

## THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

### A CRISIS IN THE EAST

ENGLISH INFLUENCE IS BEING SYSTEMATICALLY AND SURELY ELIMINATED.

### RUSSIA IS BECOMING DOMINANT

Though This Evolution Has Been Slow and Almost Imperceptible Still Change is Regarded as of Very Great Importance--Americans and American Capital are Wanted and Encouraged in China But British Capital is Not Welcome.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Reports coming here to the officials and to the diplomatic representatives of Eastern countries indicate that the Slavonic or Russian influence is becoming dominant, and that the Anglo-Saxon, or English influence, which has hitherto been uppermost in the development of the East is being systematically and surely eliminated from the control of China and the East. This evolution is regarded as of great importance.

The advance of Russian influence and the retirement of the British has come by almost imperceptible stages, none of which has been sufficient in itself to attract marked attention, but all of them combined toward complete Russian supremacy. At the close of the recent war, Russia dictated the evacuation of the Liao Tung Peninsula and the great fortress of Port Arthur which had been captured by Japan. It is now believed by those in a position to be officially informed of the situation that it is the ultimate purpose of Russia to occupy Port Arthur, and that the formal evacuation by the Japanese will be followed before long by a Russian entry under Chinese approval.

After Russia had dictated the retirement of the Japanese from Port Arthur, the Russian government advanced the vast sum necessary to pay the first installment of indemnity to Japan. The amount reached \$100,000,000 in gold, including the war indemnity and the payment for the release of Port Arthur. This has been followed within the last few days by reports of the establishment at Shanghai of a Russian bank which will be a medium of China's financial dealings with Russia. These are some of the principal events which are regarded by those in official positions as tending toward Chinese dependence on Russia.

While Russia is thus making her hold on the East secure, the English influence is being thrown off by a succession of events, some of them threatening to occasion serious trouble. The Chinese have dismissed Sir Robert Hart from the head of the Customs department. Sir Robert was the principal representative of English influence in China. He had modeled the Chinese Customs Service on English lines, and officiated it with foreigners. His title was conferred upon him by the Queen, by reason of his conspicuous success in China. His retirement has been followed by a demand by China for the recall of Mr. O'Connor, the British Minister at Peking, the ostensible reason being the zealousness of the minister in the recent investigation of riots against foreigners, though those conversant with the facts say that the real reason was the influence of Russia.

A striking illustration of the change in China has come to the attention of the officials here. An American gentleman recently arrived in Washington after being in China for some time negotiating for the building of a railroad with American capital. He found the Russian influence so strong that he went to the Russian Ambassador at Peking to learn if the American project would be viewed with favor by the Russians. The Ambassador said:

"Yes, Americans and American capital will be welcome in the development of China, but British capital is not wanted."

In the most emphatic manner the ambassador made known his opinion that British influence in China was at an end and that Russia had openly entered upon her course controlling and developing China.

### THE WAR IN MADAGASCAR.

The Hovas intend to Fight the French to the Bitter End.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Col. Charles Robert Shervinton, who was formerly Commander-in-chief of the Malagasy forces, which position he resigned in April last, has been interviewed by the Daily News regarding the war in Madagascar.

Col. Shervinton told the reporter that the Hovas intend to fight to the bitter end, and that he is convinced that the French accounts of their victory over the Hovas at Majuga have been exaggerated for the purpose of cheering the French people.

Col. Shervinton said further that it was ridiculous to suppose, as was stated in official dispatches from Madagascar, this week that the main body of the Hovas army had been met forty miles from the capital and defeated. The Hovas, Col. Shervinton said, would never expose the capital by dispatching the main body of troops to the front. The French expedition has not met the Hovas army, he said, and will not until within twenty miles of the capital. Then, concluded Col. Shervinton, there will be a desperate battle.

### The Gold Still Going Out.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—The Treasury to-day lost \$1,500,000 in gold for export to Europe, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve \$92,705,067.

### IT IS NOW TWO TO TWO.

The Next Race Will Decide Between the Little Fliers.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Sept. 27.—The fourth race between the English challenger, Spruce IV., of the Miania Yacht Club, and Ethelwynn, of the Indian Harbor Yacht Club, of Connecticut, was sailed to-day on Long Island Sound under circumstances that were very interesting. It will be remembered that Ethelwynn quit yesterday after making one round of a course of three miles to leeward, return and repeat. It was said then that the Yankee stopped because M. Field, her owner, was afraid to trust his boat in a wind that was blowing some fifteen miles an hour and a sea that was at least choppy. Mr. Field retired from the contest personally, but allowed his boat to start to-day with his crew, Mr. E. H. Ball and the latter's brother, Fred, to run the boat. The gentlemen named both did remarkably well and won the race by clever handling, although it must be said that the opinion of Mr. Brand, expressed after the first race last Saturday, that Ethelwynn was a better boat than Spruce IV., was sustained by the result.

When the morning wind first put in an appearance to-day, it was a small sized gale of 18 miles an hour, and kicked up a fine sea.

It was suggested that a course inside of Oyster Bay should be laid out. There was less wind and comparatively smooth water in there. The committee were unable to agree and decided to let the skippers decide, which they did by the toss of a cent. The Englishman won and selected the regular route: A start from the center island buoy and over the outside waters of the Sound.

The starting gun was given at 2:25 Spruce had a reef in her mainsail when these signals were being given and she went over the line with it 22 seconds ahead of Ethelwynn.

A surprise came when Mr. Sturdes after reaching the club house wrote out a protest. He was silent about its contents, but he handed it over to the committee who immediately went into session to act upon it. At about the same time the club members became aware that the official figures of the day were as follows:

Start: Spruce IV., 2:25:00; Ethelwynn, 2:25:00.  
First mark: Spruce IV., 2:48:03; Ethelwynn, 2:48:08.  
Second mark: Ethelwynn, 3:33:36; Spruce IV., 3:35:46.  
Third mark: Ethelwynn, 3:54:39; Spruce IV., 3:56:24.  
Fourth mark: Ethelwynn, 4:35:05; Spruce IV., 4:36:13.  
Fifth mark: Ethelwynn, 4:54:39; Spruce IV., 4:55:52.  
Finish: Ethelwynn, 5:11:36; Spruce IV., 5:12:46.

### REQUIRES A TWO-THIRD VOTE.

Doubts as to the Ability of Gov. Culbertson to Get His Law Passed.

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 27.—Gov. Culbertson's proclamation, issued last night, convening the Legislature next Tuesday to enact another prizefight law, was a great surprise. There was some talk to-day that the Populists and other political opponents of the Governor may defeat the object by making a law to go into effect in ninety days. It requires a two-thirds vote to give immediate effect. Representative Hame Ward, a leading member of the House, to-day said that the Legislature would undoubtedly pass a law, to go into effect at once, and that it would make prize-fighting a felony. He thinks that the law will be passed within a week after the Legislature meets.

### The Sporting Fraternity Not Alarmed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—The Chicago sporting contingent do not seem to be much alarmed at the action taken by the Governor of Texas. They say it is one thing to call the Legislature together and another to secure the passage of a law prohibiting fighting. Dan Stuart last night telegraphed F. E. Kennedy, who expects to run a train to Dallas for the fight, that the mill will be brought off in the Indian Territory if a law was passed forbidding it in Texas. What action Uncle Sam would take if the two pugilists attempted to meet on his domain is problematical.

### Cyclone in West Virginia.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Sept. 27.—A cyclone passed over Green Bottom yesterday doing great damage to property. Sixteen men were in one barn, which was blown away, and John Nance and Will Gibly were horribly injured by falling timbers. Timothy Blake and Isidore Clarke were seriously injured. The storm lasted only a few moments.

### Citizens Organize Against White Caps.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 27.—Law-abiding citizens of Lewisburg held a mass-meeting adopted resolutions and organized for the purpose of assisting the sheriff and other officers of the law in arresting and suppressing bands of disguised men who have been committing deeds of violence and robbery in Lewisburg and Marshall counties. Masked raiders have increased to such an extent that citizens have taken this step to aid in their suppression.

### Contracts for New Torpedo Boats.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—Secretary Herbert to-day awarded to the Herreshoff Manufacturing Company, the contract for building two of the new torpedo boats authorized by the act of the last Congress. Mr. Herreshoff was the lowest bidder, at \$144,000 for each boat. The third boat will go to Moran Bros., of Seattle, Wash., if the department is satisfied of their ability to do the work.

### IS DARK FOR DURRANT

HIS ATTORNEYS OFFER LITTLE IN REFUTATION OF THE STATE'S CASE.

### HIS CASE GROWS MORE HOPELESS

His Alibi has not a Leg Left to Stand on and His Lawyers Seem to be Gropping in the Dark--But Durrant Shows no Sign of Emotion as he sits by His Parents Day After Day and Listens to the Evidence Against Him--Testimony of the Two Gas Fitters.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 27.—If Durrant has anything tangible upon which to base his denial of the charge that he murdered Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams, his attorneys have failed to give satisfactory evidence of the fact. After two days devoted to testimony of the defense, the trial was adjourned at noon to-day until next Tuesday. In the meantime, however, the defense had disclosed enough to satisfy the prosecution that Durrant's attorneys are groping in the dark in the hope that something will develop within the next few days to save the prisoner's life.

The weakness of the defense is made more apparent at this time on account of the extravagant assertions that Durrant's attorneys have uniformly made since the trial began. When the prosecution was engaged in putting in its case, and the situation looked darkest for Durrant, Attorney Duprey was accustomed to snap his fingers and remarked that he had no fears for the future of his client. "We will clear him in three minutes," said Duprey, "and the public will be at a loss to understand how Durrant's name was ever connected with the case."

The same line of extravagant claims was continued when Attorney Duprey made his opening speech for the defense. "Not only will the prisoner tell with his own lips the simple story of his life on the day that Blanche Lamont was murdered," said Duprey, "but Dr. Cheney will tell you that Durrant was at the Cooper Medical College at the very hour when the murder of Blanche Lamont is said to have taken place. Besides that, we will prove to you that Durrant never tried to pass Miss Lamont's ring at Oppenheims' store. On the contrary, we will bring forward the young man who did try to pawn a ring at Oppenheims' similar to the one worn by Miss Lamont."

In view of these startling statements, it was first believed that the defence might have a strong case held in reserve which would put to a severe test the case of the prosecution. In one day, however, the case of the defence crumbled and fell of its own weight, and to-day Durrant's alibi has not a leg upon which to stand. Dr. Cheney, who was expected to tell so much for the defense was as strong a witness for the prosecution as has taken the stand during the trial. Instead of fulfilling Duprey's statement, and swearing that Durrant attended a lecture at Cooper Medical College on April 3, he said he had no recollection of seeing the young medical student there. The denial dumfounded the defense.

If further proof were needed on the belief that the defense has little to offer in refutation of the case put forward by the prosecution, it was furnished to-day. Instead of placing witnesses on the stand to testify to some material facts in connection with Durrant's alibi, two gas fitters were called to testify with regard to the subburners in the gallery of Emanuel church. For two hours the crowd was bored and the jury made tired by a long series of questions and answers relative to the minutest part of the construction of a sun burner. Not once during the entire session was the name of Blanche Lamont mentioned, nor was anything said to indicate that it was not a suit to collect a plumber's bill instead of a murder trial that was before the court. The evident purpose of the examination, however, was to show that the repairing of sun burners would necessarily result in the escape of a great deal of gas. This testimony will be used to substantiate Durrant's story that he was suffering from asphyxiation when he came down from the church belfry, trembling and flushed, and met organist King in the auditorium.

A significant feature of the testimony of the two gas fitters was the fact that each testified that he made an examination of the sun burners in Emanuel Church on September 21. The prosecution interprets this to mean the defense had nothing upon which to base a case until the case of the people was nearly completed. Only when confronted by the actual necessity of opening his case, it is believed that the defense made an attempt to secure witnesses to testify with regard to sun burners. The apparent hopelessness of his case, however, produced no change in the demeanor of Durrant. Day after day he sits in the court room beside his father and mother and listens to the evidence against him without a sign of emotion. This stoicism on the part of the prisoner is only surpassed by that of his mother. Mr. Durrant seems to have no conception of the gravity of her son's situation. Attired in waving plumes and a tailor-made gown, such as a lady might wear at a matinee, she laughs and chats with her friends while the evidence that the prosecution believes will hang her son is being put in against him. To frequenters of the court room, Mrs. Durrant's conduct is almost as unfathomable as that of her son.

### AND NOW JOE PATCHEN WINS.

The Big Black Was Too Much for John R. Gentry Yesterday.

SIoux CITY, Iowa, Sept. 27.—Fifteen thousand people attended the races at the Sioux City Fair to-day. The great race between Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry was the main event of the day, and it proved a big card. In the first, Patchen had the pole and led to the stretch, when Gentry passed him and won. Time in the last quarter of the heat, 28 1/2, is one of the fastest on record. Only one other last quarter, it is said, was ever done in better time. This was made by Joe Patchen and was 28 1/4. In the second heat, Gentry had the pole, and the race was nip and tuck all the way around. In the stretch Gentry made a grand effort to pass the big black but failed, and Patchen came in under the wire a neck ahead, amid the cheers of thousands.

In the next heat Patchen had an easier victory, coming in a full length ahead. The track was in excellent condition and had been especially prepared for the race. As it was, the time in the second heat, 2:04, equals Patchen's record.

### Summary.

\$5,000 match race, best two in three: Gentry won first heat by a length. Time: 2:05. Time by quarters: 32 1/2; 1:04; 1:36 1/2; 2:05. Last quarter made in 28 1/2, a 1:54 gait.

Patchen won second race by a neck. Time by quarters: 31 1/2; 1:03; 1:32 1/2; 2:04.

Patchen won third heat and race by a length. Time by quarters: 32 1/2; 1:03 3/4; 1:34 1/2; 2:04 1/2.

### REIGN OF TERROR IN ARMENIA.

A Church Raided and Ten Armenians Massacred.

VARNA, Sept. 27.—Advices from Antioch state that Ottoman officials there have succeeded in exciting Mussulmans with the report of an impending massacre by Armenians. As a result of this Mussulmans, accompanied by police, raided an Armenian church and searched the building for arms. The Armenians resisted, and in the conflict which ensued ten of them were killed. A reign of terror prevails at Kemakh and Erzengon, owing to oppressions by the Turks. Many Armenians have been arrested.

### An American Citizen Imprisoned.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 27.—An Armenian named Guerjian, who claimed to be a citizen of the United States, was recently sentenced to a long term of imprisonment upon the charge of being an emissary of an Armenian revolutionary society. The United States Consul at Aleppo, where Guerjian was confined, was not allowed by the authorities to visit the prisoner. Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, the United States Minister to Turkey demanded of the Sublime Porte that sentence in the case of Guerjian be suspended until it could be ascertained whether or not he had forfeited the right of protection by the United States. The Porte has now telegraphed to the authorities at Aleppo to allow the United States Consul to investigate the case and to see the prisoner.

### AND IT ENDED IN A TRAGEDY.

A Long-Standing Law-Suit for a Small Tract of Land.

PERRY, O. T., Sept. 27.—A terrible fight occurred yesterday north of Stillwater and 25 miles east of here, in which James Slabaugh was shot and killed, and John Foote's head was split open with an axe. Charles Slabaugh is in jail charged with murder. John Foote and James Slabaugh have been contesting for possession of a tract of land for years. They have had many law-suits and quarrels, culminating in the tragedy.

### ENGLAND IS IN EARNEST.

She Now Has Five Warships on the Way to China.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon prints a dispatch from Shanghai, which says: Appearances indicate that England is finally in earnest in regard to the massacres in China. Five warships are now on the river Yangtze Kiang, proceeding towards the scenes of the disturbances, and four more are expected to start to-morrow.

### HEAVY TOBACCO SALES.

Over \$30,000 Worth was Sold in Henderson Yesterday.

HENDERSON, N. C., Sept. 27.—The heavy sales of tobacco on this market continues. All four warehouses were full to day, one house alone selling over one hundred thousand pounds. Fourteen carloads of tobacco were received here to-day besides many wagons. The sales in town to-day amount to over \$30,000.

### The Korean Minister Dead.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—A cablegram received by the State Department to-day, announced the death in Korea of Ye Suug Su, the Korean Minister to the United States. The Minister has been absent from his post for nearly a year, having returned to Korea at the beginning of the troubles in that country, which led to the late war. He died of cholera.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—Secretary Olney received information to-day that the Morá draft for almost a million and a half dollars had been paid by the Spanish Financial Agent. The money was paid in gold and probably will be transferred to this country by cable drafts and placed to Secretary Olney's credit in the New York sub-treasury.

### A SHORT COTTON CROP

THE UPWARD MOVEMENT IN PRICE A FEATURE OF THE WEEK'S BUSINESS.

### THE WEEKLY TRADE REVIEWS

Other Striking Features of the Week Are Increased Demand for Money, East and West, and the Widespread and Active Demand for Iron and Steel--Grain Producers in the West Will Hold Their Wheat for Higher Prices--Failures for the Week.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say:

The speculation in cotton has lifted the price five eighths during the past week, and quotations here are so much higher than at Liverpool that free exports cannot be expected. It seems no longer possible to hope for a good crop, and Neil Bros. have issued a circular predicting a yield of 7,000,000 bales. The accounts of injury and loss grow more dismal every week, and while they may be somewhat exaggerated, the general outlook is decidedly unfavorable. But for the extraordinary supplies carried over from last year, the manufacturer here and abroad would be in trouble. But prices of goods rise each week, adding to the profits of mills, which on both sides of the ocean can use, for some time to come, old cotton bought at low prices.

It is not yet clear how far the consumption will support the manufacture at the present rate, and at present prices for goods, though the demand from dealers is naturally urgent, while the market for the raw material is constantly rising. There is still some chance of a strike in Fall River mills, though the rise in prices will make it easier for the mills to grant some advance in wages.

Nothing is clear about the iron and steel manufacture, but some of the largest Pittsburg concerns, professing to have orders for many months ahead, are bidding for small contracts in eastern markets at \$1 to \$1.50 per ton less than quoted rate. Some say that it is done to depress the market, and again it is thought that the object may be to buy material. Contracts have been made at the east for 250 tons of foreign ore to be used in Bessemer iron making at eastern furnaces, and the termination of the Margette strike sets free about half a million tons more of Bessemer ore within the period of lake navigation.

Failures for the week have been 216 in the United States, against 235 last year and 50 in Canada against 55 last year.

### Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

Striking features of the week are increased demand for money, east and west; the maintenance of the widespread and active demand for iron and steel, and the further upward movement of the price of raw cotton, together with advances in quotations for wheat flour, wheat and wool. Sudden changes in the weather affecting a wide expansion of territory have made general trade irregular but reports from those sections unfavorably affected are in part offset by the stimulation of demand for certain staples in other portions of the country.

General business at the south has shown improvement at Memphis, Nashville, Atlanta and Birmingham; demand for funds there is improving and all that appears needed is a freer movement of cotton. On the Pacific Coast, Seattle continues to ship general merchandise to Central America and to Alaska freely, and Tacoma reports the wholesale grocery business heavier there than in 1894, with the Alaska trade improving. General business at San Francisco is comparatively quiet. The canned fruit output at California will be about equal to that of last year.

Telegrams to Bradstreet's from widely different points seem to indicate a very general intention on the part of grain producers to hold their wheat for higher prices. This refers to spring wheat territory tributary to Minneapolis and to the wheat country in Oregon. Wheat exports from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week (which eat flour as wheat) are the largest since last March, 3,151,000 bushels against 2,538,000 bushels last week, 2,562,000 bushels in the week one year ago, and as compared with 3,189,000 bushels two years ago, and with 4,017,000 bushels three years ago.

### Bank Clearings for the Week.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Total bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ending September 27, \$997,924,432; increase, 20 8. Exclusive of New York, \$433,064,655; increase, 11 8. Dominion of Canada, \$19,243,524; decrease, 3 5.

### Senator Martin's Position Criticised.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 27.—Comment here on United States Senator Thomas S. Martin's position in declining to say how he stands on the silver question has been increased by his speech made last night before the State Democratic Committee, in which he advised against allowing any speakers from outside of Virginia to come here and inject agitation of the currency question. His position in favor of putting a Virginia Democratic boycott on all prominent National Democrats is antagonized by a large element in his party.

### EIGHT PASSENGERS INJURED.

A Serious Wreck on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

GAFTON, W. Va., Sept. 27.—A serious wreck occurred on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Tunnelton, last night. Eight passengers were injured, some seriously. Passenger train No. 4, eastbound, had sidetracked to allow passenger train No. 1, westbound, to pass. It did not entirely clear the main track, but the red signal of danger was displayed to warn the approaching train of the fact. Engineer Hillery of train No. 1, did not obey the signal. The locomotive of train No. 1 struck the rear coach attached to the train on the side track. The passengers in the latter coach were thrown from their seats and eight injured. Several of the passengers were scalded by escaping steam from the locomotive.

Following is a list of the injured:

HART, G. B., Clarksburg, Va., face and hands scalded and cut in the forehead.  
REES, William, Salina, Kan., right knee bruised and feet scalded.  
HOBART, Miss Carrie, Philadelphia, left leg injured.  
TAYLOR, Miss Allie L., Elkins, W. Va., left hand lacerated; side, neck and head scalded.  
THOMAS, Henry, Baltimore, right hand cut.  
OHLY, W. H., Charleston, W. Va., face and hands scalded and cut in the forehead.  
GARDNER, A. D., Wheeling, W. Va., face and hands scalded and left knee injured.  
PORTER, R. C., South Lancaster, Mass., hands and wrist cut.  
EVANS, Mary, Parsons, Kan., cut on nose.  
HISKEY, Lee, Charleston, Mo., cut and bruised.  
FORTNEY, Mrs. Nell J., Kingwood, W. Va., badly scalded about the face and upper part of body and hands.

Owing to the similarity of names, the name of Secretary Olney was at first sent out as injured. It was W. H. Ohly, of Charleston, W. Va., and not the Secretary of State.

### ANOTHER NEW CHALLENGER.

Mr. Moir Organizing a Syndicate to Build the West Australia.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Mr. Herbert Moir, who is organizing a syndicate to build a yacht to sail for the America's cup, is the head of a large western Australian corporation, with headquarters in Cannon street, London. Mr. Moir said, in an interview to-day:

"I have long wished to build a yacht to compete for the America's cup. I wrote a challenge, which was published first in the Financial News last week. Since then Mr. Rose has challenged for the cup."

"I first started in yachting in Sydney harbor. Like all good yachtsmen and Australians, I did not see why the cup should remain in America. I travelled all through the United States last autumn. I understand that Valkyrie III, cost the Dunraven syndicate \$80,000, with designer's fees, and I am quite prepared to spend an equal sum. I shall call the boat after the colony where I have made my greatest successes, West Australia. It will be a fine keel craft, and will be built upon somewhat similar lines to Britannia. I cannot disclose the measurements yet."

"The acceptance of Mr. Rose's challenge for America's cup will preclude the possibility of my racing in 1896, but I shall have my yacht ready for 1897."

### BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

At New York (first game): R. H. E.  
New York, 0 0 0 0 4 0 2 1—7 8 2  
Baltimore, 0 1 1 0 0 2 0 0—6 10 0  
Batteries: Rusie and Farrell; McMahon and Robinson.

At New York (second game): R. H. E.  
New York, 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0—2 6 5  
Baltimore, 2 0 2 0 2 1—7 12 5  
Batteries: Meekin and Farrell; Hemming and Clarke.

At St. Louis: R. H. E.  
St. Louis, 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 0—7 12 2  
Pittsburg, 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—3 8 2  
Batteries: Breitenstein and Otten; Hawley and Mack. Attendance, 2,000.

At Philadelphia: R. H. E.  
Philadelphia, 5 0 1 3 0 0 3 0—14 19 2  
Brooklyn, 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 4—14 16 6  
Batteries: White, Lucid, Grady and Buckley; Kennedy and Grim. Attendance, 2,264.

At Chicago: R. H. E.  
Chicago, 3 3 3 0 2 0—11 15 1  
Cincinnati, 2 1 0 3 0 0 0—6 8 1  
Batteries: McFarland and Donohue; Rhines and Vaughn. Attendance, 1,100.

### Dates for the Temple Cup.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 27.—Manager Tebeau, of the Cleveland base ball team telegraphed from Findlay, O., that the games for the Temple Cup will be played in Cleveland, October 2, 3 and 5, and at Baltimore October 7, 8 and 9. The place of playing the seventh game, in case of a tie, has not been decided upon.

### Richmond Beats Nashville.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 27.—Richmond won from Nashville to-day on two home run hits by Foster which netted six runs. Both teams played fast. Third baseman Myers of the Nashvilles became angry at a decision of umpire Hoggins in the seventh inning and hit him in the side with the ball. Hoggins fell in a semi-conscious condition and had to be taken off the field. The side struck was paralyzed for nearly an hour. The crowd rushed in the field after Myers and one or two got in blows on him before the police could get the player off the field. Myers is under arrest and will have a hearing to-morrow. Score:

At Richmond: R. H. E.  
Richmond, 0 2 5 0 2 0 2—11 9 1  
Nashville, 1 3 0 0 0 0—4 11 3  
Batteries: Gillen and Foster; Hahn and Sweeney.

### The Steamer Hopkins Sunk.

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Sept. 27.—The steamer Mark Hopkins collided with the steamer Vanderbilt at Nine Mile Point to-day. The Hopkins went down in two minutes. The Vanderbilt was but slightly injured. The Hopkins was insured for \$10,000. Her owner is R. S. Reor, of St. Clair, Mich. No lives were lost.