

read as follows: "The supreme court shall consist of five judges; and two associate judges; Provided, That this shall not apply to the justices during their present term of office, unless by death, resignation or otherwise, the number of associate justices shall be reduced to two.

Alter section two of the fourth article, so that said section shall read as follows: "The state shall be divided into judicial districts, for each of which a judge shall be chosen; and a superior court shall be held at least twice in each year, to continue for such time in each county respectively as may be prescribed by law. The general assembly shall lay off said districts, due time, so that the said nine judges may be chosen and begin their official term at the first general election for members of the general assembly which will occur after the ratification of this section. The general assembly may reduce or increase the number of districts to take effect at the end of each judicial term."

Strike out section thirteen of the fourth article, which fixes the present judicial districts. Amend section thirteen of the fourth article by striking out all after the word "and" and inserting in lieu of the parts so stricken out, the following: "The general assembly shall provide a proper system of rotation for the judges of the superior courts, so that no judge may ride the same district twice in succession, and the judges may also exchange districts with each other, as may be provided by law."

Strike out section fifteen of the fourth article, and insert in lieu thereof, the following: "The general assembly shall have no power to deprive the judicial department of any power or jurisdiction which rightfully pertains to it as a co-ordinate department; but the general assembly shall not make any distinction in the exercise of its jurisdiction which does not pertain to the supreme court, among the other courts prescribed in this constitution or which may be established by law, in such manner as it may deem best, provide a proper system of appeals, and regulate by law when necessary, the methods of proceeding, in the exercise of their powers, of all the courts below the supreme court, so far as the same may be done without conflict with other provisions of this constitution."

Strike out sections thirteen, seventeen, nineteen, twenty-five and thirty-three of the fourth article. Amend section twenty-six of the fourth article by striking out all that part which begins with, and follows the word "but" in said section, and in lieu of the parts so stricken out, inserting the following: "The judicial officers and clerks of any courts which may be established by law, shall be chosen by the vote of the qualified electors, and for such term as may be prescribed by law. The powers of each precinct, established elsewhere provided for in this constitution, shall elect two justices of the peace for such term as may be fixed by law, whose jurisdiction shall extend throughout their respective counties. The general assembly may provide for the election of more than two justices of the peace in those precincts which contain cities or towns, or in which other special reasons render it expedient. The chief magistrates of cities and incorporated towns shall have the judicial powers of justices of the peace."

Amend section thirty of the fourth article by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "precincts;" also in the last sentence of the same section, strike out the words "the commissioners of the county may appoint to such office by the unexpired term," and in lieu thereof insert "an appointment to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term shall be made as may be prescribed by law."

Amend sections one and seven of the fifth article, by striking out the words "commissioners of the several counties" where they occur in said sections, and in lieu thereof inserting the words "county authorities established and authorized by law."

Strike out section four of the fifth article, relating to taxation to pay the state debt and interest.

Amend section six of the fifth article by inserting after the word "instrument" in said section the words "or any other personal property."

Insert the word "and" before the word "surveyor" in section one of the seventh article, and strike out the words "and five commissioners" in said section; and add to said section the following: "The general assembly shall provide for a system of county government for the several counties of this State."

Amend section two of the seventh article, by striking out the word "commissioners" and in lieu thereof inserting the words "county authorities established and authorized by law," and in the same section strike out the words, "the register of deeds shall be ex officio clerk of the board of commissioners."

Strike out section three of the seventh article, and in lieu thereof insert the following: "The county authorities established and authorized by law shall see that the respective counties are divided into a suitable number of subdivisions, as compact and convenient in shape as possible, and marked off by definite boundaries, which may be altered when necessary. Said subdivisions shall be known by the name of precincts. They shall have no corporate powers. The township governments are abolished. The boundaries of the precincts shall be the same as those which heretofore defined the townships until they shall be altered."

Strike out sections four, five, six, ten and eleven of the seventh article.

Amend sections eight and nine of the seventh article, by striking out the words "or townships" where they occur in said sections.

Strike out section three of the ninth article, and in lieu thereof insert the following: "The General Assembly shall make suitable provision by law for the management and regulation of the public schools, and for perfecting the system of free public instruction."

Strike out section five of the ninth article, and in lieu thereof insert the following: "The General Assembly shall have power to provide for the election of trustees of the University of North Carolina, in whom, when chosen, shall be vested all the privileges, rights, franchises and endowments heretofore in any wise granted to, or conferred upon the trustees of said University; and the General Assembly may make such provisions, laws and regulations from time to time, as may be necessary and expedient, for the maintenance and management of said University."

Strike out sections thirteen, fourteen and fifteen of the ninth article, relating to the University of North Carolina. Amend section ten of the eleventh article by striking out the words "at the charge of the State," and in lieu thereof insert the words "by the State and those who do not own property over and above the homestead and personal property exemption prescribed by this constitution, or being minors, whose parents do not own property over and above the same, shall be cared for at the charge of the State."

Alter section seven of the fourteenth article so that said section shall read as follows: "No person who shall hold any office or place of trust or profit under the United States or any department thereof, or under this State, or under any other State or government, shall hold or exercise any other office or place of trust or profit under the authority of this State, or be eligible to a seat in either house of the General Assembly; Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend to officers in the militia, justices of the peace, commissioners of public charities, or commissioners for special purposes."

Add another section to the fourteenth article to be styled "section 8," and to read as follows: "County officers, justices of the peace and other officers whose offices are abolished or changed in any way by the alteration of the constitution, shall continue to exercise their functions until any provisions necessary to be made by law in order to give full effect to the alterations, so far as relates to said officers shall have been made."

Re-number the sections in those articles from which any section has been stricken, without the insertion of another in its stead; and give to any new section that number which by this method would have been given to the section for which it is substituted, and the alterations shall be embodied into the constitution, and the several sections numbered consecutively.

Ratified the 19th day of January, A. D. 1872.

#### New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—A drunken affray between roughs and thieves on corner of Pelham and Cherry Streets relieved the community of two of the combatants.

Augustus Slandonger, proprietor of a restaurant on the corner of Broadway and Broad Streets, is missing.

Robert R. Morton mileage clerk of Morris & Essex railroad is missing.

Anthony Eaton assaulted by target parties is dying.

Advices report multitudes dying in Corea.

#### Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 24.—A cross injunction delays the official report of the election; but Governor Warmoth appears to have the affairs in his own hands. The other returning boards have no ballots to count. The entire fusion ticket except Morrell and Darrell seem to have majorities.

#### Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—The Union Bank of Marietta, Ohio, has suspended payment. The result is attributed to complications growing out of the suspension of J. P. Cutler, which was announced on yesterday.

#### Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—The steamship Batavia rescued the crew of the dismantled and water logged bark Charles Ward. She entered on a hurricane in latitude 49, Longitude 41. Eleven of the crew were drowned.

#### Rhode Island.

NEW PORT, Nov. 24.—Oliver Read has been swindled out of \$17,000 by a bogus Central Pacific income bonds.

#### Foreign.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Yantic and Colorado, and the British steamship Breton, have arrived, with promise of support from the Kedive of Egypt to form an expedition against the slave trade at Zanziba.

#### Markets.

LONDON, Noon, Nov. 25.—Consols 92½; Fives 82.

LIVERPOOL, Noon, Nov. 25.—Cotton opened quiet—Uplands 9½; Orleans 10½.

NEW YORK, Noon, Nov. 25.—Stocks very strong; money firm; gold steady at 124; governments dull and heavy; State bonds quiet; Cotton quiet; Uplands 19½; Orleans 20; sales 2,328; flour steady; wheat shade firmer; corn firm; pork steady at \$24; lard quiet; turpentine firm, \$16; rosin quiet at \$3.85; freights steady.

Official Paper of the United States.  
Official Paper of North Carolina.



There was in the City one Sosis, infamous for his insolence and villainy, who thought the perfection of Liberty was licentiousness of Speech.—PLUTARCH.

THURSDAY, NOV. 28, 1872.

#### Public Printing.

The "conservative" caucus Friday night determined the price of printing. Eighty cents per thousand EMS, and sixty cents per token for press work, was decided on; and the contract is to be given to *The Daily News* of this city.

#### Failed to "Divy."

The member from Moore reminded Senator Worth, in caucus on Thursday night, that he had failed to turn over to Moore county the excess of last year's *per deim* over \$3, as he had promised to do.

Notwithstanding, the Doctor was strenuous for \$1, but the caucus decided on \$5 per day, and ten cents each way.

#### \$7 in '68 Versus \$5 in '72.

Senator Worth reminded the "conservative" caucus Friday night that \$5 now was more than \$7 in '68; which he argued would show to the people that the "infamous Radicals of '68 were more economical with the people's money," than the "virtuous" "conservatives" of '72. Good for the Doctor. A striking truth from the honest 'old Quaker.

#### Truthful Journalism.

The returns of the Presidential election establish the fact that the Radicals have not made a single gain in any county thus far heard from by an increased vote, but that their increased majorities are due directly to the failure of the Conservatives to take any part in the election.—*Daily News*.

Note the following returns:—

Counties.	Caldwell.	Grant.
Bertie,	1,514	1,517
Catawba,	422	441
Cleaveland,	547	558
Columbus,	693	777
Craven,	2,708	2,759
Hallifax,	3,640	3,749
Jones,	639	654
Lenoir,	1,270	1,304
Martin,	1,048	1,291
Northampton,	1,900	1,997
Rockingham,	1,301	1,370
Sampson,	1,464	1,470
Warren,	2,380	2,428
Washington,	917	935
Total,	20,533	21,245
		20,533

Grant's maj. over Caldwell, 712

So, fifteen counties show an increase of 715 votes for Grant over Caldwell; or a gain for Grant over Caldwell of nearly 50 votes to each of these counties!

#### Grant's New Organ.

From the general gassiness of *The News* we judge that it has received a little inspiration from the vicinity of Weldon. One article pompously informs us that *The News* has received information from Washington that Senator Pool is not in the confidence of the administration, and that Grant does not want him elected Senator. However this may tally with the oft repeated assertion of *The News* that Senator Pool was one of Grant's "henchmen," a "tool of the tyrant," a "minion of the oppressor," &c., we are glad to see that it is taking a step towards supporting Grant, as all its readers will soon be doing. It will have to travel fast or its readers will get ahead of it. But it must make no mistake at first. It must understand the situation a little better than to say that the man whom it has constantly charged with securing the passage of the Ku-Klux bill, and controlling all the patronage and all the offices, has no influence in the Senate or with the President. This sort of shallow inconsistency will not do for Grant's new organ, which has suddenly begun to speak by authority from Washington. "We have reason to believe" that *The News* is floundering a little, now-a-days.

In the second Congressional District, 17,000 people were disfranchised by the last Legislature! a party that has clamored for the removal of disabilities for seven years, and whose fight with the general government has been kept up on the complaint of "taxation without representation."

But now behold their action! Read the remarks of Governor Caldwell on the Legislative apportionment. And down with a party of such hypocrisy and meanness.

#### Another Gerrymander—More "Local Government."

The majority of the Alabama Republican State ticket is ascertained to be eight thousand votes. The Legislature is four majority, "conservative," on joint ballot.

So Alabama has been gerrymandered by a "conservative" Legislature almost as badly as North Carolina, and nearly as many of her people denied representation or virtually disfranchised there, as we have here.

And these are the beneficent advantages of "local government" under "conservative" rule.

If the conspiracy to elect John Pool succeeds so far as to produce any disintegration of the Conservative party, the people will know whom to hold responsible, after such disintegration takes place.—*Daily News*.

"The people will know whom" to also honor for doing their duty; and recognizing the high merit of rising superior to party in a great crisis, "the people" will also "know whom" to reward with their confidence and places of distinction and public trust.

As for the "disintegration of the Conservative party," Horace Greeley, *The Daily News* and other birds of that feather, are responsible, and doubtless the twenty thousand Grant majority in this State signifies the condemnation the people mean to express on such "infamous conduct" and "cowardly conspiracy."

Another plan of the conspirators is reported to be to arrest certain members of the Legislature on the day of election or before, on the charge of Ku Kluxing or violation of the Enforcement Act, or some other pretext, as was done in Alabama.—*Daily News*.

The above is so absolutely absurd as to merit no refutation. We only take note of it to say, that Senator Pool, himself, on hearing it rumored, some time ago, that certain alleged Ku Klux gentlemen elect to the Legislature were implicated and might be arrested during the Winter, demanded of the Federal authorities that no member of the Legislature should be arrested pending the Senatorial contest.

No such arrest has been contemplated. None will be attempted, even though the Marshal had a warrant for any democratic member of this General Assembly.

#### The Scare Crows of the Sentinel and News.

The silly attempt of both the above vance organs to completely smother the voice of the people of this State as expressed in a majority of 25,000 at the late election, and by impugning bad motives to all save that disinterested band of "Vance patriots" that are gathered here to force his election is not only impudent but simply intolerable.

They coolly tell the friends of all the other candidates for the Senatorship that you must go into caucus and submit to it or we will tell the people that you are into a conspiracy to elect John Pool. They audaciously charge gentlemen to their own faces that they are influenced by promises of rewards either with office or money if they refuse to obey their behests. Was there ever such effrontery. When did this letter "m" Editor grow so honest? When did *The News*, the mere mouthpiece of a growling faction, grow so powerful as to consign to "infamy" any or all gentlemen who do not "cave in, at its foolish and nonsensical ravings?"

We will tell you both that you are dealing with the honest representatives of an honest constituency, and little will they heed the yelping of such hired tools as you both are. The voice of the people as lately expressed consigned you to oblivion and not their honest representatives who, if they do heed their voice will return to the Senate a man, who, at worst, only advocated a bill that Mr. Greeley, whom you urged them to vote for only a few days ago, gave his warmest support.

What inconsistency! At one breath urge them to vote for Greeley, who pressed the K. K. bill to its passage; and at another breath consign their Representatives to infamy for voting for Pool, who only cast his vote for it!

The *Daily News* in commenting on Governor Caldwell's message to the General Assembly says:

"The Governor tells about the general advantages of education, but advocates no definite system of Public Schools. He fails to tell the Legislature what a miserable failure the present Radical system is and how rapidly the poor children of the State are growing up in ignorance and vice."

Yes, and *The News* "fails to tell" us that the "present Radical system" which it denounces as "a miserable failure," is the work of the last Democratic Legislature! But if it will turn to page 821 of the laws of 1871-'72, chapter 189, section 48, it will find that the school law of 1868-'69 is by that section repealed.

We agree with *The News* that the present system is "a miserable failure," and the late miserable Democratic Legislature is responsible for it.

#### The Daily Era.

The unprecedented and unexpected influx to the Republican party of leading men of prominence and influence, and the startling changes foreshadowed by the immediate future, in the political position and party association of a majority of the people of North Carolina hitherto the opponents of the Republican party, demand at the capital of the State a first class daily newspaper, of matter and dimensions superior to anything hitherto attempted in North Carolina journalism.

To supply the demand and meet the wants of the party, we shall increase the size of *The Era*, add to our printing facilities, and attach steam power to our press.

While this will involve an immediate cash outlay of several thousand dollars, and increase our annual expenses to thirty or forty thousand dollars, we take the step advisedly, for we know whereof we speak, when we say, that the rank and file, the field and general officers of the late "conservative" organization are marching as rapidly as they can to the camp of the Republicans, and before the Summer months are over, the majority of the white men of North Carolina will be enrolled in the organization of the Republican party.

We know that the purpose of the stanchest "conservatives" is only to keep together until the Senatorial election next week; then they are bound to dissolve, and the mass of their followers will then openly flock to the Republican party. So, the patrons and friends of *The Era* will double and treble that of any paper ever published in the State, and the enlargement and improvement we have determined on is not only demanded, but we are amply justified and sustained in it.

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

##### The Statesville Celebration.

To the Editor of *The Era*:

SIR—I noticed in yesterday's *Era* a communication signed "Swannanoa," referring to the late Republican Jubilee held in this place, which says that it was "a sectional celebration," and that Rowan, though largely represented, was not recognized. The Republicans of Iredell and of Statesville, deeply regret that any omission in the hurry of the programme and proceedings of the evening, or other matter, connected therewith, certainly not intentional, should be construed into affording grounds for dissatisfaction to any of our good friends that contributed to, or participated in, the Jubilee. Our Republican friends of Rowan, and Salisbury, did much to make the affair a success, and have the thanks of Iredell Republicans for the valuable aid rendered. They brought up a cannon, Capt. John A. Ramsay and others, fired the salutes, and supplied the ammunition, I suppose, besides other services rendered. The band was from Charlotte, sent up I suppose, by Republicans of that place.

The Republicans of Iredell, assure them, one and all, that if anything was done, or omitted to be done, that did not meet their approbation, it was not by design, and is much regretted.

AN IREDELL REPUBLICAN.

Statesville, Nov. 22, 1872.

#### DIED.

On the 12th instant, WILLIAM PENN, youngest son of W. R. and Perilina E. Ashworth, aged two years and eight days. An interesting child; he was playful nearly to the hour of death.

#### NATIONAL HOTEL, at Salisbury, FOR RENT!

The undersigned, proprietor of said Hotel, desirous of a change of his business, offers to sell or rent the Hotel, which is well furnished with every thing new, and in good order.

The stand is in the centre of business, and the house a large and substantial brick building, three stories high. A splendid chance for keeping a first class house, if application be made immediately, at moderate rent.

M. A. BRINGLE

Nov. 18, 1872.

#### COTTON TIES!

25,000 Gooch Cotton Ties for sale by

85—dlm W. H. DODD.

#### COTTON MARKETS.

By George T. Stronach & Bro., Dealers in Cotton and Nava Stores, Market and Martin Streets.

Receipts at Raleigh, 38 bales.

QUOTATIONS: Ordinary, 15; Good ordinary, 16½; Low middling, 17½.

#### WHOLESALE PRICES.

By Messrs. Pool & Meering, Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner Wilmington and Martin Sts.

Cotton—per lb., 17½

Corn—per bushel, \$ 1 00

Oats—per bushel, 75

Flour—N. Carolina family, 8 50@8 75

Baltimore Family, 11 00

Bacon—per lb., 11½

Salt—per sack, 3 25

Cotton Yarn— 1 75

Corn Meal—per bushel, 1 10

#### RETAIL PRICES.

By Messrs. Marcom & Alford, Grocers and Commission Merchants, Hargett Street.

Bacon—Baltimore smoked, 13 @ 15

—unsmoked, 11 @ 13

—strips, 14 @ 15

—shoulders, 10 @ 11

—N. C. & Canv. Hams, 20 @ 22½

Butter—per lb., 30 @ 35

Beeswax—per lb., 22½ @ 25

Beef—on hoof, 5 @ 6

—per quarter, 5 @ 7

Coffee—per lb., 25 @ 35

Cotton Yarn—per bale, 1 70

Corn—per bushel, 1 00 @ 1 10

Chickens—per piece, 15 @ 20

Eggs—per dozen, 22½ @ 25

Flour—per bbl., 8 50

Fodder—per 100 lbs., 1 25 @ 1 50

Hay—per 100 lbs., 60 @ 75

Hides—green, per lb., 6 @ 7

—dry, per lb., 13 @ 14

Leather—per lb., 30 @ 40

Lard—per lb., 12½ @ 15

Molasses—per gallon, 30 @ 50

—Golden Syrup, 80 @ 100

Meat—per bushel, 100 @ 1 10

Oats—per bushel, 65 @ 70

—Sheaf, per hundred, 1 25 @ 1 50

Pork— 9 @ 10

Potatoes—Irish, per bush., 60 @ 75

—sweet, per bush., 40 @ 50

Sugar—crushed, 20 @ 50

—extra C., 16 @ 16½

—P. R., 15 @ 10

—common, 12½ @ 100

Salt—per sack, 3 25

Tallow—per lb., 8 @ 10

Vinegar—per gallon, 40 @ 50

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

##### THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN

##### JURUBEBA

##### BLOOD PURIFIER

It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from continued use brings Piles and kindred diseases to aid in weakening the invalid, nor is it a colored liquor, which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and alterative, pronounced so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba retains all the medicinal virtues peculiar to the plant and must be taken as a permanent curative agent.

Is there want of action in your Liver and spleen? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c. Take Jurubeba to cleanse, purify and restore vitiated blood to healthy action.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach?—Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropsical Tenacity, General Weakness or Lassitude. Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.

Have you weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Cholera, Diarrhea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels. Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammations.

Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary organs? You must procure relief, or you are liable to suffering worse than death. Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life becomes a burden.

Finally it should be perfectly taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are otherwise in great danger of malarial, miasmatic or contagious diseases. JNO. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y., Sole Agent for the United States. Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

#### NOTICE.

In the matter of Wm. F. Higgins, Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

Pamlico District of North Carolina—ss. This is to give Notice, That on the 12th day of November, A. D. 1872, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Pamlico District of North Carolina, against the estate of Wm. F. Higgins, of the county of Wake, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the doing of any act by him are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Raleigh, N. C., before A. W. Shaffer, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 24 day of December, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

SAMUEL T. CARROW,

Per J. R. ONELL,