The News and Observer.

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RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1895.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ANY GIRGULATION OF NORTH GAROLINA THE LARGEST DAILY.

FOUR PER CENT BONDS

THE PRESIDENT NOTIFIES CON-GRESS OF ARRANGEMENTS FOR A NEW ISSUE.

ANOTHER CHANCE FOR CONGRESS.

It. Within Ten Days, Congress Au horizes the Issue of 3 Per t ent "Gold" Bonds They Will be Substituted for the Proposed 4 Per Cent., 30-Year "Coin" Bonds-This, the President Estimates, Would Save More Than a Million Dollars in the Thirty Years.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.-The President sent the following message to Congress at neon to day:

"since my recent communication to Congr-s calling attention to our finan cial condition and suggesting legislation which I deemed essential to our national credit, the anxiety and aeprehension existing in business circles have continu d

"As a precaution, therefore, against the failure of timely legislative and through congressional action, captious preparations have been pending to em ploy to the best possible advantage, in default of better means, such legislative authority as may, without additional leg islation, be exercised for the purpose of re inforcing and maintaining in our Treasury an adequate and safe gold reserve.

"In the judgment of those especially charged with this responsibility, the business situation is so critical and the legislative situation so u promising, with the omission thus far on the part of the Congress to beneficially enlarge the pow-ers of the secretary of the Treasury in the premises, as to enjoin immediate ex ecutive action with the facilities now at hand.

Thirty-Year, Four Per Cent. Bonds.

"Therefore, in pursuance of section \$2700 of the revised statutes, the details of an arrangement have this ay been concluded with parties abundantly able to fuifill their undertakings, whereby bonds of the United States, authorized under the act of July 14, 1875, payable with inter st at the save of 4 pr cent. per annual to be smount of a little less than sixty-two millions, and four hundred thousand dollars are to be issued for the purchase of gold coin amounting to asum slightly in excess of sixty five ui iion dollars, to be delivered to the treasury of the United States, which sum, added to the gold now held in our reserve, will so restore such reserve as to make it amount to something more than one hundred millions of dollars. Such a premium is to be allowed to the govern ment upon the bonds as to fix the rate of interest upon the smount of cold realized at three and three-tourths per cent per annum At least one-half of the gold to be obtained is to be supplied from abroad, which is a very important and favorable feature of the transaction.

THE CONTRACT COMPLETED. All Arrangements Have Been Made

for the New Bond Issue. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8 - Unless Congress in ten days passes a law au-the izing the s-ue of gold bonds bearng three per cent. bonds running thirry years, or otherwise relieves the Trea-ury in the replenisement of the gold reserve Secretary Carlisle will, by direction of h. President, sell four per cent bouds to the amount of \$62.400.000 for gold. Arrangements whereby this can be done and \$65,000,000 in gold be received for the bonds have been perfected and the contingent contract signed to day

This official memoral dum of the transaction was made public at the Treasury this afternoon.

"The contract was made with August Belmont and Company, of New York or behalf of Messrs. N. M. Rothschild and Sons, of London, and J P Morgan and Company, of New York, on benalf of J. S. Morgan and Company, of London, and themselves, and provides for the delivery to the United States of 3.500,000 ounces of standard gold coin of the Uni-+d States, to be paid for in United States 4 per cent bonds. A large number of other banks and financial institu tions are interested in the transaction, but their names are not given in the contract itself. The department does not know in what proportion the various parties are to furnish the gold com or receive the bonds, as this a matter for arrangement between themselves "By the terms of the contract the parties

are to bear all the expense of bringing gold from abroad and they are so far as it lies in their power, to exert all their financial influence, and make all leg timate + fforis, to protect the Treasury against withdrawls of gold pending complete performance of the contract. No bonds are to be delivered except in payment for gold actually delivered. In view of the possible failure of legislation in Congress negotiatious have been pending for some time here and abroad at d the terms of this contract are the best that could be procured with a coin bond.' Details of the Contract Completed.

The contract was drawn up during the day by Attorney General O ney and Sec retary Carlisle, and submitted to J. Lynde Stetson, counsel for the bankers. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, the New York financier, arrived here early this morn ing and had a conference with Secretary Carlisle at the Treasury at 10 o'clock, when all unfinished details were perfected

Mr. Belmont, it is understood, started for Washington this morning, but was snow-bound en route and therefore took no per-onal part in completing the details

Representative Wilson, of W. Virginia, the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, to whom the President's bond message was referred, will call the committee together at 10 o'clock to morrow morning.

AMERICANS TO DIE.

Further Particulars of the Royalist

STILL WASTING TIME

CONGRESS SPENDS THE DAY DISCUSSING APPROPRIA-TION BILLS.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE READ

Breeze in the House--\$10,000 Ap-

priated for Relief of the Poor in the

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.-The

House to-day entered upon the consider ation of the legislative and judici l ap-

propriation bill for the year ending June

An amendment to the paragraph pro-

viding for the payment of clerks to

embers offered by Mr. Bartlett, (Dem),

of New York, and to make them annual

instead of session employes, led to an

animated debate upon the economy and

wisdom of giving members the assistance

at times and various propositions were

made to amend or to substitute Mr.

Barlett's motion. They were all ob-

Bartlett's proposition did not vote.

ected to, but upon the adoption of Mr.

All efforts to secure a quorum proved

The messages from the President an-

nouncing the sale of bonds and the pro-

test of the government against the exe-

cution of the court marial sentences

upon citizens of the United States who

engaged in the recent revolt in Hawaii,

were received and referred, the former

to the committee on Ways and Means,

and the latter to the committee on For-

reference of the Hawaiian correspon-

dence to the committee of the whole on

the state of the Union, but the Speaker

held that a motion to that effect would

A Senate bill was passed appropriat-ing \$10,000 for the relief of the poor of

the District of Columbia; also fourteeu

consideration of private pension bills was

THE DAY IN THE SENATE.

from the Pres dent Read.

omitted by unanimous consent.

The usual Friday night session for the

Mr Boutelle endeavored to secure a

futile, and finally they were abandoned

and the further consideration of the bill

Considerable bitterness was displayed

30, 1896. but made little progress.

District of Columbia.

of clerks.

postconed.

eign Aff irs.

not be in order.

private pension bills.

priate committees

zero, and the water supply was low. The guests of the Western Hotel. ad oining the Johnson block, got out at the first alarm and hurried to other hotels The Hawaiian Situation Attracts Athalf dress d. A fierce, icv wind was tention and Causes Considerable Disblowing and the desperately fighting cu-sion--The Question of Providing volunteer firemen and citizens kept the Clerks for the Members Raises a flames within three blocks.

FIRE AT ASHEVILLE.

It Took Three Hours to Subdue the

Flames--Great Damage Done.

ASHEVILLE, N. C, Feb. 8.-About midnight last night fire broke out in

the Alexander building on Court Square.

The mercury was four degrees below

The business part of the town was threatened at one time, when the water was Two upper stories of the Johnlowest. on building containing the Western Hotel, were gutted, and John Rich's hardware store on the first floor, was badly damaged by fire and water The adjoining block, belonging to Kelly F Alexander, was gutted, nothing being

left but the walls. The Westeru Carolina Bank building, also owned by Alexander, was flooded with water and the upper story burned The fire gained a foot-hold in the out. rear of a building facing on Patton Aveue, but did not spread.

The firemen fought the flames three hours before the fire yielded The mer-cury was falling all the time. Many citizens aided the firemen, and frostbitten ears and hands resulted.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

The Cold Wave has Seriously Influenced the Trade in all Staple Lines.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8 -Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: "Extremely low temperature, snow and high winds have visited the greater portion of the counry this week and exercised a marked in flience by restricting orders received by jobbers in all staple lines.

But they have tended to stimulate purchases on seasonable goo's.

General trade at larger eastern cen-ters remains unchanged. Philadelphia reports continued free sales of drygoods. At Baltimore bills sent South or Southwest have been paid more promptly than expected.

Among Southern correspondents, Chatanooga reports that the volume of trade there for January, in spite of the lower range of prices, is equal to that for 1894. In contrast is a decrease in all lines at Augusta, with commercial collections unsatisfactory. Business has fallen off at Atlanta, but at Savann h the situation is unchanged, with jobbers cautious as to opening accounts A fair volume of business at New Orleans, but collections are poor because of the non-payment of the sugar bounties.

Two Very Important Communications No change is reported from Memphis, Charleston or Galveston. The damage WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7 .- Two by the Florida freeze was exaggerated. mportant communications from the A large portion of the orange crop has President were presented in the Senate already been marketed. The late crop and that held for higher prices was to-d-y and were referred to their approcaught and destroyed. Some young trees were hurt, but old groves were The first notified Congress that, as a precaution against its failure to give practically uninjured. Heavy losses fell legi-lative aid to the treasury, ar- on large growers. A good but small rangements had been made for a four erop is expected this year. Results of ver cent "coin" bond to run thirty Florida naval stores and phosphate in-years, at a premium which would make dustries are said to have been fairly satacross isfactory.

Libry Of Congress

THE BLIZZARD HAS SWEPT OVER ALMOST THE ENTIRE COUNTRY.

LOWEST TEMPERATURE KNOWN.

Trains in the North and Westare Snow Bound and all Traffic is Stopped--The Rivers are Frozen Over and Choked with Ice--Storm in New York is the Worst ever Known--Pea Crop in Georgia Killed -- North Caro-

NEW YORK, Feb 8 .- The great snow storm that raged in this vicinity to day was worse than that memorable blizzard of March 12 15, 1893, in three ways -in wind velocity, in temperature and area covered. The wind to-day averaged 60 miles an hour against 50 in the blizzard of '88; the temperature to-day hovered about zero, while in '88 it was five above: five and a half inches of snow fell to-

In the area of the storm, however, is the greatest difference noted. The blizzard to day swept almost the entire country instead of the mere radius of 400 miles around New York then cov-

The Storm in New York.

The storm swept down on the city early last night, and by this morning was in full possession. It did not settle down softly and quietly in nice, big flikes. On the contrary, it was driven along with b'inding force by a furious north-west gale of bitter coldness, in minute particles that seemed to be covered with sharp points, like the end of a needle, and stung the faces of be lated pedestrians as they toiled along through the drifts. It was so dry and light that it was piled up in great heaps and ridges in every shelt-red point. for wherever the gale had full play it swept the streets and idewalks clean. Under these con ditions it was no wonder that this city was at sixes and sevens to day Snow was drifted high in the streets. traffic on surface and elevated lines was impeded, tanks and pipes were flozen, persons were overcome by the cold, and frost bitten noses, ears and hands were plentiful.

In Brooklyn but few street cars were running and the elevated roads could not work as well as usual. Ourlying wards and neighboring Long Island towns were completely cut off in many instances with the outside world. There were large fields of ice in the bay and several ships were caught in them. Other vessels were frozen fast at their docks. Navigation Stopped.

The Narrows were gorged with ice, and it was impos-ible for any craft, big or little, to navigate there without taking big risks.

Traffic on the different ferries was seriou-ly impeded. Both the North and East rivers were filled with huge masses of drifting ice, and the utmost care had to be exercised in taking the boats

IS A RECORD BREAKER mous "horse shoe curve," which is in the Alleghany mountains five miles west mous "horse shoe curve," which is in of Altoona, and a freight train was stalled throughout the night at that place.

On the New York division and on the Maryland division the situation is practically the same as on the main line as regards irregular train service, although he drifts are not so bad.

The high winds blow the snow into heaps on the tracks almost as fast as workmen clear it away, and the cold is growing more intense hourly.

The Reading Road is also in bad shape, particularly at Reading and in the coal

An east-bound passenger train on the East Pennsylvania Railroad is snowbound near Lyons station and is almost completely hidden from view.

The Schuylkill and Lehigh branch is snowed up completely, and no attempt was made to start trains.

The Reading and Columbia branch is also snow-bound, and traffit is at a stand-still. There is apparently no let up in the storm, and the air is filled with flying snow. Railroad men say the conditions are equally as bad as in the blixzard of March, 1888.

Rivers Choked Up With Ice.

PITTSBURG, Pa , Feb 8.-The mercury this morning recorded four degrees be low zero. In exposed places it was five degrees lower. Indications are for colder weather. Trains on all roads entering Pittsburg are delayed by snow and frozen water tanks. Eastern trains were tive hours late, while those from the west were from two to three hours behind. The suffering from the cold is widespread, principally on account of unprecedented shortage of fuel gas. Coal dealers are overwhelmed with rush orders and are working night and day to meet the ever-increasing demand. The run on all of the charitable institutions in the city continues. Produce dealers report a scarcity of supply and no receipts and prices are advancing.

Horses are crossing the rivers on the ee, drawing heavily loaded wagons. The river men are convinced that river property will be in great danger of destruction when the ice breaks up. The Ohio river is closed between Pitt-burg and Wheeling. The Alleghany and Monongahela rivers are ice-lock dtl roughout their length. There can be no changes in the conditions of the big gorges in the Alleghany river until a rain or thaw causes the river to rise several feet.

Swept Away by a Tidal Wave.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 8 .- A Halifax despatch to the Globe says: 'One hundred houses and business buildings have been swept away at Cape Breton by an awful tidal wave. It is believed many lives were lost.

Below Zero in Tennessee.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 8 - The thermometer here this morning reached 22-10 below zero. The river is full of heavy ice, and navigation is stopped. All trains are on time.

The Pea Crop Killed.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 8.-Farmers report that the English pea crop was the only large crop planted here and it was killed by the cold. Some potatoes were in the ground but being planted deep, are not damaged. Cabbage and a small lot of other vegetables which were up were killed outright. As the large proportion of the spring vegetable crop had not been planted, the loss will not be serious.

lina Sounds Frozen Over.

day, against twe feet then.

ered.

Congress Given Another Chance.

"The privilege is especially reserved to the government to substitute at par within ten days from this date in lieu of the four per cent coin bonds, other bonds in terms payable in gold and bear ing only three per cent interest if the issue of the same should in the meantime be authorized by the Congress.

"The arrangement thus completed, which after careful inquiry, appears in present circumstances and considering objects desired to be the best attainable, develops such a difference in the estimation of investors between bonds made paya-ble in c in and those specifically made payable in gold in favor of the latter, as is represented by three-fourths of a cent in annual interest. In the agreement just concluded, the annual saving in interest to the government if 8 per cent gold bonds should be substituted for 4 per cent. coin bonds und r the privilege reserved would be five hundred and thirty-nine thousand one hundre | and fif y nine dollars, amount ing in thirty years, or at the maturity of the coin bonds, to sixteen million, one hundred and seventy-four thousand, seven hundred and seventy dollars.

The Difference in Interest.

"Of course, there never should be a doubt in any quarter as to the redemption in gold of the bonds of the government which are made payable in gold. Therefore, the discrimination in the judgement of investors, between our bond obligations payable in coin and those specifically made payable in gold, is very significant.

"It is har ly necessary to suggest that whatever may be our views on the subject, the sentiments or preterences of her unselfish appeal for clemency for those with whom we must regonate in participants. disposing of our bonds for gold, are not subject to our dictation.

"I have only to add hat in my opin ion, the transaction herein detailed for the information of Congress promises better results than the efforts previously made in the direction of effectively adding to our gold reserve through the sale of bonds, and I believe it will tend to meet the determination expressed in the law repealing the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, and in that, in the language of such repealing act, the arrangement made will aid our efforts to "in sure the mainter ance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all of debts."

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND. Executive Mansion, Feb. 8, 1895.

Revolt in Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8 .- The President to-day sent to Congress the latest telegram from Minister Willis and Secretary Gresham's instructious and rep'y, showing a more serious condition of affairs than are reported in the pre-s thus saving \$539,159 in annual interest, dispatches. The dispatches are as follows:

Mr. Willis to Mr. Gresham. (Telegram.) "HONOLULU, Jan 30, 1895

(SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6, 1895.) "Revolt over 9th Casualties. Government one; Royalists two. C ur martial convened 17th; has tried 38 cases; 200 more to be tried and daily ar Gillick, former minister, r sta and Americans, and Rickard. Euglishman, sentenced to death; all heretofore prom-

inent in p duics "T. B Walker, formerly in the Urited States army, imprisonment or life and \$5,000 fine. Other sentences not disclosed but will probab'y be death. Re quested conies of record for our government to determine us duty before final sentence, but no answer yet Bitter feeling and threats of mob violeace, which arrival of Philadelphia may prevent. Liluokalani made prisoner on 16th; on 24th reliequished all claims and wore al egiance to republic, imploring clemency for Hawaiiaus. Government replied to Liliuokalani:

exempt you in the slig test degree from personal and individual liability,' for complicity in the late conspiracy. Denied that she had any rights January 14. 1893, when she attempted a new con-ti tution. Fully appr ciates her call to the disaff cted to recognize the kepub lic, and will give full consideration to

"LBERT S WILLIS."

Mr. Gresham's Telegram. "DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

"WASHINGTON D C., Feb 7, 1895. Cooper. U. S. Dispatch Agent, San Francisco, Cal.

"Forward the following by the first. steamer to A. S. Willis, U. S. Minister, Honclulu :

"'If American citizens were condemned to death by a military tribunal, not tor actual participation in reported revolution, but for complicity only, if condemned to death by such a tribunal for actual participation but not after open fair trial with opportunity for de feuse; demand delay of execution, and times in the markets and in the payment in either case report to your government evidence relied on to support death sentence.

"GRESHAM.""

the actual interest 3 3-4 per cent, but coupled with the condition that if a 3 per cent. "gold" bond were authorized by Congress within ten days, they would be substituted for the 4 per cent. bonds, and saving \$16,176 770 in interest for

the full term of thirty years. Without any comment, but with an apparent sense of importance of the President's representations, the measure was re ferred to the committee on finance.

The other measure of the President attracted equal attention and gave rise to considerable discussion, after it was referred to the committee on foreign re Seward, Major in Federal army, b th lations. It had reference to the death sentences imposed upon the persons conv cted of engaging in a revolutionary movement in Hawaii.

The general tone of the debate indicated the depth of feeling which exists against such a sanguinary meas ure-the only expression to the contrary coming from Mr. Morgan, who said that he had no advice to give to the Hawaiian government, but that if it intended to remonstrances of any other government in such a matter it might as well turn over its power again to Queen Liline kalani. The Diplomatic Appropriation Bill,

with the amendment as to the telegraph cible to Hawaii, was went over without "This document cannot be taken to action and is to be voted on at 2 p. m. to mor ow.

At 5:45 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

The Elbe Disaster Inquiry.

LONDON, Feb, 8. - The crew of the British steamtr Crathie, which sunk the North German Lloyd steamer Elbe, are at Aberdeen, where they are being exam in d by a committee of the Board of Trade.

after the colli-ion the lights of the Elbe a ere seen nearly three quarters of a mile away, and at that time it was believed | not been out for several days on board the Crathie that her engines were still working. Distress rockets were seen, but no explosion was heard during the two hours occupied by the Crathie's crew in clearing away the

wreckage on their own vessel. After the wreckage had been cleared away the Crathie steered back for Rotterdam.

He Was Boiled to Death.

OMAHA, Neb. F.b. 8.-Charles Forman was boiled alive by the explosion of a steam heater in his father's residence this moruing. The water pipe froze and the heater exploded.

THREE HANGINGS.

Eugene Byars Pays the Penalty for Killing His Cousin.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 8 - Eugene Byars, who, on January 6. 1894. murdered and robbed his cousin, Eugene Walker, a sergeant in the United States Army, while the latter was en route from Fort Niobrara, Nebraska, to Eldridge, Alabama, his home, with a th usand dollars in his pocket, was hanged to day in the jail vard in the presence of a hundred people. Byars protested his innomence to the last. The hanging passed off qu'etly.

Hanged for Killing a Police Officer.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 8 - Jabez Wiliams, colored, was hanged here to day in the jail yard at 13.43. The crime for which Williams suffered the death penalty was the killing of Police Officer Murray, while attempting to arrest Williams.

Cumberland was hanged here for murder at 11 o'clock this morning. He was unmoved and protested his innocence to the last.

Special to the News and Observer.

FRANKLINTON, N. C., Feb. 8. It is very cold here to-day. The then mometer stood precisely at zero at 8 a m; at 9 a m., 2 above; at 10 a m., above; at 11 a. m., 8 above; at 12 m., 8 above; at 1 p m, 10 above; at 2 p. m. 11 above; at 3 p. m, 13 above, with the reflection of the sun since 1 o'clock

This is in front of the post-office and not the coldest place in town by large Those examined to-day stated that odds. Water froze in the porcelain cup on an open Franklin stove in a roou here last night. Fire in the stove had

GALLIOPOLIS, O., Feb. 8.-Leonard Henry, a four year old boy living in Huntington township, wandered away from home last night while his parents were absent. He was overcome by the cold and perished, being found dead in a ravine at 1 o'clock this morning, covred with snow.

Three Killed and Fourteen Injured.

PARIS, Feb. 8. - An explosion occurred in a foundry at Joinville, in the Depart-ment of Haute Marne to day, kinling three men and injuring fourteen.

Late in the afternoon the Hamilton,

South, Wall Street and Thirty-ninth Street ferries stopped running on account of the ice. The only serious accident thus far reported, and which was attended with probable loss of life, occurred late last night in the lower bay, where a fishing schooner, the Emma capsized. Four of her crew took to a boat and attempted to reach shore, but have not since been heard from. Three others remained in the rigging four or five hours, and then reached shore, nearly frozen, in a small boat.

All of the railroads entering this city were practically tied up. A few trains got through but they were mostly locals. All the mails due here to day were delayed. Some are reported stalled along the routes. The mails from the North and Canada are scheduled as two hou 's

The storm on Long Island was unusu ally severe. Travel is blocked nearly everywhere. Much suffering is reported. Some Serious Accidents.

Reports from Rockaway Beach, Coney I-land, Fire Island, Sag Harbor, East Hampton, Greenport, Northport, Freeport and many other points say the storm is the worst known in many years. Fire Island reports two schooners ashore near there, one at Point of Woods, the other at Lone Hill. The crew of the schooner ashore at the first named place were safely landed, but at last advices the crew of the other schooner had not yet been saved They are lashed to the rigging and must suffer intensely.

Far Rockaway reports that a steamer is said to be ashore at Long Beach, but cannot confirm the statement.

Far Reckaway also reports a serious railroad accident near that place. An engine on the Long Island railroad was derailed and overturned. The fireman was killed outright and the engineer was caught under the wreck, badly scalded and he'd fast until he died. The temperature at the spot was 8 below.

Trains Snow-Bound in the North.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa, Feb 8 - The entire Pennsylvania railroad system from New York to Washington in the east, and as far West as Pittsburg is seriously crippled because of snow drifts. In some laces, particularly at Mifflin, 45 miles West of Harrisburg, the snow has drifted as high as the car tops. A few trains on the Harrisburg divison departed for Philadelphia this morning, but the driftinterrupted their passage at intervals every few miles.

Sp-cial trains have been snow-bound at Mifflin since last night.

The snow has drifted badly on the fa-

North Carolina Sounds Frozen.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 8 - The coldest day in the history of the weather bureau in this city was to-day, when the mercury registered two degrees above zero, this being two degrees colder than any previous record. The North Carolina sounds are froz-n, as are all inland streams. Early crops are protected by their blankets of snow.

Galveston Bay Frozen Over.

GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 8.-For the second tipe in the history of Galveston the bay froze over. The first time was January, 1886, and since then the thermometer never fell so low as it did today, when it stood 15 above zero, which was one point lower than yesterday. Millions of fish were frozen, and the jetties and reefs along the water's edge are lined with them. Thousands of the fish were gathered up by the poor The bay did not freeze as completely as in 1886.

Played Havoc in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fia., Feb. 8.-The blizzard has wrought havoe in Forida. Thousands of acres of young vegetables are killed. Orange trees are more hurt than in the freeze of December on account of being field with spring sap. Many were just tudding. Even strawbeiries were killed.

All Vegetables Destroyed.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 8 -- The thermometer registered 12 degrees this morning, the lowest on record for February. Everything in the way of vegetables is destroyed.

Business Su-pended in Charlotte,

CHARLOTTE. N. C., Feb. 8 -Business here has been hung up all this afternoon, when the ground was covered with snow and ice. The mercury this morning was 1 below.

Temperature at Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, N. C, Feb. 8 .- The weather to day was the coldest of the season. The minimum temperature this morning was ten degrees, one degree higher than the lowest on record. There was a light fall of snow last night. The mercury at 8 o'clock to-night stood at 18 degrees, but will probably fall to ten or less by morning.

Wandered Away and Froze to Death.

late

Protested Innoceace to the Last.

FORT MADISON, IOWA, Feb 8.-J. K

Cold Weather in Franklinton.