

LINCOLN COURIER.

THE PUBLIC GOOD SHOULD EVER BE PREFERRED TO PRIVATE ADVANTAGE.

VOLUME 4.

LINCOLN, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1848.

NUMBER 8.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY THOMAS J. ECCLES.

TERMS.—Two dollars per annum, payable in advance; \$2 50 if payment be delayed 3 months. A discount of 10 per cent. on all orders for 3 or more.

Advertisements will be conspicuously inserted, at \$1 per square (14 lines) for the first, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Lincoln Business Directory

Court Officers—Superior Court—V. A. M'Beck, clerk. Equity—Wm Williamson, clerk. County court—Robt. Williamson, clerk. W. Lander, Solicitor. J. S. Johnson, Sheriff. Caleb Miller, Town Constable.

Register, J. T. Alexander; **County Surveyor**, J. Z. Falls; **County Prothonotary**, Ambrose Costner. **Trustee**, J. Ramsour. **Treasurer**, Pub. Buildings, D. W. Schenck. **Coroner**, J. M. Jacobs. **Building Committee**—J. Ramsour, P. Ramsey, John F. Phifer, and H. Cansler. **Lawyers**—Haywood W. Guion, main st. one door east. L. E. Thompson, main st. east, 3d square. W. Lander, main st. east, 2d square. V. A. M'Beck, and W. Williamson, offices at M'Beck's building, main st. 2d square, east.

Physicians—Simpson & Bobo, main st., west. D. W. Schenck, (and Apothecary), main st. two doors east. E. Caldwell, of Female Academy. Z. Butt, opposite McLean's hotel. A. Ramsour, (apothecary) main st. west.

Merchants—Benj S. Johnson, north on square, west corner. J. A. Ramsour, on square, north west corner. C. C. Henderson, on square, (post office) south J. Ramsour's. S. J. Son, main st. 5 doors west. R. E. Johnson, on square, south west corner main st. R. Reid, on square, south east corner. Boke & Michal, on square.

Boot, Shoe & Hat Store—Horatio Thomson, main st., on 2d square, west of court house, north side.

Academies—Male, T. J. Sumner; Female, under the charge of Mr. Newson.

Hotels—Mrs. Motz, s. w. corner of main st. and square. W. Slade, main st. 2d corner east of square. A. A. McLean, 2d corner, west, on main st. B. S. Johnson, north west, on square.

Grocers—W. R. Edwards, main st. east of square. James Cobb, s. e. east corner of Main and Academy st.

Tailors—Moore & Cobb, main st. 1 door west of square. A. Alexander, on square, s. by w. side.

Watch Maker and Jeweller—David Welsh, main st. 4 doors east.

Saddle and Harness Makers—J. T. Alexander, main st. 2d corner east of square. B. M. & F. J. Jetton, on sq., north by west. J. Ad. Jetton, south west on square.

Couch Factories—Samuel Lander, main st. east, on 2d square from Court House. A. Baker McKoy, main st. east, on 3d square. S. P. Simpson, street north of main, and n. w. of court house.

Isaac Ewing, main st., west, on 2d sq. James Cannell, main st. 2d square, w. end, south side, corner. A. Garner, on main st. east end.

Blacksmiths—Jacob Rush, main st. 5th corner east of court house. M. Jacobs, main st., east end. A. Delain, main st. near 1st end. J. Bysanner, back st. north w. end of public square.—J. W. Paysour, w. end.

Cabinet Makers—Thomas Dews & Son, main st. east, on 4th square.

Carpenters, &c.—Daniel Shuford, main st., east, 6th corner from square. James Triplett, main st. M'Beck's building. Isaac Houser, main st. west end. Wells, Curry & Co., main st. east end.

Brick Masons—W. H. Peck, (and plasterer) main st. east, 15th corner from square. Peter Houser, on east side of street north of square.

Tin Plate Worker and Copper Smith—Thos. R. Shuford, main st. east, on south side of 2d square.

Shoe Makers—John Huggins, on back st. south west of square.

Tanners—Paul Kistler, main st. west end. J. Ramsour, back st., north of square. F. & A. L. Hoke, 3rd west of town, main road.

Hat Manufactories—John Clifton, on public square, 2 doors west side. John Butts & son, on square, south side.

Printers—T. J. Eccles, Courier office, 5 doors north of court house, Is. and Ford road.

Oil Mill—Peter and J. E. Hoke, one mile south west of town, York road.

Paper Factory—G. & R. Mosteller, 4 miles south-east of court house.

Cotton Factory—John F. Hoke & L. D. Childs, 2 miles south of court house.

Vesuvius Furnace, Graham's Forge, Brevard's, and Johnson's Iron works, east.

Lime Kiln—Daniel Shuford and others, 9 miles south.

Letters for the above to be addressed to the Lincoln Post Office.

FOR THE COURIER.

LINES WRITTEN BY A LADY.

As an excuse for her zeal in cause of Temperance, and addressed to a friend who told her she "was almost a monomaniac on the subject of alcoholic drink."

"Go, feel what I have felt,
Go, bear what I have borne—
Sink 'neath the blow a father dealt,
And the cold proud world's scorn—
Thus struggle on from year to year,
The sole relief the scalding tear.

Go, weep as I have wept,
O'er a loved father's fall,
See every cherished promise swept,
Youth's sweetness turned to gall;
Hope's faded flower strewed all the way
That led me up to woman's day.

Go, kneel as I have knelt;
Implore, beseech and pray—
Strive the besotted heart to melt,
The downward course to stay—
Be cast, with bitter curse aside,
Thy prayers bulesqu'd, thy tears defied.

Go, stand where I have stood,
And see the strong man uow
With gnashing teeth, lips bathed in blood,
And cold and livid brow;
Go, catch his wandering glance, and see
There mirror'd his soul's misery.

Go, hear what I have heard,
The sobs of sad despair,
As memory feeling's fount had stirr'd
And its revealings there
Hath told him what he might have been,
Had he the drunkard's fate foreseen.

Go to thy mother's side,
And her crushed spirit cheer;
Thine own deep anguish hide,
Wipe from her cheek the tear—
Mark her dimm'd eye, her furrow'd brow,
The gray that streaks her dark hair now,
Her toil worn frame, her trembling limb,
And trace the ruin back to him
Whose plighted faith in early youth,
Promised eternal love and truth—
But who, foresworn, hath yielded up
This promise in the deadly cup,
And led her down from love and light,
From all that made her pathway bright,
And chained her there, 'mid want and strife,
The lowly thing—a Drunkard's Wife!
And stamped our childhood's brow, so mild,
That withering blight—a Drunkard's child.

Go, hear, see and feel and know,
All that my soul hath felt or known—
Then look upon the wine-cup's glow,
See if its brightness can atone;
Think of its flavor you will try,
If all proclaimed—"Tis DRINK OR DIE!"

Tell me I hate the bowl!
Eate is a feeble word—
Loathe, abhor—my very soul
With strong disgust is stirr'd,
Whene'er I see, or hear, or tell,
Of the dark Beverage of Hell!

The funeral ceremonies of the late JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, ex-President of the United States, is said to have been very solemn and impressive. All, or nearly all of the Stores and Public places were closed on the day set apart for that purpose, and the windows and doors of the same hung in deep mourning for the deceased Patriot and Statesman. The Legislature of Maryland attended in a body, so did the Corporate authorities of Alexandria, Va., besides two Military Companies. All the different societies in the District were present to do honor to the mighty dead. Not less than twelve or fifteen thousand persons attended the funeral. A great man has fallen!

A Word to the Girls.—Now, girls, for your own sake do not be too fastidious. As it is impossible for all of you to marry professional men, do not, we beseech you, set your hearts upon marrying nothing else. There are lots of fine men, we admit, among doctors and lawyers; so also in the army and navy, and there are also some great judges and men of letters. But don't turn off a merchant, or a mechanic, or a farmer, simply because you think you ought to have a professional man. If a clever, enterprising fellow comes along, give your hand and your heart. It is a profession that will make you happy, and you must come with it.

From the Washington Union, 5th inst.

Chloroform.

This singular substance is said to have been discovered about the same time by Somebeira (1831) and Leibig, (1832); and its composing was first accurately described by Dumas in 1835. It is destined to supersede the letheen in its power of deadening the nervous sensibility. Its effects are so well attested, that there does not seem to be a single doubt of its virtues and uses. It has been employed by dentists in the line of their profession, and by surgeons in their most difficult and delicate operations. The newspapers in Europe and in the United States are full of cases. We have heard of several operations in this District—among others, of a colored boy in Georgetown, who lost one of the bones of his leg under the influence of the chloroform, perfectly unconscious of the pain of its extraction. Dr Humphreys assures us of its efficiency in the extraction of teeth in numerous cases. We have had the best authenticated account of a still more difficult operation, as performed on Capitol Hill, as it is described by a correspondent of the National Intelligencer:

"A few days ago, Dr Leiberman having first administered the chloroform, removed a cancer from the breast of a female. While the operation was being performed, the patient remained, apparently, in a calm and tranquil slumber, without manifesting the slightest symptom of pain in any manner; though the operation she was undergoing is considered one of the most painful in surgery. A correspondent of the National Intelligencer, who witnessed the operation, says:

"When the whole was over, the patient was aroused; and on inquiry as to her feelings, she stated that, after her long and refreshing sleep, she felt much better and stronger, and requested the surgeon to proceed at once with the operation, being evidently wholly unconscious that it had already been performed; and it was not till after the lapse of some time that she could be persuaded of the reality.

"Thus far, not the slightest injury has resulted from the use of the chloroform; and in every respect the patient is now doing well, and gives fair promise of a speedy and perfect recovery."

At Boston, last week, a lady had a tumor removed from her side which weighed nine pounds and a half. The Chloroform was used in her case, and she experienced no pain.

More recently, it was applied to a dying patient in Boston. "The success of the application was complete, and the patient's last moments were tranquil and void of pain."

It is dropped on a sponge, or handkerchief, which is applied to the mouth, and in a minute or two it takes effect, and enters insensibility to pain seems to be superinduced. The whole operation upon the girl on Capitol Hill was over in ten minutes—that is, the whole enormous cancer of the breast cut away, and the arteries tied up, and the whole wound sowed up.

The advantage is, not only that it deadens the pain, but there is of course, no writhing of the body; and the surgeon performs the operation with perfect ease and command of the patient. It is easy to dissipate its influence. A few drops of water thrown into the face brings a person to his senses. No one can tell what is the end of all this—to how many maladies this powerful agent may be applied. Already it is said to have done away with nearly the pains of child-birth. We know not to how many cases of nervous disorder it may be applied; perhaps to hydrophobia—to insanity—and may it not, in some degree, abate the symptoms of consumption, &c. &c.? A new field of discovery indeed is opened, not only to surgery, but to medicine.

We understand that the Surgeon General of the army of the United States

has already taken it in hand—so effectually has this new discovery overcome the first prejudices which oppose bold innovations; and a supply of the article has been sent to the armies of the United States, for hospital purposes. We trust the surgeons of our army will try it, and duly report the result to their fellow-citizens at home.

CHLOROFORM.—This is the name of a new chemical preparation, administered to patients in surgical operations. It is rapidly supplanting the Letheen—produces perfect insensibility without the least injury to the mental or physical energies—is taken by inhaling a small portion sprinkled on a handkerchief, and its effects removed instantaneously by sprinkling cold water in the face.—Dentists and surgeons have recently used it with great success in the Northern cities. A wonderful discovery—throwing the sunshine of hope upon the dark prospect of those who look to the knife or surgical instrument for relief from their afflictions!—Athens Banner.

Southern Chronicle.—This paper which has been discontinued since the death of its former independent and talented editor, has been revived by Mr Edward H. Britton. The first number appeared on Tuesday last, and gives favorable indication of the future success of the enterprise. The Chronicle has assumed a neutral or independent position in politics. The editorial department is under the management of a graduate of the S. C. College.—Palmetto State Banner.

Indemnity for the Past and Security for the Future.—A fellow was yesterday arrested for picking a soldier's pocket. When taken to the High Constable's Office, the police-officer took from him two golden eagles and some silver—all the money he found in his pocket—and then handcuffed him, before taking him to the Watch-House. "Why, what's this for?" says the prisoner. "Not satisfied with arresting me, you first take my money, and then place the bracelets on me!" "I take your money," says the police-officer, "as indemnity for the past; and I put the handcuffs on you as security for the future!"

Lawyers.

A large number of gentlemen have recently been admitted to the practice of law in this city. The preliminary examination by the lawyers, who must certify that the candidates are well read in law, is very thorough as will be seen by questions put to each, and which questions, with their answers, we append.

Examiner. Do you smoke, sir?
Candidate. I do, sir.
Ex. Have you a spare cigar?
Can. Yes, sir. (extending a short six.)
Ex. Now, sir what is the first duty of the lawyer?
Can. To collect fees.
Ex. Right—what's the second?
Can. To increase the number of his clients.
Ex. When does your position toward your client change?
Can. When I am making up a bill of costs.
Ex. Explain.
Can. We take antagonist positions. I assume the character of plaintiff—and he becomes defendant.
Ex. A suit decided, how do you stand with the lawyer conducting the other bill?
Can. Check by jowl.
Ex. Enough, sir, you promise to be an ornament to the profession, and I wish you success, now are you aware of the duty you owe me?
Can. Perfectly.
Ex. Describe that duty.
Can. It is to invite you to drink.
Ex. But suppose I decline?
Can. (Scratching his head.) There is no instance of the kind on record in the books. I cannot answer the question.
Ex. You are right, and the confidence with which you make the assertion, shows that you have attentively read the law. We will go and take the drink, and then I will sign your certificate.

VALLE CRUCIS.—We regret to hear that the Episcopal Academy building at Valle Crucis, in Ashe county, was destroyed by fire, with most of its contents, a few days ago. Loss about \$500. Fayetteville Obs.

LATER AND IMPORTANT FROM CHINA.

The ship Panama, from Canton, with dates from that place to the 12th December, has arrived at New York. A difficulty had occurred in Canton, between a party of Englishmen and the natives of the place, which resulted in a serious fracas, in which six of the Englishmen were killed.

The commander of the English naval forces forthwith declared Canton to be in a state of blockade. Business had been suspended and hostilities had recommenced when the "Panama" sailed.

A MURDERER APPREHENDED.

We understand that Brown, the free man of color, who recently committed a Murder in Halifax County, in this State, and for whose apprehension, Gov. GRAY issued his Proclamation in our last paper, was taken at Petersburg, and is now in confinement, awaiting trial on the charge.

Gen. Pillow and the "Leonidas" Letter.—The editors of the N. O. Picayune state that they have seen a letter from Gen. PILLOW, denying the charge of writing the celebrated "Leonidas" letter, or having any knowledge of its contents before publication. Major A. W. BURNS, in a letter to the editors, acknowledges the authorship and confirms the statements of Gen. P. as to any participation in or knowledge of the production. The publication of this letter, and the belief that it was from under the hand of Gen. PILLOW, was, we believe, one of the principle causes of his being arrested.

The New-York correspondent of the Washington Union says—

"It is known that Messrs. Grinnell & Murnum have, with their characteristic liberality, placed a suit of rooms in their finest packet-ship—the New World—at the disposal of Father Mathew, for his contemplated visit to this country; and that the good Father is to take passage in her on her next trip this way. She sails in a day or two; and last evening her captain—Knight—(himself a zealous temperance man)—received from "the Ladies' Temperance Society" of the city, a snow-white flag, with the simple device, in the centre, of the dove bearing the olive-branch, to be worn at the mizzen peak, when arrived in the offing, as the signal that the Apostle of Temperance and Peace is on board.—The occasion was an interesting one, and, despite the storm, drew together a very large number of persons."

The Rich Man and the Day Laborer.—A merchant who is as avaricious as opulent, has recently excited some public attention at London. He had obtained at the cheapest possible rate a poor day-laborer to do some work in his house. This unfortunate man, fatigued with work, represented to the merchant's wife, that with so low wages he could not procure a glass of beer to quench his thirst. The compassionate woman gave him a tankard of ale, but the husband learned this circumstance on his return and when he settled with the laborer retained the value of the drink; the poor man exclaimed against it and raised so great an uproar that the police took him to prison. The next day when he was called before the Judge he explained the affair and was discharged on payment of two shillings; but the merchant had another account to render to justice. He was condemned to pay fifty pounds sterling as a fine for having sold beer without a license, and the poor laborer, as the informer of the offence, received a third of the sum.

[Courier des Etats Unis.]

Chloroform is said to be a good remedy against scolding wives. A friend of ours, says the Providence Transcript, keeps it constantly on hand, and says, "no family should be without it." The proper time for the husband to take it is when he sees the "squall coming up," and by the time it strikes him he will be roving through fields of unalloyed bliss. This certainly is a triumph of science, and the discoverer will receive the thanks of every community.

A Striking Prediction.—M. Edwin Williams in the Statesman's Manual, Biographical sketch of Mr. Adams, in which occurred this passage. The event is strikingly coincidental with the prediction. "The subject of this memoir is now in his seventy-ninth year, and although his eyes are dim, and his natural voice somewhat abated, he is still found at his post in the public service, where, like the Earl of Chatham, it may be expected his mortal career may finally close."