THE RALEIGH NEWS

VOL. XII—NO. 88. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1877. $5.00 PER ANNUM.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Corbin of South Carolina Asks for his Seat--The Pacific Road Bill---Mr. Voorhees's Resolution on Finance -- Colorado Contest.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—SENATE.—Cameron, of Wisconsin, presented a petition of David T. Corbin, of South Carolina, asking that his claim to a seat in the Senate from that State may be inquired into and decided by the Senate upon its merits. He moved that the petition be upon the table for the present and gave notice that he would call it up hereafter and move its reference to the committee on privileges and elections; so ordered.

The military committee of the House visited the department of State to examine some documents on file and afterwards heard General Miles the Indian fighter.

The Senate Pacific Railroad committee referred the Texas Pacific Railroad bills to the sub-committee, consisting of Matthews, Lamar, Dorsey, Saunders and Barnum. The construction committee is considered favorable to the road.

The post office committee agreed to report Wickersham again favorably.

SENATE.—Mr. Voorhees, of Indiana, submitted the following resolution, and gave notice that he would call it up on Tuesday, January 15th, 1878, for the purpose of submitting some remarks thereon:

Resolved, That it is of the highest importance that the financial credit of the government be maintained, and in order to do so the government itself, in all its departments, should in good faith keep all its contracts and obligations entered into with its own citizens.

The bill introduced by Mr. Maury of Mississippi, and referred to the Pacific Railroad Committee, allowing the Southern Pacific Company to continue its road from Fort Yuma along the route selected for the Texas Pacific Road until its track meets that of the latter road. The bill grants the lands before allotted to the Texas Pacific which that company has forfeited by not complying with the law requiring the building of the Road within a certain time. The bill contemplates the two companies working from opposite ends towards a meeting point.

The discussion of Mathews's silver resolution was continued.

The Senate then went into an executive session which lasted nearly four hours and resulted in the confirmation of Brady for Collector of Petersburg District, and Bax ter as judge of the 4th judicial circuit, vice Emmons, deceased. Lanty, as Attorney for the Western District of Virginia. Hayt as Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Murray as attorney for the Western District of Tennessee.

The President sent a dozen minor nominations to the Senate to-day, which were of no general or southern interest.

HOUSE.—After the session lasting till 8 o'clock, Mr. Patterson, (Dem.) from Colorado, was seated.

The contest over the Colorado case closed with nip and tuck, the first vote was to seat Belford, Republican. This required yeas 110, nays 128 a almost nearly vote. The second was on motion that there was no valid election, yeas 116, nays 117. Democrats voting aye, Cutler, Stenger, Williams, Potter and Willis. The vote then recurred on the majority report, seating Patterson, Democrat, yeas 118, nays 110.

FRANCE.

A Deputation Waits on the Marshal--Another New Departure --The Bonapartist Deserts MacMahon.

PARIS, Dec. 13.—In replying to the deputation of Senators from the department of Vosges and the city, and many who rep esented the depression in trade and with the entreaty that the President would place himself in direct communication with the Moderate Republicans, MacMahon was much moved, and declared that he had no personal ambition, and was indifferent alike in regard to the Court de Chamber, the Court de Paris and the Prince Imperial, and would maintain the Republican Institutions until 1881. He assured the deputation that he was actuated by the best intentions, and would do nothing that was not dictated by his conscience and the interest of the country.

The uncertainty as to the formation of the Cabinet continues.

The meeting of the Republican Union to-day reaffirmed the resolve not to vote for any portion of the budget so long as the national wishes are not completely satisfied.

The *Constitutional* announces that M. Dufaure and the Duke D. Audiffret Pasquir were again summoned to Elysee yesterday, as President MacMahon refused to accept the programme proposed by M. Batbie.

M. Dufaure is stated to have submitted a list of the parliamentary cabinet, including MM. Bordaux, Bethmont, Say and Waddington.

The *Gaulois* publishes the same intelligence.

The Republican papers express great distrust of these negotiations, and declare that the Left remains firmly resolved to obtain an execution of its whole programme.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—A Pall Mall *Gazette's* despatch from Paris says a deputation from the Bonapartists interviewed President MacMahon to-day and declared that they could no longer support his policy.

TURCO-RUSSIAN WAR.

Resting After the Battle.

More of the Fall of Plevna--Desperate Fighting --- Turks Renewing Offensive Operations--Opening of the Turkish Parliament.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—A Russian official account of the capture of Plevna confirms the details already telegraphed. It says the Turks fought like lions. Seven Pashas were captured. The counting of prisoners and trophies has not yet been completed.

The Emperor was present at thanksgiving service held on the site of the former headquarters of Osman Pasha.

The Parliament has prorogued to January 17th.

The Russians had information three days in advance of Osman Pasha's intention to sortie. At seven in the morning, Osman crossed the Vid by the two bridges, and attacked the Russian positions with such fury that they captured eight cannon, and in a few minutes almost annihilated the Siberski grenadier regiment. The Turks then found themselves under fire of hundreds of cannon of a Russian second line and were attacked by grenadiers who resolved to capture their guns. The Turks were driven back after fifteen minutes bayonet fighting, but continued to fire from the shelter of the banks of the Vid until 12:15, when firing ceased on both sides, and a quarter of an hour afterwards, Osman sent an envoy to treat for a surrender.

Osman's wound is in his leg and is not serious.

The Turks seem to have renewed offensive operations in the neighborhood of Rutschuk.

A report prevailed at Constantinople last night that a great battle had been fought between Metchka and Rutschuk, the result of which is unknown. Thus far, however, official reports from the Turkish headquarters only mention an affair with six Russian battalions.

The *Times* Pera dispatch, dated yesterday, says that the fall of Plevna is still unknown to the Turks generally, so it is impossible to estimate its effect upon the population, which, however, will probably maintain its usual calm.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 13.—No overtures for mediation have yet been made to any of the foreign embassies here.

Chakir Pasha who was appointed to replace Mehemet Ali, has resigned his command on account of ill-health.

The news of the fall of Plevna was received here with calmness and fortitude. The journals urge resistance to the last.

The Turkish parliament was opened to-day by the Sultan. The Turkish dignitaries and foreign embassadors were present.

The speech from the throne was received in tone, and alluded neither to peace nor mediation.

FOREIGN.

Suggestion to Make Constantinople a Free City.

EDINBURGH, Dec. 13.—The *Scotsman's* London correspondent telegraphs as follows: From the most influential quarters a suggestion has been laid before the British Cabinet, that Constantinople be made a free city under the guarantee of the European Powers.

Fire in Helena, Arkansas.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 13.—The fire at Helena, Ark., last night, burned a block. The following were the principal sufferers: J. K. Wooten, queensware, 13,000; Morley & Burke, books and stationery, $12,500; office of *Daily World*, $8,000; J. K. Coolidge, commission merchant, $5,000. The post office in the same building was destroyed, but the mails were saved.

Removing an old Landmark--Sale of East India Bills.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The work of removing Temple Bar commenced yesterday.

India Council yesterday sold 2,000,000 pounds of bills at one shilling 8 9-16 d per rupee. This is lower than anticipated and completely demoralized the silver market.

California Legislature.

SACRAMENTO CITY, CAL., Dec. 12.—In the Democratic caucus of both houses of the Legislature to-night, C. T. Rylan, Mark McDonald, I. T. Farley, Judge Huger, Judge Sepulveda and J. P. Dameron were placed in nomination for United States Senator. Three ballots were taken without a choice.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Political circles have not recovered from the shock of yesterday's battle.

The President and his Secretary of State are reported as utterly indignant but their future course has not yet been indicated.

Convicted of Libel.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Dec. 13.—The jury in the case of Woodward & Doran, publishers of the Sunday *News*, charged with libel by Sheriff Kerkendall, of Luzerne county, brought in a verdict of guilty.

Fire in New Castle, Canada.

NEW CASTLE, ONT., Dec. 13.—The Royal Hotel and a block of buildings, comprising the principal business portion of the town, were burned last night. The loss is estimated at $40,000.

Spontaneous Combustion.

TOLEDO, Dec. 13.—A spontaneous combustion in the dying room burned the Milburn wagon company buildings, loss $45,000.

Recruits for regiments in Texas will be sent by sea from New York to New Orleans and thence overland to Galveston.

Another Heavy Failure.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—James Lealy, foreign and domestic dry goods, failed. Liabilities $120,000, assets $200,000.

L. R. Wyatt.

(Successor to Rand & Wyatt,) will continue the wholesale and retail grocery and cotton business at the old stand, where he will be pleased to serve customers and friends of the late firm with First Class Flour, Bacon, Lard, Sugar, Coffe, Molasses, Salt, Bagging and Ties &c., at prices to suit.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour &c., solicited for storage and sale which will have prompt attention in sales and returns.

d3m

To Country Merchants.

There is no question about it. Send your orders to J. C. Brewster, Holleman Building, where you can have your Northern bills duplicated with a better quality of ware and at a lower price. Send for price list of hardware and stoves. *

Now Well and Strong.

SHIPMAN, Ill., June 13, 1876.

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir: I wish to state that my daughter, aged 18, was pronounced incurable and was fast failing, as the doctors thought, with consumption. I obtained a half dozen bottles of your Discovery for her and she commenced improving at once, and is now well and strong. She took the Discovery last fall.

Very truly yours,
REV. ISAAC N. AUGUSTIN.

Brewster is the man who sells the Cotton King Cook Stove, this stove has more improvements than any other stove in the market, he furnishes more fixtures than is given with any other stove. The price of this stove is considerably lower than ever. It is the only stove in the city made expressly to burn wood. Call early and secure the best bargins in stoves in the State. J. C. Brewster, Holleman Building. *

THE SIEGE OF PLEVNA.

Incidents of the Investment of the Great Stronghold.

(N. Y. Tribune.)

The town of Plevna, with which probably the fate of the Ottoman empire is interwoven, acquired strategical importance early in the war. After crossing the Danube at Sistova, last May, the Russians took steps to capture the neighboring towns. They sent the Ninth Corps against Nikopolis—a Danubian fortress—and seized it after slight resistance. While they were thus engaged, Osman Pasha, stationed at Widdin, a stronghold near the Servian frontier, advanced to the aid of Nikopolis. Finding the town already in the Russians' hands, he turned aside, and occupied Plevna, which the Russian commander had neglected to occupy with cavalry, when marching on Nikopolis. Here, at thirty miles from Sistova, Osman Pasha was on the high road from Widdin to Varna, as well as in direct communication with Sophia, distant ninety miles. In guide books the place was known simply as a centre of internal trade and manufactures. It was near the river Vid, and had a good inn. Politically, Plevna was known as a hotbed of Muscovite intrigue, schools having been established there by Russia to teach Bulgarians the Slavonic tongue, and inspire them with yearnings for freedom.

Discerning the importance of the place, General Kriudener, a Russian commander, sent (July 19) three regiments of infantry to occupy it. These after sharp skirmishing entered the town. They had laid aside their equipments, and were straggling through the streets, when suddenly from a hundred windows and balconies, a vehement fire was poured into them. They were beset on all sides, and had to escape as best they could. In the fight about 2,900 men were lost. This incident at once gave Plevna military importance. If hitherto the Turks had left it almost defenceless, they were now determined to hold it at any risk. Osman Pasha began to fortify the positions commanding the town. The land north and south of Plevna is intersected by small streams tributary to the Vid. These divide the surface into waves or ridges parallel to each other and at right angles to the Vid. On these ridges the Turks constructed their defenses, which formed three or four concentric rings of earthworks round the town. The advanced villages were occupied, and batteries were constructed to sweep the roads. These formidable earthworks were manned by at least 50,000 soldiers collected from the garrisons of Western Bulgaria.

THE FIRST GRAND ASSAULT.

Finding that they could not advance safely into Roumelia, with the strong army at Plevna, on their flank, the Russians resolved to regain it at any cost. They concentrated an army about 32,000 strong, with five regiments of cavalry and 160 guns. With this valiant force, the Russians made (July 31) the fatal blunder of attempting to take the place by storm. General Krudener, with his headquarters at Tristenik, conducted the attack on Grivitza. Prince Carol, of Roumania, commanded the operations against the village of Radishova. Finding about 10 o'clock that Krudener had made scarcely any progress, Prince Schachoskoy resolved to act independently. "Long and anxious," says an eye-witness describing this episode, "was the inspection which the Prince made, as he and his staff rode along the ridges where the Russian batteries were firing; but at half-past 2 his resolution was formed, for he believed his men could strike with effect. This conclusion was arrived at in the face of the fact that he had under him only three brigades, all told, one of which constituted the reserve. In other words, he was about to launch twelve or fifteen thousand men against entrenched positions held by an immensely superior force, and no whit crushed by his preliminary artillery fire. The word once given was hailed with cheers, and the battalions with a swift, swinging step, streamed forward through the glen and up the steep slope behind, marching in company columns, the rifle companies leading. The crest surmounted, a slope had to be descended, and the valley crossed, the battalions having been deployed into line just before reaching the brow of the hill. The Turkish shells whistled through them as they advanced, and the men fell in numbers, but on they went, until between impatience and the havoc caused by the enemy's guns, the fighting line broke into a ragged spray of humanity, and surged up swiftly and loosely. At length, when thousands had fallen in pressing forward to the shelter trenches which protected the Turks, the assailants were not able to go further. They would not give up, and they could not succeed. They charged again and again, and when they could charge no more from sheer fatigue, they stood and died, for they would not retire. The reserve came up, but only to swell the slaughter. Now was the time for the Turks, and when it came, Schackoskoy had not a man left to cover the retreat. The Turks struck without stint. They had the upper hand for once, and were determined to show that they knew how to make the most of it. The Russians withdrew with as much order as they could, but with broken forces, and leaving thousands of wounded comrades to be stabbed on the fields within an hour or two by the Circassian, the Zibach or Bashi-Bazouk."

BOTH COMBATANTS REINFORCED.

This disaster thrilled Europe and elated the Turks. It destroyed for the moment the spell of Russian prowess, which had caused the gloomiest forebodings in Great Britain. It was now believed confidently, that the tide of victory was in favor of the Turks, and it was too late this year for Russia to retrieve her losses. For the moment the Russians seemed stunned by the blow, but within a week they had resumed the operations which have ended in a great victory. In a short time, their lines extended from Tristenik on the northeast to Bogot on the southeast of the Ottoman stronghold. Reinforcements were sent forward from Russia, as well as from garrisons in Bulgaria. Within a month the army was increased so as to number 80,000 infantry, including 28,000 Rumanians. The cavalry mustered 10,000. With the addition of other arms of the service there was a compact, well-equipped force of about 100,000 men, with 250 guns, including siege artillery. On his part, Osman Pasha was not idle. He gathered troops from all available points, and thus raised his army to nearly 75,000 men. Seeing that a chain of fortified positions was gradually encircling him, Osman made one strong effort to break the Russian lines. Early in the morning (August 31) he directed an attack against the Russian left centre in front of Poredin. His cavalry first drove back the Russian picket line between Palishat and Zgaintze. Then, the Ottoman infantry, estimated at 25,000 men, were brought into action. Stubborn fighting ensued. The village of Zgalintze, and another near it, four times changed hands, but ultimately remained in possession of the Russians. Finding they could not make a firm lodgment at any point the Turks withdrew, and assumed the offensive no more.

THE CAPTURE OF LOVATZ.

It was now the Russians' turn to act. A week after the repulse at Plevna, General Skobeloff examined the Turkish defences at Lovatz. He found that the position was stronger than he had supposed. The low hills surrounding the town were strongly entrenched, and Lovatz itself was occupied by from 15,000 to 20,000 Turks, whose tents were standing. There was a strong redoubt on a low hill overlooking the Plevna road, and a high hill on that leading to Selva was covered with trenches, Skoleloff prudently deferred attacking these defences until September 3, when, returning with a larger force, he carried the two redoubts after a fierce engagement, and was soon in possession of Lovatz.

THE SECOND ASSAULT.

Having Lovatz in their hands, the Russians felt encouraged to make another assault on the Plevna defences. Cannonading began on Friday, September 7, and was maintained with great vigor. On the Monday following General Skobeloff began the attack, and secured a position nearer to the Turkish lines. The cannonade meanwhile was kept up on both sides, day and night. At 3 o'clock on Tuesday (September 10) an attack was made by the Russo-Roumanians, on the Grivitza redoubts and on those near the Lovatz road. After terrible fighting, during which the loses of the Russians were enormous, the conflict ended leaving them as the net result in possession of a Grivitza redoubt. The brunt of the conflict had fallen on General Skobeloff, who captured several redoubts, but was forced to abandon them for lack of reinforcements. This affair convinced the Russians that Plevna could only be reduced by regular siege operations. The Imperial Guard was hastened to the scene of conflict. General Todleben, the defender, was placed practically in full control. Under his guidance, Russian troops were sent across the Vid to the rear of Plevna. In this quarter, their operations were attended with signal success. They completed the investment of the town, and advanced westward to Etropol. When these movements were effected, Osman Pasha was completely isolated, and deprived of all chance of relief. The effort to escape toward Widdin which has ended in his surrender, was the only one which he could make with the slightest chance of success.

Wild Man of the Mountains.

(Statesville Landmark.)

The old adage, wonders never cease, is again verified. A gentleman who resides near Fairview, Watauga county, writes under date of November 28th, that, in company with several gentlemen, he went out, the preceding day before, of the Globe Valley. While in the heart of the Valley, some miles from any place of habitation, their attention was attracted toward a peculiar specimen of humanity, some forty yards distant. They neared the object, or giant as he seemed, until they came within twenty steps of him. Then they stopped still, to advise with each other as to whether they should go nearer. While they were consulting, one of the gentlemen gave a yell and jumped toward the wild man, when he started toward the party a few steps, stopped still and began to pound himself in the breast with his ponderous fists. There he stood for two minutes, evincing no power of speech. Suddenly he turned and bounded off with the speed of a deer. The party then repaired to the house of one of the men, secured a gun, pistol, and other articles of warfare, and went in pursuit of this strange being. They searched the balance of the day, but nothing could be seen of the object of their pursuit. During the search they ascended the craggs of Blowing Rock and discovered a small cave, in which was found a bed of leaves and many bones, resembling those of the opossum. It is supposed this cave has afforded this wild man a home for many years. Our correspondent describes the wild man as being about six feet five inches tall, with broad shoulders and long apish arms; smooth face and funnel-shaped head. His body is covered with dark brown hair, near two inches long. His head and a greater portion of his forehead is covered with long, luxuriant, dark red tresses. Our correspondent affirms that this is the first time this wild man has ever been seen or heard of in the neighborhood.

A Confederate Silver Quarter.

(From the Columbus, (Ga.) Enquirer.)

We learned last night that such a coin is in existence as the Confederate quarter of a dollar. On one side it is "stamped with the head of President Jefferson Davis," and was coined in 1862. A gentleman of undoubted veracity said that he saw this piece of money while on the Alabama River, and that as high as $25 was bid for the same by the captain of the steamer, others being made from $5 upwards, and higher prices would have been offered but the owner of the "quarter" said that he would not give it for the steamer and its contents. This, of course, stopped the bidding, more especially after the gentleman said that the memento could not be purchased at any price. His object is to sell it for an immense amount, by some means unknown to any one. That the Confederacy ever coined money is something new to us, as the government never had a mint. How this above mentioned piece came into existence is a mystery, but we do not doubt the same, as a truthful gentleman said that he saw it and offered $5 for the same.

A Singular Accident on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 7, 1874.

Dr Giles: While on duty as fireman on engine 47, about ten miles from this city, on Shore Line road, was accidently thrown off against a rock, train under full head—about thirty-five miles an hour. Was very badly bruised. Your agent was on board. He furnished me with two bottles of Liniment Iodide of Ammonia, from which I received the greatest possible benefit. In four days was able to sit up, and am now ready to commence work. My aged mother also used the Liniment for rheumatism, which it cured.

JOHN GAFFNEY.

The above was witnessed by a number of passengers, and vouched for by T. Magee, conductor.

Pescud, Lee & Co., Agents.

The Fisheries of the Albemarle Sound.

(Farmer and Mechanic, Oct. 15.

Col. Polk, accompanied by Maj. T. B. Ferguson, Fish Commissioner of Maryland, made a survey of the fishing grounds of the Albemarle and its tributaries, last week, with a view to the establishment of a large hatchery for the propagation of shad next spring. They were very favorably impressed with the apparent superior advantages presented by this locality, for such an enterprise, and if satisfactory arrangements can be made, they propose trying the experiment. Should they realize their expectations they will operate the largest hatchery now known in the world, and from which all the shad streams in our State can be abundantly supplied with this cheap and valuable food fish. We get from our Commissioner some interesting statistics, from which we learn that the average aggregate catch during the season in these fisheries, is herring, 49,000,000; shad, 775,000, and about 250,000, pounds of Rock fish. Many of these seines are over 2,000 yards in length, and are drawn in by steam engines. It is in contemplation, for the commissioners of Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina to meet in conference with Prof. Baird, chief of the United States Commission, at an early day, to mature if practicable, some plan to effect the co-operation of these three States, in this important work. With our magnificent stream, we ought, and must have an abundance of this cheap and healthful food for our people and in his work for this object we wish our Commissioner the very best success.

Two Types of Life in Nevada.

(From the Virginia City Enterprise.)

In the Carson *Tribune* of last evening we find this little item:

Judge F. K. Bechtel arrived on the stage this afternoon from Bodie. He is en route to the scenes of his boyhood days in Pennsylvania. The Judge has resided in Bodie since 1862. His implicit faith in the mines has been finally rewarded, and he returns to his Eastern home a wealthy man.

On Friday last a man named Carrolton, here in Virginia City, fifty years of age, blew his brains out. A day or two previous he remarked to a friend that he had a daughter, eighteen years of age, to educate whom he had sent money East; that his daughter had recently married a gentleman there; that they were coming here to see him; and that he would rather die than have his daughter come here and find him poor. He was discharged a few days since from one of the mines; he had drank heavily for two or three days, and on Friday borrowed a pistol from a friend and, bidding him good-bye, turned around and blew his brains out. The cases of Bechtel and of the suicide make between them a pretty good history of this country. In the Consolidated Virginia office yesterday we saw half a million dollars' worth of silver bricks, and outside sat a beggar. Both were types of Nevada—the latter the more common type.

A Necessary Work.

(Norfolk Landmark.)

The University of North Carolina is said, though not remote from the station it is sufficiently removed from the highway of travel to find a disadvantage in this circumstance. In the "good old times" this was a matter of no consequence, and the rivals of the great School were, for the most part, in the same condition. This has been altered of late years, however, and now time and money are both important elements to be considered. Taking this view of the matter, it has been decided, we learn, to build a branch road to Chapel Hill, and this necessary work should be pushed forward without delay. All parts of North Carolina should unite in approving this measure, for it will add greatly to the patronage of the University, which deserves the warmest and most liberal support from all classes of people in our sister State.

Bad Policy.

(Farmer and Mechanic, Dec. 5.)

We learn that a barrel of chestnuts, weighing 187 lbs. was lately shipped from Henry's, on the W. N. C. road, to a merchant in Raleigh. The freight charges on the barrel were $3.39, to wit: $1.00 for the Western N. C. road 119 miles, and $2.39 over the R. & Danville road 135 miles. The price realized did not quite pay the freight and commissions, including the wagon charges from Asheville to the Railroad, 21 miles. No wonder there are few products in the Raleigh market from the mountains of our State, whilst it is flooded with such things brought from Maine and Massachusetts. No wonder that our farmers despair and our railroads go into bankruptcy. Such a policy is death to both country and railroads.

Father Drumgoole's Proteges.

—There is a very worthy Catholic priest in New York, whose heart warmed years ago towards the friendless urchins who circulate the great newspapers of the metropolis. Agents as they are, in their small way, of some of the most prosperous institutions in the country, until Father Drumgoole rose up as their advocate two-thirds of the childish host lived as carelessly as wild beasts. Father Drumgoole established a refuge for them, supplied the lacking care and protection of their parents, saw that they were cleaned and well clothed, and when they came to him cut, wounded and bruised, as such waifs are apt to be, applied Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia to their sores. This is the only surgery that he uses, and his honorable name is one of its strongest endorsements. Pescud Lee & Co., Agents.

To be Attractive is a Duty,

of which ladies may best acquit themselves by the use of Gouraud's Oriental Cream, an article which no lady has ever tried without becoming its lasting patron. Large bottles reduced to One Dollar. F. H. Hearit, agent.

Another reduction in the price of Zephyr and Shetland Wool at Isaac Ettinger's. Prices that will suit all those who have been ordering from New York. Come and see for yourself. *

Your life is in danger when you allow a severe cough or cold to go unchecked. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a cheap, harmless and reliable remedy.

Happy tidings for nervous sufferers, and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked. Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC CO., Cincinnati, O. no18d6odaw

Six hundred pairs plow traces, Oliver's celebrated drilled Plows, Swede's iron and farmer's hardware of all kinds at lowest prices. Julius Lewis & Co., Hardware Dealers, Raleigh, N. C. *

SORE LEGS, varicose veins and ulcers, serious dis-ll-charge, desquamation of the cuticle, are all cured by GILES'S LINIMENT IODIDE OF AMMONIA. Pescud, Lee & Co., Druggists.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used Boschee's German Syrup to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. All persons can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggist to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the German Syrup cannot be too widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by all first-class Druggists in the United States. *

Trunks satchels, valises, shawl straps and a full line of rubbers can now be found at Heller Bros. shoe store.

Just received at Heller Bros. popular shoe store, for children, the best quality button and lace shoes with rawhide tips, neat looking and durable.

The best quality boys and girls school shoes always to be found at the regular shoe store of Heller Bros., No. 31 Fayetteville street.

Ladies' glove kid Congress, lace and button boots, low heel and wide bottom low cut glove kid shoes for old ladies at Heller Bros shoe store.

Gents finest quality hand stitched French calf boots and gaiters, heavy kip boots, Virginia Penitentiary sewed shoes, plough shoes and a prime stock of brogans to be found at the popular shoe house of Heller Bros.

Heller Bros. motto, *a good shoe at a low price.*

Guns, pistols, powder flasks and sporting goods of all kinds at Lumsden's. Go and see his patent cake pan that you can take to peices from around the cake without cracking or breaking it. Lumsden's is also the place to buy stoves, tin ware, lamps, crockery &c., cheap. He also repairs guns, sewing machines, stoves, ranges, tin ware and all kind of metals.

Don't forget his patent cake pan when you bake your Christmas cake.

Segars.

Pescud, Lee & Co., Druggists, west side, Fayetteville street, seven doors below Capitol Square, have received another supply of fine segars. They have a five cent segar that cannot be excelled. Try them. *

Baker's Cod Liver Oil, Lime, and Wild Cherry—a pleasant medicine, and certain remedy for consumption, scrofula, debility, etc. Now is the time to use it. JOHN C. BAKER & CO., Druggists, Philadelphia. dec6dlawlmwlm

DRY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING

BUT

WEIKEL

IS

ALREADY HERE

With his Third Stock of

WINTER GOODS

FOR

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Having purchased his stock since the recent decline, he is prepared to sell goods at greatly reduced figures.

DRESS SUITS, BUSINESS SUITS.

or parts of suits put up at the shortest notice and satisfaction guaranteed as to fit.

CALL AND SEE HIS

NEW STOCK.

Remember the Place and Sign

C. WEIKEL,

No. 1 HOLLEMAN BUILDING, NEARLY OPPOSITE METROPOLITAN HALL.

dec 12 tf

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER

Second Opening of

LARGE LINES OF NEW GOODS

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Including many

Novelties in Our Late Purchase,

and

A GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICE

Of Many Styles of Goods.

A inspection of our varied assortments will prove very REMUNERATIVE to those whose REVENUE ARE LIMITED.

A great deal can be bought FOR A LITTLE MONEY.

Novelties,

IN COLORED AND BLACK

DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SNOWFLAKES, HARLEQUIN, TUFTED and KNICKERBOCKER styles. Also BOURKETTS, MALTESSES, BASKET CLOTHS, ARMURES, &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

no 7 dtf

FOR SALE

At a sacrifice good will and stock of a paying business, in the flourishing town of Durham. Good reasons for selling.

Address, BUSINESS,
dec 12-tf P. O. Box 107, Durham, N. C.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

BUGGIES, PHÆTONS, &C.

Just received direct from the manufactory of LOUIS COOK, Cincinnati, Ohio, a lot of fine top and no-top Buggies, Phaetons, Spring Wagons and Carriages, which will be sold low for cash.

WILLIAMSON & UPCHURCH,
nov25-tf Commission Merchants.

Chas. E. Johnson,

Cotton Merchant,

WILMINGTON STREET,

Raleigh, N. C.

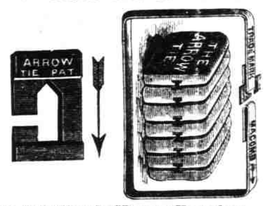
CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON SOLICITED.

CASH ADVANCES

made on shipments when desired, on receipt of bill of lading. PROMPT PERSONAL ATTENTION given. HIGHEST PRICES SECURED and SATISFACTION guaranteed. Having ample STORAGE ROOM, will store cotton for those who may wish to hold, and make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES thereon CHARGES MODERATE.

Refers to Raleigh National bank.
s 23dawtm

In Store and to Arrive.



25,000 Yards Heavy Bagging.
50 and 100 Yard Rolls.
1,000 Yards Dundee Bagging for Sheets.
1,000 Bundles New Arrow Ties.
2,000 lbs Bagging Twine.
10000 lbs Bulk Meat.

NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO.
LEE'S PREPARED AGRICULTURAL LIME, (both of which I can recommend for wheat.

The above offered to the trade, to farmers and dinners upon very best terms.

J. J. THOMAS,
Commission Merchant,
sep14dawtm No 8 Martin street, Raleigh, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SNYDER'S

CURATIVE PADS!

A sure cure for Torpid Liver and all diseases arising therefrom. Lung, Kidney, Spine, Bladder, Womb, and all Female Diseases, Chills and Fever, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Headache, Our Liver, Lung and Ague Pad, $2. Kidney and Spinal Pad, $3. Pad for Female Weakness, $3. We send them by mail free on receipt of price. Address S. F. SNYDER & CO., Cincinnati, O.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

Agents Wanted!

FOR

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

829 Broadway, New York City;
Chicago, Ill., New Orleans, La.;
Or San Francisco, Cal.

Mary J. Holmes

The new novel, MILDRED, by Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, author of those splendid books—Edith Lite—Lost Lawn—Tempest and Sunshine—Lena Rivers—etc., is now ready, and for sale by all be Sellers. Price $1.50. It is one of the finest novels ever written, and everybody should read it.

G. W. Carleton & Co., Publishers,
NEW YORK.

Send for reduced Price List of

MASON & HAMLIN

Cabinet Organs

New and splendid styles; prices reduced $10 to $50 each, this month. (Nov. 8.) Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York, or Chicago.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

JACKSON'S BEST

Sweet Navy Chewing Tobacco!

was awarded the highest prize at Centennial Exposition for its fine chewing qualities, the excellence and lasting character of its sweetening and flavoring. If you want the best tobacco ever made ask your grocer for this, and see that each plug bears our blue strip trade mark with words Jackson's Best on it. Sold wholesale by all jobbers. Sold for sample by C. A. JACKSON & CO., Manufacturers, Petersburg, Va.

BEATTY PIANO, ORGAN best. Look! startling news. Organs, 13 stops, $55. Pianos only $125, cost $500. Circular free. D. F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. oct26d&w1y

BARBER SHOP.

The Yarborough House Barber Shop and Bath room is now open for the accommodation of the guests of the hotel. It is ably generally known that C. H. Dunston, the old Yarborough House barber, has taken charge of the shop, and hopes that his friends generally will give him their patronage as he is assisted by none but accomplished Tonsors.

Porters always ready to assist, and local information given with pleasure. Yarborough House, G. W. Blackwall, Proprietor.

C. H. DUNSTON,
dec 13 tf Barber.

Dollar-and-a-Half For Ten Cents.

STODDART'S MUSICAL LIBRARY, just publishing, 12 pages, full size, best and most popular music for 10 cents. New and Popular Songs, Dance and Instrumental Music, Operas, Hymns, etc., etc. For sale by all newsdealers. Postage 2 cents, to be sent in addition to above, if ordered from the publishers.

J. M. STODDART & CO.,
dec 13 d3t 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

DISSOLUTION.

The Copartnership heretofore existing between J. P. Pritchard, Jr., and W. G. Lewis under the firm name of Pritchard & Lewis, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. P. Pritchard, Jr., will open a new store corner Hillsboro and Salisbury streets. W. G. Lewis, has associated with him Mr. T. A. Jones and will carry on business at the old stand.

The business of Pritchard & Lewis will be settled up by either member of the firm.

J. P. PRITCHARD, Jr.
dec 13 2t W. G. LEWIS.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Damask etc., no two alike, with name, 10 cents. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N.Y. no19w1y

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A two story brick Dwelling situated on the corner of Fayetteville and South Streets. Possession given the 1st day January, 1878. Apply to

E. T. HALL,
dec 12 tjl at A. Creech's.

FOR RENT.

A first class Dwelling in a most eligible portion of the city for Rent. Address P. O. Box, 232.
dec 11 tf

CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.

We offer one of Henry Erben & Sons (second hand, but in good order,) at very low figures. Apply at once.

WM. SIMPSON,
W. H. DODD,
nov11d3m Committee.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

Corner of Davie and McDowell streets, a valuable corner lot will be sold low, at valuation price, or I will sell part of lot; part cash and part on good time. For particulars apply to

J. R. WHITAKER.
Raleigh, N. C. Nov. 27. dtf

Land Sale.

On Saturday, December 15th, 1877, I will sell at the Court House, in Raleigh, twenty acres, more or less, of the land belonging to Miss Minerva A. Green, near the city, just beyond Walnut Creek, on the Asylum road, all well timbered in original growth. This is very valuable land, both on account of its nearness to the city and the timber on it. Title good. Will be sold in two tracts, ten acres each.

Terms—CASH.

A. M. LEWIS, Attorney.
dec6

Notice.

Will be sold at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 7th day of January, 1878, one lot in the city of Raleigh adjoining the land of Anthony Fowler, George Alston, and others, on the north side of the North Carolina Railroad. This land is sold under judgment of court in case of John C. Blake vs Jefferson A. Winston and his wife.

Terms—CASH.

W. P. BATCHELOR,
nov6d1t—dec1d1m Commissioner.

MORTGAGE SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of two Deeds of Mortgage made by Wm. C. Rhodes and wife Sarah to Joseph Crowder, as recorded in Book 28, pages 45 and 546, in Register's office, Wake county, I will offer for sale at the Court House door, on the 7th day of January 1878, to the highest bidder, a tract of land in said county adjoining the lands of J. J. Rhodes and Mrs. Susan A. Banks, containing 100 acres, more or less. Said land adjoins Raleigh and Cedar Creek.

Terms of sale—CASH.

W. A. MYATT,
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 6, 1877.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT

IN THE

CITY OF RALEIGH.

Will be sold at auction on Monday, December 31st, at 12 m., on the premises, the house and lot on West street, near the residence of Jones street, lately occupied by Mrs. Candace Beavers. The house is a two story and contains 6 rooms, 4 of them with fire places, well of excellent water at the door. The lot contains one-third of an acre; there is on it, besides the dwelling, a kitchen with two rooms, each having a fire place; smoke house and an excellent garden containing peach, apple, apricot and plum trees of choice varieties. Possession given at once. This property is sold for division among the heirs of the estate.

Abstract of title will be shown at sale or at office of