

The News and Observer.

VOLUME XXXVII.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1895.

NUMBER 156.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

OUR FOREIGN POLICY

REPUBLICANS PERSISTENTLY ATTACK THE PRESIDENT'S HAWAIIAN ACTION.

MR. CLEVELAND NOT TROUBLED.

He says he has done what he believed right and proper and is willing to leave it to the judgment of the people. Storekeepers and gaugers must hereafter stand examination—Third Assistant Postmaster General—Southerners at the Metropolitan.

Special to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.

Heretofore allusion has been made to the fixed attitude of the Republicans in both houses of Congress toward the foreign policy of President Cleveland. Without the least regard to the facts or the merits of each and every case which has arisen, Republican Senators and Representatives have covered with the most unjust and unfair criticism, and frequently with deliberate misrepresentation, the action of the Executive. It was so all through the first term of Mr. Cleveland; it has been so, without intermission, from the fourth day of March, 1893, down to the present moment. There is every reason to believe this course of action is the result of a systematic method resolved upon at the period when Mr. Cleveland first came into office.

The President, however, expresses himself as quite content with the situation and as assured that his action will be thoroughly understood and appreciated by the American people. He has done throughout the whole matter what he conceived to be right and proper, and he is willing to turn from Frye and Boutelle to the people at large for judgment.

Revenue Appointments.

The storekeepers and gaugers have been put under the civil service and therefore the appointments have been held back for the past sixty days. A great many recommendations and applications are on file, but no appointments will be made. Mr. Nesbitt, the chief clerk of the revenue office, said to me yesterday that a great number of these recommendations and applications were from North Carolina. Hereafter when there is a still started over seventy five miles from a special agency the Civil Service Commission will grant an appointment. "It is strange," said Mr. Nesbitt, "that in North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Georgia and one or two other Southern States the men who apply for these positions keep them a short while and then resign. Hereafter it will not be that way. You watch! There has not been a resignation since the revenue officials were put under the civil service, while before there were resignations daily."

Third Assistant Postmaster General.

In the office of Kerr Craige, the Third Assistant Postmaster General, the pictures of all the Third Assistant Postmaster Generals are hung upon the walls. Among these pictures are those of two North Carolinians: Daniel Coleman, who was here in 1834, and of O. M. Zeverly, who was here for several years before, during, and after the war. Next year a handsome picture of Mr. Craige will adorn the walls. Mr. Craige is making a fine record as Third Assistant, and his rulings, which are always just, are always upheld by the Postmaster General when an appeal is made. The chief of decisions which he has to make are those of what class matter any article shall go under first, second, third, or fourth class matter.

Southern Day at the Metropolitan.

Southerners held full sway at the Metropolitan yesterday afternoon. The Southern delegation in Congress were nearly all included among the callers. Miss Henderson, of Salisbury, daughter of Congressman John Henderson, received, assisted by Miss Nannie Craige, of Salisbury, daughter of Hon. Kerr Craige, Third Assistant Postmaster General. The others who received were the Misses Money, of Mississippi; Miss Shelby, of Mississippi; Misses Garrett, of Georgia; Miss Davie, of Louisiana; Miss Kretz.

Among the Congressional ladies were Mrs. Money, Mrs. Bankhead, Mrs. Guild and Mrs. B. I.

Senator Ransom, Senator Berry and Senator Walsh spent the afternoon with the receivers. Senator Ransom was the most popular caller of the day.

A NEW MEDICINE COMPANY.

Death of a Prominent Minister near Gibsonville.

Special to the News and Observer.

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 22.

A company was organized here last night to manufacture the "African Blood Cure," a well known patent medicine. The officers are, president, N. R. Bowman, Lynchburg, Va.; vice-president, J. T. Jordan; secretary, and treasurer, E. L. Gilmer; attorney, F. W. Wade, of Greensboro. This company will at once begin the manufacture of this medicine on a large scale.

Rev. J. R. Sikes, pastor of the Friends Church near Gibsonville, died yesterday afternoon after an illness of about a month. He was the author of a book entitled "Scriptural Reasons why Prohibition is Not Right." He received very harsh criticism on this account.

The Greek Ministry Resigns.

ATHENS, Jan. 22.—The Greek Ministry has resigned. The resignation is due to the King's refusal to accede to the minister's request to dissolve Parliament as the best way to a solution of the economic problem.

HAWAII AGAIN

SENATE SPENDS TWO HOURS DISCUSSING THE RECENT ROYALIST REBELLION.

AN ATTACK ON THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Lodge favors the immediate annexation of the island to the United States—Mr. Turpie discusses the Nicaragua Canal Bill—The Pooling Bill reported favorably and without amendment—Senator Hill offers a substitute for Mr. Kyle's resolution.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The Hawaiian question was again debated in the Senate to-day for somewhat over two hours. Mr. Gray occupied the position of defender and Mr. Lodge that of his prosecutor. The latter Senator was plain and outspoken in advocacy of the annexation of the islands, declaring that he disliked to see the American flag pulled down where it had once been raised up, or an American foot go back where it had been once advanced.

In the course of the discussion, Mr. Hawley took occasion to correct the impression that in yesterday's debate he had charged the President with "conspiring with royalist Hawaiian conspirators." What he intended to convey he said, was that the President had "conferred" with them.

The Nicaragua Canal Bill.

The Kyle resolution, on which the discussion had been based, was at the close of the morning hour, placed on the calendar, and the remainder of the day's session was occupied with a speech by Mr. Turpie in opposition to the Nicaragua Canal Bill.

Among the petitions and papers presented in the morning hour were numerous affidavits and protests from citizens of Alabama in reference to the recent election in that State, presented by Mr. A. C. Nease, of Nebraska.

Pooling Bill Reported Favorably.

The House Pooling Bill was reported back from the Committee on Inter-State Commerce by Mr. Butler, favorably and without amendment, and was placed on the calendar. Chandler, a member of that committee, giving notice of an amendment requiring the proposed changes of rates to be submitted to, and approved by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The Kyle resolution disapproves "the action of the administration in withdrawing our warship from the Sandwich Islands and requests the President to proceed forthwith from San Francisco to Honolulu."

Mr. Hill Offers a Substitute.

At the close of Mr. Gray's speech, Mr. Hill offered a substitute for Mr. Kyle's resolution, the one offered last Saturday by Mr. Frye, declaring that the Senate "learns with profound regret the attempt to restore a deposed Queen to power in the Hawaiian Islands, and extends to the young Republic the warmest sympathy in her efforts to suppress the rebellion."

No vote was reached on either subject, and at 4:40 p. m., the Senate adjourned.

SENATORIAL ELECTIONS.

Bleeding Kansas Elects a Republican to Succeed Senator Martin.

TEXAS ELECTS HORACE CHILTON.

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—The Senate voted for United States Senators to-day, the ballot resulting as follows: Dolph 19; Bennett 8; Hare 3. The House met and adjourned till 2 o'clock. The second and decisive vote was in the House. Dolph 29; F. A. Moore 1; Gov. Lord 1; W. D. Hare 7. Senate—Dolph 19; M. Hare 3. Senator Dolph will be elected by joint assembly to-morrow.

Ninth Ballot in Delaware.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 22.—The ninth ballot in the senatorial contest was taken by the Legislature in joint session to-day and resulted: Higgins 10; Adicks 6; Massey 3; Wolcott (Dem.) 8; Tunell (Dem.) 1.

No Choice in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 22.—The vote in the House and Senate taken at noon to-day on the senatorial question, resulted: House—Washburn 32; Nelson 45; Comstock 10; McClure 1; Donnelly 8; McHale 9; Tawney 2; Buckham 1. Senate—Washburn 22; Nelson 17; Comstock 3; McClure 1; Donnelly 5; McHale 2; Pillsbury 1; Dickinson 1; Mitchell 1. No choice. Another ballot will be taken at noon to-morrow.

The Vote in West Virginia.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 22.—The vote in the House and Senate to-day for U. S. Senator resulted: Elkins 12; Camden 11; Neill 1. House—Elkins 48; Camden 17; Wilson 1; Neill 1. House and Senate took recess to 2:30 p. m.

The constitution requires that the successful candidate shall have a majority in each house before the joint ballot takes place.

No Election in Washington.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 22.—The Senatorial vote in both houses today resulted as follows: Senate—Ankeny 13, Wilson 5, Allen 5, Jones 2, McMillan 3, Rodgers (Pop.) 3, Wallace (Dem.) 4. House—Ankeny 15, Wilson 24, Allen 9, McMillan 6, Rodgers 20, Wallace 3, Manning 1. Fifty-seven is necessary to elect.

Wyoming Chooses Senators.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 22.—Francis E. Warren and Clarence D. Clark, Republicans, were the choice of the legislature today for United States Senators. The election will be ratified tomorrow in joint session. Warren will serve the long term.

Senator Pettigrew Re-Elected.

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Still Attempting to Form a Cabinet.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—After an extended interview with President Faure, M. Bourgeois definitely agreed to make another attempt to construct a cabinet. Doumer, Hanotux, Lockroy, Cavaignac, and Conchery, and Senators Combes and Devergnas have accepted portfolios under Bourgeois.

Will Build in the South.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 22.—In the Senate this afternoon the mercantile committee reported a bill authorizing the Boston cotton mills to engage in business outside of the State. This is one of the bills that intend to build in the South.

More Bomb Throwing.

MILAN, Jan. 22.—A bomb was exploded near the residence of a certain banker in this city to-day. No damage was done. Later an unexploded bomb was found.

A New Factory for Weldon.

Special to the News and Observer.

WELDON, N. C., Jan. 22.

Mr. Chas. H. Fengar, of Greenwich, R. I., is here. He will purchase a lot on which he will erect a large spoke and hub factory which will give immediate employment to sixty or more persons.

Mr. Fengar is much pleased with this country, and says Weldon has superior advantages to any town to which he has stopped.

BROOKLYN A CAMP

NEARLY TEN THOUSAND MILITIA AND POLICE ON DUTY ALL DAY.

VOLLEYS FIRED IN THE STREETS.

One Man Shot and Fatally Wounded and a Number of Others Injured—Rioters Reply with Shots, Stones and Other Missiles—The Number of Strikers Greatly Increased and the Women and Children Take an Active Part.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Jan. 22.—The situation this morning was most serious. The troops had been fired upon, attacked with stones, brick-bats and other missiles under cover of darkness and fog. They had heroically faced the riotous mobs and the wonder is that they withheld their fire a dozen times under serious provocation. They had discharged volleys over the heads of the crowds, they had jabbed the street gangs with bayonets, they had done everything but shoot people down. General McLeer said two days ago that his men did not want to injure any one, that they realized that firing at a crowd meant the probable maiming and death of many persons. He added, however, that if duty demanded it, his men would fire on the mob.

Ordered to Fire Upon the Strikers.

The point has been reached where forbearance ceases to be a virtue. The troops have now been ordered to fire upon any persons seen throwing a missile or shooting at them. Sharpshooters have been detailed to pick off people on house-tops and in windows who throw or shoot from their sheltered locations at the troops, the police or the cars operated by non-union men.

The mobs do not yet appear to realize these facts. The citizens of Brooklyn do not heed the proclamation of the Mayor warning them to avoid crowds, refrain from assembling in the streets and in the vicinity of the car depots. Apparently there must be serious slaughter before peace can be restored. This may come at any moment. The clearing off of the fog and rain this forenoon was in aid of public safety.

The Day of Compromise Passed.

The mob which caused trouble yesterday afternoon and last night did not assemble to-day. They were disturbances, however. Wires were cut and cars interfered with at points away from the stations of the troops. No end of the strike is in sight. The day for compromise has passed. Arbitration is no longer thought of. The linemen refused to repair cut wires to-day, widening the breach and giving the companies more trouble. No general resumption of the operation of the cars has followed the arrival of the troops and the companies have made but a poor showing in spite of their boasts of plenty of new men.

Presidents Lewis, Norton and Wicker say that the outlook is brighter for the resumption of normal travel on their lines. They made a slight gain this morning in the number of cars operated, but did not succeed in starting cars as promptly and as quickly as they planned to do last night. President Norton did, however, run cars on three lines which have been closed since the strike was begun.

Cut wires and efforts of linemen to make repairs prevented Presidents Lewis and Wicker from starting new lines. They made an improved showing on the lines operated yesterday, but on only half a dozen lines out of a total of forty-six lines affected was there anything like a resumption of normal traffic.

Disturbances During the Day.

The first disturbance of the day was in the vicinity of 58th and Third avenue stables. The strikers made an attack on a wagon containing a motorman and conductor. The wagon was on its way to the stables. A howling mob followed the vehicle, yelling, jeering and throwing missiles of all kinds at the men. By the time the wagon had reached the stables a mob of nearly a thousand had gathered and the situation looked quite threatening. At this point the officers in command of the troops ordered a charge and the streets were soon cleared. During the charge a shot was fired but no one was hit.

An assault was made about 6 o'clock this morning on Inspector Jennings of the Brooklyn Heights Company. He was attacked by a gang of strikers near the Halsey street station, and was badly beaten but not seriously injured.

"Law Must Prevail."

The Mayor, Corporation Council McDonald, Police Commissioner Wells and other members of the cabinet, entered into a conference at 11 o'clock this morning at the city hall. At 1 o'clock the meeting adjourned. Mayor Schieren, through his secretary, issued the following proclamation, as the result of the conference:

"Law and order must prevail first in this community, must be respected by all, and must be enforced upon all, even if it takes the entire force of the State."

Lawyer McRabau L. Towns announced this morning that late last night he applied to Justice Gaynor of the Supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel the Brooklyn Heights company to operate its lines and the order to show cause had been granted. The order required the company to come before him at a special term of the Supreme court to be held to-morrow, and show cause why a pre-emptory writ of mandamus should not be issued requiring the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company to forthwith resume the operation of its lines and why it should not forthwith maintain

THE MOB GROWS BOLD.

The Mob Getting Increasing in Size and with multiplied force its demeanor became much bolder.

The Trouble Culminated at 1:30 p. m., when car No. 115 came along.

Near Patsen avenue it had to stop, owing to obstructions on the track. The strikers crowded about the car and asked the conductor and motorman to join them. They refused. Strikers then jumped upon the platforms, seized both men by the necks, yanked them off and threw them into the howling mob. Once there they were kicked and punched unmercifully. Then a dozen strikers picked both men up bodily and ran down a side street with them.

A Hot Fight With the Police.

About a dozen cars had, in the meantime, come up, and the police on the platform drew their sticks and fell upon the crowd. They smashed right and left, generally landing on some unfortunate striker's head. The crowd retaliated with stones and for a few minutes the fight was hot. The police grabbed two leaders of the mob and placed them under arrest. The strikers tried to rescue their brethren and were only prevented from so doing by the police drawing their revolvers and driving the mob back.

The temper of the strikers was now thoroughly aroused, and they stoned the cars incessantly. It was found impossible for the few policemen in the neighborhood to cope with the strikers, and reinforcements were sent for. In a few minutes a detachment of officers under command of citizen Dyer, and a portion of the Troop A, Lieut. Badgley in charge, came up.

Troops Disperse the Mob.

At the sight of the galloping horses the mob beat a hasty retreat, rushing into near-by saloons up side streets and across lots. The cavalry immediately formed a picket line and paraded up and down the sidewalks, forcing idlers to move rapidly along. There were a large number of women in the throng and they howled and jeered worse than the men. Many of the women had babies in their arms, crowded about the cars and their voices crying in shrill tones "Scabs" could be heard for blocks.

The police were somewhat with them, but for all that the women stoned them on every opportunity. Many of them taunted the strikers for not tearing the non-union men from the cars, and one big Irish woman offered to take a prisoner from a policeman if some one would hold her child she had in her arms.

Up and down Fulton street, from Ralph to Tompkins avenue, a troop paraded, keeping the crowds moving. This was a difficult task, for the strikers would only be driven from one place to assemble in another. They were in a very ugly mood, and the sight of so many trolley cars stirred them to a boiling pitch. But the cavalry did quite effective work, and their efforts doubtless prevented a riot.

Linemen Join the Strike.

The linemen of the Gates Avenue Line held a meeting this morning. They talked the situation over, decided to strike, and then returned the trucks to the stables. The superintendent of the Gates Avenue Line said the men did not strike but were driven away by strikers and not allowed to repair the lines which were cut near Central. He asked for mounted police to protect the linemen. Later on, the linemen returned to work, no doubt under orders from their master workman.

About 2:30 p. m. a number of strikers rushed up Rochester avenue, to Fulton street, threw a rope over the trolley wire and attempted to pull it down. The cavalry charged on them and the strikers fled.

Conference of Military Men.

Adjutant General McAlpin arrived in Brooklyn at 4:30 p. m. He went to the City Hall and was closeted with the Mayor for an hour. Thence he went to Brigade headquarters, where he was closeted for some time with Brigadier General McLeer and his staff. Later the Mayor, accompanied by Police Commissioner Wells, went to Brigade headquarters and took part in the conference, which assumed something of the nature of a counsel of war.

Those present were Adjutant General McAlpin, Mayor Schieren, Col. Marwin, Military Secretary to Gov. Morton; Col. Greene, Assistant Inspector General, and Major Burbanks, U. S. A.

Upon leaving the headquarters Adjutant General McAlpin expressed himself as being fully satisfied with the situation. He further said that the mayor had expressed the belief that the force of soldiery now in this city was fully competent to cope with the strikers, and the existing situation did not require any further military display.

Running Cars Cause a Riot.

For the first time since the inauguration of the strike, the Brooklyn Queens County and suburban company began this morning to run cars on its Ralph avenue line. Usually forty six men are employed to operate this branch, but this

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National Park at Gettysburg.

A bill passed authorizing the establishment of a national military park at Gettysburg, Pa., and appropriating \$75,000 therefor.

The House disagreed to the Senate amendments to the fortification appropriation bill, and asked a conference thereon.

The House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

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