

should be returned to Congress at this juncture. No, No! Let CALDWELL, and REPUBLICAN DEMOCRACY, and integrity, and common honesty, be the watchwords, against DEBERRY, and a BANKRUPT LAW, and a swindling bank, and a high protective tariff, and Budget and Wilnot Provision, and Internal Improvements by the General Government, and an irresponsible "cabinet" now trying to revive old exploded federalism by using, as a tool, an old soldier who, it is now admitted, possesses not the first qualification for the station he occupies.

The federal party now calling itself Whig, publicly professes no principles; but no one who pays attention to the course of political events, can doubt that a strenuous effort, through a stupendous system of political chicanery, is now being made to restore all that chain of federal measures which have been so signally repudiated by the people. These unprincipled politicians, by means of no-party pledges and promises to mercenaries of all factions, succeeded in placing Taylor, as president, under the control of a federal and abolition cabal; and now, to sustain them—(not him, for he is a mere tool in their hands)—the federalists of this district, have nominated Deberry?—Why call, from his retirement, this old worn-out politician?—Because he is better adapted to their purposes than any other they could have started up. He is in principle and feeling a Bankrupt-law man, a protective tariff man, a mammoth bank man, an anti constitution man, in short he is identified with all the old federal doctrines; and hence, his election is so earnestly desired, by the party now resorting to stratagem to revive federalism in all its odious forms.

Why do these federalist oppose Capt. Caldwell?—Because he is a republican, of the Jeffersonian school, because he was, and is still opposed to a high tariff, and a United States Bank,—because he is devoted to a strict construction of the constitution—because he is in favor of preserving the rights of the South, and opposed to Badger's schemes with northerners to abolish slavery in the territories—because he voted against the Bankrupt law, which Deberry supported, and if elected, will do it again, when the federalists attempt to revive it—because he SERVED HIS COUNTRY IN MEXICO, and refuses to join those who gave "aid and comfort to the enemy"—because he is aware of the political wickedness of the "cabinet," and will keep a sharp eye on all their movements—because, in a word, he is a watchful, faithful, tried, and true democratic republican.

Rally, freemen rally! Turn out, democrats, turn out! and bring with you to the polls your republican whig neighbors; for there are many who, under one pretense or another, have been deceived to the support of federalism, and who are now standing ready to unite with the patriots of the country to rebuke the disgraceful system of concealment, adopted by the aristocratic enemies of our glorious constitution as it was bequeathed to us by our fathers. Come from your workshops—from your farms—from your factories—from your mines—from your employment of whatever kind.—Come one come all, and let Lincoln county once more show herself the citadel of good old fashioned republican democracy.

GOLD FROM CALIFORNIA.—The whole amount of Gold known to have been shipped from California, is \$4,269,788.

The Federal Candidate.—From the Washborough "Argus," a paper which advocates the election of federalists to office, we clip the following:

OUR CANDIDATE.—We hoist the name of the Hon. E. Deberry as the Whig Candidate of the third Congressional District, and call upon all good and true members of the party to stand by the colors. The character of the Convention by which he was put in nomination would have us no other alternative, even if we did not think the election the best that could be made. But who can urge against it? Who is not proud of the manner in which the Convention has acquitted itself? Every man in the District knows Edmund Deberry to be a pure and upright citizen, and a firm and consistent Whig as ever lived. Besides his long and faithful public services entitle him to be regarded as the Nestor of the party in the Pee Dee country? who then so fitting as he to come forth to lead the van in the struggle that we are likely to involve us in? We congratulate our friends throughout the whole State upon the auspicious turn which affairs have taken in our District; and ask them to send up a shout for the venerable man who, like another Cincinnatus, has left his plough at the call of his country and comes forth to see that the Republic come to no harm, in consequence of his supineness at any rate. Let Liberty and Integrity be henceforth the watchword of the Whigs throughout the glorious Third!

Now here is an old Federalist presented, as the no-party whig candidate for office; and "the party" is lustily called upon to support him, yet not a hint is given of the measures to be adopted by this no-party whig party. We should think, however, that republicans, after a careful scrutiny, can scarcely be drawn into the support of federalism, by such an artifice. What party? appears to be referred to? It is called whig, though the "Argus" is careful to conceal the principles which are to govern his car-

didate, should be elected. But, if we enquire in Deberry's past history for his "faithful public services" which give him the distinction of a "firm and consistent whig," we shall find that this whiggery is only another name for federalism. It will be seen that his devotion to this newly baptised no-party whiggery is established by referring to his "long and faithful public services" in the cause of federalism, which "entitle him to be regarded as the Nestor of the party in the Pee Dee country." Mark, reader, you are referred, by his partisan advocate, to his "long and faithful public services," to enable you to arrive at his political character. Now what were those public services? Let his uniform support of all the old federal measures, his votes in favor of a high protective tariff, which fleeced the south for the benefit of northern capitalists, and his vote for the Bankrupt law recorded, on the journal of Congress, answer the question. You will there learn what the "Argus" means by his "long and faithful services," and what Deberry, himself, in his letter of acceptance, means by the "leading principles of the whig party." Thus, to indicate his present political opinions we are pointed to his rank federal votes of former days; though, to deceive the people into his support, an open avowal of federalism is avoided, while his "long and faithful" devotion to that party, is acknowledged with pride!

Can republicans, whether they have been whigs or democrats, look with favor upon old Bankrupt-law federalism, though it wear an assumed name? and will they fail to administer a proper rebuke to effrontery so shameless as covertly to acknowledge the principles of that odious party, while they disclaim the name? We think not. We believe that the eyes of the people are open to the no-party federal humbug; and that, although a few may still be deceived, and some may obey the party call at the expense of their consciences, yet the mass of the honest republicans of all parties, will quietly repair to the ballot box, on the first Thursday in August next, and testify by their disapprobation of such conduct, and their condemnation of such no-party politicians.

Politics in Lincoln County.

Although the secret organization of federalism, so quietly managed to carry the election against democracy in Lincoln county, has been exposed, yet it will not do for republicans to rest in security. They should exert themselves to the utmost, and roll up a majority that will discourage any future attempt, on the part of federalism, to get control of Lincoln by any such means. Democrats should not only exert themselves, but they should keep a sharp look out. Other means not more reputable, may be resorted to. Falsehood may be promulgated, bargains may be proposed, money may be employed, and even treason to democracy may be invoked—indeed an instance has been mentioned, wherein one claiming fellowship with the democracy of Lincoln, is exerting himself in the whig cause. Selfish motives are ascribed, and the cry of no-party politics is raised; but the true reason is to be found in disaffection to republican principles; for rest assured, that he who abandons a democratic candidate, when the contest is between the federal and the republican party, in the nature of things, the candidate cannot always be the choice of each; for no one is so fortunate as not to have had at some period in life some slight difference with a neighbor perhaps as worthy as himself. But, when republican principles are at stake, a reliable democrat will patriotically wave all such considerations, and come warmly up to the support of the democratic candidate, with as much ardor as he would expect from others, were he himself, or his own bosom friend, the standard bearer of the good cause.

Keep a sharp look out, then, democrats, while you raise the rallying cry for your long cherished principles; and believe nothing—listen to nothing calculated to divert you from the path of duty. You will hear strange revelations,—large stories will be told you with a view to influence your votes, but pay no regard to them, and press forward to the support of good old fashioned democracy whether the candidate pleases you best or no. None now questions the political integrity of the democratic candidate,—none will raise a doubt as to qualifications—then let the coming victory be achieved by the undivided support of the republican party, so that all can participate in the glory of the result.

SEED BEANS.—We hear frequent complaints that Beans put away for seed, are destroyed by insects during the warm weather in summer, and in the early part of autumn. An experienced housekeeper who has had it tested, informs us that, if the second crop be raised, gathered, and put away, about the time cold weather approaches, none will

thus be destroyed. The second planting should take place in July.

THE SCIENTIFIC EXAMINER.—We acknowledge the receipt of a monthly with the above title. It embraces the whole subject of Animal Magnetism, and contains much other scientific matter. It is published by Samuel B. Smith, at No. 293, Broadway, New York. The price is very low—only 50 cents a year in advance.

HOLDEN'S DOLLAR MAGAZINE. Still appears regularly every month, and still continues to improve, though it is difficult to conceive how the improvement can be afforded, without an increase in the price.

PETERSON'S LADY'S NATIONAL. for August, has appeared. A fair friend expresses herself highly pleased with its contents.

THE MOUNTAIN BANNER.

We always open this liberal, independent, racy whig sheet with pleasure. It never fails to come freighted with an agreeable variety; and we almost forgive its whiggery for the pointed wit and quiet humor sprinkled over its columns. If he does sometimes return the slang of those beneath him, he does it so gracefully as not to compromise his dignity.—*Lincoln Republican.*

Thank you, Mr. Republican, yours is only one among many such notices that we have received, but which our modesty has heretofore prevented us from republishing, and we only lay aside our modesty in this instance in order to avail ourselves of the opportunity to make our excuse for returning the slang that is sometimes thrown at us. It is always an unpleasant job to us, and we never resort to it as long as there are any other available means; but there are characters that nothing else will affect, and it has been our misfortune to meet with more than one such since we established our paper, and rather than "the fool should be wise in his own conceit" we have thought it advisable to "answer him according to his folly."

In return we can assure our readers that the *Republican* is well worth its subscription price, dignified in its tone, and no doubt conscientious in its principles, though politically different from ours.—*Mountain Banner.*

We copy the above, because we desire the gentlemanly editor of the *Banner* to be appreciated as he deserves, and because we think it will gratify the readers of the *Republican*. These exchanges of agreeable civilities are much more congenial to our taste, than the bickering of party strife, and the personal animosities which are too often permitted to grow up in the hearts of politicians.

A Live Yankee.

The risibles of our citizens, a few nights past, were excited to an unusual extent; so much so, that although the live yankee has departed, the faces of each who witnessed the "delineations" of "Jonathan Plowboy," have not yet resumed their accustomed longevity. The ladies, bless them, were present in large numbers; and although they strove to refrain with all their might, yet the fun nearly conquered their gravity, and some of them came very near laughing aloud! The gentlemen lost all propriety, and—*roared!*

Mr. Bowman, as a travelling stage performer, deserves the countenance of those who seek amusement for his very great care to avoid the utterance of a single syllable that could, even by implication, wound the most delicate sensibility. A contemporary speaks of him as follows:

Mr. Bowman's Entertainments are of an entirely different character from those generally traveling through the country. There is nothing in them that could offend the most fastidious. They are entirely free from those vulgarisms which are generally heard in traveling Concerts, and Exhibitions. But are conducted with the most perfect order.

For the Republican. BEAUTY OF CREATION.—REFLECTIONS.

What an event was creation! What an illustrious moment, when globes and worlds sprang to birth radiated by their suns; when numberless orders of animals and vegetables as yet unknown and boundless in extent, began to people the unexplored and newly formed earth. But a moment before, there existed but a fathomless gulf of darkness, with naught to enliven the solitude, or dispel the universal gloom. A chaos void of light or life canopied the then uninhabited earth. The word of the Mighty Maker was given, and in a moment, from the dust of this mighty new-born sphere sprang millions. Creation, to the believing mind, is no ordinary subject of contemplation. To the believer, it is not only a matter of astonishment and wonder but seems as a support to his belief. Amid such contemplations as these when meditating to himself alone, how often in his solitary haunts,—in the green-wood or mossy hill-side, might man kneel down in the cool silence, and offer up to the Almighty solemn thanks and supplication. In this position where the sun beamed in grandeur through the tree-tops, where some cool clear spring shaded by some mighty oak's leafy coronal, murmured in a peaceful rivulet along a flowing margin, might he not here indulge the best of all feelings, thinking on the might of his Maker in transforming an undigested mass into the rural beauties all around him. His words would be clothed with almost super-natural fervor, his thoughts would be turned to one above, not only adoring him for his power, but for his goodness.

July 7th, 1849. E. P. H.

Financial Report.

The committee of Finance to whom was referred the settlement with Maj. M. M. Wilson, Trustee of Catawba County, report as follows viz:

Balance for former years	\$1435.31	1-2
Received Stray Money	64	1-2
From Superior Court Clerk Tax fees &c.	118	03
From Clerk & Master of Equity Tax fees.	14	00
From County Court Clerk Tax for Fines, &c.	38	75
From A. H. Shuford former Sheriff for Taxes due for the year 1847.	1109	55
Interest on notes out standing.	34	20
Total	\$2750	49

Receipts and Disbursements for the year commencing the 19th April, 1848, to 10th July 1849.

Balance on hand. \$1265 32

\$300, has been taken out for the purpose of purchasing a Tract of land for the Poor House, before settlement.

All of which was respectfully transmitted to the County Court and confirmed.

G. J. WILKIE,
A. H. SHUFORD,
JONAS BOST.
July 16th, 1849. } Financial Committee.

Common School Committee in Catawba County.

Pursuant to adjournment the Board of superintendents of Common Schools for said county met in the Clerks office.

Present, G. P. SHUFORD, Chairman.
JOHN COULTER,
PETER WARLICK,
A. H. SHUFORD,
J. R. MOSER,
WM. LONG,
WM. P. REINHARDT.

On motion the following school committees were appointed for the different districts:

- 1st. Dist. Charles Biles, Daniel Lane and Joseph Willis,
- 2nd. Dist. Levi Hoover, Daniel Seagle and Ephraim Lutz.
- 3rd. Dist. Martin Havner, Jonathon Carpenter and Maxwell Warlick.
- 4th. Dist. David Hedick, Michael Carpenter and Daniel Ramsour.
- 5th. Dist. Christian Beal, Daniel Finger and Ephraim Blackburn.
- 6th. Dist. Aaron Goodson, Charles Beal and Solomon Keener.
- 7th. Dist. Levi Killian, Thomas Thompson and Henry Asbury.
- 8th. Dist. Isaac Lowe, Edmund Edwards and Henry Howard.
- 9th. Dist. Daniel Haynes, John Mull and John Roney.
- 10th. Dist. David E. Warlick, Philip Hoover, and Solomon Spigle.
- 11th. Dist. Paul Anthony, Henry Reinhardt and Andrew Yoder.
- 12th. Dist. Abel J. Ikerd, James Davis, John Lutz.
- 13th. Dist. Nelson Witherspoon, Miles C. Abernathy, and James Campbell.
- 14th. Dist. George Howard, Crispier Shelton and Hosea Lineberger.
- 15th. Dist. Joel B. Huston, Elihu Lockman and W. W. Munday.
- 16th. Dist. A. A. Lutz, Solomon Warlick and Jacob Mosteller.
- 17th. Dist. John Wilfong, Alfred Ramsour and Daniel Leonard.
- 18th. Dist. J. A. Reinhardt, Jacob Lutz and E. P. Coulter.
- 19th. Dist. David Barringer, Jacob Carpenter and Elias Snyder.
- 20th. Dist. G. P. Ruth, David Edwards and Jesse Walden.
- 21st. Dist. Martin Lineberger, J. J. Shuford and James Smith.
- 22nd. Dist. Aaron Sherill, Hiram Sherill and Jephtha Sherill.
- 23rd. Dist. John Ward, Israel Whitener and Lawson Sides.
- 24th. Dist. Q. J. Wilkie, Henry Probst and George Huffman.
- 25th. Dist. Daniel Ruth, H. B. Witherspoon and Alexander Summit.
- 26th. Dist. Geo. S. Little, Burton Craig and David Smith.
- 27th. Dist. T. J. Hamilton, Wilson Harwell and Ephraim Kale.
- 28th. Dist. Wm. Litton, John G. Bynum, Jos. M. Lorance.
- 29th. Dist. Daniel Whisenant, David C. Link and Joel Miller.
- 30th. Dist. Henry Harmon, Peter Wagner and Joseph Ruth.
- 31st. Dist. Fredrick Smith, Eli Sigman and Jacob Isenhower.
- 32nd. Dist. E. Conner, Henderson Sherill and Abel H. Shuford.
- 33rd. Dist. Elijah Huffman, Elias Heffner and Edmund Lenair.
- 34th. Dist. J. H. Isenhower, Henry Ingold and John Stine.
- 35th. Dist. Jonas Cline, Jacob Huffman and John Drum.
- 36th. Dist. Jacob Little, Henry Strook and Eusebus Hetrick.
- 37th. Dist. H. W. Conner, Osburn Robinson and Mason Harwell.
- 38th. Dist. Joseph Moore, John Fisher and Andrew J. Whitner.
- 39th. Dist. John Kayler, E. Deal, and Moses Harmon.

Ordered by the board that Susan Whitener, daughter of Henry Whitener, be attached to Dist. No. 18.

The Board then adjourned to meet on Monday of next Superior Court.

The Value of Advertising.

We clip the following from the "Carolina Watchman," to show our readers how surely prosperity follows industry, skill, and enterprise, when it calls to its assistance the willing aid of the press. We have had the pleasure to see Messrs. GOULD & HAWKINS at their place of business, and were happy to hear them say that they regarded a liberal system of advertising as essential to success. Men who thus confidently, but respectfully invite public patronage, are almost sure to deserve it, and always exert themselves to the utmost to render satisfaction. Let them be patronized.

Messrs. Editors:—We find that our Business has been improving, from the time we commenced advertising in your paper to the present. And we would still use your sheet as a medium through which to return our thanks to our friends and customers, for the liberal encouragement received from them; and to remind them, as well as all others, that we are still engaged in the same business, and at the same old stand, (Cawa's Brick Row.) where we may be found at any moment. We are striving by industry and strict attention to business, to make a few of the dimes as they are passing, and we appeal to a liberal community to encourage us in this laudable undertaking. We might give many references, but we deem it useless. We refer all to our Garments as they are seen upon the backs of our customers. We are in the receipt of the latest fashions.

GOULD & HAWKINS, Tailors,
July 12, 1849.—22vol5. Salisbury, N. C.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

A Meeting will be held at the house of Thomas Cloninger Esq., in Catawba County, (four miles East of the Horse Ford,) on Saturday, the 28th inst., for the purpose of taking into consideration the necessity of building a bridge across the Catawba River, and for other improvement purposes. All persons who feel an interest in the great work are requested to attend.

MANY CITIZENS.

MEMORIAL In Catawba County, July 2d, by Rev. J. L. Shuford, Maj. M. G. WEBBER to Miss SARAH L. SMITH, all of that county.

OBITUARY.

In Salisbury, on the 7th inst., of Teething and Cholera Infantum, THOMAS DEWS, infant son of Rev. Stephen and Martha D. Frontis, aged 7 months.

"Hope looks beyond the bounds of time,
When what we now deplore,
Shall rise in full immortal prime,
And bloom to fade no more."

Also, in that place, on the 10th inst., after a protracted illness of 7 months, Mrs. MARTHA D. FRONTIS, wife of the Rev. Stephen Frontis, and daughter of our esteemed townsman Thomas Dew, in the 39th year of her age.

In Rowan Co., on the 27th ultimo, Miss T. AMANDA LUCKEY, daughter of Samuel Luckey.

At his residence in Statesville, on the 1st inst., General JAMES McCLELLAND, Attorney at Law. Aged about 40 years.

MR. EDITOR:—The friends of Gen. Daniel Seagle, request that he be announced, as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk of Lincoln County, at the ensuing election.

MR. EDITOR: The friends of SILAS WILLIAMS, Esq., request that he be announced as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of Catawba county, at the ensuing election.

MANY CITIZENS.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT WILLIAMSON, as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Court Clerk.

We are authorized and requested to announce JACOB HULL, Esq., of Catawba, as a candidate to represent the 2nd Congressional District in this State, in the Congress of the United States, in opposition to Joseph P. Caldwell.

MANY DEMOCRATS OF CATAWBA,

Notice.

An election will be held at the several Election precincts in the County of Catawba, on the first Thursday in August next, for a Member to represent the second Congressional District of North Carolina in the next Congress of the United States.

Also, at the same time, an election will be held at the several election precincts of the County of Gaston, for a Member to represent the third Congressional District of North Carolina in the next Congress of the United States.

Also, at the same time, an election will be held at the several election precincts of Lincoln County, for a Member to represent the third Congressional District of North Carolina in the next Congress of the United States; and also for Clerks of the County and Superior Courts of Law, for said County.

J. W. LOWE
Sheriff of Lincoln County.
July 10th, 1849. 32—1w.

Return the Book.

TAKEN out of the Office of Capt. J. F. HOKE, a copy of the Revised Statutes, marked "Hoke" on the back. Any one returning said book will very much oblige

A. W. BURTON.
July 20. 32—1f

CHEAP STORE IN SHELBY.

C. & D. FRONEBERGER.

Would respectfully call the attention of the people of Cleveland, and the surrounding counties and districts, to their

NEW SEASONABLE, AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF MERCHANTS.

at their well known stand, in the town of Shelby which have been selected with care, and with a view to the accommodation of all who may favor them with their patronage.

The Assortment Consists of a variety of DRY GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS; every variety of pattern and color of CALICOS, at all prices; FRENCH MUSLINS, much lower than ever, a large quantity of them; Plain, Black, Colored, and striped ALPACHAS, as cheap as can be found in any establishment in this section; a superior article of SILK WARP; DRAP D'ETE, all qualities; TWEED CASSIMERES, KENT JEANS, TURKEY Red, Brown Sheetings, and Shirtings; Bleached do; Swiss, Check, and Jaconet Muslins; Bobinet Lawns; Lace, Edgings, and insertions; Irish Linens; Linnen and Cotton Diapers; Hose and Half-Hose; Ladies' fine Mitts and Gloves, and a variety of Mens Gloves, &c.

GROCERIES.

BROWN SUGARS, of different qualities and prices; COFFEE, a good article, and a heavy stock of it on hand; LOAF SUGAR; Rice and Molasses; Salt, by the sack or bushel; Peppers, Spices, and Ginger; Tobacco, Candy, and a superior lot of TEAS.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND DYE-STUFFS.

Paints, of every kind; Carolina and Spanish Indigo; Madder, Prussia Blue, and Venetian Red; Epsom and Glauber Salts; Castor Oil, Nutmegs and Mace; Moffats Pills and Bitters; Peter's Brandreth's, Gordon's, and Cooke's Pills; Indelible Ink; Number 6; Sarsaparilla; Bear's, Maccassar, and Antique Oil; White-Lead, No. 1, by the Keg, or 100 lbs.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, AND BONNETS.

Of Boots and Shoes, this firm always keeps a good stock, having advantages, in procuring these articles, which render it an easy matter to compete with their neighbors, not only in this, but in the adjacent villages. Among the stock is a lot of the finest SILK and FUR HATS, and other qualities down to as low a price as may be desired; all very cheap, and a lot of Bonnets, of various qualities, together with Leghorn, and Palm Hats, of different prices.

Crockery, & Glass Ware.

Fine and cheap Plates; Teas, Bowls, Pitchers, Plain and Fluted Glass Tumblers, Preserve Dishes, Casters, Salt Cellars, Wine Glasses, Molasses Pitchers &c. &c.

Saddles and Saddle-Bags.

CLOCKS.

A New Style of Brass Clocks kept constantly on hand.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

To suit the times and season; COTTON YARN, SEGARS, &c.

C. & D. Froneberger take this occasion to return their thanks to those who have thus far so liberally patronized them, and to solicit the public favor for the future, assuring all that, having facilities for purchasing goods, on the most advantageous terms, they will not allow themselves to be undersold.

Shelby, May 23, 1849.

FASHIONABLE TAYLORING.

A. W. & S. M. QUINN,
FACING THE EAST END OF THE COURT-HOUSE,
IN
SHELBY.

Respectfully inform their friends and the public that, being in the regular receipt of the latest and most approved FASHIONS, they are at all times ready to serve those who may favor them with their patronage.

Having taken pains to qualify themselves for the business, by a careful study of all the most

APPROVED METHODS OF CUTTING, only varying therefrom to suit the taste of their customers, they can assure all who may wish to have COATS, PANTS, or VESTS, made either in the most

FASHIONABLE AND ELEGANT STYLE, or in a PLAIN AND SUBSTANTIAL MANNER, that their experience and skill, and their desire to please, will enable them to afford entire satisfaction.

Impelled by a desire to elevate the mechanical skill of the South, they will make it their study at least to equal, if not to surpass the Northern Work that may be thrown into our market; and, therefore, they appeal, with confidence to their fellow citizens to sustain them.

Terms moderate, and punctuality observed in the execution of all orders.

Shelby, May 25, 1849. 25—1f

SHINGLES WANTED.

A liberal price will be paid at LINCOLN FACTORY, for a quantity of Shingles. Those made of HEART timber would be preferred.

July 20 1849 32—1f

COTTON YARN IN YANCY COUNTY.

Cotton Yarn at Wholesale and retail, always kept on hand at the Store of SMITH & CHILDS in Yancy county.

July 20, 32—1f

A Reed Maker.

Constant employment will be given to a Reed Maker, at Lincoln Factory.

July 20, 32—1f