THE LARGEST GIRCULATION OF NORTH GAROLINA DAILY. ANY

STORMY TIMES AHEAD

POLITICAL LEADERS IN SOUTH CAROLINA TO MEET IN CONFERENCE.

GOV. EVANS' PRONUNCIAMENTO.

He Reviews the Deplorable Condition of the State Under Carpet Bag Rule --Denounces Judges Goff and Simonton and Says They are Trying to Trample Under Foot State Rights --But Declares That White Supremacy Shall be Sustained.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 14.—The forces of the political party in power are gathering here now to reach some decision as to the course they shall pursue in the coming election which, under Judge Goff's decision, must be held with an

Tillman and Irby and McLaurin and all the leaders are here. Irby's
State Executive Committee meets to-morrow to take action looking to the maintenance of white supremacy. Tillman is at the executive mansion in consultation with Governor Evans.

It looks now as if stormy times are To-night the Governor issued the following pronunciamento bearing on State's rights and Federal interfer-

"Fellow Citizens: "In 1865, after the most bloody struggle for principle in the history of the world, South Carolinians laid down their arms and accepted in good faith the results of the war. The state was put under martial law and under the reconstruction act the ignorant slaves, whose fetters had just been broken, manipulated by carpet baggers from the four quarters of the earth, were placed in entire control of our State government. After a farce of an election for delegates to a constitutional convention, the constitution which has been our organic law since 1868 was adopted at the dictate of General Canby. The conditions were followed and the results of placing ignorance and vice in the control of the gov-ernment are known to all men. This condition lasted until 1876, when the oppression and misgoverment had rendered our people so desperate that with one impulse they asserted their manhood and overthrew the despotism of the carpet baggers and resumed control of the

by us because we were powerless to resist the question of State sovereignty, within the limits prescribed in the constitution, its accordance with Southern If the law was a crime, was he not the interpretation, has since been affirmed criminal? Should his head have not by repeated decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States. That Court of humiliation? Alas! they were not. even asserted that the States had never With a Mephistophelean grin on his even asserted that the States had never been out of the union, thereby indirectly | wrinkled tace he nodded assent to the declaring invalid the acts of Congress, re- most infamous document ever emanating admitting them after re-construc-tion. The right of a State to manage and direct its interna-tion. The right of a State to manage and direct its international affairs, without National interference, is recognized throughout the Union and it is no peculiar or special claim on the part of South Carolina to exercise that right so long as her State officers and her General Assembly obey the constitution of the United States and the laws of Congress. This is so well recognized that I do not propose to discuss it further, but feel that we can safely rely upon the integrity and patriotism of the Supreme Judges to re-affirm and main-

"The people of South Carolina have always been law abiding and respect the constitution and courts of the United States, but when the Judges of these wantonly invade and trample under foot the recognized rights of our people guaranteed by the Federal constitution, they have a right to assert themselves and maintain their sovereignty and independence. This they have ever done and will continue to do, and will resist with all the means within their power, usurpation and tyranny of partisan politicians in high places, who disgrace the judicial ermine. We cannot, nor have we the desire to resort to arms to resist his unjust decree, but we can and will expect the united efforts of liberty-loving peo ple to thwart the conspirators who are plotting to overthrow our civilization. In this struggle we confidently rely on the sympathies and moral support of lovers of good government and State's rights throughout the Union. The sovereignty of the States, within their proper spheres, is as dear to Massachusetts and Ohio as it is to South Carolina, and the principle cannot be struck down here without receiving a mortal blow else-

'It is unfortunate that the passions and prejudices excited by the war in regard to the negro should influence the opinions and feelings of judges in dealing with this vital principle, but it will follow inevitably that if this principle is once destroyed, this country will be convulsed with a revolution for the restoration of the liberties of white men that will far eclipse that other fatal struggle for the emancipation of the blacks.

"The restoration of white supremacy in 1876 placed in office and in leadership of the affairs of the State, Wade Hampton as Governor, and afterwards as United States Senator, and M. C. Butler United States Senator; Charles H. Simonton, chairman of the Judiciary Committee and leader of the House of Representatives, later District and Circuit Judge of the United States Court; and John C. Sheppard, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Lieut. Governor and afterwards Governor. In 1882, under the leadership of these men,

the Legislature passed the laws known as 'the election and registration acts' designed to preserve white supremacy and a white man's government. These laws worked admirably and up to this proceeding no complaint has ever been heard of their injustice, oppression or criminality. The citizen who dared raise his voice against them was denounced as an enemy of his State. Those who were too young to hold office and take part in such affairs, were taught to respect these men as patriots, and their handiwork as the palladium of our

"This regime, becoming arrogant and distasteful to a majority of our people, and repugnant in their policy to our institutions, was overthrown, and the people in 1890, by the election of B. R. Tillman, as Governor, declared that it was not their intention to create an oli-garchy when in 1876, they threw off the yoke of the negro and the carpet bag-ger. Two applications have been made to reverse this verdict of the sovereign people, but it has been sustained each time with vehement determination. The re-form movement had nothing to do with the election and registration laws. We received them as a legacy from the administration of 1882. We have upheld them as the acts of the people and as constitutional means of self-preservation. Some of these men who are responsible for and who have enjoyed the benefits and honors of office under these laws, have turned upon their State since their retirement. By an appeal to one of the bitterest enemies of Southern civilization-a politician who disgraces the judicial ermine of the United States Court and masquerades as a judge—they have succeeded in having declared the registration law unconstitutional, null and void. The chief argument made before him was the defamation of your State and insult, if insult could come from such a source, to your State offi-Under this decree the doors have cers. been thrown open and the ballot again placed in the hands of every man, white or black, of the age of 21 years.
"The abuse and slander heaped upon

the State by the counsel for the plaintiffs was only surpassed by that of the Judge in his document styled a decree in equity. But the pity of it, the humilia-tion and the shame of it, is yet to be told. Besides this Jeffries on the bench sat an old man, whose head was grey, who had fought on the field of battle, for States rights, who had been Speaker of the House of Representatives of South Carolina, and in whose handwriting part of your registration laws exist in our archives; there he sat, wearing State's affairs.

"While the constitutionality of the reconstruction act was never questioned reconstruction act was never questioned his State defamed, his comrades his State defamed as rebels and in arms defamed as rebels and his own handiwork adjudged a crime. been bent and his eyes moist with tears Senator who has been holding caucuses in Columbia at private houses having the ear of the court and 'holding the foot of the chancellor,' returned to his home feeling that his movements had not been detected. But the responsibility shall rest where it belongs. Let the people not blame the poor, lean and hungry counsel who are barking merely for a bone, but visit the sin upon the heads of the arch conspirators.

"A crisis confronts us, an issue has been thrust upon us without our will or consent at a time when peace was hovering over the State. South Carolina is enjoying an era of industrial improvement, factories are being built in greater number than elsewhere in the South. The credit of the State ranks higher than ever in its history, our bonds not being purchasable at a premium of less than ten per cent. The march of progress is about to be stopped; the black pall of negro domination hovers over us; we must meet the issue like South Carolinians. There are only two flags, the the white and the black; under which will you enlist? The one, the white, peaceful flag of Anglo-Saxon civilization and progress; or the other, the black flag of the debased and ignorant African, with the white traitors, who are seeking to marshal the negroes in order to gain political power? It is fortunate that the issue comes at this time when a constitution is to be made guaranteeing white supremacy once and forever. The Constitutional Convention must be controlled by white men, not white men with black hearts, not negroes. The world must be shown that we are capable of governing ourselves and that, constitution or no constitution, law or no law, court or no the intelligent white men of South Carolina intend to govern here. Let the man who undertakes to lead the ignorant blacks against you suffer as he did in 1876, and remember that eternal vigilance is the price of liberty. I will not call the Legislature together. They can do nothing. An appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, but under the red tape and technicalities surrounding it, a decision cannot be had in time to affect the election of delegates. It must be a free, open fight. I appeal to the sovereign people of South Carolina, the wisest and the safest and purest tribunal, to protect their homes and liberties. They have never failed to respond to duty. The government of the people must and shall be perpetua-ted, and we are ready to lead the fight under the white man's flag. "Your obedient servant,

"JOHN GARY EVANS, "Governor."

MEDICAL MEN

THE STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY NOW IN SESSION IN GOLDSBORO.

FORTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING.

The First Day's Session Devoted to the Hearing of the Reports of Committees and the Reading of Interesting Papers on Professional Subjects -- The Convention Will be in Session Three Days .- The Meeting Held in Opera House.

Special to the News and Observer.

Goldsboro, N. C., May 14. The forty-second annual meeting of the Medical Society of the State of North Carolina begins this morning at 10 o'clock at the Messenger Opera House in this city. It will continue for three

The convention was called to order by Dr. W. H. H. Cobb, chairman of the local committee of arrangements, and the convention was led in prayer by Rev. Stewart McQueen.

The address of welcome was delivered by Dr. W. J. Jones, of this city, which was responded to by Dr. C. J. O'Hagan, of Greenville. Both addresses were of a high order. At the close of Dr. O'Hagan's speech the committee of arrangements made its report. and the Society was called to order for the transaction of business by the President, Dr. J. H. Tucker, of Henderson.

The first business of the society was the appointment of committees on Finance and Credentials and a roll call of the members. President Tucker then read his annual message in which he made some needed recommendations and pointed out some matters requiring the early attention of the society.

At the conclusion of the President's message Dr. W. A. Graham, of Charlotte, chairman of the Section on Pathology and Microscopy made his report, which was followed by voluntary papers

pertaining to this section.
Dr. A. R. R. Wilson, of Greensboro, read his report on Materia-Medica and Physiology which was followed by a paper by Dr. Albert Anderson, of Wilson, on "Diptheria Antitoxine. After reports of several committees

and the disposition of some routine business, the convention adjourned until Remarks from Mrs. Isabella Charles 3 p. m.

The afternoon session was devoted to

the section of anatomy and surgery. Following is the programe for the afternoon session Report of Chairman C. O'H. Laughinghouse, of Greenville, "Something of

Surgery, up to Date."
"Non-Penetrating Abdominal Injuries," Robt. S. Young, M. D., Concord. "The Anatomy of Hernia, with Reference to Vacewon's Operation," R. H. Whitehead, M. D., Chapel Hill.
"Anæsthesia," J. G. Blount, M. D.,

Washington. "A New Method of Applying Plaster of Paris Dressing in Fractures," H. A.

Royster, M. D., Raleigh. 'A Report of a Case of Chronic Purulent Otitis Media," S. J. Montague, M. D., Winston.

"Surgical Technique," J. W. Long, M. D., Richmond, Va. "Cases of Hypertrophic Nasal Catarrh, Treated by Electrolysis."

"Case of Malignant Tumor of Knee Joint." Case of Complex Error of Refraction of Eyes." Francis Duffy, M. D., Newbern. "Corneal Ulcers." W. H. Wakefield, "Corneal Ulcers."

"A Case of Multiple Perforation of the Small Intestines." R. H. Whitehead, M. D., Chapel Hill. Voluntary papers in this section.

THE STATE DENTAL SOCIETY.

Its Twenty-First Annual Meeting in Session at Salisbury. Special to the News and Observer.

SALISBURY, N. C., May 14. The twenty-first annual meeting of the North Carolina State Dental Association Special to the News and Observer. met here at 11 o'clock this morning.

By permission the meeting was held in the Y. M. C. A. hall to day. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. J

The morning session was taken up in routine business. Dr. H. D. Harper, of Kinston, is president, and Dr. J. E.

Wyche, of Greensboro, is secretary. In addition to an unusually large attendance of dentists of the State, several prominent dentists of other States are here as visitors. Among them are Prof. W. Cowarden, of the Richmond Dental College, Richmond, Va.; Prof. Frank Holland, of the dentists' department of the Southern Medical College, Atlanta, and Prof. J. S. Thompson, of Atlanta Dental College, Atlanta. Other arrivals are expected to-night.

At the close of the morning session, the meeting adjourned until 3 o'clock. The afternoon session was devoted to reading and discussing reports and was deeply interesting.

Tonight a splendid reception and entertainment was given in the Opera House.

Following was the programme: Address of Welcome, Theo. F. Kluttz,

12th Rhapsodie, Liszt, Piano Solo, Miss Bessie Krider. Response to Address of Welcome, Dr. V. E. Turner, Raleigh. Annie Laurie, Quartette, Dudley Buck

Misses White and Shober. President's Annual Address, Dr. H. D. Harper, Kieston. Mia Piccirella, vocal solo, Theo Mar-

zials. Miss White.

Mesdames Boyden and Rankin, and

Mazurk, piano solo, Godord, Miss CONVENTION

By an agreement made at the last meeting of the society by Dr. J. F. Griffith here the president's address was de-livered to night instead of the usual

The society will be in session Wednesday and Thursday. To-morrow will be the most interesting day of the session. The occasion promises to be the largest dental meeting ever held in North Caro-

JUDGE EWART SWORN IN.

An Interesting Case in the United States Circuit Court at Asheville. Special to the News and Observer.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 14. H. G. Ewart was sworn in at Henderonville yesterday as Judge of the Circuit Criminal Court.

Miss Beulah Brewster Pack, daughter f George W. Pack, a wealthy citizen of leveland, O., who spends part of each eason here, will be married 'Ihursday at Trinity church to Phillip Ashton Rollins, a New York lawyer.

An interesting case is on in the United States Circuit Court, now in ses-Dick presiding. The government and three members of the eastern band of Cherokee Indians seek to perpetually enjoin the Dickson Mason Lumber Co. from cutting timber from a thirty-five thousand acre tract in Jackson and Swain counties. The timber was originally sold to D. L. Boyd by the Cherokee Band, but the government contends that the Indians are wards of the government and had no right to make the contract with Boyd.

THE KING'S DAUGHTERS.

The State Convention Now in Session in Newbern.

Special to the News and Observer.

Newbern, N. C., May 14.

The State convention of the King's Daughters began in Centenary M. E. church to-night. The following is the programme for the meeting: Music.

Scripture Lesson and Prayer. Address of Welcome, Miss May Hendren. Response,

Annual Message of State Secretary, Mrs. Hamden Smith, of Raleigh. Music.

Davis, of New York. Doxology and Benediction.

A large number of delegates have already arrived from different parts of the State and others are expected to-

ANOTHER NEW COTTON MILL. It Has \$50,000 Capital and Will Be Established at Franklinton.

Special to the News and Observer. FRANKLINTON, N. C., May 14.

The Sterling Cotton Mill was organized here to-day with fifty thousand dollars capital. All the stock has been taken and orders tor the machinery

John F. Cannady was elected President, Col. Wm. F. Green, Vice-President; S. C. Vann, Secretary and Treasurer. The directors are: J. G. Stainton, L. L. Cannady, N. Y. Gully and W.

The building will be put up at once and the mill will be in operation by Oc-

Mr. W. C. McGhee says another cotton factory will be put in operation within twelve months after this one

starts up. George N. Ball, who lived six miles west of this place, dropped dead in his tobacco plant bed yesterday, the 13th.

Mr. Ball was about 60 years old. C. S. Williams is building two new store-houses near the depot.

School Closings in "State of Wilkes."

WILKESBORO, N. C., May 14.

The commencement of Moravian Falls Academy, which occurred on May 10th, was largely attended, and the address was one of the finest ever delivered in the county. The orator was Hon. Chas. McKesson, of Morganton.

Dr. C. C. Hubbard and wife, of Worthville, is visiting here. C. E. Turner, a rising young lawyer of Durham, delivers the address at the close

COLLISION IN A THICK FOG.

of Prof. Nicholson's school here, May

A Lumber Laden Schooner Run Into By a Steamer.

NEW YORK, May 14 .- The Atlas Line steamer Alleghany arrived this morning from West Indian ports having among her passengers Captain Summers and seven of the crew of the American schooner, John W. Hall, Jr., who came on board the steamer at Fortune Is-

Capt. Summers says he sailed from Newbern, N. C., May 3rd, with a cargo of lumber for New York, and on May 5, in latitude 36.50, longitude 74.07, at 2 p. m., during a thick fog, the schooner was run into by tho steamer Alene, and cut to the water's edge.

One Killed and 23 Injured.

SILEX, Om., May 14.—At 8 o'clock this morning the South bound passenger train on the St. Louis and Hannibal Railroad struck a broken rail about two miles north of Silex and derailed the entire train, killing one person outright and badly injuring 23 others.

THE SOUTHERN BAPTISTS MAKE AN END OF THEIR WORK IN WASHINGTON.

THE WORK AMONG THE NEGROES.

Reports of the Home Mission Board in Reference to What has been done By the Baptists Among the Colored Population -- The next Meeting of the Convention to be Held at Chattanooga, Tennessee .- There were 904 Delegates Present.

Washington, D. C., May 14.—The first business of the fourth and last days ession of the Southern Baptist Convention after devotional exercises, was the report of the committee on time and place of next meeting. It was recommended that the convention of 1896 be held in the First Church, Chattanooga, beginning on the Friday before the second Sunday in May; that Rev. C. A. Stakely, ted States Circuit Court, now in session here, Judges Simonton and mon, with Rev. C. Durham, of Raleigh, N. C., alternate. Rev. F. S. Yeager, of Chattanooga explained the terms of the invitation-duly accredited delegates will be entertained at the homes of the

people. The report was adopted.

The report of the committee upon so much of the report of the home mission board as related to work among the colored population, was make by Rev. A. J. S. Thomas, of South Carolina. It stated that some work had been done by the board among the negroes in Kentucky, Georgia and Texas and that in some respects the work had been satis-"The board is anxious to do more for the negroes but there are so many peculiar embarrassing problems that the work has been necessarily slow." The committee emphasized these

1. The board will not undertake work among the negroes in any State unless the State boards of white Baptists are in sympathy and co-operate with it.

2. It will not undertake work in any State unless the members are agreed among themselves upon the work to be

be done for them is to encourage them to self support in their church building and mission work. An extensive work cannot be done among them as long as Cuba, New Mexico, Louisiana, Florida, and perhaps other States so sorely need all the help we can give.

4th-The best work that can be done among the negroes is educating their ministers rather than evangelizing them. 5th—The Southern Baptists are in sympathy with the efforts of generous hearted people North and South, who have given money to establish schools and colleges in the Southern States for the negroes.

6th-We hope that the agreement reached by the joint committee at Fortress Monroe will bring the colored Baptist schools, established by our Northern brethren, nearer to the hearts of Southern Baptists. We are assured that these schools have been a great blessing even without our active co-operation, and that with our hearty sympathy and co-operation they will accomplish far greater good.

7. In view of the continued needs of the negroes and of the pressing needs of our mission fields at home and abroad. and in view of the liberality of our Northern brothern and the interest they have shown in the education of the negroes, we assure our brethern of the North that wo shall be glad to see them contribute thousands for the education and evangelization of the negroes, and thae in this good work they will have the co-operation, sympathy and help of our best and wisest brethern. For, while we are interested in this great work, and are fully persuaded of its importance, we are unable at present to do for it as its needs demand.

The committee on nominations reported names for membership of the several boards, and they were elected. Rev. Mr. Holt, from the committee on enrollment, reported that the membership of the convention consisted of 813 delegates on the financial basis and 402 representatives from district associations; total, 1,215. There were present 762 delegates of the first class and 142 of the second class; total, 904. A resolution submitted by Rev. J. J

Hall, of Norfolk, Va., at the request of the International Peace Congress, recommending the establishment of a high court of arbitration among the nations, was adopted.

Rev. M. M. Vann, colored, President of the American National Baptist Convention, was introduced as the man who occupied the highest position in his race, and that he would occupy but a minute of the time of the convention. When the minate was up Dr. Vann said he hated to let his audience go, for he seldom had such an opportunity. (Laughter). He said the colored people were intensely Christian and intensely Baptist, and that what they lacked in knowledge and sanctified intelligence they propose to make up in The white Baptists, he believed, needed to exercise more zeal. Since the Emancipation proclamation, out of 4,000,000 colored people liberated then, a million and a half had been brought into the Baptist church, while out of 50,000,000 white people, and after 200 years of

convention, and was listened to for a quarter of an hour

The fraternal messengers appointed to the Baptist anniver saries in session at Saratoga in June, and the National Baptist Convention at Atlanta, Ga., in August.

The Convention then adjourned sine die, with the singing of the hymn, "Blest Be the Tie that Binds," and prayer by Rev. Mr. Waters.

SUN'S COTTON REPORT.

Bulls Took a Turn at the Wheel and Liverpool Was in Their Favor.

New York, May 14. -- Cotton rose 8 to 9 points, then re-acted and closed steady at a net advance of 5 to 6 points, with sales of 122,900 bales. New Orleans advanced 8 points and then lost 2 points of this. Liverpool opened 1-2 point lower, but recovered this and advanced 1-2 a point and closed very steady, though the spot sales there were only 6,000 bales. Spot cotton in Liverpool was easier, but without quotable change. Manchester was quiet and steady. Spot cotton here was 1-16 cent. higher, with sales of eighty bales for spinning. Port receipts thus far this week 17,048 against 25,796 thus far last week. The Southern spot markets were quiet. Charleston de clined 1-8 cent. New Orleans receipts to-morrrow estimated at 5,000 against 1,140 last Tuesday and 448 last year.

To-Day's Features.

The bulls took a turn at the wheel today and their steering was towards the upper waters of the bullish country, as a matter of course. They had Liver-pool in their favor. That market un-doubtedly disappointed the bears. It showed a small advance where certainly none was expected, though it is true that the spot market was dull and weak, and that Manchester was quiet. Still Liverpool bought freely here, mainly because of a rumor that Neill Brothers of New Orleans would issue a bullish crop circular to-morrow. The continent was buying not only at Liverpool but here.

Spot cotton here is stronger, the exports from the ports were treble the receipts, shorts were covering, and not a few bought on the belief that cotton is a purchase at present prices. German houses sold, but their selling did not check the advance. Inman, Swan 3. The colored people should be encouraged to pay a part of the salary of every teacher and missionary laboring among them. The best thing that can bullish conditions generally observable throughout the world of trade and speculation. At any rate it has many friends who believe that best prices for cotton are still to be attained.

THE FIGHT IN ILLINOIS.

All the Gold Men to be Read Out of the Democratic Party.

CHICAGO, Ills., May 14.—It is learned from an authoritative source that the leaders in the free coinage movement within the Democratic party of Illinois, who possess the machinery in the State and Cook county, intend to read out of the party every man who does not subscribe to the doctrine of free coinage of

The plan is to be put into execution as soon as the State convention at Springfield has adopted a free siver platform and made it one of the cardinal principles of the party. The State and Cook County Central Committees are to be reorganized on these lines. This will be done to give the silver Democrats exclusive control of the organization which will dictate at primaries and conventions in county, city and State.

It is also proposed by this means to make sure of sending a solid free silver delegation to the next National convention. The members of the honest money league are to be declared outside the

Fatal Explosion on a Steamer.

DETROIT, Mich., May 14.-Last evening, while the river steamer Unique, bound up, was in Lake St. Clair a tube in one of her boilers blew up, instantly killing Anthony Case, a coal passer, and probably fatally injuring John Plant, a fireman. George Robinson, the engineer of the steamer, who was sitting on the port rail, was knocked overboard and drowned. There were forty passengers on board.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

At St. Louis 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 x-6 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2-4 St. Louis, Brooklyn. Batteries: Clarkson and Miller; Lucid and Dailey. At Chicago

Chicago, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0-1 1 0 4 2 0 3 3 1 x-14 Batteries: Terry and Donohue; Rusie and Farrell.

At Cincinnata:

Cincinnati, 101000000-2 Batteries Dwyer, Parrott and Spies; Heffer and Robinson.

At Louisville: 1300000000-4 Louisville. Washington, 0 0 0 0 0 1 5 0 x-6 McDermott and Welch; Batteries:

Stockdale and McGuire. At Cleveland: Cleveland—Boston postponed on account

of rain and cold weather. At Pittsburg: Pittsburg-Philadelphia postponed, rain and cold weather.

Carnegie Advances Wages.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 14.—The Carwork, but a few more have united with negie Steel Company limited, employing the same church. Dr. Vann created a nearly 15,000 men, to-day decided to addeep and favorable impression upon the | vance wages 10 per cent.