

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

DODGED THE ISSUE

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE OF REPUBLICAN CLUBS COMPLETES ITS WORK.

NOTHING SAID ABOUT SILVER.

The Money Question Was Not Even Referred to in the Report of the Committee on Resolutions--The Silver Men Still Hope That the National Convention Will Adopt a Plank Favorable to the White Metal--None of the Presidential Candidates Attend.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 21.—There was nothing exciting about the last hours of the eighth annual convention of the National League of Republican Clubs.

The resolutions which have been public property for some time were adopted without preface by their introducer or parley on the part of those for whose considerations they were introduced. No roll call was had on their adoption and a lusty chorus of yeas against one or two nays showed that it was almost the unanimous sense of the convention that it had no power to proclaim its preference for gold or silver, for protection or free trade, or for any presidential candidate who is pushing his claims for recognition before the nominating convention of the party to be held in 1896.

The most conservative party men who came here think the innovation is a wise one. The silver men are satisfied with the outcome and decided before to-day's session began to make no outcry. They were fully heard in committee and assert that the result shows a sentiment in favor of bi-metallicism that will spread to the National Convention next year. The more radical ones hope for free silver, but all would be more than pleased with any sort of a plank which favors the white metal, whether that plank fixes their favorite ratio or not. Once in the platform they believe the double standard would rapidly gain in favor.

There was no discordant voice in the gathering which dissolved to day a little after noon. Many sacrifices were made for the sake of harmony, and it appeared to be the wish of the body that it should go on record before the world as united on all points at issue whatever differences might exist beneath the surface.

With the exception of the 16 to 1 men, the speakers were very cautious in expressing a decided preference on the currency question.

None of the presidential candidates came to the convention. Mr. McKinley arrived to-night after everything was over. He was met at the depot by the leading Republican clubs of the city and enthusiastically welcomed. Most of the delegates had returned to their homes, but those who remained were introduced, shook hands and chatted a while with the famous Ohioan, who held a reception in the corridors of the Hollenden Hotel. Chauncey Depew was expected up to the last moment, but he excused himself on the ground of other engagements. Thomas B. Reed was invited, but declined, and Senator Allison did the same. Maine was one of the three States not officially represented at the convention and the enemies of Mr. Reed are pointing to this fact with much glee. The other two States were New Hampshire and North Carolina, which were, however, unofficially represented.

With General McAlpin as president and H. J. Dowling, of Minnesota, as secretary, the delegates feel that they have elected officers with a view to the best results in the work required next year. No treasurer was chosen. His selection will be left to the executive committee. An excursion on the lake this afternoon ended the festivities provided by the local committee for the delegates. To-morrow the newspaper men will be entertained on the water.

HORRIBLE DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Murdered his Father-in-Law and Then Committed Suicide.

PHILMONT, N. Y., June 21.—A horrible case of suicide and murder occurred here at 10:15 o'clock this forenoon in which Harry Krooz and George Jacobi are the victims.

Krooz is the agent of the Harlem road here, having filled the position for the past 23 years. Jacobi is his father-in-law and acts as the assistant agent. Krooz was about 43 years of age, and Jacobi 62. Krooz killed Jacobi by shooting him twice in the back of the head and then killed himself by firing a bullet into his own head. The motive for the crime is a mystery, as both were on the friendliest terms. The shooting occurred only a few moments before a passenger train was due. The only person in the station besides the dead men was a woman, waiting for the train. When she heard the shots she gave the alarm. Before anybody else reached the station, the passenger train had arrived and the conductor and trainmen found the dead men, both having died instantly.

Krooz shot Jacobi in the back of the head as the latter was seated at the desk writing. Krooz had been discharged and the relief agent was on the train that arrived shortly after the tragedy occurred, to relieve him. There is said to be no shortage in his accounts, but that he had become careless in doing his business. Krooz leaves a wife and four children, one being a married daughter. The other children are aged 18, 12 and 8 respectively.

NEW HOTEL AT KITTRELL.

The Famous Davis House Being Rebuilt--Mayor Person Married.

KITTRELL, N. C., June 21.

The widely and favorably known Davis House at this place, for over twenty years patronized by the best class of Northerners as a winter resort, and which was burned two years ago, is now being rebuilt.

Mrs. De Forest, a Northern lady of means and experience in this line, has bought the entire property and begun the erection of a comfortable and thoroughly equipped hotel. No pains or expense are to be spared to make it the most comfortable and best appointed establishment of the kind in the State. The walls are lined with brick, excluding cold in winter and heat in summer. The very latest improvements in steam heating will be introduced. The system of water-works, closets, &c., will be perfect.

It will be opened as both winter and summer resort. The reputation and popularity of Kittrell as a winter resort is old, but her reputation as a summer resort is much older. It long antedates the war.

In the early fifties and in the sixties, and early seventies it was the Mecca of the pleasure and health seekers, not only of a large part of this, but also of parts of adjoining States. Since 1874 it has been conducted only as a winter resort and as such has enjoyed an ever increasing reputation.

Mayor R. M. Person was yesterday united in marriage to Miss Lessie Allen, a talented young lady of Franklin county.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Board of Trade Organized by Tarboro Business Men.

TARBORO, N. C., June 21.

The Methodist Conference of this District is in session here this week. There is a large attendance. Bishop Wilson is presiding. The following Presiding Elders are present: Dr. Yates, R. B. John and Mr. Oglesby, of this District. Dr. Kilgo lectures in the opera house to-night.

A board of trade was organized here last night. Mr. W. E. Fountain was elected President of the board of directors. At this meeting, measures were taken to erect a warehouse on the town property near the water works. A thousand dollars worth of stock was at once subscribed, and the rest will be obtained this week. The necessary arrangements have been made to open the Central warehouse. The work of advertising will be commenced at once.

A special term of the Superior Court has been in session here for two weeks. The docket has not been cleared by several cases. Court is expected to close to-morrow.

Miss Mina Finney, of Richmond, is visiting Mrs. P. B. Cox.

President Dred Peacock, of Greensboro Female College, is attending conference here.

Mr. Paul Jones has returned from Franklin, where he has been for several days.

A very pleasant German was given at the Seminary Wednesday night. There were several visitors from Wilson present.

MUSIC CONTEST POSTPONED.

Dr. Mowry Delivers an Able Address Before the Teachers' Assembly.

Special to the News and Observer.

MOREHEAD CITY, June 21.

This was the day for the instrumental music contest for the Assembly gold medal, but owing to a number of entered contestants not being able to get here this early the contest was postponed till next week.

The morning exercises opened with music, as usual, followed by most enjoyable recitations by Miss Nettie Baldwin, of Yadkin, and Miss Youse, of the Baltimore School of Expression. Then came an extempore address on "Boundaries, Geographical, Historical, Instructive and Patriotic," by Dr. W. A. Mowry. It was well received by the large and cultured audience who were present.

The afternoon was devoted to fishing, sailing and surf parties, the weather and the wind being favorable for all. The prize fishermen to-day were Messrs. Brevard, McDowell, W. L. Kennedy, Prof. Logan D. Howell and Jos. E. Robinson, who brought in a record-breaking catch of mackerel and sheepsheads.

This evening's exercises of the Assembly consisted of music and an address by Dr. Mowry. This great educator will visit Raleigh by invitation of Superintendent Howell. He is a sound philosopher and a ready talker for the instruction of the young.

The Atlantic is filling up rapidly with guests. A thrilling fox hunt is on the tapis for to-morrow morning.

A MURDEROUS THUNDERBOLT.

Orphan Asylum Struck by Lightning and one Man Killed.

GALVESTON, Texas, June 21.—During a severe rainstorm accompanied by thunder and lightning, the new orphanas home, just being erected here, was struck by lightning. Fred Seifers, who was at work on the roof, was instantly killed, and Fred Hartell and a boy named Mann were injured by falling timbers. Seifers was 24 years old, unmarried and lived with his parents.

Hartell and Mann were not seriously injured. The cupola was demolished, and a large hole was torn in the roof. This is the second time that this building has been struck by lightning within six weeks.

CANAL CHRISTENED

THE KEYSTONE FORMALLY LAID BY THE EMPEROR WILLIAM.

AMID SCENES OF NAVAL SPLENDOR

All Nations Were Represented in the Grand Pageant--The German Ruler Taps the Stone and Declares the Canal Open for the Weal of the Nations of the Earth--American Warships Took a Conspicuous Part in the Great Naval Display.

KIEL, June 21.—Everybody was stirring at an early hour this morning, securing places of vantage to see the ceremony of laying the keystone of the canal at Holtenau. Dozens of steamers went from Kiel to places near the lock, among which was the press steamer, which was allotted a good place. Invited guests and those had who secured ticket for the tribunes arrived between 10 and 10:30 o'clock.

Thousands flocked to Holtenau by land and water. Never did the harbor of Kiel present so animated an appearance. The warm sun from early morning shone upon hundreds of gaily decorated vessels that were flitting from one point of the bay to another.

The Kaiser went to Holtenau early on board a steam launch. The entire high way to Kiel to the mouth of the canal has been beflagged. The country is remarkably beautiful. Trees line the road for the greater part of the distance, and here and there groves of beechwood, affording cool shade, are passed. At places where the country is open, glimpses of the bay and distant sea are afforded. Innumerable triumphal arches, bearing mottoes and portraits of the Emperor, had been erected and the villages and hamlets on the short route showed a profusion of flags and bunting.

Holtenau, which gives its name to the new lock, is picturesquely situated four or five miles from Kiel, and nearly a mile from the mouth of the canal, where the foundation stone was laid. The arrangements at the scene of the ceremony were excellently devised.

The grandstands of vast proportions had been erected for guests and ticket-holders. The eleven shouts of "Der Kaiser kommt!" arose. The emperor, whose arrival was the signal of deafening cheers, was in admiral's uniform, and walked to his place with martial bearing. He acknowledged the enthusiastic greetings smilingly. His majesty, having taken a standing position before the dais, Chancellor Hohentho asked the imperial assent to commence the proceedings, and then read a document relating to the ceremony, after which the Kaiser approached the stone, and receiving a mallet from the British plenipotentiary D. Bunsenrath, tapped the stone thrice. The stone also received blows from the Royal Princess present, from the members of the Bundesrath, Ministers of State and a score of other State officials.

The stone being laid, the Kaiser returned to his place at the dais. At the conclusion of the ceremonies at the Holtenau, the Emperor went on board the Hohenzollern, where he took luncheon. Salutes to his Majesty were fired by several of the warships in the bay.

It had been arranged in the course of the preparation for the celebration that the assembled warships should steam past the Hohenzollern in review, but for some unexplained reason, it was decided later that the Emperor's yacht should merely steam through the lines of the German and foreign fleets lying at anchor. This was accordingly done, all of the ships saluting the Hohenzollern as she passed. All of the ships were literally covered with flags and in the bright sunshine made a magnificent spectacle.

Miss Herbert, daughter of the United States Secretary of the Navy, with a party of friends, was on board the American cruiser, New York. The Emperor in laying the keystone of the canal said: "In memory of Emperor William, the Great, I christen this canal the Kaiser Wilhelm canal."

His Majesty then tapped the stone thrice, continuing: "I, in the name of God, in honor of the Emperor William I, for the weal of Germany and the welfare of nations."

The weather was brilliant and the spectators were numbered by thousands.

HIS FORTUNE IS A MYTH.

Col. Cochran Could Not File the Bond and the Case Was Dismissed.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., June 21.—A sensational story recently sent out from San Francisco by the Chicago Associated Press stating that Col. A. R. Cochran, of San Diego, Cal., was to come into possession of an immense fortune through a North Carolina land grant. The facts are simply these:

Col. Cochran instituted suit in the United States Court at Asheville, in 1893, for lands in Watauga and Mitchell counties, based on some supposed land grant. At the November '94 term of court Gen. T. F. Davidson, counsel for Cochran, stated that his client had been unable to file the bonds required to prosecute the case, and it was accordingly dismissed.

Governor Atkinson Will Recover.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 21.—Governor Atkinson improved steadily to-day and while he is by no means out of danger, his recovery can almost be predicted with certainty.

HOLLAND GOES TO THE "PEN."

But he is Treated with Great Consideration by the Officers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.

Mr. T. J. Allison, of Statesville, United States Marshal of the Western District, arrived in this city last night with eight United States prisoners and left this afternoon for Albany. He was accompanied by deputies E. M. Goolsby, J. B. Armfield and Edgar Aldson. Among the prisoners was James R. Holland, the defaulting Cashier of the Charlotte National Bank, who was sentenced to seven years imprisonment. He was treated with more respect than other prisoners, and had the appearance more of a companion than a prisoner. He was not handcuffed, and there was nothing to show that he was a prisoner.

The party was met at the depot by Superintendent Byrnes and escorted to the police station. The other prisoners were Benjamin Fuller, of Swain, sentenced for fifteen months for illicit distilling; W. H. Buncombe, fifteen months for forgery; Elijah Holdselaw, Noah McAlpine, and J. S. Kelley, sentenced from Statesville court for thirteen months each, for illicit distilling; Henry Jones, and Lou Smith, from Greensboro for one year each, for counterfeiting.

Mr. Sam'l Lane, formerly of Goldsboro, and who has been working for the Evening Star for the past six months, was yesterday appointed to a position in the Land Office at a salary of six dollars a day.

HOWGATE FOUND GUILTY.

He May Have to Go to the Penitentiary for Twenty Years.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The jury in the Howgate case brought in a verdict at 1:35 p. m. to-day of guilty on each indictment. One indictment charged Howgate with forgery and the other with falsification of his official accounts.

Captain Howgate was in court accompanied by his daughter and listened to the polling of the jury without any evidence of emotion. There was no scene of any kind. The attorneys for the defense at once moved for a new trial. No action was taken by the court.

The penalty for the offenses of which Capt. Howgate was convicted is confinement in the penitentiary from one to ten years in each case, so that the punishment in his case may be confinement from two to twenty years. Accompanying the verdict was a petition to the court for clemency. It is hardly believed that Judge McComas will grant a new trial, but the attempt will be made to take the case to a higher court on appeal.

During the preceding trial, which resulted in acquittal, testimony was admitted going to show that Capt. Howgate had been seen many times by those who were supposed to be interested in his apprehension, but in this case, the court refused to admit testimony to refute the charges that the prisoner was a fugitive from justice. Captain Howgate spent last night in jail, he having given himself up to the court officials as soon as the case went to the jury. Just when sentence will be passed upon him is not known. The verdict was a surprise as an acquittal had been confidentially expected.

BUYS A CHEAP RAILROAD.

The Southern Railway Assumes Control of the Atlanta and Florida.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 21.—The Southern Railway has bought the Atlanta and Florida railroad. The line is 104 miles long and extends from Atlanta to Fort Valley, in the heart of the peach section. At the price paid about \$275,000, the Southern gets the road for about one-tenth of what it cost. The Southern buys it from the Central Trust Company of New York.

This deal nips several possible railway extension schemes in the bud. It keeps the Seaboard Air-Line out of Florida and the Plant system out of Atlanta.

Samuel Spencer, President of the Southern Railway, announces that his company will build a handsome and commodious union station in Atlanta. He invites all the other roads to cooperate.

No Silver Convention for Indiana.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 21.—Senator Turpie was here to-day for a conference with Senator Voorhees. Afterwards, Senator Turpie said there would be no convention of Indiana Democrats who are in favor of free silver prior to the regular Democratic convention next June. Neither Senator would comment on the report from New York that ex-Congressman Bynum had been chosen by the Reform Club to conduct a "Sound Money" campaign in this State.

Dispensary Constables Sentenced.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 21.—In the United States court to-day Judge Simonton sentenced three dispensary constables to jail for contempt of court. They are charged with seizing liquors sent into the State for private use against the injunction granted by the court. The constables are sentenced to two months imprisonment and will be confined thereafter until the seized liquor is returned to the owners.

A New Candidate for Governor.

LOUISVILLE, June 21.—The gubernatorial race, which for several months has been red-hot, was intensified to-night when Congressman Berry, of Newport, declined to become Clay's candidate for permanent chairman of the convention, and announced that he was a candidate for Governor himself. The convention will be held at Louisville next Tuesday.

ALMOST A BEAR PANIC

THE RISING TIDE OF BUSINESS THREATENS TO MOUNT TOO HIGH.

THE WEEKLY TRADE REVIEWS.

Both Bradstreet and Dun Report the Outlook as Exceptionally Favorable--Crop Reports Have Been Highly Encouraging--The Cotton Crop Indicates a Yield of 75,000,000 Bales--Prospects Bright for a Bountiful Harvest in the Grain Growing States.

New York, June 21.—R. G. Dun's report says:

Failures for the second week of June show liabilities of only \$3,092,382, of which \$702,357 were manufacturing and \$1,329,625 were trading, against \$2,917,535 in all for the same week last year, of which \$688,137 were manufacturing and \$2,229,766 were trading. Additions for the first week of June raise the aggregate for two weeks, including the cordage concern, to \$14,321,941, of which \$10,517,325 were manufacturing and \$3,804,116 were trading. Failures for the week have been 228, in the United States, against 214 last year and 31 in Canada against 25 last year.

From all parts of the United States the best advices obtainable tell of a rising tide of trade and industry, which threatens here and there to mount too far and too fast. The volume of all business is by no means equal to that of 1892 as yet, though in some important branches larger than in that of any other. Daily payments through clearing houses in June are 269 per cent. larger than last year, though 8.6 per cent. smaller than in 1892, the last year of full business at this season.

A rise of more than a quarter in a single year is more significant because in spite of recent advances, the prices of commodities as a whole average a fraction of 1 per cent. lower than a year ago. Two influences of tremendous power contribute to the rise, encouraging crop news and confident replenishing stocks which have been for two years depleted to the utmost. When business payments have so long been 15,000 millions yearly less than before, it is not strange that the increase should be at the last of 11,000,000,000 a year when faith in the future inspires general replenishment of stocks.

Excepting too heavy rains in Texas, crop reports this week have been highly encouraging. Future inquiry to cotton cannot be predicted, but as yet nothing indicates a yield below 7,500,000 bales, which would not be supposed to threaten famine if the commercial and mill stocks were remembered, now exceeding by 2,500,000 bales a full consumption until September 1st. Receipts continue small and consumption close to the maximum here and abroad, though the marketing of British goods is not entirely encouraging. Liberal purchases of all products by the South do not indicate belief that any serious misfortune impends. So the strong trade in the grain growing States accords with brighter crop prospects.

The rush for supplies in iron and steel resembles a "bear panic" in the stock market. Because prices are mounting everybody hurries to buy, so that they mount higher.

Bessemer iron has reached \$12.65 at Pittsburg, the association has advanced common to \$1.15, the wire nail association puts up the price to \$1.50 per keg, the steel rail makers have raised the price to \$24, eastern and southern furnaces have both raised prices again fifty cents per ton, and structural beams are \$1.35, and angles \$1.25. It is undeniable that works in operation are crowded with orders and others which have been idle for years are preparing to resume. At the same time the most potent cause of the upward start in prices, is the general belief that a combination of coke producers would raise the price to \$1.50 after July 1st, is apparently removed by war among the producers, and a fall to \$1.25 in contracts for the last half of 1895.

Advances continue in cotton goods and are sustained by unusual demand and scarcity at a time when the mills are generally anxious to clear off old stocks. Shipments of boots and shoes for the week have been the largest ever known in any week, 110,025 cases, according to the Shoe and Leather Reporter, and for three weeks of June have been 11 per cent. larger than any previous year. Many shops are stopping, though most have orders to August or September.

Bradstreet's Review.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say: The feature of business this week is the customary check to activity in trading in staple articles of merchandise, due to the near approach of mid-summer, with the accompanying stock-taking in some lines; in addition to this, perhaps the only other not pointing to improvement is the reaction of prices of cotton, coal, wheat, flour, corn, oats, pork and lard from previous relatively high levels. In almost all other directions reports on the business situation and outlook are exceptionally favorable.

The New York stock market keeps its strength in face of high exchange rates and the absence of foreign interest. Favorable crop prospects, especially in the Southwestern territory, and the rise in iron and steel prices, create a bullish professional temper, under which realizing sales have little effect. The return of one of the bond syndicate leaders

from Europe is regarded as a bullish influence.

Notwithstanding the reaction in the price of cotton, cotton goods in some instances are higher, with the market quiet, and likely to remain so until after July 4th. Woolen goods are quiet with mills fairly well employed where labor troubles have not interfered. Trading in wool has been very heavy, and while sales at the west have been made at low prices, quotations have since advanced 1-2 cent per pound, thus apparently placing wool in line with leather, wheat, corn, cotton, iron and steel. Among the staples which have enjoyed a revival the demand for iron and steel continues, perhaps, the most striking feature. In a few instances certain grades of iron have enjoyed the unusual distinction of having quotations advanced twice within the week. Since the rise in prices began pig iron has advanced 25 and steel billets about 30 percent in price and reserve plant is being pressed into service.

In the Southern States business continues at about mid-summer proportions, with improvement in dry goods and groceries, at Chattanooga and Atlanta, a better feeling in trade circles at Birmingham and only a moderate expansion of business at Galveston.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

At Boston: 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2

Brooklyn, 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 0—4

Batteries: Sexton and Tenny; Daub, Kennedy and Grim.

Base hits: Boston 6; Brooklyn 8.

Errors: Boston 1; Brooklyn 1.

At New York:

New York, 1 0 0 0 1 3 1 0 2—8

Washington, 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0—3

Batteries: German and Schriver; Mercer and McGuire.

Base hits: New York 11; Washington 6.

Errors: New York 2; Washington 3.

At Philadelphia:

Philadelphia, 2 0 0 2 1 0 1 0 1—7

Baltimore, 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0—3

Batteries: Taylor and Clements; Hemming and Clarke.

Base hits: Philadelphia 12; Baltimore 6.

Errors: Philadelphia 3; Baltimore 1.

At Cleveland—First Game:

Cleveland, 0 0 0 0 1 2 4 0 x—7

Chicago, 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1—5

Batteries: Young and Zimmer; Griffith and Kittridge.

Base hits: Cleveland 14; Chicago 10.

Errors: Cleveland 2; Chicago 5.

Second game:

Cleveland, 3 0 0 0 6 0 0 1 x—10

Chicago, 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 1 0—4

Batteries: Cuppy and Zimmer; Terry and Donohue.

Base hits: Cleveland 18; Chicago 10.

Errors: Cleveland 2; Chicago 1.

At St. Louis:

St. Louis, 0 3 0 0 1 0 1 0—5

Cincinnati, 0 0 2 0 5 0 0 0—7

Batteries: Ehret and Peitz; Rhines and Murphy.

Base hits: St. Louis 9; Cincinnati 5.

Errors: St. Louis 1; Cincinnati 3.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A bloody duel took place at noon yesterday at Jacksonville, Fla., between a negro and a policeman. The former was shot twice and the latter once. Neither will die.

The Secretary of State had designated Robert S. Chilton, Jr., a clerk in the State Department, to proceed to Erzerum, Armenia, and established the new consulate of the United States there. Erzerum is one of two consular posts authorized by the last Congress as a result to Armenian troubles.

Mrs. Spranger, who, with her second husband, was accused of murdering her first husband by slow poison, died at a resort in Santa Cruz Mountains yesterday of diabetes. The mother of the woman's first husband made the accusation. Mrs. Spranger was a woman of rare beauty and some three years ago she inherited a fortune of \$500,000 from relatives in Washington.

Horace Cooper, colored, was hanged in the jail yard at Elkton, Md., at half past one o'clock yesterday afternoon. He murdered Maggie Pitts, in a fit of jealousy, last November, near Port Deposit. An effort was made to get a short respite for Cooper, but Governor Brown refused to interfere. Only twenty persons were allowed to witness the execution. Death was instantaneous.

Naval cadet Stuart F. Smith of Pennsylvania, who has just graduated at the Naval Academy with distinction has been selected by the Academic Board (with Secretary Herbert's approval) to take a two years course in Naval architecture at the Ecole Application Genie Maritime at Paris. He will leave at once for France where Commander R. P. Rodgers, the naval attaché of the American Embassy, will provide him instruction in the French language until the school commences in September. Cadet Smith will enter the construction corps of the Navy.

Cornell Boat Race Postponed.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 21.—The boat race between Cornell, Columbus and University of Pennsylvania has been postponed until Monday evening because of an accident of Pennsylvania's boat.

Several Killed in West Virginia.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 21.—A bulletin received here late to-night says: "Lightning struck a dynamite magazine near Kingwood, W. Va., at 9 o'clock to-night. Several men were killed and a great deal of property destroyed."