

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

FOR GOVERNMENT JOBS

SCHEDULE OF CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS FOR THE NEXT SIX MONTHS.

VARIOUS RULES AND DIRECTIONS.

Talk of Extending Civil Service Rules to Fourth Class Postmasters--Dr. Dabney Preparing Exhibits for Atlanta's Big Exposition--Dairy Division Organized by the Agricultural Department--Secretary Morton Covers \$700,000 Back into the Treasury.

Special to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4. A schedule has been arranged by the Civil Service Commission for the examinations to take place in all parts of the country within the next six months. The examinations for Departmental service for North Carolina will be held in Asheville, October 4th.

The assistant examiner examination for the patent office, the special examiner examination, the medical examiner examination, the bookkeeper examination, or the examination for physician, and for Indian service for North Carolina will be held at Wilmington, October 7th.

Applicants may select from the date and place of examination most convenient for them, whether the place is in their own State or in some other State.

No special examinations can be given to individual competitors at any other dates or places. Only one kind of examination will be given to an applicant at the same place and on the same date, except that an applicant may take both typewriting and stenography, or several modern languages, on one schedule alone.

Applicants are cautioned to file their applications a considerable time in advance of the examinations, in order to prevent delays. For examinations to be held at points east of the Mississippi river, applications in complete form must be filed with the commission at least six days before the date fixed for the examination.

Persons taking the typewriting examination must provide themselves with typewriting machines. Those taking the book keeper, drafting or other examinations requiring the use of implements, must furnish the implements required. All applicants must provide themselves with pens, penholders, pencils, erasers and ink. Applicants are cautioned not to bring any paper for use in the examination room. Scratch paper and blotters will be furnished them. No applicant will be admitted to an examination who has not filed a completed application with the commission.

Civil Service for Postmasters.

It is learned that since the civil service regulations have been so generally extended by the President demands are coming in from all portions of the country that the rules be applied to the fourth-class postmasters. Many suggestions have been received on this line from Virginia and North Carolina. It is said, however, that the real work in this direction is being done by the professional civil service reformers, who want to strip the Senators and Representatives of all patronage, so that appointments may be controlled absolutely by the commission now charged with the work of certifying people for appointment to the government service.

During the present term of Mr. Cleveland the regulations have been extended until it is probable that almost everything except the postmasters and diplomatic service will soon be embraced within the limits of the reform in which he has always taken such a lively interest.

If the latest suggestions are followed, the great army of postmasters in possession of the minor offices in North Carolina will feel comparatively safe for at least five years to come, should the Democrats carry the presidential election next year.

Preparing for Atlanta Exposition.

All the departments are making preparations for the exhibit at the Atlanta exposition. Dr. C. W. Dabney, who is chairman of the departmental committee on arrangements, is deeply interested in the work, and will spare no pains to make it a success. The exhibits from the departments will not be so numerous as at the World's fair, but care will be taken to select the best.

One feature that was not at Chicago will be an orange tree from the Agricultural Department, showing its growth and the nature of its productions, containing oranges in all stages, from the flower to the full grown fruit.

The Fish Commission, under the management of Mr. Stephen Worth, is also packing up and making ready for the Southern exposition.

Dairy Division Organized.

A circular has just been issued by the Agricultural Department that will be of considerable interest to the dairy business of North Carolina. It announces that in accordance with an order made by the Secretary of Agriculture and dated April 18, 1895, a new branch of the Bureau of Agriculture has been organized to be known as the Dairy Division, and Henry E. Alvord, of Virginia, has been appointed as its chief.

The object and purpose of this division will be to collect and disseminate information relating to the dairy industry of the United States, in such manner and to such extent as may be deemed most expedient and beneficial.

The progress of the work will be made known by bulletins and reports published and distributed from time to time. The division desires to make up a mail-

ing and exchange list, and invites active co-operation on the part of daily organizations and individuals in any way connected with this important industry.

Economy in Agricultural Department.

Secretary Morton, of the Agricultural Department, has done for his department what Secretary Hoke Smith did for the Interior Department.

He has turned back into the Treasury \$700,000 of the money appropriated to operate the Agricultural Department for the last fiscal year. And the service has not suffered, either. Better results have been obtained, and the farmers of the country understand that the saving has not injured them. On the contrary the reports of the Department are more scientific and useful than ever. Mr. Morton has worked reforms in all the bureaus of his department. He has dispensed with supernumeraries, and reports and bulletins are nowadays printed in pure English, free from Latin and Greek technicalities.

Mrs. Chas. W. Irish, daughter of the late Jeremiah Yarborough, of North Carolina, and wife of Gen. Chas. W. Irish, chief of a Division of the Treasury Department, is on her way to Lexington, N. C., to visit relatives and friends. Mrs. Irish left North Carolina when a child and went to Iowa where she married General Surveyor C. W. Irish. This is her first trip to North Carolina since she first left her old home in Lexington. She has many relatives in the old North State that will undoubtedly welcome her back.

Mr. Bruce Allen, of Louisville, was at the Patent Office to-day in connection with his recent invention, an improved speed and force arrangement for bicycles.

Mr. Remiss F. Foster leaves to-day for Asheville to spend several days.

Col. Thomas S. Kenan and wife and daughter, of Raleigh, are at the Metropolitan hotel.

Arrivals:

R. L. Patterson, Durham.
W. P. Anderson, Charlotte.
J. S. Myers and son, Charlotte.
C. W. Boshamer, Statesville.

COAL BEDS AT WALNUT COVE.

Options on the Property are Still Held by a Great Railroad.

Special to the News and Observer.

WINSTON, N. C., July 4.

The coal beds at Walnut Cove attracted considerable attention a few years ago. Options are still held by one of the great railroads on the land in and around the Cove and a railway official declares his belief that the borings for coal were not made at the proper place. It is thought that more extended searches will be made in the Walnut Cove section. The only attractions in Winston-Salem to-day were a picnic dinner south of Salem, given by the Odd Fellows, and a grand musical concert at the Salem Square to-night, by the Salem orchestra and band, the principal feature of the occasion being the national airs of all countries. The Square was beautifully decorated and illuminated for the occasion. A number of citizens took in the big celebration at the Guilford Battle Ground.

The Winston graded school board has elected an extra teacher for next session in the person of Mr. W. F. Wood, presiding elder of the Winston district.

State Secretary Coulter, of the Y. M. C. A., was in Winston yesterday. From him it was learned that the call recently extended by the State Executive committee to Mr. Van Vracker, of North Dakota, to become State Secretary of North Carolina has been declined by that gentleman. The committee is still uncertain as to who Mr. Coulter's successor will be but they are figuring on one or two leading and successful workers in other States, one of whom they hope to secure by the first of September.

The Knights of Phythias here are arranging to start an organ of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. Mr. C. E. Crist, of Salem is to be editor.

A letter received here says that a heavy rain and hail storm did a vast deal of damage to growing crops, fruit trees, etc., in the eastern part of the county, last Sunday evening. Several tobacco barns and other buildings were blown down.

The liabilities of Mr. W. L. Hill, merchant, who assigned here several days ago, are said to be \$6,020, with assets amounting to \$38,666 53.

Particulars of a rather remarkable burial comes from Iredell county, near the Wilk's line. Rev. Jesse Privette, a young divine, was laid to rest at Smith's chapel, a few days ago. There was no grave, but the coffin was placed on top of the ground, and an arch of brick built over it. His body was placed as near as possible to the pulpit part of the church. This was done in compliance with the request made by the preacher a short time before he died.

CHICAGO'S MEMORABLE FIRE.

The Owner of the Cow That Kicked Over the Lamp is Dead.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 4.—Mrs. C. O'Leary died yesterday. She was the owner of the fractious cow which, in a barn in the rear of No. 137 De. Koven street, on a memorable night in October, 1871, kicked over a lamp and started a blaze which cost Chicago \$190,000,000.

Since the night of that historic conflagration Mrs. O'Leary's life was embittered by the popular belief that she directly was responsible for the loss of life and enormous destruction of property. She denied the story vigorously, and to the committee which investigated the fire and causes made affidavit that the allegations about herself and the cow and the lamp were not true.

TO A REVOLUTION HERO

FORMAL DEDICATION OF A MONUMENT TO COL. JOSEPH WINSTON.

AN IMMENSE CROWD PRESENT.

Five Thousand People Witness the Unveiling of Ex-Gov. Holt's Generous Gift--President Winston's Address on the "Life and Times of Col. Joseph Winston" Warmly Applauded--Short Speeches by Other Distinguished Men--A Big Public Dinner.

Special to the News and Observer.

GREENSBORO, N. C., July 4.

The eighth annual celebration at Guilford Battle Grounds was a perfect success. Five thousand people were here. The trains ran out from Greensboro every hour and were thronged. Prominent men from all sections of the State and Mr. Shelton, of Tennessee, a descendant of Joseph Winston, was present. He made a short speech.

The procession, under Chief Marshal Blackburn, proceeded to the grounds at 10:30. The Salem Cornet Band furnished music, and the exercises were held in the new pavilion, which will seat one thousand persons. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Weaver. Joseph Morehead, master of ceremonies, gracefully introduced President George T. Winston.



STATUE OF COL. JOSEPH WINSTON.

of the University of North Carolina, whose oration on the "Life and Times of Col. Joseph Winston" was received with warm approval and great applause.

Governor Holt, who presented the Joseph Winston monument, was unavoidably absent. Dr. Kemp P. Battle read a strong and interesting address written by Gov. Holt informally presenting the monument. Dr. Battle accompanied this address with a warm eulogy of Gov. Holt's munificence. Clement Manly, of Winston, accepted the monument in a polished and eloquent short speech, emphasizing the public services of Colonel Joseph Winston and the generosity of Gov. Holt.

A poem written by Mrs. Harry O. Martin, of Greensboro, commemorating the valor of Col. Forbes, who was wounded in battle here, was read by Judge Schenck.

David L. Clark, of High Point, a portrait painter, presented an oil portrait of Wm. Hooper as his annual gift to the association. His remarks were most happy. Col. R. M. Douglass made the speech of acceptance. It was a gem.

Short speeches were made by Lieutenant Governor Doughton, Hon. John R. Webster, S. Wittkowski, Joseph Daniels and Dr. Chas. D. McIver.

The exercises closed with an eloquent, impressive and earnest speech by Judge Schenck, whose heart and brain joined to carry the audience to the highest point of enthusiastic patriotism. He traced with becoming modesty the history of the Guilford Battle Ground, claiming for himself only that God had raised him up to defend North Carolina soldiers and to point out how the Battle Ground would be made the rallying ground of patriots.

The procession then moved to the Winston monument which was unveiled

by four beautiful young women, Misses Lottie Peyton, Mary Walker Fry and Berta Mebane, of Greensboro, and Miss Adele Wittkowski, of Charlotte, amid booming cannon, martial music and patriotic huzzahs.

A great public dinner followed and Greensboro's proverbial hospitality was at its best. Afterwards there was a balloon ascension and commingling of friends. It was one of the greatest days in the history of the association and a perfect success every way.

The statue is the gift of ex-Governor Thos. M. Holt and was made by W. H. Mullins, Salem, Ohio. It is six feet high and of the same metal and make as the Bartholdi Statue of Liberty. It is one of the most striking pieces of single person statuary I have ever seen. It is made of sheet copper and is equal in appearance and durability to any bronze.

SANCTIFIED BAND AT WELDON.

A Negro Man and two Women Preach a New and Foolish Doctrine.

Special to the News and Observer.

WELDON, N. C., July 4.

An old negro man and three women, members of the "sanctified band," are preaching here this week. The man exercises his lungs until he becomes exhausted and then the women take a voice each at speaking. The man is a little, old, dried-up looking dandy, while his three companions are healthy, able-bodied women, the smallest of whom would weigh 175 pounds. They preach in the open air and the large crowd of negroes that flock to hear them are completely mystified by their strange and

THE JURY SELECTED

BUT IT WAS A TEDIOUS JOB AND CONSUMED THE WHOLE DAY.

THE TRIAL BEGUN IN EARNEST.

Today the Testimony Will be Given--Mrs. Payne Will Probably be Among the First Witnesses Put on the Stand and Some Dramatic Incidents are Looked For--She and Her Daughter Were in Court All Day Yesterday.

--The Judge's Caution to the Jury.

Special to the News and Observer.

LEXINGTON, N. C., July 4.

The three days thus far consumed in the case of the State against Baxter Shemwell, on trial for his life for the killing of the late Dr. R. L. Payne have been taken up by skirmish movements. Yesterday there was a truce pending the summoning of the special venire of 300 men ordered Tuesday, who were to be on hand this morning at ten o'clock.

To-morrow morning the battle will be opened in earnest, when the testimony will be given. This morning was opened by the calling of the State's witnesses, about 100 all told. This was followed by the calling of the special venire, 290 of whom were on hand for duty. The remaining ten others could not be found or were excused on account of sickness or incapacity. Besides these 290 there were 19 of the regular panel who were first called for the purpose of getting the jury. The getting of a jury, to the surprise of many, occupied only about four hours, divided by dinner, after the empanelling of which the case was adjourned till to-morrow morning at nine o'clock.

The following are the twelve men selected in the order in which they were taken: W. T. Lawrence, George T. Surratt. These two were from the regular panel, the remaining ten were taken from the special venire as follows: Solomon Long, John T. Nooe, J. M. Prim, W. F. Guger, Will Fry, J. C. Cross, E. S. Varner, J. H. Swink, Jacob L. Shoaf, R. S. Swicegood.

W. F. Ingram, had been accepted by both sides as fifth jurymen and was about to take his seat in the box when he informed the court that he was a relative of the prisoner. It turned out that Ingram's mother and Shemwell's father are first cousins and he was excused.

Besides the regular panel several of the special veniremen were examined and on suggestion of the sheriff Judge Boykin ordered W. V. Leonard to take charge of the four that had been chosen before dinner, during the recess.

On the completion of the jury the sheriff was ordered to suggest the name of another who was disinterested, intelligent and trustworthy, to aid Mr. Leonard in taking charge of the jury. He selected J. E. Conrad, but Mr. O. Watson arose saying, "We have information that the gentleman is a bitter partisan against the prisoner," when the judge ordered another man chosen.

The sheriff declared his ignorance as to any partisanship on the part of Mr. Conrad and any such insinuation was at once disclaimed by counsel and the sheriff was ordered to make another selection.

He called P. E. Friez, to whom Mr. Long objected on the part of the State. C. A. Green was then named, but was not within call. The sheriff had evidently a hard task before him, having personally, he said, been told by many that such a position was adverse to them, but the judge insisted on the naming of someone, saying now that there seemed to be some trouble about it, that unless the objections stopped he would name a man himself who would have to serve.

Finally both sides agreed upon J. F. Tech, who was named by the Sheriff, and who, accordingly, with Mr. Leonard, will be the custodian of the jury in the delicate duties to be performed in that capacity throughout the trial.

After all the details were over Shemwell was held to stand up, which he did while Solicitor Holton stated to the jury the case that the State had against the prisoner. Shemwell stood perfectly erect, with not a quiver from head to foot, as calm as possible, without even the change of a feature, except to move his eyes steadily from face to face of the jurymen, as if he were mentally judging them.

The Judge, after all was quiet, addressed the jury very impressively and calmly, but at one point he had to pause to say: "You must listen to these matters, gentlemen," as if he had not their full attention. After balancing very clearly and carefully the duties before the jurymen the Judge clinched all, saying "It is an issue of life and death, gentlemen. You represent the community and the defendant, the public and the individual. It is of great moment that you should act with propriety and with prudence. You must act with great caution and great discretion. To this end you must not permit yourselves to engage in any conversation with any human being until you shall have been discharged by the court. You must not communicate with any persons directly or indirectly by wink or nod, by note or word. I hope gentlemen that I shall not be outraged and that the deliberations of the jury may not be brought into disrepute by any rumors that may come as to your action in this case. This would be a disgrace, a lasting shame and outrage if the public should be let into your confidence before your verdict comes into court. So that I repeat (and here he repeated the statement as to communication) and said

"you must listen to these matters, gentlemen."

Then continuing he said: "You will not be allowed to read any newspapers. The jury must be governed by testimony, not by any comments that may appear in the newspapers of the land. You will not be able to receive meat and drink, except by the order of the court. The officers must not have any intoxicating drink nor will the jury be allowed them unless necessity demands it."

Then addressing the officers the judge said: "You will not permit the jury to separate. Keep them together at all hours. Keep them aloof from all crowds and all assemblages so that they may hear no comment."

In closing the judge said: "I give you these instructions not distrusting you, but to help you, and I hope that you may so conduct yourselves that no reproach will be brought upon the administration of justice in this cause." This closed the day, which had been a tedious one to all.

Mrs. Payne, the widow of the deceased, was present in court all day, as was also one of her daughters, Mrs. Fowle, of Washington, accompanied by her husband. Both mother and daughter were in deep mourning and heavily veiled.

The affidavit of Nooe, referred to in my last dispatch, stated that he would not do dirty work for anybody in his conversation with young Dr. Payne in his office, which Dr. Payne admitted in his affidavit. I was misled into saying that Nooe stated he would not do dirty work for Payne. This, in perfect fairness to all concerned, should be stated here.

It is quite likely that Mrs. Payne, the widow will be among the first witnesses introduced by the State, if so the day will probably not be without dramatic incident.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburgh:

Pittsburg, 2 0 0 1 0 0 3 x-6
Cleveland, 1 0 0 0 0 0 1-2
Batteries: Hart and Merritt; Young and Zimmer.

Base hits: Pittsburg 10; Cleveland 7.
Errors: Pittsburg 0; Cleveland 2.

Second game:

Pittsburg, 0 2 1 0 2 1 1 3 x-10
Cleveland, 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 3-5

Batteries: Hawley and Merritt; Wallace and O'Connor.

Base hits: Pittsburg 13; Cleveland 8.
Errors: Pittsburg 1; Cleveland 3.

At New York:

Baltimore, 0 2 2 0 0 0 0-4
New York, 3 0 1 2 0 0 0-6

Batteries: Hoffer and Robinson; Clarke and Farrell.

Base hits: Baltimore 8; New York 10.
Errors: Baltimore 4; New York 1.

(Game called on seventh inning on account of rain.)

Second Game--New York Baltimore game postponed; rain.

At Brooklyn:

Boston, 0 0 0 1 0 0-1
Brooklyn, 0 1 0 0 6 0-7

Batteries: Nichols and Ganzel; Kennedy and Dailey.

(Game called at end of sixth inning on account of rain.)

Base hits: Boston 5; Brooklyn 4.
Errors: Boston 8; Brooklyn 0.

Second game Brooklyn and Boston postponed on account of rain.)

At Philadelphia:

Washington, 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0-3
Philadelphia, 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0-4

Batteries: Boyd and McGuire; Taylor and Buckley.

Base hits: Washington 9; Philadelphia 10.

Errors: Washington 5; Philadelphia 0.

Second game:
Philadelphia--Washington game postponed, rain.

At St. Louis:

Louisville, 0 0 0 2 3 0 0 0 0-5
St. Louis, 2 3 0 0 1 2 4 x-12

Batteries: Inks and Spies; McDougal and Peitz.

Base hits: Louisville 11; St. Louis 12.
Errors: Louisville 3; St. Louis 3.

Second game:

St. Louis, 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-1
Louisville, 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0-3

Batteries: Breitenstein, Peitz and Miller; McDermott and Warner.

Base hits: St. Louis 5; Louisville 10.
Errors: St. Louis 2; Louisville 2.

At Chicago:

Cincinnati, 1 1 0 1 1 0 3 0 0 0-7
Chicago, 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 3 1-8

Batteries: Parrott and Murphy; Griffith and Kittridge.

Base hits: Cincinnati 12; Chicago 12.
Errors: Cincinnati 3; Chicago 3.

Second game:

Chicago, 0 2 4 0 2 1-9
Cincinnati, 1 0 2 0 1 1-5

Batteries: Hutchison and Donohue; Foreman and Murphy.

(Game called on sixth inning--darkness.)

Base hits: Chicago 10; Cincinnati 9.
Errors: Chicago 0; Cincinnati 0.

Baseball at Henderson.

Special to the News and Observer.

HENDERSON, N. C., July 4.

The baseball game at Henderson today resulted as follows: Oxford 12; Henderson 14; eleven innings. Batteries: Skinner and Lanier; Falkner and Thomas.

Killed His Family and Himself.

CHILLICOTHE, July 4.—Augustus Fields, formerly editor of the Post in Caldwell county, murdered his wife and child this morning and committed suicide at Wheeling, near this city, where he was visiting his mother-in-law, Mrs. Thompson. He cut the throats of his wife and child and then cut his own throat. No reason can be assigned for the action. He was a prominent business man.