THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH GAROLINA

SECOND DAY'S SESSION OF THE NORTH CAROLINA PRESS ASSOCIATION.

EXCURSION TO MOREHEAD TO-DAY

Newspaper Men in Attendance from All Parts of the State -- Interesting Papers Read and Important Questions Discussed During the Day --Guilford Battle Ground Visited -- The _Annual Election of Officers -- The Editorial Banquet Last Night.

Special to the News and Observer

GREENSBORO, N. C., July 18. The editors are here, from the Beau-fort Herald to Franklin Press. The attendance is better than usual, and the meetings of the Association are full of

The concert last night by the Brockman school of music, complimentary to the Association, was of a high order. The orchestra, composed of pupils of the school, plays finely, and they were much applauded last night. They rendered as an overture, Caveaux's "Nymph of the Mountains." The medley of National airs, by the orchestra, was very enjoyable, and when the strains of "Dixie" burst forth it brought down the house. Miss Mabel Hill, an accomplished vocalist, sang "Whisper and I shall hear," with violin obligato by Prof. Brockman. She was encored and on the recall sang "The Broken Pitcher." She has a fine voice, well cultivated. Master Claude

Elam rendered Bonnisseau's "Snowdrop Polka" as a cornet solo; he shows talent and training. Mendelsohn's concerto for the violin was brilliantly rendered by Prot. Brockman. The concert ended with a grand overture, Mozart's "Escape from the Harem."

Mr. Andrew Joyner, of Greenville, was to have read the annual poem last night, but he was not present, and the yearly "poem" is not on the books this

The oration, delivered by Hon. John R. Webster, of Reidsville, was heard by a large and a very appreciative audience. It was patriotic and inspiring throughout. Its conclusion was literally punct uated with applause. His allusion to the miscarriage of justice in the Shemwell trial gave an opportunity for the editors to give expression to their disapproval of that verdict and they did it with no uncertain sound. The close of his oration was as follows:

"It is a fact that North Carolina's great war Governor stood almost alone in appreciating the magnitude of the struggle from the beginning. The result was that North Carolina troops were the best clothed in the field. Had all the Southern Governors possessed the practical wisdom of Zebulon B. Vance our attempt to change the map of America might have succeeded. North Carolina owes it to herself to perpetuate his mem-ory in imperishable stone. I point to him as the typical North Carolinian, the colossal figure around which the history of our dear old State revolved for thirty years. In victory and defeat, in sun-shine and shadow, he was our leader, counsellor and elder brother. All the powers of his gigantic intellect and noble heart were consecrated to North Caro-What Washington was to America, Vance was to us, 'First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his

countrymen.

"History must speak the truth or it is not history. All honor to the loyal sons of North Carolina and the noble women who have consecrated their powers to the patriotic work of writing history. Chief among the number is Greensboro's distinguished citizen, Judge David Schenck. Words fail me to estimate the value of his services in vindicating the bravery of the North Carolina militia at Guilford Court House. That beautiful park, dotted with monuments and hallowed by the graves of revolutionary patriots, was a few years ago a desolate With a heart full of love for his State, Judge Schenck bent all his energies to the work of finding the truth and publishing it, and now all North Carolinians are proud to honor the men whose memory was traduced so long. Long may he live to enjoy the homage of his fellow citizens and may his example be emulated.

"The facts I have given cannot be repeated too often. They fully answer the at rosition North Carclina is entitled to in the national family Verily we have a goodly hermage and should be proud of it.

"But what of the future? What shall we do with the great problems that are pressing upon us? Shall the old State stand as a barrier against the evils that threaten our land? Shall the worship of the golden calf be set up? Shall robbery by trusts be legalized? Shall money cheat the penitentiary and the gallows Shall corporations be allowed to control the life blood of commerce? These questions must be answered. Let us these problems bravely and hand down to our children in all its purity 'a government of the people, by the people

and for the people.' God give us men. A time like this demands strong minds, great hearts, and ready hands: Men whom the lust of office does not kill: Men whom the spoils of office cannot buy; Men who possess opinions and a will: Men who have honor; men who will not lie:

Men who can stand before a demagogue
And damn his treacherous flatteries without winking—
Tail men, sun-crowned, who live above the
fog

In public duty and in private thinking. Among those who have arrived since yesterday morning are: J. P. [Caldwell, Charlotte Observer; J. A. Smith, Bessemer City News; J. R. Whichard, Salisbury Herald; W. C. Dowd, Charlotte

LEADERS OF THOUGHT News; M. L. Shipman, Brevard Hustler; W. W. McDiamid, Lumberton Robesonian; B. J. Summerow, Newton Enter prise, J. F. Westmoreland, Thomasville News; C. L. Stevens, Southport Leader; H. W. Ayer, Raleigh Caucasian; J. L. Ramsey, Progressive Farmer; W. L. Cantwell, Wilson Advance; John R. Webster, Reidsville, Webster's Weekly; C. W. Hunt, Burlington News; J. W Fagan, Aberdeen Times; A. J. Conner, Lasker, Patron and Gleaner; D. E. Aycock, Henderson, Hustler; Thad R. Manning, Henderson, Gold Leaf; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Maxwell, Huntersville News; R. A. Deal, Wilkesboro Chroni-cle; C. L. Sterns, Southport Leader; J. F. Rosechl, Salisbury Herald.

Maj. Hale's paper read yesterday on the value of the newspaper in State his-

tory, was well received

The Association seems likely to adopt editor London's suggestion and demand more charge for notices of sales under mortgage, as the Act of the last Legislature makes the notice much larger than

Just after President Erwin opened the Press Association this morning, a me-morial from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was read, requesting that hereafter North Carolina newspapers discard all advertisements of whiskey and tobacco. Editor McDiarmid wanted it adopted, but at last, on motion of editor London, the Association resolved to let each individual editor take the question under prayerful considera

Mrs. Osborne, of Winston, wrote a letter, which was read to the Association, advocating the organization of a Woman's Press Club. This letter went the way of the memorial.

Editor Josephus Daniels read a paper on "The Relations of the Editor to Par-tisan Politics." He said the editor must have his own opinions and fixed principles and should suffer political death rather than depart from what he thinks

Editor W. C. Dowd, of the Charlotte News, read an interesting paper on "The Responsibility and Influence of Editorial Utterances," speaking of the phenomenal growth of newspapers in North Carolina and paying a high tribute to the State

A telegram was received from Dr. Blacknall inviting the editors to be the guests of the Atlantic Hotel at Morehead City, Saturday and Sunday. It was heartily accepted and the party leaves for Morehead to morrow morning. An invitation to visit the Keeley Institute was accepted and this afternoon the Pencil Pashers watched the Keelevites taking their evening "lessons."

Club rates was discussed in the association by editors McDiarmid and Clark and the relation of the weekly to the daily by Messrs. Marshall, Caldwell and

The annual election of officers resulted as follows: President, C. L. Stevens, Southport Leader; Vice Presidents, W. F. Marshall, Gastonia Gazette, W. W. McDiarmid, Lumberton Robesonian, W. K. Jacobson, Washington Progress; Secretary, John B. Sherrell, Concord Times; Orator, W. F. Dowd, Charlotte News; Poet, Hal. W. Ayer, Caucasian; Historian, J. D. Kernodle, Alamance Gleaner; Delega'es to National Editorial Association, Joseph P. Caldwell, W. C. Erwin, John P. Carr, J. W. Bailey; Alternates, W. W. McDiarmid, Josephus Daniels, J. N. Robinson, D. J. Whichard.

Maj. E. J. Hale read an interesting history of the "Doings of the Press for the Past Year." The secretary was on motion directed to arrange for the transportation of the editors to the Atlanta Exposition at some date to be agreed upon. The matter of establishing a central bureau of advertising to take charge of all foreign advertising for the State was discussed at length and a committee of seven, with Josephus Daniels as chairman, was appointed to confer and report

at the next meeting. This afternoon the convention went on a special train to the historic Guilford Battle Ground and were shown over the

The banquet tonight was a grand af-Maj. E. J. Hale, editor of the Fayetteville Observer, was toast master and presided most gracefully. The following were the toasts and responses:

Toasts.

1. Our Churches and Benevolent Orders, Hon. John Gray Bynum. 2. North Carolina as a Health Resort, Mr. Hal. W. Ayer, Editor Caucasian. 3. Our Mercantile Interests, Mr. Charles H. Ireland.

Ireland.
The Reward of the Editors, Mr. Josephus niels, Editor News and Observer.
Our Educational Institutions, Dr. Chas. McIver. 5. The Duty of the Press to the State, Mr. P. Caldwell, Editor Charlotte Observer. 7. Our Railroads and Hotels, Col. James

E. Boyd.
8. North Carolina's Industrial Future, Mr.
W. F. Marshall, Editor Gastonia Gazette.
9. Our Manufacturing Enterprises, Hon.
John L. King.
10. North Carolina's Neglect of her own
History, Mr. H. A. London, Editor Chatham Record. am Record. 11. The Greensboro Bar, Col. R.M.Douglas

State Auditor Robert M. Furman, one of the oldest members of the Association, who has just now dropped the quill for the pen of State, was here yesterday greeting his many friends. He returned

home last night. Greensboro's many schools, the State Normal and Industrial, Greensboro Female College, the Colored Agricultural and Mechanical College, the several superb buildings of the city graded schools, attractathe eye at once. She is one of the educational centres of the

It is rumored that an editor this morning ventured to stand five minutes on the red-hot platform of the depot here. When his friends reached the spot where he stood but a moment before, all that was left was a linen duster and an an-

JOHN WILBUR JENKINS.

STAMBOULOFF IS DEAD

BULGARIA'S MINISTER PASSED QUIETLY AWAY YESTER-DAY MORNING.

HE WILL BE BURIED TO-MORROW

But the Government has not Yet Proposed to Give the remains of the Ex-Premier a State Funeral -- Meningitis Set in Wednesday Evening and Thereafter the Wounded Man Recognized No One .- Story of his Rapid Rise to Great Power and his Sudden Decline.

Sofia, July 18 .- M. Stambouloff, who was murderously assaulted by four men while returning home from the Union Club on Monday night, died at 9:35 this morning without having uttered a word since 10 o'clock last night, when the death struggle began.

All hope of the ex Premier's re-

covery was abandoned last evening when it was noticed that Meningitis had supervened, and thereafter the sufferer did not recognize any one. A catafalque is being prepared upon which the remains will lie in state. The amputated hands of the murdered man have been preserved in alcohol. The interment will take place on Saturday. The government has not yet proposed to give the remains of M. Stambouloff a State funeral.

The widow of the deceased states man has received many telegrams of condolence from high personages in different parts of Europe.

The News of his Death.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 18. - Although the newspapers here are prohibited from making any reference to the murder of M. Stambouloff, the Bulgarian statesman the people are wildly indignant and are not sparing in their consure of the police and government of Bulgaria.

STAMBOULOFF'S LIFE STORY.

His Rapid Rise to Great Power and His Sudden Decline.

Stefan Nicolof Stambouloff who for years held a power in Bulgaria superior to that of the reigning Prince himself, was but forty-two years old. A more eventful life than his has been it would be difficult to conceive of. Praised to the skies at one period by his countrymen, and stoned and jeered by them at another; called the "Bismarck of the Balkans" one day and a trickster and traitor the next; loaded with honors and then accused of murder.

Whatever place history may eventually assign to him, it is undeniable that for years past he has played as prominent a part as any man in the political affairs of the southeastern potion of Europe.

He was born at Tirnova in 1853, and was destined by his parents for an eccle-siastical career. He was sent to the great seminary at Odessa for the study of theology. There was more war than peace in the air at that time, and vastly more ambition than piety in the nature of the young man. The uprising in Bosnia and Herzegovina furnished him an opportunity for the exercise of a military instinct, and the character of the conflicts which subsequently raged throughout eastern Europe rapidly developed his genius for plotting and During the Russo Turkish war of

1877-'78 his sword was drawn in the service of Russia. Since then his genius has been more successfully directed against Russian aggression than that of it? any man in Europe. It may almost be said that for years in Bulgaria he held the Russian Empire at bay single hand ed. His wonderful career began after Alexander I. was chosen as Prince of Bulgaria. Although a very young man, he became one of the chiefs of the Lib eral party in Bulgaria. The conspiracy against Prince Alexander furnished him with his first great opportunity. That was in 1886. The Revolutionary party immediately upon the overthrow of the Prince formed a revolutionary govern-ment, but almost in a day it was over turned by a counter-government of which Stambouloff was the ruling spirit. Prince Alexander was invited to resume his rule, but, fearing the hostility of Russia, weak-kneed Prince abdicated, and Stambouloff and his two party associates were made regents.

It was mainly through the influence of

Stambouloff that Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha was elected on July 4, 1887, to the place vacated by Prince Alexander. From that time until the retirement of Stambouloff from the Ministry, in May, 1894, if the Prince was not merely a puppet in the hands of his Prime Minister contemporary history has and Anderson. done him an injustice.

In repeated conspiracies that were raised against Prince Ferdinand it was recognized that the attacks were direct ed more against the Prime Minister than against his master, Stambouloff himself seemed conscious of this fact, and his watchfulness for plots against the Prince was an instinct of self-preservation. A notorious conspiracy was that of Major Panitza, in February, 1890. Panitza was tried, convicted and sentenced to be shot. Prince Ferdinand, in response to protests from all sides, was in favor of sparing the man's life; but Stambouloff insisted that he should die-and he did. The action, however, was not without the result of stirring a bitter feeling and arousing many enemies against the "Man of Iron," as Stambouloff was called.

Further bitter feeling was caused by the murder, in March, 1891, of M. Belt cheff, Bulgarian Minister of Finance who was out walking with Stambouloff when he was stabbed and killed. It was

and that in the dark he mistook Beltcheff for the Premier. But recently people, including Mme. Beltcheff, widow of the murdered Minister of Finance, have raised the question of Stambouloff's guilt

In May of last year the Stambouloff Government esigned, and soon afterwards a Parliamentary Commission was appointed to inquire into the acts of the Stambouloff regime from 1887 to 1889. It was asserted that irregularities and even violations of the law would be brought to light, but the friends of the ex-Pre-mier replied that if these irregularities had not been committed Bulgaria would by this time have been a Russian pro

Despite the vast service he rendered in keeping the claws of the Russian bear from Bulgaria, Stambouloff was believed by thousands to be the public enemy of s country. On the occasion of his final call upon Prince Ferdinand, after his resignation, the populace hooted at him and hurled stones at the carriage in which he rode. Attempts upon his life have not been infrequent.

BAPTIST CONVENTION BEGUN. Young People's Unions of America

Meeting in Baltimore.

BALTIMOBE, Md., July 18.—The Fifth International Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, was begun to-day. It was sweltering hot within the inclosure of the great tent brought here from Cleveland for the con-

The decorations were simple. The colors of the Union, red, white, blue and yellow, were festooned in front of the officers' stage; and on the poles sup-porting the tent were miniature flags of the States, Great Britain and the Young Peoples' Union. "Smoking prohibited, was the legend on a frequent and con spicuous placard. Banked behind the officers' stage was the chorus of 500

The delegations began to arrive early. New York marched in singing to cornet accompaniment and was welcomed with a generous clapping of hands. Brooklyn soon followed, the caps of the delegates bearing the words and figures, "Brooklyn, 1897," a suggestion that the convention should go to the city of churches two years hence. At 5:30 the 1,500 pound bell rang out its call for delegates, and people generally and people generally, to gather at the tent and the arrivals were rapid there-

Promptly at 10 o'clock President John H. Chapman, of Chicago, arose and called upon the chorus, which responded with "Beautiful Zion—The Beautiful City of God," and "Jesus Saves." Rev. C. A. Hobbs, D. D., of Delavan, Wis. made an earnest prayer that the blessing of God would be with the delegates and their work. The President was very happy in his address, and called fourth much laughter when he alluded to the warm hearts and warm sun of the South. Skeptics and pessimists were referred to; the recent great convention in Boston, and the present gathering were the best answer to their doubts and despondency.
In a happily expressed speech, Mr.
Eugene Levering, welcomed the delegates, to the city. Mr. Levesing was followed by Mayor Lawtrobe who gave the delegates an earnest and cordial welcome, to Baltimore and Maryland.

After the responses to the address of welcome, the convention took a recess. At the afternoon session the theme was "Systematic and Propertionate givingwhat is your society doing to promote

KILLED BY A LIVE WIRE. Peculiar Manner in Which Two Per-

sons Met Their Death.

CHICAGO, July 18.—William Pierce was instantly killed and Louis Anderson and Ruth Hart, the latter six years old, were seriously injured, in a peculiar

Tuesday night a storm destroyed nearly all the electric light poles in Evanston and the wires everywhere. esterday most of them were replaced, but one which had fallen across an iron fence was overlooked. The two men were delivering ice while Anderson going into the yard. Pierce sat down on the fence to rest. His hands and clothing were wet, and the instant

touched the fence he fell across it dead.

Anderson went to his assistance, and in attempting to lift the body from the fence, formed a circuit within himself and was rendered unconscious. The Hart girl saw the two men lying on the side walk, and went up to look at them. She touched the wire with her hand and was soon lying on the sidewalk with Pierce

Another Horrible Death.

NORWALK, Conn., July 18.--Miss Katie Valentine, daughter of Charles E. Valentine, of Butler street, was found dead in the fields at the rear of the summer residence of Mrs. Rebecca D. Matthews, of New York, in this city. Le Grand Jennings attempted to raise the body and was knocked down by an elec tric shock. It was then discovered that the girl had been killed by electricity.

Her face was lying across a telephone wire, which had crossed with a trolley cable. The face from the ear to the mouth was burned to the bone.

The Southern Will Name the Man.

New York, July 18. -It has been decided to leave the question of the presidency of the re-organized Georgia Central Railroad unsettled until the road is taken out of the hands of receivers when the Southern Railway interests will be allowed to name the man. The new comgenerally believed at that time that the murderer intended to kill Stambouloff, by November.

ALL FOR FREE SILVER NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES.

THE FRIENDS OF THE WHITE METAL MET AT GRIFFIN YESTERDAY.

TO HEAR MR. MORGAN'S SPEECH.

The Streets of the Little City Thronged With People But the Attendance Not so Large as Expected-Democratic Delegates Protest Against Populists Taking Part in the Convention-Senator Walsh Made Chairman-Memphis Resolutions Adopted.

GRIFFIN, Ga., July 18 .- The streets of this little city were thronged at an early hour this morning by crowds from the country and surrounding towns, while the hotels, boarding houses and public places contained an unwonted number of visitors from a distance, all come to attend the Bi-Metallic State Convention, called by the Spalding County Silver League, and to hear Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, speak.

Ex-Senator Patrick Walsh, of Augusta, was made permanent Chairman of the Convention, and also President of the State Bi-Metallic League. In assuming the chair Senator Walsh made a brief speech, defining the purpose of the gathering and criticizing the financial policy of the Administration.

The displeasure of some of the Democratic delegates at the presence of a large number of Populists showed itself early, when delegate Gardner, of Pike, arose and protested against Populists being allowed a voice in the proceedings. His remarks were greeted with applause. The event of the day was Senator Morgan's speech.

At the conclusion of Senator Morgan's speech the convention took a recess until o'clock, when it reconvened.

Evan P. Howell, Chairman the Committee on Resolutions, read the platform, which was identical with that adopted by the recent Free Silver Convention in Mem-phis. B. N. Blackburn, of Atlanta, rose to a question of personal privilege as the Chairman had failed to recognize him to discuss the resolutions. He declared that he was for free silver, but that he was a Democrat first, and held party allegiance above any other question. He appealed to the Populists to return to the party and work for free silver. simply wanted to declare himself not for unlimited silver, but for all the silver that mints could coin.

J. M. McBride offered a resolution that the act of 1873 "sur-reptitiously passed at midnight," was a crime and had created more suffering to the human family than all the wars and pestilence and famine since the foundation of the world. The resolution concluded with a denunciation of the present administration for having "deserted the Democratic platform." Wild a plause tollowed the reading of the resolution but some diseussion arose as it was thought best by some to ignore the administration. Under a point of order the resolution was tabled as it had not been to the

Resolutions of sympathy for Gov. Atkinson in his illness were adopted. The business of the convention ended with speeches by J. W. Robertson, Congressman Livington, Clark Howell and others. The attendance was not as large as had been expected.

The Japanese Troops Routsd.

Howg Kong, July 18.-A large force of Black Flags recently attacked the Japanese troops at Tokoham, Island of Formosa, and fought with desperate The Japanese were only saved from defeat by the superior discipline of their troops. But there were finally compelled to retreat before the onslaught of the Chinese. When these advices left the island Black Flags were advancing

No Separate Political Action.

CHICAGO, Ill, July 18 .-- The executive committee appointed by the recent silver convention at Memphis, met in conference here today, with the members of the Bi-Metallic League, with ex-Congressman Sibley as chairman. The issue discussed was the advisability of separate political action in the campaign of next year, but no definite action was decided upon.

Stahlman Declines Re-election.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 18.-Major E. B Stahlman, Commissioner of the South ern Railway and Steamship Association, announced to-day at the meeting of the association his determination not to accept a re-election as commissioner. gave no reasons, merely stating that it was a long deferred determination.

No Change in the Situation.

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 18.—The miners' strike presents no material change to-day. The strikers are not yet thoroughly organized and daily meetings are being held at the Park between here and Negaunee. Five thousand men were present at to-day's demonstration.

He Has Too Many Wives.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 18.-W. W. Long, late of Hughes, O., was arrested this morning at Skyland, near Asheville, the second time at Skyland. Long gave \$3,000 bond for appearance Saturday,

Business Interests Throughout the South Continue to Expand.

BALTIMORE, Md., 18.—Special reports to the Manufacturers' Record show that netwithstanding the mid-summer heat, the business interests throughout the South continue to expand. A dispatch from a special correspondent, who has been investigating the coal and iron interests of Virginia, says:

"Throughout the length and breadth of the Shenandoah Valley the growing revival in business is clearly shown."

Particulars are given regarding the great salt and soda ashe plant just completed in Southwest Virginia at an exyork and English capitalists. It is expected that this plant will largely meet the demand heretofore filled by English manufacturers for nitrate of soda, soda ash and similar products.

Some five or six railroad enterprises, nvolving the construction of from 10 to 60 miles of road each, have been reported during the week, including one company organized in Baltimore to build a line across the Peninsula of Maryland and Delaware to the seashore. A construction company with a capital of \$250,000 has taken the contract for this road. A large water power in North Carolina has been purchased and will be developed on a large scale. A \$300,000 company has been organized in the same State to purchase another water power and build a fifteen thousand spindle cotton mill, with the expectation of largely increasing the size of this mill. In South Carolina, a \$150,000 cotton mill company has been organized at Lancaster, and at Weldon, N. C., a contract has been let for a \$12,000 spindle mill. Two cotton seed oil mill companies, each with a capital of \$25,000 have been organized, one

in Texas, and one in South Carolina. Among other enterprises reported for the week were a basket factory to employ 100 hands in Alabama; a cotton ginning and compress company to erect gins and presses in Arkansas; a \$200,000 gold mining company in Atlanta; a \$9,-000 electric plant in Missouri; a \$10,000 machinery company in Maryland, and a large number of miscellaneous enterprises throughout the South.

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

Officials Not Apprehensive of any Considerable Export of Gold.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18 .- The Treasury to-day lost \$232,182 in gold, leaving the reserve \$106,807,905. The amount of gold withdrawn since July 1st is \$1,232,182, nearly all of which, it is assumed, was exported. There were, however, some gains through the mints and assay offices, making the net loss during the last eighteen days \$733,470.

The Treasury officials have no appre hension of any considerable withdrawals for export. They have absolute confi-dence in the ability and determination of the syndicate to protect the Treasury and so far have seen nothing that indi-cates to them a purpose to withdraw their protection.

AGAINST THE TOBACCO TRUST.

Use of Cigarette Machines.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 18 .- The suit brought by the American Tobacco Company against all others who make cigarettes, which is being tried before Judge Simonton, will probably be concluded to-morrow, but a decision may not be handed down for ten days.

All tobacco growers are interested in

this case. The American Tobacco Company have exclusive use of the Bonsack machine, and if that corporation wins no other company can manmfacture eigarettes for want of machinery, as the njunction asked for is sweeping and includes all patents

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

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CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Forest fires are raging furiously in

Henry Irving, Walter Besant and sixteen others went to Windsor Castle yesterday and were knighted by the Queen. Postmaster-General Wilson, left Washington yesterday for Fredericksburg, Va. He will be absent for the rest of the

week visiting friends. Judge Bellinger has signed the decree ordering the foreclosure of the consolidated mortgage of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern and a sale of the

The vessels of the North Atlantic on the charge of bigamy. Long, it is Station will assemble at Newport, R. I., alleged, has a wife in Ohio and married not later than August 3rd, when it is expected that Admiral Bunce will begin his cruise and manoeuvres.