DAILY NEWS

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1879.

HUSSEY & JORDAN, Prop's.

JOHN B. HUSSEY, - Editor.

The Insurance Bill Again.

It is perhaps not very high ground upon which to base one of our objections to the proposed Insurance Bill, when we say, we do so object, because the inevitable consequence of the passage of this bill, will be to reduce the revenue of the State some twenty thousand dollars. The policy of Insurance used in North Carolina is precisely the same used in every other State in the Union. It is not to be supposed that Companies having agencies in this State, will furnish our people a contract more favorable in its terms than that made with citizens of other States, especially in view of the fact, that the amount of insurance in this State, is small and has not in the past proven generally profitable to the Companies.

It will surprise many of our law makers, to learn, as they can by examination of the records of the Secretary of State, that many of the Insurance Companies have paid out very much more money, in North Carolina for losses incurred, than they have received in premiums. Hence it is very certain, should this bill pass—which offers a premium for incendiarism—all the strong, reliable companies will withdraw their agencies from North Carolina.

But prudent men will insure and continue to insure in the strongest companies. The result of the passage of this bill will be, that property-owners wanting the protection of the strong New York, Hartford and English Companies will obtain them direct from the Home offices. In this case, it will not be pretended that the pending legislation could affect the contract wholly made in another State.

What would be the result? Simply that insurance would be done here precisely as it is now done all over the world, viz. by the issuance of "contracts of indemnity" for actual loss at time of fire by policies issued in New York and without the intervention of local agents, and the State's revenues will be thus diminished just twenty thousand dollars.

We respectfully warn the prudent men of this legislature to think well before they act on this important measure.

But there is another view of this subject well worthy of consideration, which being in the nature of a legal argument, is submitted with diffidence to those Legislators, who are also lawyers. We are aware that the lawyers in both Houses are few, as we believe it is the proud boast of the present Legislature, that they will demonstrate that a knowledge of law is unnecessary in making law. The old fashioned notions on this subject were all wrong. Hence our present Legislature is happy in having but few lawyers.

But to the argument: We maintain, should the proposed bill pass, it would be inoperative in its application to "other State" companies, because the policy of Insurance, issued by such, is a contract made by a citizen of another State, (that is by a company corporated in another State) and hence that the "six face contracters" of the State, where the contract is made would obtain and control the construction of the contract. That the contract is made in another State is shown in this: That every policy is signed by the President and Secretary of the contracting company, and is only valid when so signed; that the conditions of the policy-contract are all made and printed, and signed by the officers of the company before sent to the local agent; that the authority of the latter extends only to filling in the proper blanks with the name of the party here who accepts the contract (called the insured,) and describing the property; and that such agent does not in fact make the contract, nor have any authority to alter or change any of its terms. On the contrary he is expressly inhibited from so doing.

That this view is correct, and that the companies of other States cannot be ultimately bound by the decisions of our State Courts, has been repeatedly decided. In case of a suit-at-law between the insured and an insurance company corporated in another State, either party has the right to take the case before the United States Court for decision—a right not accorded to citizens of the same State.

If then it be conceded that the company making the contract is a citizen of another State, a law made by this State invalidating or changing a contract made by or with a citizen of another State, would be clearly imperative and void. Now the contract of insurance made at the Home office of the company as we have shown, is to pay the "actual cash value of the property at the time of the loss" by fire, and no law of North Carolina could compel a company, resident in another State, to pay $10,000 for a building insured for $10,000 if the "actual cash value of the property at the time of the loss by fire" is ascertained to be only $5,000.

It does seem to me that this is true beyond question.

This urged by the advocates of the bill, that it may be relieved of its chief objection, if the local insurance agents will have every building appraised by competent experts, before issuing a policy on it. If this were done, the expense of such appraisals would far exceed the premium cost, and thus render insurance a most expensive luxury.

But even if this were done, values are liable to change between the dates when the insurance is effected and the destruction of the property by fire, alike from shrinkage in prime cost of materials used in construction and cost of labor; and also as the result of deterioration on account of increased age.

Property in 1874 was depreciated in value as compared with its cost in 1873 at least twenty-five per cent.

Should the insurance company be asked to make good this depreciation to the man who was so fortunate as to have his property burned in 1874?

Medical School at the University.

The Trustees of the University, ever on the look out to meet the educational wants of the people, have added the Medical School to the other departments of which Dr. Thomas Harris is chief, as Professor of Anatomy, Chemistry, Physiology, Botany, will be taught by Professor Redd and Simonds.

Dr. Harris has had uncommon advantages for becoming proficient in his department, having graduated at the University in 1858 in a class of about 100, obtained his diploma at the University of New York and then devoted himself especially to Anatomy and Surgery at the far-famed "Ecole de Medecine," at Paris. He did much hospital work in this latter city under Velpeau. He is an enthusiastic lecturer and demonstrator in Anatomy, keeps abreast with his profession by studying the great French and other publications.

The instruction in the new Medical School will be by laboratory work and dissection of human subjects and study of models. Free choice will be regularly held to give practical knowledge of diseases, &c.

The object of the University Medical School is at present confined to preparing students for attending the lectures and obtaining the diplomas of the great medical colleges.

HON. W. M. ROBBINS hopes to secure an appropriation for the Yadkin river improvement in the Senate. The delay of the engineers report of the survey defeated any action in the House. Mr. Robbins expects to have the benefit of the report before the Senate Committee. The contemplated improvement the engineer will report feasible. Mr. Robbins does not sleep on the rights of his constituents.

THE salary bill just passed by the Maine Senate fixes the compensation of the Governor at $1,500, of the Supreme Court Judges at $2,000, of the Attorney General at $1,000, of the Secretary of State at $1,200, of the State Treasurer at $1,600, and of the Adjutant General at $900. The salaries of minor State officers were also reduced.

NO REFLECTION, gentlemen, North Carolina never had a stronger representation in Congress. But somehow, you know, Raus m manages to increase the appropriations for North Carolina where the River and Harbor bill gets the Senate.

THE New York Elevated Railway has been badly swindled by some of its employes, who have been carrying on a system of wholesale robbery for some time. So it seems that Hayes is not the only fraud in high position.

THE policy of subsidizing railroads has become so unpopular in the Massachusetts Legislature that a bill for the purpose rarely ever runs the gauntlet of a sub-committee.

Good Words for the South.

(Letter from Col. Julian Allen of Statesville, N. C., by request to the N. Y. Produce Exchange.) North Carolina is a State of extraordinary resources, peopled by as noble and patriotic men as can be found in the Union. There is an excellent State Government, the laws are faithfully and impartially administered and all classes are fully protected in their civil rights. There is scarcely a trace of ill feeling noticeable between the whites and the blacks. Northern men who settle there are met with warm cordiality and hospitality which has always characterized the people of the South.

I assure you that Northern men and Northern capital are equally protected with Southern men and Southern capital, and I may add that it will be difficult to find a more promising field for the employment of Northern capital and enterprise. The State is rapidly recovering from the disastrous effects of the war, and those familiar with her present condition and resources are unanimous in predicting that she is now entering upon an era of unexampled thrift and prosperity.

While residing in North Carolina, I have visited many other portions of the South, and have taken pains to study the condition, not only of the people, but of the country in that section of the Union. So far as I have been able to ascertain the facts, I believe that what I have said of the condition and disposition of the people of North Carolina applies equally well to the South generally. They are anxious for peace and the restoration of fraternal feeling with the people of the North, and are laboring zealously and patriotically to promote the welfare and protect the rights of all their citizens, regardless of past differences.

The negroes, uneducated as they are, are unquestionably too often the victims of these designing and treacherous self-constituted leaders, and are solely in need of good heads and good hearts to guide them in the exercise of their recently acquired political rights and privileges; but I deny that the great mass of the Southern people manifest the slightest desire to deprive them of their civil rights or to oppress them in any manner. I reiterate that the laws are faithfully and impartially executed and that life and property are to day as safe in North Carolina as in any State in the Union, and that the government of the State is as conscientiously and intelligently administered.

I hope I shall soon see some or all of you at my house at Statesville, where you may observe the condition of our affairs for yourselves, and learn how unjust are all the clamors which are raised in the North against Southern men, which, whatever may be their purpose, can only result in postponing that return of confidence and fraternal feeling between the North and the South, so essential to the prosperity and happiness of the whole country. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your friend and obedient servant,

JULIAN ALLEN.

Greensboro Items.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 17, '79.

Correspondence of the News.

There is yet no clue to the murderers of Mr. Parker. The jury of inquest failed to find any evidence against any one. A party was arrested in Salisbury on suspicion, but he seems not to have been the man. The city offers $250 reward. Three pools of blood (or places) still remain on the street. At 2½ o'clock yesterday an immense crowd gathered to pay the last earthly sad rights to his (Parker's) memory, the services, by Dr. Smith, were of a very impressive nature, on the text—Prepare to meet thy God. He spoke of the enormity of the crime, how indignant the people, at such an outrage on our usually very quiet and safe community, an outrage, such as this county can hardly remember in its annals, and probably never.

Today the snow has fallen in its beauty, and more hale and sleet, and a general slush will follow.

The condition of Col. J. A. Gilmer is not much improved. He has now been confined to his room some two months or more, and was not able to be at church on yesterday, he installed the Elder with Judge Dick, and S. C. Smith, to which posit on he was recently elected. There were also five deacons elected.

Mr. C. P. Vanstory (who has just returned from Cincinnati with horses and mules for his livery stable) is now building him a fine residence between W. S. Moore's and G. D. Bennett's.

Our market is well supplied with fine beef and pork at low prices, and butter at 15 cents, and one thousand dozen of eggs are coming in, the market closing on Saturday (with some five hundred dozen in) at 12½ cents. Two other large sales of furs were made last week here, of several thousand dozen rabbit skins and large lots of assorted.

P.

Retrenchment and Reform.

Congressional Record.

For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or accessory to the same, including payments for information and detection of such violation, $100,000.

Mr. Scales. I want to say here that I am as much in favor of vindicating the law in every respect as any gentleman of the Committee on Appropriations can be. I am for stopping blockading; for bringing those publicly in order that my action here may not be misunderstood—my action is not for the purpose of screening or protecting any body who ought to be punished. Four years ago when I entered this Hall it was understood that the democratic party was about to enter upon the work of retrenchment and reform. In that year we reduced the sum appropriated for this purpose from $100,000 to $75,000, and it has remained at that sum up to the present time, but by degrees we are going backward in this regard, and we have this item now at what it was when we came here.

I do not think it is a sufficient reason for making this increased appropriation that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue assured the gentleman from Tennessee that $75,000 was not a sufficient amount and that he ought to have $100,000. So they said four years ago, and two years ago they said the same thing.

The amount was reduced and they got along. There was no deficiency so far as I know.

Mr. Foster. Yes, there was each time.

Mr. Scales. Then I think we ought to understand how the deficiency was created.

Mr. Foster. We do exactly.

Mr. Scales. I would like an explanation of it.

Mr. Blount. I do not think there was a deficiency in the strict sense of the word, but there certainly was a deficiency.

Mr. Scales. I want to know by what authority the Secretary uses $25,000, if in opposition to law.

As I said a while ago, I am not disposed to increase an appropriation until I see some evidence on the part of the Administration of a disposition toward civil service reform, and that the money we appropriate is to be paid to men of integrity and honesty, who are qualified for their positions, and whose characters will be a guarantee that this money is expended for the purposes for which it is appropriated.

Now, one word more; I ask the attention of the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations: why is it this clause does not contain a provision imposing obligation upon the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to make a detailed statement of all his expenditures in this regard? Up to this time he was required to make a report every year of the manner in which the money was expended, and why is that provision left out now?

The New County.

Oxford Torchlight.

Gilliam county was not heard of in the late canvass in Granville. Why? Either because there is no grievance of the people to be remedied by its erection, but only schemes of personal and local advantage to be served; or else, because it was intended deliberately to take advantage of the people and get a snap judgment in the matter. In either case, how can the General Assembly entertain the proposition? Is it so desirable to have new counties that the Assembly will go on to erect them when the condition and circumstances of the people do not demand it? Or will the Assembly lend itself to the sinful business of taking a snap judgment on a people who look to their protection? We don't believe it.

Grant and Hayes.

Washington Post

Senator Bayard is of the opinion that Grant, if President, would be capable of carrying out a plot to seize upon the organization of the House by the arrest and partisan trial and conviction of enough of the Democratic members, but that Hayes is made of entirely different material. Behind Hayes stand such men as Logan, Chandler, Kellogg, Edmunds and Sherman, the men who stole the Presidency two years ago, and have had the courage and brazen effrontery to pension every one of their instruments upon the public. Does Mr. Bayard think that these men are not capable of such a plot?

The Right Eye of Zach. Chandler.

Philadelphia Times.

The good old times are coming back with break-neck speed, and the old experiment of reform within the party must have another trial, however it may be embarrassed by the perversity of a democratic congress. Give us back some more old commanders.

What it Costs.

Boston Post.

The republicans in congress thought to make capital against the southern members, and the result is Secretary Sherman's call for an increase of the debt by twenty-seven millions. This is the way it costs the country to support the republican concern.

DONAN'S PLIGHT.

The Great American Word-Slinger in an Unpleasant Position.

Joplin (Mo.,) Herald.

From parties just in from Neosho we get brief particulars of an adjustment of personal differences between Mr. P. Donan, of the Bentonville Advanced and L. P. Cunningham, a leading attorney of this city. The matter proved quite a sensation for that quiet village. Mr. Cunningham has been in Neosho since Tuesday on railroad business. On Tuesday night Mr. Donan came to Neosho to deliver a lecture on "Woman." Yesterday morning at the hotel Cunningham called Donan to account for certain scandalous statements made about him, charged certain things as occurring while he was President of the M. C. and N. W. Railroad Company. The result of the conference was that Donan signed an important paper, of which the following is a copy:

NEOSHO, Mo., Feb. 7, 1879.—I Col. P. Donan, do hereby state that I know nothing against the character of L. P. Cunningham; that all I have said or written against him I know to be false and malicious, and was induced by a feeling of ill-will on my part, because I was not included as a member of the Kansas City, Joplin and Little Rock Railroad Company; and what I have said against him was to injure that company in constructing its railroad, and at the instance of persons interested in preventing the building of that railroad, and I hereby retract all that I have said and written against said Cunningham.

P. DONAN.

After Donan signed the above, Cunningham ordered him out of the room, and facilitated his journey down stairs with a vigorous application of his boot. With this striking tableau the war ended.

Millions Divided by Lot.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

It was supposed that the division of the Bailey estate was made by lottery for the first time in this State. It appears, however, that one of the largest estates in Missouri was partitioned in 1863-'64, under the direction of Mr. Britton A. Hill, counsellor for the estate of Peter Lindell, the real estate alone being valued at about $6,000,000. There were ten heirs. The estate was accurately surveyed, numbered and platted, and each lot was appraised. The commissioners then divided the lots into ten equal shares, and each share was bound in a volume with its plats and streets and descriptive calls. On the day of the allotment, in 1864, the heirs met in the unfinished room in the second story at the southeast corner of the first Lindell hotel. The ten numbers of the shares were written on the respective shares from one to ten by the counsellor; and ten numbers were written on ten square pieces of paper and placed in a hat; the names of the ten heirs were written on ten other square pieces of paper and placed in another hat. All being ready, a crippled boy beggar, passing in Washington avenue, was called in, blindfolded under protest, and directed to draw one paper from each hat, thus designating the heir and number of the share, and to continue until the drawing of lots was completed. The boy was given ten gold half eagles.

The Last of the Seminoles.

Gainesville (Ga.) Dispatch.

John, an Indian man, was killed here on last Saturday by Henry Emery, a negro youth. John was a good-humored, harmless fellow, and for years had been spending the winter months in this county. His camp for this season is on Dr. Porter's farm, and he came in on the day of his death, leaving his squaw at camp. In a drunken dance he trod upon the toe of Henry E., who threatened to stab him if he did it again—a threat he summarily executed upon a repetition of the offence, plunging a knife into his breast several times. The poor red man refused to have his wounds attended to, staggered back to his camp, and was found dead next morning just out of the corporate limits, and it is said he could have been traced from where he was wounded to where he was found by the blood. The negro was jailed without benefit of bail.

The Uses of the Treasury Department.

Louisville Courier Journal.

The treasury department of the United States government is at present conducted for the sole purpose of helping John Sherman to the republican nomination for the presidency.

Rosadalis

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY for the cure of Scrofulous Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility and all diseases arising from an impure constitution of the Blood.

The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a passing notice is but necessary to remind to remind the readers of this Journal of the necessity of always having a bottle of this medicine among their stock of family necessities.

Certificates can be presented from many leading Physicians Ministers, and heads of families throughout the South, endorsing in the highest terms The Fluid Extract of Rosadalis.

DR. R. WILLON CARR of Baltimore says "he has used it in cases of Scrofula and other diseases with much satisfaction.

REV. T. C. PEGG of Baltimore, recommends it to all persons suffering with diseased blood, saying it is superior to any preparation he has ever used.

REV. DABNEY BALL of the Baltimore M. E. Conference South says he has been so much benefitted by its use that he cheerfully recommends it to all his friends and acquaintances.

CRAVEN & CO., Druggists of Gordonsville Va., says it never has all did to give satisfaction.

Sam'l G. McFadden, Murfreesboro, Tennessee, says it cured him of Rheumatism when all else failed.

Rosadalis is not a secret quack preparation, its ingredients are published on every package. Show it to your Physician and he will tell you it is composed of the strongest alternatives that exist, and is an excellent blood purifier. Did our space admit we could give you testimonials from every state in the South and from persons known to every man, woman and child either personally or by reputation.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & Co. 8 College Place, New York.

R. W. POWELL & Co., Richmond Va., Wholesale Agents.

Proposals for City Bonds.

OFFICE COMMISSIONER OF THE SINKING FUND OF THE CITY OF RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 18, 1879.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned up to twelve o'clock noon of the 4th of March 1879, for the purchase by the City of eight thousand dollars of the eight per cent. coupon bonds of the city of Raleigh, known as the market House bonds," or a like amount of the six per cent. coupon bonds of the city known as the city of Raleigh, "New Sixes," or any portion of either class.

Bids will be opened in the presence of the Mayor and Treasurer of the City, and as required by law the right is reserved to refuse any bids not considered advantageous to the city.

W. E. ANDERSON,

feb 19-t th sa t4m

MISSCELLANEOUS.

Vegetine

FOR

CHILLS, SHAKES,

FEVER AND AGUE.

TARBORO, N. C., 1878.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Der Sir,—I feel very grateful for what your valuable medicine, Vegetine, has done to my family. I wish to express my thanks by informing you of the wonderful cure of my son; also, to let you know that Vegetine is the best medicine I ever saw for Chills, Shakes, Fever and Ague. My son was sick with measles in 1873, which left him with Hip-joint disease. My son suffered a great deal of pain, all of the time; the pain was so great he did nothing but cry. The doctors did no help him a particle, he could not lift his foot from the floor, he could not move without crutches. I read your advertisement in the "Louisville Courier-Journal," that Vegetine was a great Blood Purifier and Blood Foot. I tried one bottle, which was a great benefit. He kept on with the medicine, gradually gaining. He has taken eighteen bottles in all, and he is completely restored to health, walks without crutches or cane. He is twenty years of age. I have a young person, fifteen years of age, who is subject to chills. Whenever he feels one coming on, he comes in, takes a dose of Vegetine and this is the last of the Chill. Vegetine relieves no bad effect upon his system like the most of the medicines recommended for Chills. I cheerfully recommend Vegetine for such complaints. I think it is the greatest medicine in the world.

Respectfully, MRS. J. W. LLOYD.

VEGETINE—When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the Vegetine will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

Vegetine

FOR

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS AND GENERAL DEBILITY.

BERNARDSTON, MASS., 1878.

We, the undersigned, having used Vegetine, take pleasure in recommending it to all those troubled with humors of any kind, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, or General Debility, it being the Great Blood Purifier. Sold by R. L. Crowell & Son, who sell more of it than all other patent medicines put together.

MRS. L. F. PERKINS,
MRS. H. W. SCOTT,
JOSEPHUS SLATE.

Vegetine is the great health restorer—composed exclusively of barks, roots, and herbs. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it.

VEGETINE.

FOR

NERVOUS HEADACHE

And Rheumatism.

CINCINNATI, O., April 9, 1877.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.:

Dear Sir,—I have used your Vegetine for Nervous Headache and also for Rheumatism, and have found perfect relief from both and take great pleasure in recommending it to all who may be thus afflicted.

FRED. ROTH,
Cor. Mill St., Cin.

Vegetine has restored from ill health, which has been long and painfully suffered.

VEGETINE

Druggists' Testimony.

Mr. H. R. Stevens:—

Dear Sir,—We have been selling your remedy, Vegetine, for about three years, and take pleasure in recommending it to our customers as in no instance where a blood purifier would reach the case, has it ever failed to effect a cure, to our knowledge. It certainly is the nearest approach to a renovator.

Respectfully,
E. M. SHEPHERD & CO., Druggists,
Mt. Vernon Hill.

Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is sold by all Druggists

Jan 3 Leod2w.

MISSCELLANEOUS.

TUTT'S PILLS.

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a Dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulderblade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness; Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED,

TUTT'S PILLS

are especially adapted to such cases, a single dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

Dr. TUTT:—Dear Sir; For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last Spring your Pills were recommended to me. I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

The first effect of TUTT'S PILLS is to Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced.

Dr. J. F. HAYWOOD, OF NEW YORK, SAYS:—

"Few diseases exist that cannot be relieved by restoring the Liver to its normal functions, and for this purpose no remedy has ever been invented that has as happy an effect as TUTT'S PILLS."

SOLD EVERYWHERE, PRICE 25 CENTS.

Office 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a Natural Color, acts Instantaneously, and is as Harmless as spring water. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

feb 11-deod&w1y

LAGER BEER

I respectfully call the attention of my friends patrons and the public generally of the South to

MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,

brewed purely of malt and hops, after Vienna method and expressly for export,

JACOB SEGER,
23 German street, Baltimore, Md.

feb 15-d1y

VALENTINES! VALENTINES

J. A. BRAGASSA

16 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

has just received a large and varied stock of Sentimental and Comic

VALENTINES!

He has also, a large stock of Confections Toys, All Musical Instruments, Guitar, Violin and Banjo Strings, Harmonicans, &c.

feb 9-tf

Dread and despair fall upon the community when a terrible epidemic, like the cholera or yellow fever, suddenly desolates our homes; yet, all the while, a more insidious, but no less fatal foe, enters thousands of households every year and carries off the flower of the family in the early flush of manly youth and budding womanhood. People call it presumption, or "decline" is not, in most cases, the true character this is consumption of the lungs, which is the peculiar malady in climates like those of the British Islands and New England, but a general decay or arrest of the vital processes of nutrition. All the doctors agree that there is no remedy for this but COD LIVER OIL but they are constantly met by the obstacle of inability on the part of the patient to swallow or retain it. This repulsion is entirely overcome by SCOTT'S EMULSION OF THE OIL with the HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA which is agreeable to the taste and unequaled nutrient and tonic for the body nerves and brain.

MISSCELLANEOUS.

D. T. Johnson,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant.

We have just received a full, fresh and well selected stock of Groceries, consisting in part of

200 Bags Richmond Bolted Meal,
200 " Fresh Ground Flour,
20 Barrels Molasses (new crop)
00 Bags Marsh als Salt.
5 Barrels Sugar's,
20 Bags Coffee,
20 Boxes C. R. Sides.

Stock Peas, Seed Oats

Corn, Pork, North Carolina Bacon,

Leather, &c., &c., &c.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Grain Meal, Flour, Poultry, Eggs and all kinds of country produce. We will sell at highest prices and remit promptly.

Write for prices. We will make special figures to those buying in quanities.

Feb. 4 tf.

W. B. MANN, formerly with D. S. Watt & Bro.
C. W. YOUNG, ofAry, Wake Co.

NEW FIRM!

W. B. MANN & CO,

Having formed a copartnership under the above title, and taken the stand formerly occupied by B. H. Woodell, No. 4 Hargett street, we intend to carry a full line of Groceries and Provisions, as well as a complete stock of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Cutlery, &c., &c.

Buying our goods at bottom prices for cash we are determined to offer inducements to our customers, unsurpassed by any house in Raleigh.

Give us a trial and be convinced of what we say.

Very respectfully,
W. B. MANN & CO.

Having sold out my entire stock of goods at the above stand to Messrs. W. B. Mann & Co., I take pleasure in recommending them to the public for a liberal share of their patronage, believing that their courtesy will not be misplaced.

I shall in future devote my time to a General Commission business, and can be found at my office in the Prairie Building on Wilmington Street.

Thanking a kind public for so liberal a patronage for five years past, I hope they will not forget me in future, and give my successors as much of their patronage as they possibly can.

Very Respectfully,
B. H. WOODELL.

Jan 12 d1m

More Goods

AND

Cheap Goods

Arriving daily at the Busy store of

CHRISTOPHERS & SORRELL

HARGETT STREET.

We are receiving daily all kinds of Groceries, which we intend to sell cheap for CASH.

SEED OATS.

Another Car Load just arrived of the finest Seed Oats brought to the City. Call and examine them.

ONION SETTS AND OTHER SEEDS

on hand, wholesale and retail.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

Car Load of Flour and Meal just received.

MEAT MARKET

Always supplied with the finest Beeves and York Sausage a specialty. In fact everything Kept in a first class Grocery Store.

PLOUGH! PLOUGH!!

Call and see our New Patent Raleigh No. 4 Plough, the best Plough made. We are the sole agents for the city.

CHRISTOPHERS & SORRELL,
feb 12 tf Hargett Street.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICE OF

LEA & PERRINS

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good Sauce."

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 81.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESERSHIRE SAUCE,

THUS GIVING THE CONSUMER NOT ONLY THE BEST, BUT THE MOST ECONOMICAL SAUCE.

Signature on every bottle.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

Nos. 3 College Place and 1 Union Square New York. feb 19-1w1y

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the North Carolina Safe Life Insurance Company, will be held at the Company's Office, in this City on February 20th, 1879 at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. H. HICKS

AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.

All business intrusted to the undersign will receive prompt and personal attention

J. N. McDUFFIE'S,
feb 17-3m. Fayetteville, N. C.

THE WORKINGMAN'S FRIEND.

In these days of political trickery, a true friend in the time of need, is a friend indeed and such a friend is

DR. WM. HALL'S

BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS.

It is a sure cure for

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS,

and all diseases of the Lungs, Chest and Throat.

This well known remedy has been used for thirty years and has cured thousands of cases many of which were given up as hopeless.

No case, however obstinate, can resist the healing properties of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. Trial bottles will be furnished gratuitously to all who are afflicted with Lung and pectoral diseases.

☞ Remember that it is the persistent use of the Balsam that cures the worst cases

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
8 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

R. W. Powers, & Co., Wholesale Agents Richmond, Va. feb 11-d&w1w

LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

Gives everybody a chance to make something out of his investment in the drawing of

FEBRUARY 28.

There are no less than 156 Prizes ... ing together to $75,925.

1st Prize, $14,000
21 Prize 000
31 Prize $4,000

And Whole Ticket only $1.

Address all orders to the Agency,

WILLIAMSON & CO.
599 Broadway, N. Y.

Send in orders without delay as the last drawing we were unable to supply many. Correspondence promptly answered. Drawings published in the New York Herald and Staat Zeitung. All prizes of ... holders are made a copy of the official list as soon as received.

SIMMONS & DICKINSON
Managers

d4twl

L. A. S. L.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE, TO BRIGHTEN DISTRIBUTE No. 1, CLASS C, A NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, MARCH 11th, 1879—166th Monthly Drawing

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State, for Educational and charitable purposes, in 1868, for the term of twenty-five Years, in which it contract the invi lable faith of the State, pledged with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its grand single number distribution will take place monthly on the second Tuesday, it never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.

100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH

HALF-TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize	$30,000
1 Capital Prize	14,000
1 Capital Prize	7,000
2 Prizes of $2,500	5,000
5 Prizes of 1,000	5,000
20 Prizes of 500	10,000
100 Prizes of 300	30,000
200 Prizes of 50	10,000
500 Prizes of 20	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of $500	4,500
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900

1857 Prizes, amounting to ... $75,925

Responsible correspondents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.

Application for rates to clubs should be made to the Home Office of New Orleans.

Write, clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision of Generals G. T. BEAUREGARD, JUBAL A. EARLY.

FOR RENT OR FOR SALE.

Interesting to Housekeepers.

SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS

worth of Furniture.

GRAND AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell his entire stock of New Furniture, consisting of Walnut and Common Walnut and Poplar Bedsteads, Wardrobes to Match, Marble and Wood Top Bureaus and Washstands, Walnut and Wood Top Tables, Walnut Rocking Chairs, Maple Bedsteads, Walnut, Cane and Maple Cane Seat Rocking Chairs and Chairs, Walnut Seat Rocking Chairs and Chairs, Sofas, Lounges, Walnut, &c., &c.

The Sale will commence on the first day of December, and be continued until all are sold.

Up to that day every article will be sold at cost. If parties buying do not wish to move their articles immediately they may be left until Feb. 1st.

dec12 A. WERTHEIM

Notice,

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER OF Sale contained in a mortgage duly executed on the 15th day of February 1869, by John F. Jordan and Margaret J. Jordan, to Bridges & Co., as per record in Book on page 32 book 50, in the Register's office for Northampton County, we will at the Court House door in the town of Jackson said county, on Monday, the 10th day of February, A. D. 1879, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the tract of land on which said John F. Jordan now lived containing one hundred acres, more or less, adjoining the lands of Bryant B. F. Jordan, Mary E. Jordan and others, JOSEPH D. MADDRY AND GEORGE KERR, surviving partners of Bridges & Co.

jan

For Rent.

A large brick Dwelling House, with all improvements. Situated on one of the most fashionable thoroughfares in the city, and in one hundred and fifty yards of the Capitol. Terms reasonable. Apply to

C. M. BUSBEE,
Attorney at Law.

feb 12-4t

New Steel Horse Shoe,

WITH CONTINUOUS CALK.

Acknowledged by all who have used it to be THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD. It is a complete relief to the foot, prevents interfering, lameness, and all evils resulting from the use of the ordinary shoe. Horses having quarter cracks, contracted feet, or any other defect in the hoof, can be cured by the use of this shoe, with perfect ease. Calks last as long as the shoe. Calks may be set with nails, and can be reset by any blacksmith. Horses can be shod in half the time required for any other shoe. To measure, place pencil between foot and leg, and draw pencil around foot. Liberal discount to the trade. Agents wanted in every county in the United States. Address

NEW STEEL HORSE SHOE CO.,
Box 2,
Richmond, Va.