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RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1895.

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THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

DARING RECORD ENDED

ALABAMA'S MOST NOTORIOUS DESPERADO KILLED BY A DEPUTY SHERIFF.

BUT HE WAS GAME TO THE LAST.

He Had Been in the Convict Mines Twice and Had Escaped Once—A Price Had Hung Over His Head for a Long Time and Many Attempts had Been Made for His Capture—He Was Finally Killed by a Deputy That he Had Formerly Wounded.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 22.—Jim Morrison, the most notorious desperado Alabama has produced since the 1840 days of Kube Burrows was killed yesterday afternoon thirty miles from this city, in the forks of Little and Big Warrior rivers, by Deputy Sheriff Henry Cole.

Morrison has a record of deviltry and daring, covering several years; has been in the convict mines twice, the last time breaking out and getting away after being badly shot. A price has hung over his head for a long time, and several ineffectual and one fatal attempt was made to capture him.

On this attempt near Goethite a posse headed by Deputy Sheriff Dexter, of Bibb county, got Morrison and a pal named Davis in a close place and a desperate duel resulted. Dexter was killed and Davis wounded and captured.

Davis was with Morrison in the mines and escaped with him. For a long time Morrison had been living in disguise and under cover, near the scene of his death and Deputy Cole learning the exact location, determined, if possible, to capture him. With the assistance of a Mr. Hubbard, Cole went to a place where it was known Morrison would come last night, and waited in the woods for him. Morrison soon came along and when thirty paces away was ordered by Cole to "Throw up your hands." Instead of doing this he took his Winchester from his shoulder, but was not quick enough, Cole firing and landing five buckshot in his body and head from a double-barreled gun. Morrison lived but a short time. He was brought here to-day and identified by two of his brothers in jail under indictments and two other brothers.

HOW HE AIDED THE ROBBERY.

Pannill on Trial for Helping Rob the Lynchburg Bank.

LYNCHBURG, Va., March 22.—To-day in the United States District Court at this place, Judge Paul presiding, K. H. Pannill was put on trial charged with aiding and abetting Walker G. Hamner, ex-Cashier of the First National Bank of Lynchburg, to rob that institution.

Hamner confessed his part of the transaction and was last week sentenced to seven years imprisonment in the Brooklyn penitentiary.

When Hamner's accounts were investigated there was found among them \$8,700 of Pannill's checks which Hamner had been carrying as cash. These checks were utterly worthless and Pannill was arrested upon the charge of collusion.

In the trial to-day it developed that Pannill did a stupendous business at kiting checks through the bank with the permission of Teller Hamner, but without the sanction or knowledge of the other bank officials. Frequently Pannill's account on the bank book would show a balance to his credit, whereas in fact he was at these various periods largely indebted to the bank, his overdrafts being concealed by the teller.

"It was also disclosed that Pannill deposited some of these checks more than eight times in the course of three or four months, and although a salaried railroad clerk at seventy-five dollars per month he did fifty-seven thousand dollars worth of fictitious business at the bank during the month of January.

The attorneys for the defense are contending that Pannill was ignorant of Hamner's pilferings and was doing business in a legitimate way as he supposed with the knowledge and consent of the higher bank officials.

The testimony so adduced does not tend to bear out this contention of the defense. The case will last several days.

City Officers Indicted and Arrested.

GALVESTON, Tex., March 22.—A startling sensation was occasioned in this city this afternoon when it became known that the grand jury had found bills against City Tax Collector Thomas D. Gilbert and ex-Auditor R. H. Tiernan. The bills against Gilbert charge misapplication of the city's funds and there are four counts against him. Only one indictment was found against Tiernan, alleging alteration of his books with intent to defraud. Both were arrested and gave bonds.

Anti-Cigarette Bill Passed.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 22.—The Senate to-day passed the anti-cigarette bill with an amendment forbidding cigarettes to be sold to all persons under 21 years of age. The bill passed by the House absolutely forbade the sale or making of cigarettes. The amendment will probably be concurred in by the House.

Rebels Again Repulsed.

HAVANA, March 22.—A dispatch from Guatanamo, says it is reported that Perez with his band has attacked a coffee plantation at Hermitano, in the vicinity of Tateras, with the result of being repulsed by volunteers who are pursuing him.

POSTOFFICE INSPECTOR.

Mr. Gregory Receives a Deserved Promotion in the Mail Service.

Special to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22. Hardy T. Gregory, of Greensboro, was to-day appointed postoffice inspector, salary \$2,000. Gregory has been in the postal railway service for two years, and by merit won a medal from the United States for being the best railway inspector in the service. His appointment is a deserved recognition of merit.

The silver service which is to be presented to Mr. Daniels was on exhibition at the Department to-day. Everybody in the department went up to see it. It is very handsome and was universally admired.

W. W. Moore, of Asheville, who is a well known travelling man for a Baltimore firm, is here. He has made a mark among travelling men such as few Carolinians have made before him.

A post office is to be established in Edgecombe, to be known as Dauphin, with Byrd D. Braswell as postmaster.

The President, on making his postoffice appointments, has taken them alphabetically and has reached New York State. It is thought he will strike North Carolina tomorrow.

Mr. Potter, a leading tobacco man of Wilson, is here in the interest of his tobacco.

Arrivals.

J. W. Higgs, Greenville.
A. V. Sharp, High Point.
W. J. Clammy, Greensboro.

ORGANIZE A PEOPLES' PARTY.

Its Platform will be an Honest Election and Fair Count.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 22.—For several years the effort to organize a Peoples party in South Carolina has been confidently expected. A good deal of quiet work has been done in the past few years among real Populists, but they have been biding their time.

Tomorrow Col. John J. Dargan, of Sumter, an avowed Populist will make the announcement that he will organize the Peoples party as soon as the constitutional convention fight is over.

He says: "The first end to be achieved is a free ballot and an honest count. No man is for the sake of any party, factional or race triumph, willing to commit, or to encourage others to commit, fraud or perjury, or resort to any election tricks of any kind, need expect leadership in this party in this State—not at least while I am above ground."

MORE POLICE INDICTMENTS.

The Extraordinary Grand Jury Have not yet Completed Their Work.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The extraordinary grand jury of the Oyer and Terminer court came into court at 1:15 p. m. and handed to Judge Ingraham a bunch of indictments numbering, it is said, eleven.

Nothing as to the nature of the indictments can be ascertained at this juncture. There is a rumor that one of the indictments is against Inspector Williams but this is based upon the fact that witnesses presumed to have evidence against him have been before the grand jury during the past week.

The grand jury informed the judge that they had not yet finished their work and asked to be allowed to retire, which request the judge granted. At 1:30 p. m. the grand jury adjourned until tomorrow.

Chauncey Depew to Speak.

NEW YORK, March 22.—A public meeting in the interests of the Atlanta University, at Atlanta, Ga., will be held in the Broadway Tabernacle Sunday evening. The principal address of the evening will be delivered by Dr. Chauncey M. Depew. The Rev. Dr. Horace Bumstead, President of the University, will make a statement of its work for the higher education of colored youths, and Butler R. Wilson, one of its graduates will address the meeting.

Ex-Congressman Richard Vaux Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—Ex-Congressman Richard Vaux died early this morning from grip at his residence in this city in the 89th year of his age. The transition from life to death with him was like a child falling into a sleep. His eyes closed restfully, and even the doctors failed to distinguish the exact moment at which the final dissolution took place.

A Telephone War.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., March 22.—A few weeks ago the Gilliland Telephone Company of Chicago were granted a franchise here and were to charge \$24 a year for telephones in business houses. To-day the Bell Telephone Company, which has for years been charging \$48 a year announced a rate of \$18.

A Full Blooded Cherokee Hanged.

TABLEQUAH, I. T., March 22.—Walker Bark, a full blooded Cherokee, the slayer of Johnson Reese, was hanged by Sheriff Roach in the prison yard here to-day. After being led to the gallows he talked for half an hour protesting his innocence of the murder and saying he was ready to die.

Pugilist Lindsay Gets Two Years.

OMAHA, Neb., March 24.—Pugilist Lindsay, of this city, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary to-day at Plattsmouth, for manslaughter, in killing Fletcher Robinson, the prize fighter, last year.

OUR FOREIGN AFFAIRS

CABINET MEETING YESTERDAY DEVOTED MOSTLY TO THEIR CONSIDERATION.

THURSTON MATTER POSTPONED.

But Official Advices Will be Received in Regard to it Next Wednesday—Spain Will Not Resist Our Demands in the Alliance Affair—She is Anxious, on Account of Her Cuban Troubles and Her Cabinet Crisis, to Remain on Good Terms with the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22.—The Cabinet meeting to-day was devoted mostly to a consideration of foreign affairs.

Secretary Gresham went over to the White House early, with documents relating to the Nicaraguan and Venezuelan incidents.

The Thurston matter, it is understood, will remain in abeyance until March 27th, when a steamer is due from Honolulu which will probably bring official advices bearing on the subject of Mr. Thurston's recall.

It appears to be the belief in the State department circles that Spain is not disposed to make any decided stand against the demands of this government in the Alliance matter.

The situation in Cuba and the cabinet crisis at Madrid are pointed to as reasons why the Spanish government is anxious at this time to remain on good terms with the United States, and it is predicted that Spain will waive part of what she believes to be her rights in the questions at issue and meet this government half way. On the other hand, it is said that the Washington administration is willing to pass by for the present at least, any alleged utterances of Senor Murruaga, the Spanish Minister, that may be construed as uncomplimentary to Secretary Gresham.

The meeting to-day is said to have been devoid of any definite results with reference to the foreign situation in regard to Nicaragua and Venezuela matters.

The impression is given out that there is little danger that Great Britain will resort to harsh measures towards Nicaragua.

THE NEW SPANISH MINISTRY.

Gen. Campos Wants the Offending Journalists Tried by Court Martial.

MADRID, March 22.—Some days may elapse before the new Spanish ministry will be formed. Meanwhile the Sagasta ministry is still in office.

Gen. Martinez Campos strongly favors suspending the constitution and permitting the journalists who have attacked the army and navy to be tried by military court martial on the ground that their offence is high treason, and ought not, for that reason, to be brought before the courts.

Just there the difficulty lies. If the ministry should be formed on those lines the consent of the chambers would be necessary to suspend the constitution and make special laws for the trial of the offending journalists. In these circumstances the purpose of the new ministry would be fully discussed and would provoke sharp criticism from such of the deputies as are not favorable to so arbitrary a proceeding.

If the courts were not in session, it would be comparatively easy to carry out Gen. Campos' views. When the new ministry is formed Gen. Campos, it is understood, will take the portfolio of war rather than the premiership. He is now the commander-in-chief of the Spanish armies and the Governor General of Madrid, and is more of a soldier than a politician and he has the support of the army and the full confidence of the Queen.

Unable to Arrange a New Cabinet.

MADRID, March 22.—The Queen Regent received Senor Sagasta several times to-day but was unable to arrange with him for a new cabinet. She then summoned Canovas del Castillo.

HIS TROUBLES CRAZED HIM.

A Well-Known Physician Shoots himself Through the Heart.

WATERBURY, Conn., March 22.—Dr. George C. Gay, 36 years old, a well-known physician to-day shot himself through the heart on account, as believed, of financial troubles.

He returned from New York early in the afternoon, and tried to shoot himself in his residence, but his wife stopped him. He ran out to the barn, she following. The doctor aimed at his temple, but she threw up her hands, when he aimed at his heart and fired, falling face downward in the hay.

After calling help his wife grabbed the revolver and threatened to shoot persons flocking into the barn, but neighbors took the pistol from her. She then fainted.

A suit for debt was recently brought against the doctor, and it is thought that failure to raise the money caused despondency.

To Meet at Chickamauga.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22.—Gen. H. V. Boynton, Corresponding Secretary of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, has been authorized by Gen. Rosecrans, President, to appoint the next annual reunion of that Society at Chickamauga, Ga., on September 18, being the day before the dedication of the National military park.

SALARIES FOR MEMBERS.

A Proposition to Pay Members of Parliament Passed by the Commons.

LONDON, March 22.—William Allan, Radical Member for Gateshead, moved to-day in the House of Commons that the members receive payment for their services. He reminded the House that a similar resolution passed in the session of 1893 with the government's approval, although no subsequent action had been taken. The country would not object, he said, to the small additional taxation necessary to cover members' salaries.

Sir H. Stafford Northcote, Conservative for Exeter, offered an amendment to the effect that further burdens should not be imposed on the nation.

Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said the payment of members was the logical outcome of the extension of the suffrage. The House was now too much of one class. He repudiated the suggestion that the payment of members would lead to corruption and the election of unfit men. Democracy might be trusted, he said, to prevent such evils. The proposal was wise and expedient and its execution would conduce to the honor of the House. He promised to advance it in every way possible.

Mr. Goschen opposed the motion. He was proud to be acquainted with the genuine labor members now in the House, he said, and he would welcome more, but the payment of members would lower the status of parliament and taint the purity of public life without increasing the number of working-men in the Commons.

Sir H. Stafford Northcote's amendment was lost and Mr. Allan's motion was passed by a vote of 176 to 158.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

The Day Was Bleak and Cloudy, and the Attendance Was Small.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 22.—The Baltimore Baseball Club opened the season here to-day with an exhibition game with the local team. Considering the soreness of the home team and this being their first game, their work was very creditable. A large crowd saw the game, and the Baltimore people made a fine impression both by their excellent ball playing and the gentlemanly conduct of the men. Score: Baltimore 16, Montgomery 1. Batteries: Robinson, Esper and Hoffer; Rappold, Sproat and Clausen.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 22.—The weather was bleak and threatening this afternoon and there was only a small attendance at the ball park.

Washington and Boston played a snappy game, the champions winning by a run in the ninth inning. Score: Boston, 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1—8 Washington, 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 Batteries: Sullivan, Dolan, Wilson and Warner; Stockdale, Anderson, McGuire and Coogan.

AGUSTA, Ga., March 21.—About 150 people witnessed the game of ball to-day between two clubs made up from the Brooklyn teams. The day was cloudy. Score: Regulars, 2 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 1—7 Colts, 3 0 7 1 0 0 3 4 3—21 Batteries: Regulars, Stein and Dailey; Colts, Kennedy and Burrell.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 22.—The New York Giants left this afternoon at 6 o'clock for Columbia, S. C.

NEW ORLEANS, March 22.—The New Orleans team did up Von der Ahe's Browns to-day in the seventh inning, when they made five runs, and clinched the victory by adding two more in the ninth. The home team's hits were very well placed, though not numerous. Score: New Orleans, 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 2—7 St. Louis, 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1—4

TO PUT DEBSON THE STAND.

The Cases Against the American Railway Union Strikers.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—In the United States District Court argument was to have commenced Monday next in the cases of A. R. U. strikers, charged with obstructing the mails.

To-day Attorney Monteith, of the defense, in presenting a list of constructions for the jury, raised the point that the government had failed to prove the existence of the Southern Pacific Company.

The case will now have to be re-opened and Monteith will make an effort to have Eugene V. Debs, who will be in the city next week, placed on the stand.

KILLED BY A PIECE OF NEEDLE.

It Struck the Child in the Eye and then Entered Its Brain.

VINTA, I. T., March 22.—Mrs. James Vanuxem was sewing on her machine this afternoon when a needle snapped and a part of it stuck in the table. She put in a new needle and continued her work.

About ten minutes later she noticed that her two year old daughter sat rather quiet on the floor and called to her but received no answer. She picked the child up and found to her horror that it was dead. A physician found that the cause of death was a small part of the needle had struck the eye and penetrated the brain.

The Engineer and Brakeman Killed.

DALLAS, Tex., March 22.—The M. K. and T. passenger train, which left Dallas last night, northbound, collided with a freight train nine miles from here, at a siding. Engineer Hearne of the passenger and brakeman Hardin of the freight were killed. Conductor Bolts of the passenger and two of the passengers were injured.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

THE IMPROVEMENT IN BUSINESS DAILY BECOMING MORE MARKED.

THE RISE IN THE PRICE OF COTTON

The Volume of Domestic Trade is Gaining a Little and Money is in Much Better Demand—Treated Strike of Coke Workers has Been Avoided and the Strike in Building Trades has Ended but Labor Troubles in Woolen Factories Becoming More Frequent.

NEW YORK, March 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say tomorrow: Indications of improvement in business grow more distinct.

The most obtrusive of them, the speculative advance in cotton and in stocks, is the least reliable, nor can either of these be said to reflect actual improvement in business conditions.

Railroad earnings are scarcely better, and the speculation is largely based on expectation of more effective monopoly on coal and some other products. London was buying largely, but is as likely to sell on any rise.

Cotton does not rise because there is more demand for goods, but there is more demand for goods because cotton is dearer. More valuable indications are that the volume of domestic trade gains a little; money is in much better legitimate demand and the force of hands at work gradually increases in some industries and in others is restricted only by strikes, which are presumably temporary.

The threatened strike of coke workers has been avoided by an advance of 15 per cent. in wages, and the strike in building trades here has ended, the men returning to work.

The rise in cotton to 6.31c still seems to have scarcely any contact with the facts of demand and supply, but had a very substantial basis, nevertheless, if, as some maintain, more cotton had been sold in this country for future delivery than could be produced here until another crop comes.

American stocks were last Friday 1,345,028 bales, against 1,154,700 last year, with the general expectation that something over 700,000 bales will yet come forward, while foreign stocks of American are 670,000 bales greater than at date after the great crop of 1891. Receipts continue large, and the movement has really no other basis than before; the next crop will be small.

The advance in wages of coke workers raises the cost of fuel for a large proportion of the iron manufacturers, but as yet does not affect prices of iron or its products, as no increase in demand appears. Possibly it is hoped that larger buying will soon be prompted by the idea that pig and all products will be rendered more costly, though the large excess of production and producing capacity stands in the way.

One sale of 10,000 tons steel rails, a bridge and five building contractors aggregating nearly 5,000 tons, are reported this week, but pig iron is weak without change both at the East and at Pittsburgh, and no change of consequence is noted in the demand for finished products.

The rise in cotton has stimulated buying of goods and given confidence to agents. Heavy transactions and some advances in price appear in Southern coarse goods, but not as yet in the finer. Strikes in textile mills grow more numerous, especially in woolen mills, which have orders enough to run full time, operatives apparently assuming that these must be realizing profits, but margins are so scanty that advance in wages is for most works impossible.

The volume of business through clearing houses gains a little, being 14.1 per cent. larger than last year for the week, but 22.1 per cent. less than in 1893. Most of the increase is at New York, and here and elsewhere partly due to active speculation.

Bankers report a decided decrease in commercial paper offered, and Western banks give evidence of larger demand by reducing balances here. Failures during the past week have been 378 in the United States, against 244 last year, and 35 in Canada, against 50 last year.

Bradstreet's Review.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say: Improvement in general trade is more marked, but not generally. It is more conspicuous at larger New England points—Notably Boston and Providence—at New York, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville and other centers along the Ohio river valley, to St. Louis, and as far west as Kansas City.

Similar reports come from Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, the first named announcing that smaller quantities of four per cent. money are being offered, the banks working steadily toward a five per cent. basis, demand for loans continuing to improve, and reserves being lower than for a year past.

From other cities a feeling is reported, based on the recently developed strength in cotton, wheat and flour. The widespread prevalence of the inquiry whether this upward movement is the beginning of a permanently recovery from the two years of depression is of itself significant.

Wool remains unchanged, although the volume of business is smaller because it is between seasons with dress goods mills, and Australian wools are more popular. No changes in quotations are noted for coffee, sugar or naval stores. On the other hand cotton has jumped up 5-16d.

At Nashville, Memphis and Savannah the week's volume of business is reported

slightly in excess of a week ago, increased demand being noted in groceries, hardware, and agricultural implements. At no other prominent Southern cities are gains reported except at New Orleans, though trouble with the dock freight handlers has resulted in a loss of business. Charleston, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Jacksonville, Birmingham and Galveston trade is of moderate or fair volume, with collections slow.

THEY LIKED THE NEGRO.

But Nobody in the South Disputes That Fact and Nobody Cares.

BOSTON, Mass., March 22.—The committee on Mercantile Affairs of the Legislature adopted the following in executive session to-day:

"The undersigned, members of the committee on Mercantile Affairs who were present with Senator Darling during the visit to Richmond, take this opportunity to emphatically corroborate all that our chairman has said in the interviews published in the Boston press. We further desire to express ourselves to the effect that the presence of Mr. Teamoh was in no way resented by the committee or any member thereof and that this company was in every way pleasant and agreeable to all. The committee make this a positive and final statement in the matter.

ISAAC P. HUTCHINSON, Boston.
CHARLES G. BANCROFT, Clinton
WM. J. DONOVAN, Boston.
GEO. M. EDDY, New Bedford.
ROBERT T. TEAMOH, Boston.
FRANK CHANDLER, Belmont.

Double-Faced Darling.

RICHMOND, Va., March 22.—In commenting on the resolution of the Massachusetts Committee on Mercantile Affairs endorsing Senator Darling's interview regarding the relations of the other committee members with Teamoh, the Richmond Dispatch will to-morrow say:

"We have the names of half a dozen or more of the best citizens of Richmond who are willing to testify on oath that they had been greatly annoyed and embarrassed by the presence of Teamoh on the trip. They never lost an opportunity while here to declare that Teamoh's company was highly objectionable to them."

SITUATION AT NEW ORLEANS.

The Committee Will no Longer Vote Supplies for the Militia.

NEW ORLEANS, March 22.—The general conference committee at their executive session to-day came to the conclusion not to vote further supplies for the maintenance of the militia now doing duty on the levee.

The meeting was unanimous and the decision was arrived at without much doubt. It was the sense of the meeting that the members of the commercial bodies had done all they could be expected to do in the premises, but relied on Gov. Foster being able to steer a clear course in the difficulty.

The conclusions of the conference now leave the entire matter in the hands of the Governor. His Excellency's movements will be watched with much anxiety by the public.

The general supposition is that Gov. Foster will advise with friends in the matter, and endeavor in other ways to raise the necessary means of sustaining military protection.

No one believes for a moment that he will remove the soldiers until a settlement has been made.

THREW LIME IN HIS FACE.

The Impetuous Irishman Didn't Like that A. P. A. Flag.

LOWELL, Mass., March 22.—Yesterday the children of Thomas Richardson, a section boss on the Boston and Maine railroad, raised a white flag, inscribed "A. P. A." in the yard of their residence. This morning Patrick Conroy threw two handfuls of lime into Richardson's face, saying: "Now will you take down your A. P. A. flag."

Physicians think Richardson will lose the sight of one eye, and that of the other will be injured. The police are looking for Conroy.

Wedding of Princess Helene.

ROME, March 22.—Numerous stories are current here regarding the arrangements for the wedding of the Duke of Aosta and Princess Helene of Orleans. The latest one is that it will be solemnized at Stowe House, England and that King Humbert, Queen Margaret and the Prince of Naples will be present. It is said the King and Queen will go chiefly to visit Queen Victoria, and will be accompanied by Premier Crispi and Baron Blanc, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Gave Himself Up for Robbery.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., March 22.—A fairly well dressed, good looking young man, apparently about twenty-four years of age, walked into the mayor's office here to-day and stated that he wanted to give himself up for a robbery in Jersey City and be sent back there. Inquiry developed that his name was Edwin Tuttle and he is wanted in South Bergen, Jersey City, for stealing money and checks.

No More Large Hats at Theaters.

ANGUSTA, Maine, March 22.—A bill was introduced in the House to-day making it a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment for women to wear large hats at places of public amusements.