State of Alabama, ceded by the Chickasaws by the treaty aforesaid, which have been or may hereafter be sold by Congress, shall be, and is hereby reserved, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be applied in the same manner, and for the same uses and purposes, as is designated by the sixth section of the act of Congress of second of March, eighteen hundred and nineteen.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be reserved from sale in the State of Alabama, a quantity of land equal to one-thirty-sixth part of lands ceded by the Chickasaws as aforesaid, within said State of Alabama, which land shall be selected under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in sections, or half sections, or quarter sections, out of any public lands remaining unsold that shall have been offered at public sale within any land district in said State of Alabama, contiguous to said lands within said State, so ceded by the Chickasaws as aforesaid; which lands, when so selected as aforesaid, shall be held by the same tenure, and upon the same terms and conditions, in all respects, as the said State now holds the lands heretofore reserved for the use of schools in said State.

JAMES E. POLK,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
W. R. KING,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
Approved, July 4th, 1836.
ANDREW JACKSON.

[PUBLIC.—No. 71.]
AN ACT to authorize the appointment of additional Paymasters and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint three additional Paymasters to be attached to the Pay Department of the army; **Provided,** That the appointments be submitted to and ratenated for their confirmation, in the same manner as other officers of the army.
Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers appointed in virtue of this act shall perform the same duties and receive the same pay and allowances as the present Paymasters of the army, and shall in like manner be subject to the rules and articles of war; and previous to entering upon the duties of their office shall give such bonds to the United States as the Secretary of War may direct for the faithful performance of their duties.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That when volunteers are called into the service of the United States, that the Paymasters authorized by law shall not be deemed sufficient to enable them to pay the troops with proper punctuality it shall be lawful for the President to assign to any officer of the army the duty of Paymaster, who, while so assigned shall perform the same duty, give the same bond, be subject to the same liability and receive the same emoluments as are now provided for the Paymaster of the army; **Provided however,** That the number of officers so assigned shall not exceed one for every two regiments of militia or volunteers; **And provided also,** That the whole emoluments of the said officers, including their pay and allowances in the line, shall not exceed the pay and emoluments of a Paymaster.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint three additional Surgeons and five assistant Surgeons, to be attached to the medical staff of the army.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That during the absence of the Quartermaster General, or the chief of any other military bureau of the War Department, the President be authorized to empower some officer of the Department or corps whose chief is absent to take charge thereof and to perform the duties of Quartermaster General or chief of the Department or corps, as the case may be during such absence; **Provided,** That no additional compensation shall be allowed.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives as soon as may after the close of the present session, and of each succeeding session, to prepare and publish a statement of all appropriations made during the session, and also a statement of the new officers created and the salaries of each and also a statement of the offices the salaries of which are increased and the amount of such increase.
Approved, July 4th, 1836.

[PUBLIC.—No. 72.]
AN ACT to promote the progress of useful arts, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts heretofore made for that purpose.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be established and attached to the Patent Office, an office to be denominated the Patent Office; the chief officer of which shall be called the Commissioner of Patents, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, whose duty it shall be, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to superintend, execute, and perform all such acts and things touching and respecting the granting and issuing of patents for new and useful discoveries, inventions, and improvements as are herein provided for, or shall hereafter be, by law, directed to be done and performed, and shall have the charge and custody of all the books, records, papers, models, machines, and all other things belonging to said office. And said Commissioner shall receive the same compensation as is allowed by law to the Commissioner of the Indian Department, and shall be entitled to send and receive letters and packages by mail, relating to the business of the office, free of postage.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That there shall be, in said office, an inferior officer, to be appointed by the said principal officer, with the approval of the Secretary of State, to receive an annual salary of seventeen hundred dollars, and to be called the Chief Clerk of the Patent Office; who, in all cases during the necessary absence of the Commissioner, or when the said principal officer shall become vacant, shall have the charge and custody of the seal, and of the records, books, papers, machines, models, and all other things belonging to the said office, and shall perform the duties of Commissioner during such vacancy. And the said Commissioner may also, with like approval, appoint an examining clerk, at an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars; two other clerks at twelve hundred dollars each, one of whom shall be a competent draughtsman; one other clerk at one thousand dollars; a machinist at twelve hundred and fifty dollars; and a messenger at seven hundred dollars. And said Commissioner, clerks, and every other person appointed and employed in said office, shall be disqualified and incompetent from acquiring or taking except by inheritance during the period for which they shall hold their appointments, respectively, any right or interest, directly or indirectly, in any patent for an invention or discovery which has been, or may hereafter be, granted.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said principal officer, and every other person to be appointed in the said office, shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office or appointment, make oath or affirmation, truly and faithfully to execute the trust committed to him, and that the said Commissioner and the chief clerk shall also, before entering upon their duties, severally give bonds with sureties to the Treasurer of the United States, the former in the sum of five thousand dollars, and the latter, in the sum of five hundred dollars, with condition to render a true and faithful account to him or to his successor in office, quarterly, of all moneys which shall be received, and respectively received for duties on patents, and for copies of records and drawings, and all other moneys received by virtue of said office.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner shall cause a seal to be made and provided for the said office, with such device as the President of the United States shall approve; and copies of any records, books, papers, or drawings, belonging to the said office, under the signature of the said Commissioner, or when the office shall be vacant, under the signature of the chief clerk, with the said seal affixed, shall be competent evidence in all cases in which the original records, books, papers, or drawings, could be evidence. And any person making application therefor, may have certified copies of the records, drawings, and other papers deposited in said office, on paying, for the written copies, the sum of ten cents for every page of one hundred words; and for copies of drawings, the reasonable expense of making the same.

SECTION 5. And be it further enacted, That all patents issuing from said office shall be issued in the name of the United States, and under the seal of said office, and be signed by the Secretary of State, and countersigned by the Commissioner of said office, and shall be recorded, together with the descriptions, specifications, and drawings, in the said office, in books to be kept for that purpose. Every such patent shall contain a short description or title of the invention or discovery, correct and distinctly stating the nature and design, and in its terms grant to the applicant or applicants, his or their heirs, administrators, executors, or assigns, for a term not exceeding fourteen years, the full and exclusive right and liberty of making, using, and vending to others to be used, the said invention or discovery, referring to the specifications for the particulars thereof, a copy of which shall be annexed to the patent, specifying what the patentee claims as his invention or discovery.

SECTION 6. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons having discovered or invented any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement or any art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or invention thereof, and not, at the time of his application for a patent, in public use or on sale, who has consent or allowance, as the inventor or discoverer; and shall desire to obtain an exclusive property therein, may make application in writing to the Commissioner of Patents, expressing such desire, and the Commissioner, on due proceedings had, may grant a patent therefor. But before any inventor or discoverer shall receive a patent for any such new invention or discovery, he shall deliver a written description of his invention or discovery, and of the manner and process of making, constructing, using, and compounding the same, in such full, clear, and exact terms, avoiding unnecessary prolixity, as to enable any person skilled in the art or science to which it appertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make, construct, compound, and use the same; and in case of any machine, he shall fully explain the principle and the several modes in which he has contemplated the application of that principle or character by which it may be distinguished from other inventions; and shall particularly specify and point out the part, improvement, or combination, which he claims as his own invention or discovery. He shall, furthermore, accompany the whole with a drawing, or drawings, and written references, where the nature of the case admits of drawings, or specimens of ingredients, and of the composition of matter, sufficient in quantity for the purpose of experiment, where the invention or discovery is of a composition of matter; which descriptions and drawings, signed by the inventor and attested by two witnesses, shall be filed in the Patent Office; and he shall moreover furnish a model of his invention, in all cases which admit of a representation by model, of a convenient size to exhibit advantageously its several parts. The applicant shall also make oath or affirmation that he does verily believe that he is the original and first inventor or discoverer of the art, machine, composition, or improvement, for which he solicits a patent, and that he does not know or believe that the same was ever before known or used; and also of what county he is a citizen; which oath or affirmation may be made before any person authorized by law to administer oaths.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, on the filing of any such application, description, and specification, and the payment of the duty hereinafter provided, the Commissioner shall make or cause to be made, an examination of the alleged new invention or discovery; and if, on any such examination, it shall not appear to the Commissioner that the same had been invented or discovered by any other person in this country prior to the alleged invention or discovery thereof by the applicant, or that it had been patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, or had been in public use or on sale by the applicant's consent or allowance prior to the application, if the Commissioner shall deem it to be sufficiently useful and important, it shall be his duty to issue a patent therefor. But whenever, on such examination, it shall appear to the Commissioner that the applicant was not the original and first inventor or discoverer thereof, or that any part of that which is claimed as new had before been invented or discovered, or patented, or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, or had been in public use or on sale by the applicant's consent or allowance, or that the description is defective and insufficient, he shall notify the applicant thereof, giving him, briefly, such information and references as may be useful in judging of the propriety of renewing his application, or of altering his specification to embrace only that part of the invention or discovery which is new. In every such case, if the applicant shall elect to withdraw his application, relinquishing his claim to the model, he shall be entitled to receive back twenty dollars, part of the duty required by this act, on filing a notice in writing of the duty election in the Patent Office, a copy of which, certified by the Commissioner, shall be a sufficient warrant to the Treasurer for paying back to the said applicant the said sum of twenty dollars. But if the applicant in such case shall persist in his claim for a patent, with or without any alteration of his specification, he shall be required to make oath or affirmation anew, in the mode aforesaid. And if the specification anew, in the mode aforesaid, shall entitle the applicant to a patent, he may, on appeal, and upon request in writing, have the decision of a board of examiners, to be composed of three distinguished persons, who shall be appointed for that purpose by the Secretary of State, one of whom at least shall be selected, if practicable and convenient, for his knowledge and skill in the particular art, manufacture, or branch of science to which the alleged invention apper-