

## THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

### THE INCOME TAX LAW

THE SUPREME COURT SAID TO BE A TIE ON QUESTION OF CONSTITUTIONALITY.

### CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER A SPHINX!

It Does Not Follow That an Extra Session Will Be Necessary if the Tax Should Be Declared Unconstitutional--The President Would Regard a Deficiency as a Less Evil Than an Extra Session--The Chief Justice Holds Fate in His Hands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3. The overshadowing question here is: "What will the Supreme Court do with the income tax case?" If decided constitutional, the men with large salaries and large incomes must shell out. If unconstitutional, the large number of officials employed to arrange and collect it will be like Othello, without occupation. If an extra session is called, all the Democratic officials in the Capital will lose their positions. And so it is a personal and political, as well as a legal question.

The correspondent of the New York World telegraphs this interesting story: As the Supreme Court stands to-night Chief Justice Fuller has the fate of the income tax law in his hands. This assertion is made on the authority of one of the Justices. Four members of the court are said to be in favor of sustaining the appeal, and three in favor of upholding the constitutionality of the statute. If Chief Justice Fuller sides with the minority there will be a tie, and the law will stand. Justice Fuller has proven a sphinx to his associates, but while he has not indicated how he will record himself it is the belief that he will hold the act to be good law.

The absence of Justice Jackson is responsible for the delay in reaching a decision. Chief Justice Fuller dislikes to assume the responsibility, for reasons that are obvious. He is a Democrat in politics, and the law was passed by a Democratic Congress and approved by a Democratic President, and he prefers to delay expressing an opinion in the hope that further discussion will bring about a change in the views of one or more of the Justices. Of the four who are said to regard the act as unconstitutional, one at least, it is asserted, takes exceptions only to certain features, and is not disposed to negative the whole law on the question as to whether it is a direct or indirect tax.

It does not follow, even if the law is declared unconstitutional, that an extra session will be deemed necessary. The revenues are steadily gaining on the expenditures, the deficit for March being less than a quarter of a million, with reasonable prospects that the month of April may show a surplus. It is not out of reason to believe that the improvement in business and the consequent steady increase of revenue may produce from now on within a few millions of enough to pay the expenses of the government. It should be remembered that the Treasury holds an available cash balance, including the gold reserve, of over \$187,000,000, and over \$98,000,000, exclusive of the gold reserve. There is yet over \$20,000,000 to come into the Treasury in gold coin on account of the bond sale, and between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000 which will shortly appear in the available cash balance by transfer from the Pacific Railroad sinking fund.

With the certainty of a cash balance in excess of \$200,000,000, exclusive of income-tax receipts, by the end of the fiscal year, it is not absurd to suppose that President Cleveland would prefer to face a temporary deficiency in revenues rather than run the risk of permanent extravagance at the hands of the new Republican Congress. There are issues which would certainly be thrust to the front by that body were they called together this summer, which will be far better postponed until the regular meeting in December.

It is possible—even probable—that the President would regard a deficiency as a less evil than an extra session.

### IT IS RECEIVED FOR.

So Says Enrolling Clerk Brown in Regard to the Mortgage Law.

SPECIAL TO THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

OXFORD, N. C., April 3.

Apr. 3.—Apr. 3.—The statement of Enrolling Clerk Brown about the assignment act in your to-day's issue to the effect that the bill was never in his possession and that his books do not show that he received for the bill, will say that he stated to me and other citizens of Oxford that his books showed that the act was received for by him and produced a memorandum copied from his book, which read "a bill to be entitled an act to regulate assignments and other conveyances of like nature in North Carolina."

J. CRAWFORD BIGGS

### WM. L. WILSON SWORN IN.

The Ceremony Performed by Chief Justice Fuller.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Hon. Wm. L. Wilson, of West Virginia at 11:15 a. m. to-day was sworn in as Postmaster General of the United States by Chief Justice Fuller of the United States Supreme Court, and immediately assumed the duties of the office.

The ceremony was performed in the private office of the Postmaster General, the only witness being Mrs. Fuller, wife of the Chief Justice, and Miss Bessie Wilson, the young daughter of the new Postmaster General.

### THE FARMERS ARE MAD.

New Mortgage Law Convincing Them That Fusion is a Mistake.

SPECIAL TO THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

LENOIR, N. C., April 3.

Col. George N. Folk has sold his valuable Yadkin River farm, and moved to Lenoir, and will build a residence here during the summer.

Three large store buildings and quite a number of handsome residences will be erected here during the year.

Hon. W. H. Bower and family have returned to Lenoir, after a stay of some weeks in Pennsylvania, since the adjournment of Congress.

Court is in session, Judge Timberlake presiding. The farmers that have come to town during the past week, to get their usual supply of fertilizers on time, and have had to go home without it, say that they will return to their old party lines for the good of the country and themselves; all agree that the stampede in November was a mistake.

### GOES TO JAIL FOR LARCENY.

A Well Known Citizen of Buncombe Fails to Give Bond.

SPECIAL TO THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., April 3.

W. H. Newman, a well known citizen of Avery's Creek township, this county, has been committed in default of bond on charge of larceny.

Efforts are being made to locate Theodore Sumner, the nineteen year-old son of Frank A. Sumner, a merchant here, who left home last October. Nothing has been heard of the boy since he left.

The Y. M. C. A. here has called W. A. Wells, of Philadelphia, to the general secretaryship.

A call has been issued for a meeting here next Thursday to organize a county Farmers' Alliance.

### WANTED TO SEE THEM BURIED.

The Mother who cut her Children's Throats Now in Jail.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 3.—The bodies of the two Williams children, found murdered at the Park Hotel Monday were taken from the Morgue this morning and buried in Green Lawn Cemetery. Williams, the father, and Annie, the surviving daughter, were present.

The father was deeply affected, but Annie seemed entirely unmoved.

Four carriages followed the hearse to the grave, where a few words were said by Rev. J. C. Bright, of the South High Street Congregational Church. The two children were placed in one coffin and buried clasped in each others arms.

Mrs. Williams asked to be permitted to attend the funeral but was refused. She was placed in the county jail this morning.

### THE CURRENCY SITUATION.

Germany Decides in Favor of an International Agreement.

BERLIN, April 3.—In the Upper House of the Landtag to-day, Count von Montenuff moved to refer to a special committee, Count von Mierbach's proposal to accelerate the settlement of the currency situation by means of an international agreement. The motion was carried without debate.

### Mr. Balfour's Prediction.

LONDON, April 3.—Mr. A. J. Balfour, M. P., in an address before the bimetallic league to-day, said that the time was not far distant when men of all parties would agree to introduce into international transactions some medium of exchange less hurtful to industry than the present absurd system.

### THE CONFERENCE CLOSES.

Report of Statistical Society Shows Increase Over Last Year.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The 11th annual session of the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church South closed at noon to-day with the announcement of the assignment of pastors for the ensuing year. Bishop Granberry read the list.

The report of the statistical society was presented at the session to-day. There are 44,873 church members in this conference, an increase of 1,994 over last year. The number of local preachers is 125, being nine more than the year before. Washington district heads the list, with a membership of 7,904 and twenty preachers.

### SHAKEN BY EARTHQUAKES.

Several Persons Killed and Many Injured in Tuscany.

ROME, April 3.—Tuscany has been shaken by earthquakes several times this week.

At Trezzio a dozen houses collapsed. Several dead bodies have been removed from the ruins and 8 persons missing.

At Montepulciano, in Central Italy, roofs were shaken down and three buildings were wrecked. Two persons were killed and 10 or 12 injured.

The earthquakes have been accompanied by heavy rains. The government has sent a geologist to visit the places where the shocks were most violent.

### A Deacon Gets Four Years.

NEW YORK, April 3.—John Emison, one time a deacon in a Brooklyn church, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the first degree, was sentenced to Sing Sing for four years to-day. Emison stole \$54,000 from the Irish linen house of Fenton, Connor & Co., of Belfast, and lost it all. He was the book-keeper of the firm and had the confidence of his employers.

### TOOK FIFTY THOUSAND

ASSISTANT CASHIER OF THE NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL BANK UNDER ARREST.

### HOW IT WAS DISCOVERED.

Disastrous Speculation Was the Cause of the Unfortunate Man's Downfall--Began his Stealings With Other Banks and Then Took a Package of \$50,000 in Currency to Cover his Losses--Had Always Lived an Exemplary and Apparently Honest Life.

CHICAGO, April 3.—Frederick W. Griffin, assistant cashier of the Northwestern National Bank of this city was yesterday afternoon taken into custody at the instance of bank examiner John C. McKeon, by a United States Deputy Marshal.

A shortage of \$50,000 was discovered in his accounts during an examination of the bank books made by McKeon last week. Griffin has been in the service of the bank for 20 years.

The officers of the bank decline to talk about the shortage further than to acknowledge the main facts.

### Story of his Crime.

Assistant cashier Frederick W. Griffin of the Northwestern National Bank, walked into the vault where the money is kept Saturday morning and took there from a package containing \$50,000 in currency.

Another employe saw him come out and noticed he was ill at ease. After thinking the matter over all night the employe went to Vice-President Dummer's residence Sunday morning and related what he had seen. On being questioned about the occurrence, Griffin made a full confession although there was at that time not a particle of evidence against him beyond the suspicions of his fellow clerk.

Bank Examiner O'Keefe was called in and an investigation showed the books had been tampered with so as to cover the amount missing, the peculations extending over a period of six months.

Griffin took the money in a vain endeavor to conceal his crime from the bank officials. He secured a draft from another Chicago bank with the \$50,000 abstracted and placed the draft to the credit of the United States National Bank of Omaha. This bank, as the Omaha correspondent of the Northwestern, had originally \$80,000 to its credit in the Chicago institution.

Commencing his stealings with the accounts of other banks, Griffin finally mulcted this one alone. His system was to put in false tickets for telegraphic transfers of money. When the Omaha bank at last called for a settlement he saw the case was hopeless and required a desperate remedy, forgetting that while his plan made the Omaha account all straight, it left the Chicago institutions cash short to the amount taken.

Unfortunate speculation in stock was the cause of his downfall. Aside from these the life he led was an exemplary one. He had the entire confidence of the officers and did not even give a bond when he took the position. He is 39 years old, has a wife and two children.

He was arrested last night and has been in the custody of the marshal ever since. At 3 o'clock this afternoon he was brought before Commissioner Humphreys who placed him under \$1,500 bond until to-morrow.

Griffin recently resigned the presidency of the Ashland Club. He was prominent in North side society circles and declares that he will live down his disgrace. The bank officials will be as lenient as possible. His father lives in Florida.

### A RIVER STEAMER BURNED.

All But One of the Passengers Rescued From Flame and Water.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 3.—The Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet Company's steamer, Iron Queen, was burned this morning at Racine, Ohio, on the Ohio river.

She was lying at the wharf taking on freight when the fire broke out in the engine room. Capt. Thomas P. Calhoun ordered that the passengers be aroused. All were gotten off the boat in safety with the exception of the chambermaid, Mrs. Martha Moseley, of Cincinnati, who became frightened and jumped into the water and was drowned. Her body has not yet been recovered.

In three minutes from the time of the first alarm the boat was in flames from bow to stern, and in about fifteen minutes was a total ruin. The vessel burned to the water line, the stern resting in thirty feet of water, in which position the boat now lies.

There was on the steamer fifteen Pittsburgh passengers and a crew of seventy people.

### A MURDERER LYNCHED.

Found Swinging from a Limb and Riddled With Bullets.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 3.—The body of the negro William Rawls, who was taken from the guards at Newnansville last night, was found this morning swinging from a limb and riddled with bullets.

Rawls was lynched for the murder on March 27th of H. B. Kaul, a prominent merchant of Newnansville. The murder was for the purpose of robbery.

A coroner's jury is now investigating the lynching of Rawls. The negro's father was legally hanged four years ago for a similar crime.

### RESULT IN THE WINDY CITY.

Last November's Landslide Much Augmented in Tuesday's Election.

CHICAGO, April 3.—The political landslide of last November in this city was augmented in yesterday's election.

The returns show an almost clean sweep for the Republicans. George B. Swift for mayor was elected by 40,930 plurality over Frank Wenter, Democrat, and the other candidates on the Republican ticket received substantially the same plurality, with the exception of West, for city attorney, who ran 20,000 behind his ticket. He still has a safe plurality of 19,249.

The city of Chicago is divided, for taxing purposes into seven districts, known as "towns." In all these the Republican candidates were elected by unprecedented pluralities.

Twenty-two members of the Common Council were elected. Of these eighteen are Republicans, or independents of Republican tendencies, two are Democrats and one is an independent Democrat.

With a few exceptions the members of the boogie gang who were up for reelection were defeated.

There were several surprises in the aldermanic results. In the first ward Michael Kenna, better known as "Hinky Dink," was beaten by Gleason, (Rep.), a gentleman of almost equal notoriety. In the 19th ward ex-Congressman Frank Lawler, who has been a candidate for almost anything in sight during the last three years, ran as an independent Democrat and won over the Republican and the regular Democratic candidates by a small plurality. In the 21st John McGillen, leader of the Democratic forces in the Council, was defeated by 1,000 plurality. His defeat is attributed to his unsatisfactory record on the so-called boodle ordinances. The 59th ward returns to the Council "Buck" McCarthy, the ex-boodle county commissioner, who narrowly escaped a penitentiary sentence when Van Pelt, Wrenn and others went to Joliet, and McGargle made his famous trip to Canada by the bath-tub route eight years ago. McCarthy is a Republican.

With the exceptions noted, most of the successful candidates for the council are new in politics. It was a bad day for the "gang."

The vote on the proposition to adopt a civil service system applying to all municipal employes, including the firemen and the police, was comparatively light, only 160,000 votes being cast on the question. The proposition won, however, by a majority of 40,000, despite the opposition of the machine politicians of both parties and the ill-concealed enmity of the police.

The civil service rules do not go into operation for 90 days, and although Mr. Swift is on record as favoring the system, it is expected that a number of changes will be made in the various departments before the law becomes active.

Alexander Ross is slated to succeed Chief of Police Brennan; Matt Benner may be Fire Chief Sweney's successor, and the other higher officers of both departments will probably be reduced or dropped altogether. The rank and file will not likely be interfered with.

### TO STUDY THE CANAL.

The President Names Three Engineers to Investigate the Route.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The President has selected under a provision of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill the following persons as a board to investigate and report upon the feasibility, permanency and expense of the Nicaragua canal over the route proffered by the construction company: From the army, Major William Ludlow, corps of engineers; from the navy, Commander M. T. Endicott, C. E., from the civil life Alf. Noble, of Chicago, member of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

Major Ludlow was born in New York and appointed from that State as a first lieutenant of engineers in June, 1864. Little more than a month later he was brevetted a captain for gallant service in the defence of Alt. Ona Pass, and before the end of the year he was brevetted a Major for gallant service in the Georgia campaign, and in March, 1865, he received another brevet for gallantry in the Carolinas, and was made Major in 1892.

Col. Ludlow served as the engineer member of the board of commissioners for the District of Columbia. He is at present light house inspector for the Detroit light-house district. A few years ago he got into difficulty with the light-house board over a question as to the advisability of placing certain lights in the St. Mary's River and a court of inquiry to determine whether Major Ludlow should be tried by court martial resulted. The board was vindicated in the question of discipline but Maj Ludlow was not court martialled.

Mr. Endicott, whose rank of commander is relative and not actual was appointed a civil engineer in the navy from New Jersey in July 1874. He stands second on the list of civil service.

The U. S. S., Monterey, having finished her turning trials near San Francisco went to the Mare Island Navy Yard to-day to receive her final supplies for a long cruise. She is expected to start South before the end of this week and to remain in foreign waters six or eight months.

Her orders are to proceed along the Pacific coast reporting frequently to the department as far as Callao, Peru unless otherwise directed. She will touch first at San Diego, and will remain in Nicaraguan waters while the government engineers are examining the canal route.

BALTIMORE, April 3.—The Democratic State Convention will be held in this city on July 31st.

### SATTERFIELD'S SAY

CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE GIVES HIS EXPLANATION OF THE BILL.

### WHAT SAYS THE ENROLLING CLERK

Mr. Satterfield Now Disputes the Clear Statement Made by Smith, of Stanly, and Tries to Put the Burden of Proof on the Enrolling Clerk's Office--Like Rats, the Reformers Leave the Sinking Ship--There is "Something Rotten in Denmark."

House Bill 1018, introduced by R. L. Smith, Republican, of Stanly county on the 20th day of February, 1895, (a bill entitled an act to regulate assignments,) was on the day of its introduction referred to the Committee on Finance, and on the next day reported to the House favorably, with amendment. This bill remained on the calendar till Friday, March, the 8th, when it was made, by motion of Mr. Smith, special order for 8:30 p. m. that day. It was preceded by another special order—a school bill which delayed its consideration. It was again called up at the evening session of March the 12th, and on motion of Mr. Lee, of Haywood, was tabled by a large majority of the House. The same was promptly stamped "tabled" in large type letters by myself. There were a great number of other bills tabled at this session. There were also many bills passed their several readings and ordered enrolled. It was my habit to handle the bills personally when passed upon favorably and unfavorably, and to convey them to my clerks in my office to separate and distribute and place them in their proper departments. Bills stamped "Enrolled," to the Enrolling Clerk; those stamped "Tabled," placed in the "Table" box kept for that purpose; bills passed second reading, placed upon the third reading calendar, etc.

Mr. R. L. Smith, in a letter to the NEWS AND OBSERVER of the 30th of March, states that the next day after this bill was tabled he met the principal clerk of the House on his way to the Enrolling Clerk's office with a number of bills and among them he found the bill referred to, 1018, and he (Smith) told him that bill was tabled the day before and had never been to the Senate, and says he examined the bill and found no mark or stamp on it except it had passed the first reading, and the clerk remarked that he would go back and see about it. Smith intimated that unless the journal showed as he said the same had been doctored, and intimates fraud on the part of the clerk. In the NEWS AND OBSERVER of April 3rd he contradicts the first statement by saying the next day after the tabling of this bill "I met Mr. Satterfield, principal clerk of the House, between the Speaker's desk and the Speaker's room with a number of bills in his hand. He stopped me and said he had one of my bills and asked to let him see it. I then asked him what he was going to do with it. He remarked that he was going to have them enrolled. I then remarked to him that the bill had been tabled the night before. Mr. Satterfield going to the enrolling clerk's office, and the next I met him going to the Speaker's room—one being on the floor of Commons Hall, the other a distance off, to wit, in the Capitol. Now I deny Mr. Smith's assertions and give the facts in the case. On the night of the 12th of March, in evening session, I met Mr. Smith at the Speaker's office door, in which I had three clerks distributing and arranging bills and placing them on the calendar. Mr. Smith was standing near the door and had to move so that I could pass. He asked me what had become of his bills. I told him I thought I had one of them in the batch of bills in my hand, in which there were a great many tabled, together with bills that had passed their several readings and ordered enrolled. He remarked that one of them had just been tabled. I told him that we were in a rush, but would attend to his bills promptly and place them where they justly belonged in that batch of bills was H. B. 1018, above referred to on which was stamped as before stated with was large type, (tabled March 12th, 1895). This bill was promptly placed after entering upon the Calendar (tabled) in the Table box kept for that purpose, and has been there every minute since its death in the House on the 12th of March, where it will ever sleep as a dead bill. After the adjournment of the Legislature I carefully separated the tabled and other bills not passed and placed them in a neat paper box, marked on the outside what the box contained, accessible and easily found at any moment. When Mr. Smith met me at the door, H. B. 1018 had stamped upon its back in large letters, tabled. It is false that I told Mr. Smith that I was going to the Enrolling Clerk's office to have it enrolled. It is unequivocally false that this bill 1018 is considered by the House was taken out by any person and allowed to be enrolled. My book of receipts from the enrolling clerk does not show that he received the bill. My calendar shows it a dead letter and as far as the House clerks are concerned their skirts are clear, and I have all the evidence and

any statements made by persons or newspapers to the contrary are false. By this I stand and am responsible personally for the saying.

Very respectfully,  
S. P. SATTERFIELD,  
Clk House-Rep., Session 1895.

### BASEBALL IN THE SOUTH.

Charleston Sees Her Last League Game for the Season.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 3.—Charleston saw her last National League game for this season at the ball park to-day. It was hotly contested and all around was the best of the exhibition games played here.

Score: Pittsburgh, 4—8—4  
Washington, 3—6—0  
Batteries: Colcolough and Sugden; Mercer, Mularky and McGuire.

### Philadelphia 6; Petersburg 3.

PETERSBURG, Va., April 3.—The ball season of 1895 in Petersburg opened to-day with an exciting game between the Philadelphias and the Petersburgs. Cranks were out in full force. Score: Philadelphia 6, Petersburg 3. Batteries—Baldwin and Grady; Foreman, Thomas, Packard and Hayden.

### Brooklyn League Team.

AUGUSTA, April 3.—The last ball team of the Brooklyn League team drew a fair sized crowd to the park. The game was marked by brilliant fielding and some hard hitting. The team leaves to-morrow morning for Atlanta, where they will play three games. Score: Regulars 3 3 0 2 4 1 0 2 x—16  
Colts 8 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—5  
Batteries—Oppenheimer and Daly, Kennedy and Grim.

### Norfolk 11; Lancaster 0.

NORFOLK, April 3.—This morning when the Norfolk colts read the adverse criticism of the local press on their poor playing, they went into win to-day's game, and as a result they succeeded in shutting Lancaster out by a score of 7 to 0 in a very pretty played game. Setley was in the box for the home team, and pitched a splendid game, and shut them out without a single hit. The visitors put up a good fielding game with only one error.

On Friday and Saturday the Washington League team will play the Norfolk. Score: Norfolk 11; Lancaster 0. Batteries: Setley and Tenley; West and Arthur.

### SYMPATHIZE WITH REBELS.

Inhabitants of Havana Ready to Embrace the Revolutionary Cause.

NEW YORK, April 3.—A passenger on the steamer Vigilancia, which arrived from Havana this morning, reports that at Manzanilla where he had been staying, the sympathy of the inhabitants was all with the insurgents and if the latter would approach the city and make a demonstration, the whole town would probably readily embrace the revolutionary cause.

There were frequent skirmishes between the insurgents and the Spanish troops, but the former were too crafty to risk a decisive battle as yet. Their cause is apparently gaining strength daily.

About ten days ago it was reported at Manzanilla that the insurgent forces were about to invest the town, and for a time there was great excitement, but the rumor was soon traced to unreliable sources and the town again became quiet.

### An Insurgent Boat Stranded.

HAVANA, April 3.—The Governor of Santiago Province reports that the gunboat Yndia, while cruising along the coast came upon a foreign fishing smack stranded on the beach at Dubua a short distance west of Baracoa.

The captain of the smack was dead. Two sailors were captured and taken aboard the Yndia. They reported they had landed 21 insurgents.

There had been trouble, they said, between the insurgents and captain because he had refused to land them at the point designated by them. When the captain refused to yield they killed him and threw his body overboard. After landing the insurgents met a small column of Spanish troops. The skirmish was almost bloodless. The insurgents were put to flight without having lost a man, killed or wounded. One of them was captured in hiding an hour after the skirmish, but the rest are in the mountains.

The prisoner would give little information. He is said to have admitted, however, that Maceo and Combert, the insurgent leaders, are with the fugitive band. Several companies of troops are pursuing the 21 men but had not got within shooting distance of them at the time of the Governor's despatch. Apart from these events the district around Baracoa is quiet.

Col. Saliedo, who is in charge of the military operations round Holguin, reports that he attacked and dispersed a party of insurgents at Martillo, near San Andres.

The arrival of reinforcements for the regular troops in Santiago has restored confidence throughout the Province.

### A British Vessel Fired Upon.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, April 3.—The British steamship Ethelred from Boston has arrived at Port Antonio, Jamaica.

Capt. Hopkins, who commands her, says that when she was off Cape Maysi a Spanish gunboat bore down upon her. She hoisted the British flag and the gunboat fired a shot across the Ethelred's bow. She dove to and the gunboat steamed around without exchanging signals. She then steamed away and the Ethelred proceeded on her voyage.

Maceo's band of insurgents has landed in Cuba.