THE ERA AND EXAMINER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1874.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

LECTURE LAST NIGHT.—Theo. N. Ramsay delivered a lecture at the First Baptist Church (colored) last night, on the subject of temperance, to a large audience. He has delayed his departure eastward for a few days.

WIRE MATTRASS.—We viewed an elegant wire mattrass of an entirely new patern at Morris & Co.'s on yesterday. It is light and springy, made by the National Wire Mattrass Company and will fit most any kind of a bedstead.

DEATH OF SYLVESTER BEASLEY.—This old and respected citizen departed this life at his residence on the road leading to the Lunatic Asylum, Wednesday night last. He had been in bad health for a considerable time. May he rest in peace.

THE STATE GRANGE, PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.—The State Grange will assemble in this city on the 18th inst., and remain in session two or three days. Raleigh Grange is making the necessary arrangements for this important meeting. One of the largest halls will be secured for the Patrons free of charge, and it is proposed to give the "grangers" a supper on the 19th at one of the prominent hotels in the city. The railroad companies have reduced their regular rates, and we learn the hotels in Raleigh will do the same thing.

MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—The house of representatives on yesterday, as will be seen from a reference to our proceedings of the same, passed an act, introduced by Mr. McGehee of Person, authorizing a meeting of the trustees of the University of North Carolina in the city of Raleigh, on the 18th of February, 1874. The senate will no doubt concur. This meeting will be composed of those who were, a few days since, elected trustees by the legislature. We hope to see all of them present at the designated time.

VISIT OF LADIES TO THE LEGISLATURE.—We are glad to notice that our wise men, the law makers, in both branches of the legislature, are seemingly becoming more magnetic. They are beginning to *draw*, and visits from the ladies of the city are becoming frequent to listen to the debates and witness the proceedings generally.

The approving smiles of woman always exert an exhilarating, we may say beneficial effect upon man, and we trust, in this instance, redounds to the benefit of the State also. One thing we do know is that when pretty girls are in the gallery's fine looking young members quickly leave the lobbies and resume their lordly seats, and the hard working speakers and clerks are not near so troubled by, "What's the question Mr. Speakre?" "How's my name recorded?" &c. Nothing personal—only a *space hoss*.

EXECUTIVE SESSION OF THE SENATE.—The senate assembled yesterday afternoon at 3 p. m., for the purpose of considering the nominations sent to that body by his Excellency Governor Caldwell on the 29th ultimo. The nominations were as follows:—

Directors of the Insane Asylum—Wesley Whitaker, Esq., Col. Thomas G. Walton, G. W. Stanton, Esq., Dr. T. L. Banks, T. M. Argo, Esq., Dr. S. G. Collin, Dr. J. C. Ramsay, E. W. Pou, Esq., Anderson Betts, Esq., Gen. W. D. Jones, Col. C. L. Harris, James M. Pool, Esq., Rev. G. W. Brodie and Rev. J. W. Hood.

No action was had upon the above names, they being postponed to another session.

Trustees for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Institution—John Nichols, Esq., Albert Johnson, Esq., R. S. Tucker, Esq., Chas. D. Heartt, Esq., James J. Nowell, Esq., W. W. White, Esq., and Hardy Lockhart, Esq., were all confirmed.

Directors for the Penitentiary—Rev. G. W. Welker, J. R. Harrison, Esq., J. S. Allen, Esq., J. M. Coffin, Esq., Stewart Ellison, Esq., were confirmed, with the exception of Rev. G. W. Welker.

The names of Thos. R. Purnell, Esq., as Librarian, and Isaac W. Rogers, Esq., were confirmed at a previous session.

THE TELEGRAPH.—The telegraph is still in a crippled condition, though business continues to be done quickly, via Augusta. The lines north of Weldon are still unrepaired. We hear friend Storey, with his corps of hands, with an extra engine, has been getting on swimmingly on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, having mended some twenty bad breaks during yesterday, and no doubt will be able to accomplish the jointing of the remaining ones today. Communication west of us is also still broken, but the employees hope for the best to-morrow. Persons having communications for Charlotte can have them transmitted, nevertheless, via Augusta and Columbia. Never in the history of the telegraph, especially in this section of the South, has the Western Union sustained so much vexation and loss, such was the immense damage done by the late storm. The lines in this State, save a portion of the North Carolina road, are almost new, and have recently had a thorough overhauling; but it seems with all their strength, they were unable to stand the severe gale of wind and sleet.

A RAILROAD IN A JUNIPER SWAMP.—It is not generally known that a railroad of iron rails and an iron horse is penetrating the country from Jamesville, in Martin county, to Washington, in Beaufort county.

This is a private enterprise mainly, and is the work of the Jamesville Lumber Company. The road has already progressed from Jamesville to one mile and a quarter across the Beaufort line and is pushing on to Washington. Some twenty miles are already completed and in running order.

Last week a party of Martin gentlemen, composed of Maj. E. H. Bailey, A. A. Crookston, Dr. J. J. Smith, Geo. M. Burroughs, H. W. Mizell and James Edwin Moore took the cars at Jamesville and proceeded to the head of the road in Beaufort county. At Deep Run Mill, the shingle and lumber works of the company, they were joined by a party of Washingtonians, consisting of Maj. Thomas Sparrow, J. G. Blount, R. R. Cherry, J. Rosenthal, Hiram Stilley, Wyley Grist, Samuel Grist, O. W. Telfair, C. J. Harding, John Archiball, E. G. Hodges, Louis Quinn, A. G. Staton, W. W. Shaw, Eli Swarner, S. Fleming, D. N. Bogart, J. N. Bell, J. C. L. Hamilton, John Smallwood, J. A. Staton and A. C. Latham.

Some idea of the works of this company may be gathered from the fact that the mills of the company at Deep River are daily turning out from fifteen to twenty thousand feet of lumber and from ten to twelve thousand shingles per day.

At Waring station this company has formed a settlement, built a fine hotel and furnished it in the modern style of luxury and comfort.

Proceeding to the head of the road the whole party returned to Jamesville, which, under the auspices of the business of this lumber company has grown into quite a thrifty and business town.

Leaving Jamesville the excursion party went back to Waring, when a collation was spread at the hotel and some speech-making was had, Messrs. Moore, Sparrow, Stilley, Waring (of the company) Dr. Smith, Major Crookston, Mr. Bogart, of the Washington *Express*, Mr. Lightfoot (of the company) and Joseph Rosenthal participating.

This company is doing a great work for the eastern part of the State, and too much cannot be said in behalf of northern capitalists who come down here to do thus for us.

A general invitation is extended, to travel free over the railroad, to all who may wish to look at the country, and inspect the development the Jamesville and Washington railroad and lumber company is making.

Prominent Personals.

Major Crenshaw, of Louisburg, is at Mrs. Pullen's.

Mrs. Wm. A. Jenkins of Warrenton, is at the Yarborough Hotel.

Capt. W. J. Woodward of the New York *South*, is at the Yarborough.

Capt. J. C. Dame, southeast passenger agent, Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was in the city yesterday.

Robt. L. Smith, Esq., has sold the Washington *Express* to Mr. D. N. Bogart, of Washington, who will hereafter issue the paper on Mondays.

At the instance of Hon. C. L. Cobb, an examination for candidates for cadetship to the United States military academy at West Point will be held, for the first district, at Edenton, Tuesday, February 17th inst.

Senator Todd is said to be the most expert horse back rider in the State, but he made a mistake when he mounted Bill Smith. The rider will be ridden before the consolidation jorney is finished, i. e. he don't mind his girts and skins.

SUPREME COURT.—This court met at the usual hour, all the judges being present.

The following cases were argued on yesterday from the 11th district:—

J. C. Halyburton vs Thos. P. Greenlee from McDowell. Gaither and Bynum for plaintiff; Folk and W. W. Fleming for defendant.

Commissioners of Henderson vs commissioners of Rutherford, from Henderson. J. H. Merrimon for plaintiffs; J. T. Carson and J. C. L. Harris for defendants.

Benjamin W. Ball et al vs Caleb King exr, McCorkle and Bailey for plaintiffs; J. H. Merrimon for defendant.

Virgil S. Lusk, assignee, vs Ephraim Clayton from Buncombe. A. T. & T. F. Dadvidson for plaintiff; J. H. Merrimon for defendant.

Virgil S. Lusk, assignee, vs P. P. Patton from Buncombe. A. T. & J. F. Davidson for plaintiff; J. H. Merrimon for defendant.

W. Pill Wells vs F. Studer from Buncombe. T. D. Johnston for plaintiff; A. T. & T. F. Davidson for defendant.

The following causes were called and set for hearing at the end of the district:—

J. M. Cregmiles vs Daniel Reynolds et al from Buncombe.

G. W. Crawford, admr., vs Thomas Lytle from McDowell.

SPECIAL TERM OF WAKE SUPERIOR COURT—HIS HONOR JUDGE TOURGEE PRESIDING.—The following causes were heard and disposed of in this court on yesterday:—Byrd vs. Gatling. Judgment for plaintiff. Appealed to the supreme court.

Cooper vs. Gatling. Judgment for plaintiff. Appeal to supreme court.

Carrow vs. Fullings. Judgment against plaintiff for costs.

Baugh vs. Cameron. Verdict for plaintiff.

Utley vs. Harris. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Carr vs. Kitchen. Judgment for plaintiff.

Fann vs. Cook. Verdict for plaintiff. Verdict set aside. New trial ordered.

Greenwald vs. Stronarch. Judgment for plaintiff.

Young vs. Heartfield. Judgment against plaintiff for costs.

McNeill vs. R. & A. A. L. Railroad. Judgment for defendant.

Fentress vs. Mosely. Judgment for plaintiff.

Isadore Rosenthal ex Parte. Order of naturalization.

Baker vs. Betts. Verdict for defendant.

GAS LAST NIGHT ON THE STREETS.—We are happy to make the announcement to those who did'nt come out last night for fear they would have to grope in the dark, that all the streets were lighted, and we herewith return our thanks to those in charge, and request that they put the washing brigade on to-day or to-morrow and shine them up. We don't know whose business it is to have the washing brigade out, but we refer the matter in committee of the whole to our friend Capt. Sam'l Merrill, who no doubt does know all about the gas question. A member of the Senate the other night in trying to his utmost to fulfill every duty, was making his way from the Cottage hotel to a night session of that honorable body and strutted his Senatorship into a deep gully for the want of light. We assure him there's no danger now.

AN EVENING CALL AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.—We stepped into the office of the Southern Express Company on yesterday evening for a moment, being on the grand rounds, and hearing sounds of sweet, melodious music, inquired of our friend Jack Williams, and others present, what was up?—from whence cometh those airs so gently wafted from aloft? We were politely answered, Why, didn't you know the Agent had an organ? No, says we. Well, he has. Mr. Bryan has purchased one of those nice little parlor organs, made by Waters, of Nat Brown; and Prof. Schneider, the great musical genius, is, at this time, giving him lessons. Judging from the time and tone, we think he'll learn.

We understand that the choir of one of our fashionable churches will occasionally meet at his rooms for practice.

BALL IN FAYETTEVILLE.—Grand preparations are being made in our sister town of Fayetteville for a ball which is proposed to take place on the evening of Wednesday next, the 11th inst., given by the young men in return for the compliment of the same lately from the married men of that town to them.

We learn Williams' new theatrical hall is the objective point where the "tripping on the light fantastic" will occur. Success and much pleasure attend them on the eventful occasion, is the wish of this writer.

The Siamese twins were found to be in a good state of preservation, but they were re-encased and partially embalmed to preserve them until they reached Philadelphia. Doctors W. H. Pancoast, Harrison, Allen, Thomas H. Andrews and Colonel Bitting, of Philadelphia, were the parties who went for and obtained the bodies. The twins were small men, and the double chair they occupied would just comfortably seat a large man. The chair was also taken to Philadelphia.

REMAINS OF THE SIAMESE TWINS.—The remains of the Siamese twins having been secured by the eminient surgeon, Dr. Pancoast, and other leading Philadelphia and New York physicians, passed through Greensboro in charge of the Southern Express Company on Wednesday night last, consigned to Philadelphia, where they are to undergo dissection in the great cause of science.

EXCAVATION ON NEWBERN AVENUE.—There is an unsightly and dangerous hole three feet deep in Newbern avenue, near the residence of Sheriff Lee, on the sidewalk, caused by wagons driving on the same over a concealed wooden culvert, thereby breaking it in. It would be well for the proper attention to be given to it immediately, as any one night easily break a leg there now before the moon gets up, causing a lawsuit against the city quicker than lightning.

REDUCTION IN FREIGHT BY EXPRESS.—We are informed that the Express Company has recently ordered a considerable reduction in their tariff both on money and freight packages; for instance, fifty cents per hundred pounds to Greensboro, and other points in like proportion. We commend them for their liberality.

DEATH AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.—We learn that a young lady patient, Miss Lucy Walker, of Franklin county, died at the Lunatic Asylum, Wednesday last, of typhoid fever. Her remains were carried home by relatives on yesterday.

There are two hundred and twenty-one patients in this institution at present.

State News.

Mr. W. P. Hughes, of Greensboro, went to Mount Airy with the Philadelphia doctors, and made photographs of the Siamese twins.

Mr. Howell, who was injured by the upsetting of the 8th ult., at Gudger's Ford, near Old Fort, has instituted a suit for $25,000 against the proprietor of the stage line, Mr. E. T. Clemmons.

A letter, dated Norfolk, from Col. Gray, who is connected with the immigration movement, to the Greensboro *Patriot*, says:—

I am here to arrange for the reception and attention to the comforts of the coming immigrants. I am so impressed with the warm, cordial and hearty welcome and hospitable treatment received at the hands of the people of Greensboro, Winston, Salem and Reidsville, that I shall speak loud in their praise. I saw a fine country and an energetic people. Of course I do not allude to those who congregate to see a horse refuse to work.

Resolutions of Confidence and Support.

SENATE CHAMBER,
Raleigh, N. C. Feb. 3rd, 1874.

At a republican caucus, held on the 3rd of February, 1874, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, 1. That this caucus recommend *The Daily Examiner* and *Weekly Era and Examiner* to the republican party of this State, as a paper worthy of its confidence and support.

Resolved, 2. That all republican members of this general assembly be requested to subscribe to this paper and use all of their influence in giving it circulation and support.

(Signed,) SQUIRE TRIVETT,
Pres't of the Rep. Caucus.
EDWARD R. DUDLEY, Secretary.

Severe Criticism of Queen Victoria.

The continued seclusion of Queen Victoria elecits observations from British journalists; which, within living memory, would have cost them dearly. In 1812 Leigh Hunt and his brother were respectively fined five hundred pounds and committed to two years' imprisonment one for writing and the other for printing that the Prince Regent, afterwards George IV., was "an Adonis of fifty." The last received number of the *Weekly Dispatch*, a paper which has a circulation of 200,000 among the working classes of London, speaks out in the following exceedingly plain manner:—

"The Queen is enormously rich, and her income is hoarded up; she possesses many palaces, and scarcely ever inhabits any of them for more than a few weeks together, and even then the spirit of seclusion reigns; her state and hospitality are delegated to her sons, who are nearly always abroad, or sporting in Norfolk or among the Highlands, and she herself is generally in retreat at Balmoral. We say none of this with any view of offence, but it is incontestable that a Monarch without a Court is a paradox." It adds that the Queen's privy purse "is surely equal to fivefold of that which is really drawn from it.—Besides which, almost all the members of her Majesty's family are lavishly provided for. Taken altogether, this Royal establishment costs not one farthing less than a million sterling a year, which would not be extravagant if the country saw some return for it, in encouragement to trade, in promoting the brilliance of the annual season, in thought and care for struggling interests. But no. On one hand we have a recluse at Balmoral, and, on the other, a sportsman at Sandringham." Fifty years ago such sentences as these would have subjected the writer to prosecution and persecution for sedition.

An Account of the Dissolution of the Heavy Cotton Firm of New York, Thomas Perkins & Co.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—It now transpires that the recent dissolution of the heavy cotton firm Thos. Perkins & Co., No. 141, pearl street New York, was owing to the fact that all of the five clerks had been speculating for two years, and making good their losses of firms fund's. Unable to longer conceal defalcations they made a clear breast of it at the commencement of the year when dissolution followed by mutual consent.

H. M. Taber, the wealthy cotton broker who was special partner, for one hundred thousand dollars, and brother-in-law of one of the defaulting clerks has been appointed receiver by order of the Superior Court, and will settle the business of the firm.

The Republic or the Empire.

Our recent letters from France have shown cogent reasons why the preesnt so-called republican form of government in that country is not likely much longer to last. The undisguised affection for the House of Bonaparte which was revealed on the occasion of the anniversary of the death of Napoleon III, ought not to be mistaken or misinterpreted. Our sympathy with the French Republic has never been concealed. We rejoiced with France, as we had formerly rejoiced with Spain, when the republic was proclaimed, and we wished the one, as we wished the other, godspeed. The French people, however, must be allowed to be the best judges in matters of government which specially concern themselves. If they prefer the monarchy to the republic, or the empire to both, that is their affair, not ours. France is not a unit on political questions; but the tendency of the moment seems adverse to the republic and inclining towards the empire.—*N. Y. Herald.*

CANDIDATES, KISSING AND THE MEASLES.—We are told by a high authority that next to green parasols for their wives, at seven-and-six-pence apiece, there's nothing that so charms and wins hesitating voters as the kissing of their respective infants by the anxious candidate for office. Gloomy and fearful as the ordeal may be, many an unselfish patriot has nobly borne it, animated by a glowing consideration of his country's interests. Mud pies could not deter him, nor molasses scare. But if we may believe an Englishman who has long been a candidate, an element of danger has entered into this performance which promises to end it forever. No less that three several and distinct times has Mr. Horseman caught the measles through his fearless and determined kissing the babies of electors. The most resolute canvasser may well pause at this intelligence, and ask himself whether it be worth while to dare measles for the sake of office.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NOON DISPATCHES.

Destructive Fire in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, February 5.—Baker & Barton's oil works were burned today.

Fire and Loss of Life.

GUILDFORD, ME., Feb. 5.—The house of I. Wharff, with himself, wife and son, were burned here today.

Meeting of the National Grange in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 5.—The seventh annual session of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, convened at the Southern Hotel to-day. Thrirty-two States and two Territories were represented by Masters of State Granges. About 30 ladies were present.

Annual Convention of the National Reform Association.

PITTSBURG. Feb. 5.—The annual convention of the National Reform Association met at 2 o'clock to-day, at Lincary Church. An immense audience was present, embracing delegates from every State in the Union, and old evangelical denominations. The only Southerner among the officers was Jos. Bowers, of Florida, one of the vice-presidents.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senator Carpenter Introduces a Bill to restore the Rights of Louisiana.

WASHINGTNN, Feb. 5.—SENATE—Mr. Carpenter introduced a bill to restore the rights of the State of Louisiana, and said he would ask that it be printed and lie on the table for the present. Early next week he would ask the indulgence of the Senate to submit some remarks in explanation of the bill, and would then ask it to be referred. So ordered.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of the bill for the protection and prosecution of the work of improvement at the mouth of the Mississippi river.

Cuban Disturbances.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—A private letter from Havana, says that the affair at Trinidad is regarded as an exceptional case, and not at all indicative of a general uprising of the negroes, and burning of plantations. The opinion prevails that the insurgents will soon be able to cross the old tracha in comparative force. Heretofore they have been able occasionally to cross in small portions. Should they succeed in crossing in large numbers, burning of plantations is inevitable.

A secret organization is thought to exist with ramifications extending to all parts of the Island, the object of which is to give moral and material support to insurgents wao if successful in their operations in the central and eastern departments, will endeavor to pass into the Villas District, and it is conceded that the Spainards are just now in a tight place and need meat and money to carry on the war. Want of both is apparent and is telling severely against the Spaniards.

FROM LONDON.

The English Election-Disturbances in Various Parts of the Kingdom.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Disraeli addressed a meeting at Newport, Pagnell, yesterday, and in the course of his remarks he said: "Gladstone's Irish policy had utterly failed. Instead of producing tranquility in the country, Ireland was now in a more disturbed state and more stringently governed than ever before. He said but that for university of London Mr. Lowe would be without a seat in parliament for his unpopularity was such that his appearance on any hustings would endanger his life.

Throughout the whole of Disraelies speech the mob was pelting, with stones, the windows of the hall in which the meeting was held. They attempted to break up the meeting when a free fight ensued.

Polling, at Hackney, has been declared void because of informality.

Additional returns show that the conservatives have gained one seat each at Buckingham. Canterbury, Christ Church, Marylebone, New Castle, Ontyne, Salisbury, St. Ives, and Liberals have gained one each at Abigdon, Hantlepool, Monmouth and Stockport.

The liberal members of parliament have been re-elected from Darlington, Huddersfield, Hull, Lecester and Perth, by a large majority. Numdella and Roebuck are elected from Sheffield—Roebuck heading the list by one hundred votes.

Mr. Forsyth, conservative, at Marleybone, had a majority of 1500 over the liberal candidate.

Sir Joseph Cowen, radical, was returned from New Castle, defeating his conservative opponent by 2000 majority.

Home rule candidates have been elected in the Irish constituency of Mallow and Young Hall, county of Cork.

At Staley Bridge, Lancashire, serious riots occurred during the progress of the election, and many persons were injured.

At Dumont, Worcestershire, a conflict occurred between an imported mob of Irish and miners. Numbers of houses were ransacked, and much property was destroyed. The riot act was read, all shops were closed, and it was feared the whole population would rise against the intruders. A company of soldiers was sent from Birmingham to aid the authorities in the restoration of order.

The Simese Twins--Their Bodies Embalmed and Sent to Philadelphia.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—A Despatch from Richmond, Va., says, the scientific medical commission from Philadelphia arrived at Mount Airy Saturday last. Sunday a consultation was had with the wives of the Simese twins, which resulted in obtaining consent to the proposition of the commission on condition and with distinct understanding that the bodies should not be mutilated. The commission repaired to the cellar where the remains of the twins were and opened the coffin and then removed the inner coffin to the room above.

The bodies were in good order. Chang's features were partially distorted, those of Eng being natural. The widows then entered the room and took a final farewell of the remains, and left them to the doctors. Partial examination was then had, which was followed by consultation. Partial embalment of the bodies was the nperformed. The bodies were once more covered and the coffin was securely soldered in the tin box, again boxed and after obtaining consent of the widows, removed to Mount Airy and thence to the railroad station for transportation to Philadelthia.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Army Appropriation Bill up most the Day---Louisana and Texas R. R. balance of the Session--The Bill to improve the Mouth of the Mississippi River, as passed, Directs the Secretary of War to Assume control of the Work--Carpenter's Bill regarding Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The house spent most of to-day's session on the army appropriation bill, but did not finish it.

The bill extending the time to complete the railroad from the Louisiana and Texas State lines to the Mississippi river, opposite to Vicksburg, was reported by Mr. Morey from the committee on public lands and sent to the committee of the whole.

SENATE—Mr. West's bill to improve the mouth of the Mississippi river. as passed by the senate, the secretary of war is directed to assume full control over the particular channel at the mouth of the river now in course of excavation or improvement by the government of the United States, so far as may be necessary to the carrying on and protection of such excavation and improvement, and until the same be completed. He may establish such regulations respecting the use of or passage through such channel as he shall deem needful to fully protect the channel and facilitate the excavation and improvement thereof. Any person interfering with or obstructing or attempting to obstruct the said improvement, or any person who shall wilfully or negligently strand or sink any boat or craft in said channel, or who shall wilfully or negligently obstruct said channel, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding $50, or imprisonment for more than six months, or both, in the discretion of the court. There was a long discussion over the bankrupt bill.

Carpenter's bill to restore the rights of the State of Louisiana commences with a long preamble declaring that there is no Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Auditor of Public Accounts, Superintendent of Education or legislature elected by the legal voters of the State of Louisiana according to the coustitution and laws thereof, and there is no provision in said constitution and law for the election of said State officers before the next regular election, to be held in November, 1876; that the said offices are now filled *de facto* by persons claiming to hold them under a pretended fraudulent and void canvass of the votes given at the last general election; that pretended legislature has been organized in pursuance of illegal general orders, issued by a judge of the United States circuit; that the president's proclamation, recognizing the said persons as legal officers of said State, was issued upon the representations of said persons who, it now appears, are not legal officers; that the people of Louisiana are in danger of being oppressed and involved in vexatious litigation by acts of the pretended legislature, and that the public peace in Louisana is now preserved during the existing state of things at the expense of the United States, and by retaining a part of the army in said State. Therefore, the bill provides for holding an election in Louisiana on the fourth Tuesday of next May for the above named State officers, and for such members of the legislature as ought to have been chosen in November 1872. The president of the U. S. is required to appoint some person, or to designate some officer of the army not below the rank of major general to act as superintendent of said election and this superintendent is to appoint two citizens of Louisiana, of opposite political parties, to be State registers, and the registration is to be commenced within twenty days after the enactment of this bill and to be completed ten days prior to date of election. These registrars are required to appoint two supervisors of registration of opposite political parties in each parish except Jefferson and Orleans, for the former, of which there are to be four supervisors and for the latter two in each ward. The proceeds at great length are to prescribe details of registration and election. These provisions being substantially the same as those contained in Mr. Carpenter's bill of last year. In case the president appoints a civilian to be superintendent of the election, the latter is to receive five thousand dollars for his services, and if any army officer shall be appointed superintendent and shall wilfully fail to perform the duties prescribed by this bill he shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisoned at hard labor not exceeding one year. The bill also provides that it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to employ such part of the land and naval forces of the United States as shall be necessary to aid in the execution of judicial processes and to maintain the public peace, and to sustain the officers appointed under this act in the discharge of their duties, and any act done by any person claiming to be officer of the State of Louisiana or any process issued by any State Court, or officer to enjoin or interfere with the execution of the act is to be treated as absolutely void.

Terrible Fire at Evansville, Indiana--Six Persons Burned to Death --A Father dies with his Child in his arms.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Feb. 5.—At three o'clock this morning a fire was discovered issuing from the grocery of Mr. Mehrs, corner of Heidlebach avenue and John street, and in a few moments the building was enveloped in flames. The inmates of the house were Mehr and his wife and six children, his father-in-law and a book-keeper named George. Of these only the father-in-law and two children escaped from the flames. Mehr's father-in-law says he was awakened by the smoke, and heard cries. He called the barkeeper, who could not be awakened. Mrs. Mehr, he said, had rushed out of the house with two children, who she dropped and returned to the house, but never came forth again. As soon as possible, search was made for the bodies, and all the missing ones were found. Mehr had his youngest child clasped tightly in his arms. The remains of all the victims were terribly charred.

FROM LONDON.

The Elections.--Important Despatch from Sir Garnett Wolsey Commander of the Ashantee Expedition.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The *Times* anticipates a large majority for conservatives in English elections but says the Scotch and Irish votes will turn the scales in favor of the Liberals. The following highly important despatch from Sir Garnett Wolstey Commander of the Ashantee expedition, was received today by Secretary of State:—All white prisoners held by Ashantees bonded to me; the King accepts my terms for cessation of hostilities which he asked, and has agreed to pay indemnity of two hundred thousand pounds. We halt for a few days thirty miles from Coomassie.

The National Grange at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 5.—Last night's session of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandy, was entirely taken up with a discussion as to parliamentary rules for the government of subordinate granges. It has been decided by State agents of the order now here, to leave the question of co-operation entirely to the National Grange, with a view of having constitutional provision made for it. This will defer the matter for another year, as amendments to the constitution must be ratified by two-thirds of the State Granges before they can take effect.

Bodies of Siamese Twins.

PHILADELPHIA, Eeb. 5.—The physicians who went to North Carolina for the Siamese Twins have returned. The bodies will be here to-night by express. The examination will not take place for two or three days and will then be conducted by the College of Physicans. The bodies are reported well preserved.

Landing of a New Atlantic Cable.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Feb. 5.—Collector Howard, of this port, has received orders from the Secretary of the Treasury to allow the landing of the Atlantic cable at Rye Beach without the entering of ships containing it, and to afford the enterprise all aid at the disposal of the government here.

FROM SPAIN.

A Desperate Engagement near Lerida--The Carlists Defeated.

MADRID, Feb. 5.—The minister of war has received intelligence of a desperate engagement near Lerida, between the republicans and carlists. The latter were defeated with heavy loss in both killed and wounded.

Judge Conkling, of New York, is Dead, also John J. James, of New York City.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 5.—Judge Alfred Conkling is dead. He was eighty-five years old.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—John J. James, well known in social, theatrical and political circles, is dead.

A Serious Accident on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—A serious accident is reported to have occurred on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, near Howard, Illinois. No particulars have been recieved.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Robt. F. Ricks, of Rocky Mount, in the county of Nash, and State of North Carolina, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own Petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated Raleigh, Jan. 31st, 1874.
THOS. HAMPSON, Assignee,
32-3w P. O. Raleigh, N. C.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Sion H. Rogers, of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, within the Eastern District of North Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

Dated Raleigh, Jan. 24, 1874.
THOMAS. HAMPSON, Assignee,
42-3w P. O. Raleigh, N. C.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Robert W. Best, of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, with the Eastern District of North Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.

Dated Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 24, 1874.
THOS. HAMPSON, Assignee.
32-3w

TO HOLDERS OF CITY BONDS.

The undersigned, Committee of the Board of Commissioners of the City of Raleigh, propose to be present at the Citizens National Bank, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock, a. m., *every day for one week from this date.*

All holders of City Bonds, running one, two or three years, whether matured or not, are requested to exhibit them to the Committee at one of the hours named.

W. W. WHITE,
H. T. CLAWSON, } Committee.
JAS. H. JONES.
9—tf

VALUABLE

PROPERTY FOR SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS for Sale her Plantation, known as

Streeter Farm.

A healthy location, convenient to good Schools. Churches near by. Fine water. There are some

2,000 Acres of Land;

1,300 in cultivation. Well timbered woodland so arranged as to render fencing, woods mould, very convenient. The very best Shell Marle on all parts of the Farm.

It is useless to speak of the productiveness of these Lands. Corn, all kinds of grain, and Clovers yield abundant; but its reputation is

The line of the New York, Norfolk and Charleston Rail Road is now being run out and it passes through my plantation.

"The Cotton Farm of the East," situated in Greene county, 8 miles from Snow Hill, and 3 miles from Marlboro, Pitt county. A Railroad line recently established within 3 miles of this Farm, leading from Wilson to Greenville, which is designed going into operation this Fall.

Large Commodious Dwelling, all necessary out buildings needful to a farm this size, newly and neatly fitted up.

TERMS shall be easy.

I will sell, if desired, all my personal property with the Farm.

I invite purchasers to visit my place and judge for themselves, or address me.

MRS. VIRGINIA ATKINSON,
9—3m] Marlboro, Pitt county, N. C.

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SPLENDID ILLUSTRATIONS,

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OFFICE OF THE A. & N. C. R. R
NEWBERN, N. C., Dec. 29, 1873.

Notice is hereby given to holders of the mortgage bonds of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company, that Coupons on said Bonds due on the

First Day of January, 1874,

will be paid at the Fulton National Bank, New York, on and after the 10th day of January, 1874, on presentation.
E. R. STANLEY, Pres't.
28 1m A. & N. C. R. R. Co.

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The Spring term will open on Monday, Jan. 19, 1874.

For particulars apply for Circular and Ctaslogue. 27—febl

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Alexander Eatman, of Wilson P. O., Nash county, and State of North Carolina, within the Eastern District of N. C., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own Petition by the District Court of said District.

Dated Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31, '74.
32-3w THOS. HAMPSON, Assignee.

OFFICIAL.

UNITED STATES MAIL.

POST OFFICE DEPAR