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CORRESPONDENCE.

The Editors must not be understood as endorsing the sentiments of their correspondents, communications on all subjects are solicited, which will be given to the readers of THE ERA as containing the views and sentiments of the

For the Carolina Era.

Major Robbins Introduces a Bill.

LETTER FROM TIMOTHY TARBUCKET TO HIS BETSY.

Raleigh, Nov. 22, 1871. DEAR BETSY:-You will no doubt be surprised when you get a printed letter from me, but as you can't read

got Mr. Hanes to print this letter for me. He promised to print all the spelling right, so that folks won't laugh at me as they do at Mr. Jo. Turner for

his bad spelling. here. The Legislature met last Monday, and I went up to the State house to see it. I went into the Senate first.

It was about one hour before it met, found Maj. Mac Robbins at his post. He was a standing behind his desk, holding a bill in his hand. Said 1, "how are you, Major?" but he kept a looking towards the Speaker's stand, and didn't say a word. I thought he was studying up a speech, and so I didn't say anything more, but I just watched him. He kept his eyes on wink or blink for a level hour. Bimeby Mr. Warren he came limping along and started up to the Speaker's chair. Just as his foot touched the first step, Maj.

wish to introduce a bill." Mr. Warren looked at him, sort of sid like, and he says: "The Senator from Rowan will please wait awhile.' to the Senate, and just as he started to sit down, Maj. Robbins, he says right loud, "Mister President, I wish to in-

Robbins sang out, "Mr. President,

troduce a bill." Mr. Warren sort of drawed up one corner of his mouth, and he says:-"The Senator will please wait awhile." Then he told the Clerk to call the roll and see if they were all there. Just as the Clerk got through with the last name, I heard Maj. Robbins say:-"Mister President, I wish to introduce

Mr. Warren was whispering to the Clerk, and made pretends like heddn't hear him, but Maj. Robbins couldn't be snowed under in that way, so he cleared his throat, and he said, real loud, "Mister President, I wish to introduce a bill."

Mr. Warren begun to look mad, and he said: "Bills can't be introduced yet

-the Senate ain't organized." I looked at Maj. Robbins and expected to see him sit down, but there he stood. Some of the folks began to smile, but Maj. Robbins didn't see 'em. He kept a looking at Mr. Warren, and a

holding his bill in his hand. Mr. Warren then said, "the Clerk reports a quorum present," and before you could wink your eye, Maj. Robbins raised his right hand and reach- | deliberations." ing as far as he could over the desk in front of him, he says: "Mister President, I wish to introduce a bill."

I never did see a man look so wishful before, and I did wish Mr. Warren would let him introduce his bill, but he said they couldn't do anything until they got a message from the House. right off, but none of 'em wan't dead. Mr. Warren sorter winked at Maj. Robbins, and Maj. Robbins replied in them same words: "Mister President, I w-a-n-t t-o i-n-t-r-o-d-u-c-e a bill."went straight to Mr. Warren's heart. down Mr. Warren's cheek as he said: him. "The Doorkeeper will wait on the Senator from Rowan." I knew Capt. Roberson, the Doorkeeper, was getting mad, by the way he chewed his tobacco, and just as Mr. Warren said what he did, Capt. Roberson he started at a full run towards Maj. Robbins. Guilford Christmas, Assistant Doorkeeper, he come a running from the other side of the Hall, but Capt. Roberson had the | 9 x 14, 10 " start of him, and would have got the 9 x 18, 121" bill out of Maj. Robbins' hand, but he struck his shin real hard against the corner of a desk, and while he was stooping down rubbing his shin, affectionate like, Guilford jumped clear over him, knocked off five or six law books, grabbed the bill, and went off towards the Clerks desk, just like one of them Indians we saw at the Fair, when he got the ball. I've seen Paxton's horse SALE OF REAL AND PERtrot, and I've seen them Indians run, but Guilford Christmas can beat 'em so relieved like as Major Robbins, then. He just smiled all over. I know he was the happiest man in town.

"Be it enacted by the General Asdeclared a part of said Constitution."—

That was Maj. Robbins' bill. Mr. — then said: "Well, I think its time to adjourn," and they all draw-

Vol. 1.

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1871.

No. 76.

ed their five dollars a piece, and adjourned.

Now, Betsy, I ain't been here long enough to know anything about parliamentary law, but a gentleman near me he said: "That's all wrong. Maj. Robbins will have to introduce that bill again. The Senate can't do anything until the Legislature organizes, and there ain't no quorum in the House of Commons." I do hope if they do force Maj. Robbins to introduce his bill again, that Mr. Warren won't keep him waiting so long next time. I am going to see the House of Commons tomorrow, when I will write to you again, Betsy. I am yours,

Just like I was, TIMOTHY TARBUCKET.

For the Carolina Era.

writing, I went to THE ERA office and Senator Graham's Attack on Gov.

Caldwell.

It would keep a person constantly, and diligently, and laboriously employ-Well, Betsy, I do wish you were ed to answer and refute all the slanders uttered by sore-headed Democrats against Republicans, hence it is seldom that any one troubles himself to notice the malicious attacks made by these vipers. I hope I may be pardoned for calling the attention of the public to one of these attacks by the portly and dignified Senator from Orange, on Thursday, upon Governor Caldwell.

on the floor of the Senate "that the Board of Directors appointed by the that Speaker's stand, and he didn't Governor leased the Road, and that the ed with the understanding that he was to confirm the lease." Now, did the portly and dignified Senator intend to make the impression that the Directors appointed by Gov. Caldwell leased the Road, and that the proxy appointed by him confirmed the lease? Every candid and truthful man will respond, Then Mr. Warren made a little speech | certainly that was what Mr. Graham fied Senator well knew that the Direc- of said officer and his sureties, deducting tors and proxy appointed by Gov. Caldwell had nothing whatever to do with the lease; that they did not organize and have not organized up to this time.

The portly and dignified Senator farther said that "the people of North Carolina will not believe in the sincerity of the Governor." The portly and dignified Senator knowing his own lack of sincerity feels that every body else is afflicted with the same moral obliqui-

The portly and dignified Senator also said that "the great length of the Session of 1868-'69 was owing to the want of parliamentary knowledge on the part of the presiding officer." All that is necessary to say in reply to that part of the portly and dignified Sena-tor's speech is to refer the reader to the Senate Journal 1868-'69 pages 688 and

689, where may be found the following: Mr. Graham presented the following resolution, which was unanimously

"Resolved, That the thanks of this Senate are tendered to the Hon. Tod R. Caldwell, President of the Senate, for and to be imprisoned not less than three the dignity, impartiality and ability nor more than twelve months.

with which he has presided over its The officers to whom this is according to the second second

Be it remembered, this is the same Mr. Graham who made the onslaught upon the Governor in the Senate Thursday, and who said that the great

officer, Gov. Caldwell. The portly and dignified Senator from Orange must have been very insincere But he might as well have been speaking to one of them pillars. Maj. Robon the 10th day of April 1869, when he bins he just stood there. I seen one of introduced and voted under oath for the Maj. Robbins' friends get up and go up to Mr. Warren and whisper something so on Thursday when he made his fierce. to him. I fully expected one of the speech in the Senate. Let him take members was dead and needed burying whichever horn of the dilemma he pleases, the people will not believe

much in his sincerity. One word of advice to the portly and dignified Senator and I will be done: It will be better for him to try to live Great drops of sweat were standing on out the balance of his days upon the his forehead, and his words were so reputation of his father, than to try to full of pleading tenderness that they make any body believe that he has any ability, impartiality or sincerity. As to I saw a great big tear of sympathy roll mock dignity that is fully conceded to

RALEIGH SASH FACTORY!

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Moulded 35 cents on one side; raised and Moulded 70 cents extra. D. S. IRELAN, Proprietor, Corner of Davie and McDowell Sts. Raleigh, Aug. 17, 1871. 32-w&triwly.

SONAL PROPERTY. all holler. I never did see a man look
So relieved like as Major Robbins, then

ON MONDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF
January, 1872, I shall sell to the highcounty, N. C., at public Auction, for cash, tion to the school room; and it is strictly

the county of Granville, to wit: A small parcel of very valuable woodsembly of North Carolina, and it is land of 113 acres, 24 miles east of Oxford, hereby of North Carolina, and it is land of 113 acres, 24 miles east of Oxford, conveyed to Archibald Taylor by Geo. W. hereby enacted by the authority of the Hunt, Executor of R. P. Taylor, dec'd, in same, That all the amendments to the August last. At the same time and place, Present Constitution of North Carolina I shall sell for cash, at public auction, five which were agreed on by the Demo-shares of R. & G. Railroad stock, of \$100 shares of R. & G. Railroad stock, of Cratic Executive Committee during the each; one piano, named in said A. Taylor's Week of the late State Fair, are hereby schedule of 18th August, 1871. Also several bales of cotton, now in Henderson Ware-

house. RICH'D W. HARRIS, Assignee, of the Estate of A. Taylor. Nov. 11, 1871-25-td.

New Advertisements.

TOTICE!

The Forest Manufacturing Company have resumed operations, and are now ready to fill all orders for paper, on short notice. Delinquents will please settle their accounts, as we desire to close the old books. W. F. ASKEW.

Nov. 27. 76—1m. Proprietor.

DINE FORESTS OF THE SOUTH.

The management of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railway Company, of North Carolina, desire to call the attention of Lumber and Naval Store men, to the their railway-and especially in the counties of Robeson and Richmond.

These forest lands can be purchased or leased upon very favorable terms. Prices of these lands varying from fifty cents to three dollars an acre.

Naval Stores (Rosin and Spirits Turpentine) and Timber are now bringing unusually high prices, and seem likely to contin-

Lumber, Timber and Naval Stores find a ready market at Wilmington, Richmond, or Norfolk, and rates of transportation are moderate; which offers great inducemedts to business men to engage in the

For further information, letters addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt S. L. FREMONT, attention. Chief Eng. & Gen. Sup't.,

W., C. & R. R. R. Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 3, 1871. 76-3t

Mr. Graham asserted in his remaks STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, RALEIGH, Nov. 17th, 1871.

IN VIEW OF THE UNUSUAL DELAY on the part of Sheriffs and Tax Collectors in the State to settle the State taxes, the following section of the act to provide for the lowing section of the act to provide for the lowest taxes, and requiring strength and support. It is in condition like this that Schenck's collection of the taxes, &c., is published for their information:

SEC. 37. In every case of failure by a Sheriff, or other accounting officer to settle his accounts within the time prescribed in this act for such settlement and to take the oath required on his settlement, the Auditor shall forthwith report to the Treasurer the account of such Sheriff or officer, and furnish him with a copy of the official bond therefrom nothing for commissions or insolvents but adding thereto one thousand dollars and ten per cent. of the amount of taxes with which said sheriff is charged for the amount of taxes supposed not to appear in the list transmitted by the clerk, and if the whole amount be not paid, the Treasurer, on motion of the Solicitor of sorbed into the circulation, and thence disthe sixth judicial district, in the Superior Court of Wake county, before the clerk thereof, within ten days after the default shall have occurred, shall recover judgment against him and his sureties, without sixth and his sureties, without the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to excel all the diseased matter, other notice than is given by the delinquen-cy of the officer. And to the end that their obligations and names may be known, the Clerk of the Superior Court shall, on or before the second Monday in September in Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavieach year, transmit to the Auditor a copy, certified under the seal of the court, of the bond of the sheriff and his sureties, upon pain, for his default, of forfeiting to the State one thousand doilars, which the Treasurer shall and is hereby specially charged to collect in like manner and at such times he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine in the discretion of the court

The officers to whom this is addressed are advised that the State Treasurer has no discretion under the law in moving for judgment in the case of delinquency, and promt action will be taken against all de-linquents as provided in the section here-with published. The condition of the length of the Session of 1868-'69 was owing to the want of parliamentary knowledge on the part of the presiding state taxes as soon as practicable before the let Monday in December, the time pre-1st Monday in December, the time prescribed for settlement.

D. A. JENKINS,

YOW READY:

A SHORTER COURSE

English Grammar,

BY SIMON KERL, A. M., Author of "First Lessons in English Gram-

mar," " Common School Grammar," " Composition and Rhetoric,"

PRICE 75 CENTS. ONE VOL., 240 PAGES. This book is the result of much study, experience and reflection; and no pains have been spaired to set it beyond all just grounds of critical censure. The condition and want of schools in this country and in Europe have been carefully considered, as well as the advanced state of philologica science, and the work has been modified accordingly, so as to place it in the front rank of new and improved productions. The following are some of the points to which special attention is invited: 1st. The book is small, yet it is sufficiently comprehensive in outline, and not deficient in necessary detail. 2d. It consists of an oral course followed by a course of Text, in accordance with that method of teaching into which the best school have gradually fallen by experience. 3d. The classification throughout is new, original, and probably the most simple and natural ever given in a grammar. 4th. All things relating to the same subject have been brought together; while all trashy incumbrances, all useless generalities, and all quackery of expedients, have been carefully excluded. 5th. The book excels in method, clearness, pithiness brevity and ermpleteness; in its definitions, illustrations est bidder, in the town of Oxford, Granville and exercises; in practical utility and adap-

The Clerk he got up and read as fol
ows:

the following property, belonging to the estate of Archibald Taylor, Bankrupt, of Grammars. tensively examined by teachers, and for this purpose we will send it, free of postage, on receipt of half the above price.

Ivison, Blackeman, Taylor & Co. 138 & 140 Grand St., New York.

DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKE ROOT. Removes Syphilis or the diseases it entails | all druggists and dealers. more effectually and speedily han any and all other remedies combined.

Aug. 24, 1871.

35-watriwly.

Special Notices.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CON-SUMPTION.—The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to rulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that extensive Pine Forests along the line of it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these orso that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, | State. by which natural and healthy bile is secre-

> ted. The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup.

The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healties are healed up sound, and my patient is

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will as is provided in this section. If the sheriff or other accounting officer shall fraudulently and corruptly fail to account as aforesaid there.—the cavity cannot heal, the matter there,—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicine and the second life of the second life. icines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the

lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp wether; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sun-

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not per fectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a sall return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lung, are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of with Turkish floors, so that carpets can be Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines, continued until the body has restored to it the natural quantity of flesh and strength. I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the Northeast Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it. Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict ob-

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D., Philadelphia. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic \$1.50 a bottle, or \$7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by JOHN F. HENRY,

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Wholesale Agent.

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Sept 9. 42-6m.

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Labels of every kind, Or any Description of Printing,

Will find it to their advantage to call, examine specimens and ascertain prices before contracting for their work elsewhere. We will keep constantly on hand, or print

Solicitor, Superior Court Clerk, Sheriff and Magistrate's Blanks

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We will pay special attention to

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Having had an experience of ten years in the printing business, and having always ty of Paper, Cards, &c., we flatter ourselves or fraction thereof. Books to one address, that we can please all who will favor us 4 cents per 4 ox. fraction thereof. on hand a fine assortment of the best qualiwith their patronage.

Orders solicited, and satisfaction guaran-EDWARDS & BROUGHTON, Sept. 1, 1871. 39-tf. Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

An Elegant Mansion and Grounds, Covering about three acres, delightfully situated, on Newbern Avenue, only ten minutes walk from the State House. The lawn is ornamented with from seventy to eighty oaks-the most beautiful grove in the city. The Dweiling House is two story and basement, 54 feet front by 44 deep, with an extension in the rear of 30 to 20, porches with large columns on all sides of the house, both first and second story, 2 large halls, 10 feet wide, and 15 rooms, fire places in all except two. All the rooms and halls on first and second floors are grained Black Walnut, dispensed with if desired. The basement is of dressed stone, finished and plastered, same as upper storys, containing large dining room, 32 by 22 feet, store room, wash room, laundry, large buttler pantry, wine cellar, &c., &c. The out buildings consist of a large carriage house and stable combined, with s cond story for feed, hay, &c., large outer kitchen, two story house for servant quarters, smoke house, chicken house, &c., and one of the best wells of water in the State. The house, grounds, buildings, fences, &c., are all in the most perfect order, from \$11,000 to \$12,000 having been spent on this property in the last two years to make it a complete first class residence. The place is now offered for sale at less than it cost to put it in repair, not one third of its original 67—td. cost. For particulars address. R. KINGSLAND,

nov. 21-tf

C. L. HARRIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, (Office first door South of Standard building,

State Land Office.

Raleigh, N. C. Practices in the Courts of Wake and before U S. Commissioner, and gives special attention to the arguing of causes in the Supreme Court of North Carolina. All business entrusted to him, will receive prompt attention

Professional Cards not exceeding 1 square will be published one year for \$12.

Post Office Directory.

Tri-Weekly Carolina Kya

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Time of Arrival and Closing the Mails. WESTERN.-New Orleans, La., Augusta, Georgia, Columbia, S. C., Charlotte, Salisbury, Greensboro', Salem, Chapel Hill, Hillsboro', &c., due at 6:32 A. M. Close at

EASTERN.—Charleston, S. C., Wilmington, Newbern, Beaufort, Goldsboro', Fay-

etteville, &c., due 7 P. M., close A. M. NORTHERN, via Weldon.-New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Washington, Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Weldon, &c., due at 4:30 P. M., close 8 A. M. Northern via Greensboro' and Danville, close 6 P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Eagle Rock, Monday and Thursday, due 111 A. M., close 1 P. M. Roxboro', every Wednesday, due 111 A. M., close 1 P. M. Leachburg, every Wednesday, due 111 A. M., close 1 P. M. Office hours for Registered Letters and

Money Order Departments, from 8 A. M. to 4:30 P. M. Postal Rules .- Many errors occar by persons not observing the following regulations in depositing letters, papers, or mis-

cellaneous publications in the office for mailing: Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter. Valuable letters should be carried to the Post Office and registered. If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. If from points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be registered. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office, county and State. By inserting upon letters the county in which the office is located, many errors in superscription might be detected, and mistakes in mailing avoided. Head letters with the name of the writer's post office and State, street and number. Sign them with

full name and request that answers be di-

rected accordingly.

All drop letters, or letters to be delivered within the city, must be prepaid by postage stamps, at the rate of 1 per cent a counce or under. Prepayment by stamps required on all letters to places within the United States, at the rate of 3 cents per 1 ounce or under. Full prepayment by stamps required on all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic. Aff letters not prepaid by stamps, all such as are received in the office with stamps cut from stamped envelopes, or with such postage stamps as were in use prior to 1861, or with revenue stamps on them, are treated as "unmailable," and are sent to the dead letter office. Packages containing poisons, oils, explosive chemicals, liquids, or any-thing calculated to injure or endanger the safety of the mails, will not be received. Valuable letters should be in all cases registered; and when money is designed to be transmitted, postal money orders, to secure safety in transmission, should, when practicable, be obtained. Letter postage is to be charged on all hand bills, circulars, or other printed matter which shall contain any manuscript writing whatever. A letter once delivered to any one authorized to receive it, cannot be forwarded without additional postage. All letters or circulars concerning lotteries, so-called gift concerts, or other similar enterprises offering prizes of any kind on any pretext whatever, deposited in this office to be sent by mail, will be treated as unmailable, and sent to the dead letter office. Manuscipt for publication in newspapers, magazines, or periodicals transmitted by mail must be prepaid at letter rates of postage. None but Book MSS. can pass at rates prescribed for transient printed matter.

Postal Rates.—The single letter rates of postage is three cents, throughout the United States, for 1 ounce or under. An additional rate of three cents is required for each additional 1 ounce, or fraction thereof. The following are the quarterly rates of postage, when paid quarterly or yearly in advance, on newspapers and periodicals, issued once a quarter or more frequently, and sent to actual subscribers from a known office of publication. (One copy only) not exceeding 4 ounces or fraction thereof, quarterly, 1 cent; monthly, 3 cents; semi-monthly 6 cents; weekly 5 cents; semi-weekly 10 cents; tri-weekly 15 cents; six times a week 30 cents; daily 35 cents. An additional rate for each additional 4 oz. or fraction thereof. Transient newspapers and miscellaneous mailable matter to be pre-paid by stamps. One package, except books and circulars, to one address, 2 cents per 4 oz.

Unsealed Circulars, not exceeding three in number to one address, 2 cents; over three and not exceeding six to one address, 4 cents. Any larger number the same proportionate rates. Cards enclosed with circulars subject the package to letter postage.

The rules of the office, made in pursuance of instructions from the Post Office Department, forbid persons not in its immediate employ, or otherwise connected with its official transactions, from entering upon the floor. It is hoped that no one, whatever his position will attempt to violate these rules. Persons having grievances against the office on any account, will please report the fact in writing, or in person, to the Postmaster. C. J. ROGERS, Postmaster.

> U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE, Dep. Collector's Office, 4th District, Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 7, 1871.

I shall offer for sale at the Court House in the city of Raleigh, on Thursday, the 7th day of December, 1871, two and one-half acres land, with residence and all out houses thereon, lying within the city of Raleigh, adjoining the lot of J. H. Mills and the land of J. W. B. Watson. Said land belongs to the Devisee of Mary Williamson, deceased, James W. Buck, administrator. Sold to satisfy a claim against the said J. W. Buck, administrator, for U. S. Internal Revenue Succession Tax.

Terms cash. CHAS. D. UPCHURCH, Deputy Collector, 4th District, N. C.

DOYS' SCHOOL. The undersigned will open a School for Boys, in Raleigh, on

Thursday, November 2d, 1871, RATES: Tuition in Classics and English during short term, (16 weeks), Tuition in English branches Modern Languages, Civil Engineering and Practical Surveying Extra.

Terms: Half tuition in advance. THOS. B. BAILEY, A. M.

November 1, 1871.