

PROCLAIMED BUT STILL CONTINUATORY.

The Hon. Charles Foster, Republican candidate for the governorship of Ohio, has already commenced letter-writing, forgetful of the fact that many a candidate for political honors has been assigned to the sheet by a too free use of pen and ink. It may be, however, that when he wrote the following, he conceived that he was applying balsam to the galled sores of Mr. Taft's adherents by gently hinting that a third term was not a popular idea among the masses.

"The newspapers have given out a 'false impression,' I think, as to the 'significance of my nomination,' by calling it a victory for John Sherman. 'The possibility of his becoming a Presidential candidate was not taken into consideration. General Grant has a great many warm friends in Ohio, and, if he were nominated, he would receive the support of the general mass of Republican voters. There is a strong antipathy, however, to the establishment of the third-term precedent. President Hayes, it is generally supposed, is precluded by his utterances from being a candidate for re-election.'

"The newspapers have given out a 'false impression' is really good. We have been taught by several years' experience in the newspaper business that political journals always give out wrong impressions, especially when an article is inspired by some leading politician who professes to know and understand the situation. But the particular impression referred to by Mr. Foster is outside the field of newspaperdom; it was given out by the Grant men who were supporting Mr. Taft, and pretty loudly, too; and as a matter of course when the press ceased upon it was rightly classed as a victory for Mr. Sherman and a check to the Grant movement.

"The possibility of his Sherman becoming a Presidential candidate was not taken into consideration." Mr. Foster is either an adept in the art of lying or totally blind as to the significance of the workings in the Ohio political field that resulted in his nomination. It was known to the initiated before the strength of the opposing factions could be accurately stated that Mr. Sherman was bound to have Ohio for a stepping-stone to the Republican nomination, and that if no nomination was made by the tenth ballot that he would step in and take command and let his lieutenant fill the second place on the ticket. This programme was so well known that the proceedings of the convention were watched with great anxiety from Maine to Texas. Therefore if Mr. Foster was so stupid as not to be aware of the existing state of things, he had better put his canvass writing, etc. step out of sight in election day.

"It is supposed that 'Mr. Hayes' utterances,' etc. Utterances is a decidedly mild way of putting it. It was heralded throughout the country in the campaign of 1876 that Mr. Hayes would not be elected except a second nomination, and in fact it was plainly so expressed in his letter of acceptance, and therefore the supposition that his utterances precludes his accepting a renomination would naturally turn into an established fact. But unfortunately for the halo of integrity that is popularly supposed to encircle the presence of the high dignitaries of the land, Mr. Hayes has been so vacillating in his course that no reliance can be placed on his words or movements, and he is just as liable to seek a second candidacy as Grant is a third; and undoubtedly will do so if he thinks that circumstances make it necessary. The truth is apparent that Hayes favors Grant in preference to Sherman, and he will leave no stone unturned to secure the former's nomination.

Mr. Sherman is a wily politician, and he and his lieutenant have materially aided the newspapers to give out an impression that he is trying to soothe both sides by the wonderful conjunction of sagged phrases contained in Mr. Foster's letter.

So it seems the Democratic policy in regard to the appropriation bills was not correctly foreshadowed in Sunday's News. The statement in the News was accompanied by a very suspicious intimation of its unreliability. A protracted session of "the committee of safety," or Joint Caucus Committee of the two houses has put forth the following:

"The passage of the army bill making the usual appropriation for the army for the next fiscal year, with a 'proviso to the effect that no money appropriated in the bill shall be used to transport, equip, pay or subsidize any troops to be used as a police force to keep the peace at the polls.'

"The passage of the legislative bill as it was reported to the last and the present Congress, with the exception that each appropriation shall be specifically set forth and the use to which it shall be devoted described, and that no appropriation shall be made for the pay of supervisors and deputy marshals. In order to make this omission of an appropriation for the marshal and supervisors more effective, a clause will be added that no officer shall be appointed or obligation incurred for any object for which a specific appropriation is not made in the bill."

"The National Republican regards it as 'a sort of a d-d if you do, and a d-d if you don't arrangement.' That they 'are of no avail really, so long as no national elections of any importance will occur during the year to which the bills apply.'

The Washington Post at last recognizes the fact that "it is impossible to pass these bills over the Executive veto." The Post, with a show of stalwart-courage further observes:

"But this is backing down," shrieks some man who demands impossibilities. "On the contrary there is no backing

"down about it. It is all that can be done until somebody will arise and show how a bare half of Congress may be made to count as two-thirds. When that is done the original bills can be passed over the veto of the 'Fraud, and the work will be done for all time."

The News took this position at the time of the passage of the bills. It has differed with some of its contemporaries and with some of the recognized leaders of the Democratic party as to the sure means of attaining that end.

The Democratic party is a party of principles. So regarding the bills will never be found following blindly the lead of designing and ambitious politicians.

SENATORIAL RHETORIC.

The speeches of our Senators and Representatives in Congress are more to be regarded as examples of right reason and good rhetoric than as evidence that any of our public men exhibit such a rich store of knowledge and untinged eloquence as were displayed by John A. Logan, for the second time a Senator from Illinois, in a little speech which he made in defense of the Hon. John Schenck, standing on the shore of a mighty ocean, and reaching out his hand of four acres to a ship that was laboring in the storm-tossed waves, and "steadying" her as the pitch and plunged, was too much for the good nature of Senatorial gravity, and it was no wonder that Logan's tongue burst into a laugh. After that the absurdity of the statement that Schenck was "crippled, maimed and disabled" by wounds received in one of his country's wars hardly needed, even by those who were aware that the "wounds" referred to consisted of the blunders that Schenck called battles.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Since the Republican party, through its Representatives in Congress, repudiated one of the most distinct promises of the party in 1876, it is just as well that the Republican party should open the campaign of 1880, made no distinct promises yesterday. It is likely to be several years from now when intelligent men will place the least confidence in the promises of either party. Fortunately for the Republicans, the Democrats have given them a good platform. The stump numbers of the Democratic party have been made up of the masses of both parties, that application is likely to be more complete when the stumpers are made the issues of a campaign.

We would suggest to our colored brethren who desire to leave the sunny South that no Northern State just now offers such advantages as easy going enterprises as Massachusetts. Nothing is more profitable for the husband and his children than to acquire a competence under the provisions of the Civil Damage Act. This is far better than to go to a mill, and the man and his wife who would not be willing to sacrifice themselves for their family do not deserve the blessings of a free country.

The Boston Herald has the following remarkable conditions of war:

The story goes at Washington that Speaker Randall told Congressman Leopold Morse of one of the Boston districts the other day, and blandly inquired how the party stood at Boston. "Which party?" replied Morse. "Why, the Democratic party, of course," said Randall. "There isn't any Democratic party there," exclaimed Morse, in his quick, horse-like way. "The Congress has killed it."

"Our people will never yield to a standing army were it a million strong," said ex-Secretary Robinson significantly in his late speech in defense of Hayes, "and because of that we are determined to sacrifice LIBERTY TO ORDER."

This ought to be posted where it could be read frequently to the good souls who think there is no harm in allowing soldiers to be ordered to the polls; there are so few of them.—Washington Post.

The Journal would gladly forget the war of the rebellion, and desires nothing more fervently than that the independent selection of State sovereignty be forever buried; but so long as it is an issue in this country, and so long as the men who now uphold it continue to assert it, it will never cease to argue upon the public the remembrance of the war and all its horrors, sorrows, debts, and disasters.—Indianapolis Journal.

President Hayes has been strong enough for the emergency, and will send the Confederate bonds with their tails down in the end. If there is anything in the argument, it is a reason why Hayes should be re-nominated and re-elected.

It is quite probable that many of the colored voters of Ohio will refuse to support Charles Foster. As his nomination will compel them to refrain from voting, may it not be regarded as a sort of a bribe?

According to the Boston Transcript, an organ of respectable Republicans, "Ohio performed a great service for the Republican party, by casting its immense weight against Grantism."

"The subsidence of the Grant boom would have been a great advantage to the movement might venture to upheave again for one of its old-fashioned periodical convulsions."

It is astonishing how suddenly the worst rebelleses in the dangerous when he joins the Republican party. This is the truest test of loyalty.

The Markets.

A New York letter of May 31st thus refers to the very good and other markets: "Groceries, tobacco, and iron and metals quiet, but firm. As to dry goods, it is to be said that agents continue to order in large quantities of staple cotton and woollen fabrics, chiefly on account of back orders; new business is only moderate. Cotton goods are very firm, and stocks are comparatively small. Prints remain quiet. Staple ginghams are in steady request, but fancy styles are sluggish. Printed laws are doing well, while fancy cassimeres and chevrons are fairly active. Foreign goods quiet."

The Army Worm.

On the grass fields near Norfolk the army worm has crept on and commenced deprivations in earnest. They leave no blade of grass behind them. The worm has also made its appearance in other parts of Norfolk county, and it is feared will do much serious damage to the growing crops, especially to corn. Fortunately, however, much of the grass and clover in this section has been cut, or will be in a few days. Some of the grass growers estimate their losses at \$3,000 to \$4,000 each.

THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S WORM SPECIFIC OR VERMIFUGE.

Symptoms of Worms.

The countenance is pale and lead-colored, with occasional flushes; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; bowels irregular, at times constive; stools slimy, not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hicough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist, DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure. IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY in any form; it is an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER. No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. As a simple purgative they are unequalled.

Beware of Imitations. The genuine are never sugar coated. Each box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

WARM SPRINGS! Western North Carolina. Health and Pleasure Resort.

REAL VELENCIEN EDGINGS, INSERTIONS, WHITE THREAD LACES, TORCHON LACES, BRETON LACE. Thread, Laces, and Scotch Laces—Very Fine.

Bragassa's Bragassa's Bragassa's ONECTIONERY STORE, CONFECTIONERY STORE, CONFECTIONERY STORE, CONFECTIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES! Have a very carefully selected stock of desirable goods to which I invite the attention of the ladies of Raleigh. It comprises in part: Children's Ready-Made Clothing; Ladies' Ready-Made Suits; Embroideries and Trimmings; and a general assortment of FANCY ARTICLES for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR. My prices are very reasonable, and I feel certain I can make it to the advantage of the ladies of Raleigh to favor me with their patronage.

Oatmeal Dyspepsia.

In the last five years the consumption of Oatmeal in this country has probably increased twenty-fold. People are so much in their likes and dislikes that we do not insist on anybody eating oatmeal because somebody else does, but the great growth of its popularity as an anti-dyspeptic is beyond doubt. Generally the Irish and Scotch Meals are considered best, but they sell comparatively high, and persons who have used both say that the American and American Meals are just as good; they latter retail for 6c. per bushel less for former.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH, J. J. THOMAS OFFERS **Guano and Supplies FOR FARMERS.**

H. J. MYERS DEALER IN **FINE LIQUORS** AND **DOMESTIC & IMPORTED CIGARS.**

WEST POCKET CURE 25 DYSPEPSIA 25 ALLERGY & DOCTORS' TESTE.

Thos. H. Briggs & Sons, RALEIGH, N. C. DEALERS IN **CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES** Superior Finish, Neatness and Durability.

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DR. C. McLANE'S WORM SPECIFIC OR VERMIFUGE. THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S WORM SPECIFIC OR VERMIFUGE.

For The Sea Shore! ATLANTIC HOTEL, BEAUFORT, N. C. NEW MANAGEMENT.

Open the 1st of June under the management of the undersigned. A first class sea resort and the most pleasantly situated hotel on the Atlantic coast. The tide flows and flows daily beneath the building, and is free from dirt, flies and mosquitoes. The hotel is the most spacious and airy in the State. A good band of music has been engaged for the season. Surf bathing unsurpassed, with suitable dressing houses on the beach. Bath houses also within five yards of the house for still water bathing. Large and airy rooms also in the building occupied by the Proprietor, and which are superior to any in the State, and which he prefers rooms on the mainland.

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CONDENSED MILK NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, May 11, 1879.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
Leave Raleigh.	6:30 a.m.	6:45 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
Arr. High Point.	7:30 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	7:30 a.m.
Arr. Greensboro.	8:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Arr. Salisbury.	9:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Arr. Wm. Lee.	10:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Arr. Goldsboro.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.

TALBOTT & SONS, Shockoe Machine Works, RICHMOND, VA. MANUFACTURERS OF Portable and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Saw Mills, Corn and Wheat Mills, Shavings, Engines, Pumps, Turbine Water Wheels, Tobacco Factory Machinery, Wrought Iron Work, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description.

Louisiana State Lottery Co. This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes, in 1868, and has since that time been in successful operation. It is the only lottery of its kind in the United States, and its success is beyond question. Its Grand Single Number Drawing will take place on Tuesday, June 17th, 1879, at New Orleans, Louisiana. The prizes offered are as follows: 1 Grand Prize of \$100,000; 2 Prizes of \$50,000; 4 Prizes of \$25,000; 20 Prizes of \$10,000; 100 Prizes of \$5,000; 200 Prizes of \$2,500; 500 Prizes of \$1,000; 10,000 Prizes of \$100. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$100,000.

Geo. W. Robinson's Eagle Brewery, BUCHANAN SPRINGS, WEST CLAY ST., RICHMOND, VA. The Gold Medal was awarded George W. Robinson for superior Ale, Porter and Lager Beer at the Virginia State Agricultural Fair of 1878. Read and see what Dr. Wm. L. Taylor says, State Chemist of Virginia.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, Opposite Capitol Square, CORNER TWELFTH AND BANK STS., RICHMOND, VA. Terms Per Day \$2.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL, RALEIGH, N. C. Superior and Special Accommodations. Renewed and Re-established.

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Arr. Goldsboro.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.

SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE Run both ways with Trains Nos. 1 and 2, between New York and Atlanta via Richmond, Greensboro and Augusta, and both ways with Trains Nos. 3 and 4, between Greensboro and Salisbury via Greensboro and Salisbury.

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