

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

NOT TO THE FINISH

CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS TO FIGHT A LIMITED NUMBER OF ROUNDS.

AND TO BOX WITH SOFT GLOVES

Corbett telegraphed for and Spring Lake selected as his training quarters. Fitzsimmons' quarters not yet chosen. Preparations being made for the contest. But Gov. Clark says he will not allow it to take place in Arkansas.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 14.—The big fight will come off here Oct. 31. In order to comply with the Stat., the articles of agreement of the Florida Athletic Club will be changed from a finish fight to a limited number of rounds, the referee being vested with power to stop the contest when in his opinion it becomes brutal. The contestants are to box with soft gloves.

Spring Lake, a beautiful resort four miles from here, has been selected by Manager Brady as Corbett's training quarters. Fitzsimmons' training quarters have not yet been selected.

Corbett Telegraphed For.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 14.—Corbett received the following telegram from W. A. Brady, at Hot Springs, last night: "Come at once, everything fixed; protection guaranteed."

Preparations for the Fight.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 14.—S. C. Huller, Chief of Bureau of Information of the Atlantic Club, will leave tomorrow morning for Little Rock, thence to all towns of consequence along the Iron Mountain Railway to Texarkana to make arrangements for hotel accommodations for those who may attend the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight here on October 31. After he completes this tour he will issue a pamphlet giving the information desired concerning hotel accommodations, &c., one hundred thousand of which will be sent out. Messrs. Brady and Vendig were very active to-day in making preparations for the great event.

But Gov. Clark May Prevent It.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 14.—"There may be a fight at Hot Springs, but it will not be a prize fight," said Gov. Clark to an Associated Press representative. "I earnestly hope that extreme measures will not be necessary. I know those, everyone of them, and they are my friends, and I should very much regret to be compelled to adopt harsh methods, but the laws give me the authority and supplies the means and if the necessity arises, I shall certainly prevent the fight at any cost."

The Governor finds that the law of 1891 was not legally enacted, leaving the State without a law on the subject of prize fighting. The law of 1893, which, in his opinion, invests in the Executive ample authority for carrying out the policy he has decided to adopt.

Will Call Out the Militia.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 14.—A telegram was sent by the Governor to Brigadier General John A. Taylor, of Forest City, of the Arkansas State Guard, summoning him to a conference at once. The meaning of the conference is that the Governor desires to acquaint himself with the available strength of the State militia so that he may act knowingly if the situation at Hot Springs reaches a crisis where the services of the militia may be required. Gen. Taylor is expected to arrive tomorrow.

According to the offers contained in telegrams and letters received at the Executive office, Gov. Clarke estimates that the service of 10,000 men are at his disposal for the purpose of putting down the fight if needed. These offers come from all parts of the State.

A vigorous determination to prevent the fight is plainly discernible in the significant proceedings at the Executive office. The Governor says Corbett and Fitzsimmons have been warned and if they now arrive at Hot Springs bent on the mission of fighting, their presence in the city or county will be considered an overt act and will be treated accordingly.

When questioned in reference to the proposition to change the affair into a glove contest, Gov. Clarke said that he could make no distinction between a glove contest and prize fight. It was a prize fight, no matter what it was called.

The Virginia League Reorganized.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 14.—The Virginia Baseball League was reorganized here to-night for next season with the same clubs as last year. Franchises were refused Danville and Hampton as it was thought best not to make it an eight club league. A committee was appointed and given authority to settle the contest between Norfolk and Portsmouth.

The Challenge Accepted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The challenge for the America's cup by Charles D. Rose, of England, has been formally accepted.

THREE MURDERERS CONVICTED

Wade Locklear Sentenced to Hang at Lumberton, Nov. 21.

Special to the News and Observer.

LUMBERTON, N. C., Oct. 14.—The Superior Court of Robeson county adjourned on Saturday. Wade Locklear, charged with the murder of Birdie Bullard, and G. W. Locklear and Patrick Locklear, accomplices, were all convicted. Wade Locklear was sentenced to be hanged in Lumberton on the 24th of November, and the other two were sentenced to the Penitentiary for life; all are Croatanans. G. W. Locklear is a physician, being a graduate of the Medical College in Baltimore. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.

A telegram was received yesterday from Red Springs for the coroner to go and hold an inquest at that place. Neither the name of the person killed nor the slayer is yet known.

A negro was brought here yesterday from Maxton charged with a very grave offense. He went to the home of a white woman and forced her and her grand-daughter at the point of a pistol to expose themselves. They screamed so that he left without doing more. He then went to the house of a Croatan woman and forced her in the same manner to expose herself. He was again frightened away. Lynching was freely talked of.

The Robeson County Fair begins here next Tuesday. Already race horses have arrived from Charlotte and other points.

Robeson Institute, located at this place, has a large attendance this season. Prof. John Duckett, formerly superintendent of public instruction in Wake county, is principal of this school.

WILSON TOBACCO MARKET.

Warehousemen Will No Longer Charge One Per Cent. Insurance.

Special to the News and Observer.

WILSON, N. C., Oct. 14.

Some time ago all the warehouses in this part of the State agreed to charge one per cent. insurance on all tobacco sold. This action was taken in order to make up for the loss sustained by the warehouses in the reduction of charges which went into effect on October 1st by legislative enactment. The Wilson market has since withdrawn and now charges no insurance, but only the regular charges as required by law.

Mr. F. W. Barnes has commenced the erection of a large machine shop on the corner of Tarboro and South streets. The building will be of brick and hard work on his new store. It will front on Barnes street. The store will be 150 feet in length by 50 feet in width. Mr. J. H. L. Best has also commenced building a large brick store on the corner of Tarboro and Barnes streets.

The people of Wilson will vote on the question of sewerage soon. The election takes place on Monday, October 25th, and it is believed that there will be very little opposition to the proposition. The town needs a system of sewerage very badly.

TROUBLE AMONG THE MILITIA.

The President's Escort at Atlanta May be a Single Company.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 14.—The announcement was made this afternoon by Col. John S. Candler, the senior colonel of the Georgia Volunteers, that no company of the regular National Guard will consent to parade on President's day at the Exposition, October 23.

The Judge Advocate General of the State more than a year ago decided that the State militia could not legally parade with the guard. On this account that company was not invited to participate in the parade on the opening day of the exposition and on Liberty Bell Day, but, through the action of the Exposition Company, they have been placed in charge of the procession to escort President Cleveland to the grounds on the occasion of his visit here next week.

The reason for this is that the exposition directors have put the parade in charge of Capt. J. E. Burke, of the Gate City Guards, an organization which is not enlisted in the State service, does not wear the regulation State uniform, and is not under officers commissioned by any State authority.

Col. Candler is one of the most prominent Cleveland Democrats in Georgia, but it is understood that this will not prevent his insisting on a strict observance of the military law of the State. The regular militia are with Col. Candler and the indications are that the President's escort will be confined to a single company.

THEY WILL KISS AND MAKE UP.

Miss Vanderbilt's Marriage may Reconcile Her Parents.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 14.—It has become almost an accepted rumor among the members of the four hundred of New York and particularly among those who compose the Meadowbrook Hunt Club, of Long Island, says the Eagle, to-night, that a reconciliation is probable between Mr. and Mrs. Wm. K. Vanderbilt and that immediately following the marriage of their daughter, Consuelo, with the Duke of Marlborough, a second ceremony will unite the parents a second time in matrimony.

The marriage of Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt with the Duke of Marlborough is recognized as more the wish and desire of her father than of her mother, and this union has been used by the friends of both parents to bring about a happy understanding between them. This has been kept a close secret in the innermost circles of the four hundred, but it has progressed so happily that it need no longer be so closely guarded.

U. S. SUPREME COURT

IT RECONVENES AFTER A RECESS OF FOUR AND A HALF MONTHS.

HARMON INTRODUCED TO COURT

By his Predecessor, Secretary Olney -- All the Members of the Court Were Present--The Formal Call on the President Will be Foregone on Account of his Absence--A Number of Cases Dismissed and Several Lawyers Admitted to the Bar.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—After a recess covering about four and a half months, the United States Supreme Court reconvened at noon to-day, with all the members of the court present. There was a fair attendance of attorneys and spectators. Secretary of State Olney, Attorney General Harmon, Assistant Attorney Generals Dickinson and Whitney, Solicitor General Conrad and Hon. Don. M. Dickinson were among the lawyers present. The only vacant seat on the bench was that caused by the death of Justice Jackson.

The proceedings of the day were brief, consisting of the hearing of unimportant motions, the admission of a half dozen attorneys to the bar and the introduction of Attorney General Harmon to the court by his predecessor, Secretary Olney. Chief Justice Fuller announced the death of Justice Jackson and S. P. McKenny, the latter retired, simply saying that the court was saddened by these events. The Chief Justice also referred to the custom on the part of the court of making a formal call upon the President at the beginning of the term, but said the call necessarily would be foregone on account of the absence of the chief executive from the city.

"Acknowledging the introduction of the new Attorney-General as made by Secretary Olney, Chief Justice Fuller said:

"The court parts with the retiring Attorney-General with regret and welcomes his successor."

A number of cases were dismissed either by stipulation or on motion of appellants and plaintiffs in error. The court then adjourned until tomorrow when it will meet to hear motions already assigned for that day.

MRS. WALKER'S STRANGE CASE.

She is Said to Have One Time Been the Wife of Senator McIntyre.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Annie Walker, of Guelph, Ont., and who is said to have at one time been the wife of Senator McIntyre, of Virginia, lies in a West Side boarding house unconscious and in a precarious condition. The case is a most mysterious one, and the police do not know what to make of it.

Mrs. Walker was brought to the house several days ago by a man giving the name of Elliott. He left \$90 in an envelope which he said belonged to the woman. Then he went away and has not been seen since.

Mrs. Walker is said to be demented, and it is also said that she is suffering from concussion of the brain. J. E. Fitzpatrick, who boards in the house where Mrs. Walker is lying, gives it as his opinion that she has been drugged and assaulted. Her ailment is puzzling the physicians who are attending her and they are unable to determine as to whether she is suffering from the effects of some drug or from a blow. Mrs. Walker was brought to Mrs. Tracy's home at 9 o'clock Thursday morning in a carriage. She was unconscious and was carried into the room by a man named Elliott, who, it is said, has been an attendant in an insane asylum in Canada for fifteen years. Since then he has not been seen or heard from.

Chief of Police Badenoch inquired into all of the particulars regarding the unconscious woman. He said her friends in Guelph, Canada, had been communicated with and that he had received a telegram from a sister stating that Mrs. Walker was insane. He also learned that she was unconscious when she left the train Thursday morning. The police are looking for Elliott.

Retail Liquor Dealers' Association.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—The annual convention of the National Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of the United States began here to-day. About twenty-eight States are represented by delegates. The proceedings to-day were confined to a social visit to the cabin of John H. Bridge, a few miles beyond the city. The business session will begin tomorrow morning.

Four Men Suffocated.

WEBSTER CITY, Io., Oct. 14.—Four men were suffocated by gas smoke in a coal mine two and a half miles from Story City, Saturday night. The dead are: Albert Peterson, Alexander Eastman, I. N. Negeson and George Payne.

AN UPRISING IN COREA

THE QUEEN HAS DISAPPEARED AND HAS PROBABLY BEEN KILLED.

UNITED STATES TROOPS LANDED

The European Powers and Japan Also Now Have Marines On Hand Guarding Their Interests--The Trouble is Due to Japanese Influence And Had Its Inception Through the Queen's Dislike of the Newly-Organized Soldiers--The King in Power.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—Information of the formidable uprising in Corea, resulting in the disappearance and probable death of the Queen, and the landing of military forces by the United States and European powers, has been received by Minister Kurino, of Japan, from the foreign office at Tokio. It is quite sensational, indicating the landing of marines by Russia, the United States and probably Great Britain.

The latest dispatch to Minister Kurino states that a force of Russian marines, forty in number has been landed. Thus far they have confined themselves to guarding the Russian legation at Seoul.

United States marines were landed from the Yorktown to the number of sixteen. It is believed also that British marines have been landed. Besides these, the Japanese have a considerable force of soldiers at Seoul who have been preserving order.

The dispatches come from Tokio and communicate the substance of dispatches received from Gen. Muira, the Japanese envoy at Seoul. They are dated from the 9th to the 12th inst. It appears from these dispatches that the trouble had its inception through the Queen's dislike of newly organized soldiery of Corea. The old soldiers had the primitive equipment of the far East. But with the progress of Japanese influence in Corea, two battalions of Korean troops were organized on modern methods. Each battalion numbered 600 men armed with modern weapons. They were well drilled and efficient.

When the Queen showed her disfavor toward these new troops they appealed to the Tai Won Kun, a powerful chief, who has long been in enmity with the Queen. He accepted the leadership of the new troops, and at the head of one battalion entered the Queen's palace. The native soldiers fled from the palace. The Tokio dispatches do not state specifically what became of the Queen, further than that she had disappeared and cannot be located. The officials are inclined to believe, however, that the unofficial reports of the Queen's death are true.

The Japanese government, the dispatches further state, has acted quickly on the reports, and has appointed a commission to inquire into the facts. In the meantime, it is emphatically denied that the Queen's death, if it has occurred, was due to the Japanese. One report is that a Japanese soldier killed the Queen. This is not yet confirmed in the dispatches received here. The officials say that the soldier is an irresponsible and lawless class, and that their acts cannot be laid to the Japanese people or government.

Gen. Muira's reports also cover the work of the Japanese troops in preserving order. The troops were stationed opposite the palace, having secured this point of vantage some time since through the Korean government. They took no part in the attack on the palace, but after it had occurred, when the native troops were fleeing and the new battalions were enforcing their success in capturing the palace, the Japanese troops aided in preventing bloodshed and disorder. It is probable that some deaths occurred during the melee. Following this came the landing of United States and Russian marines, and, as is believed, the landing of the British.

The latest indications are that Tai Won Kun and the King are in control of affairs at the Korean capital. The King has been the nominal ruler, but the Queen has heretofore been recognized as the real ruler. The influence of the King and the Tai Won Kun are distinctly favorable to the Japanese.

At the Korean legation no word has been received from the disturbed capital. The officials are much exercised, and do not doubt that the Queen has met her death, although they are not ready to abandon hopes.

In case official confirmation is received, there will be such formal ceremony as is usual on the death of a sovereign. The legation will go into mourning, but there is not likely to be a funeral service, although this has been considered as a very dark mark of respect.

SEVENTY-SIX PERSONS INJURED

Passenger Train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad Wrecked.

ELKHORN, W. Va., Oct. 14.—A passenger train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad was wrecked by a broken frog between Bluefield and Kenova to-day. The baggage and mail car and the second class coach were thrown from the track and dented. Seventy-six passengers were in the car and all were more or less injured. P. P. Dillon, mayor of Pocahontas, Va., was badly hurt, also R. L. Coney, of the Greenbrier Coal Co., and F. L. Shaffer, baggage master. All the wounded passengers were taken to Pocahontas for medical attention.

Death of Ex-Governor Ferry.

SEATTLE, Wn., Oct. 14.—Ex-Governor E. P. Ferry died this morning.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The Subject of Church Unity was Discussed Yesterday.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 14.—The subject of church unity came to the front almost at the opening of the session of the Episcopal House of Deputies to-day. A report was presented by a majority of the committee on amendments to the constitution presenting an amendment empowering a bishop to recognize congregations outside the Episcopal church and take them under his special care, provided such congregations subscribe to the Episcopal creed, in which case it need not necessarily be confirmed.

A minority report signed by six members of the committee was presented by Rev. J. J. Faude, of Minneapolis. The minority opposed the amendment because it touched the book of common prayer, gave bishops the right to set aside the customs and canons of the church, even gave a bishop power to celebrate the mass if a congregation desired, without confirmation, would alienate many from the church and had no compensating advantages. In the mind of the minority, the amendment, instead of being a step toward church unity, was really in the direction of aggression and not spiritual unity.

The report called attention to the fact that there had been absolutely no response to the advances made by the church toward unity in the Chicago Lambeth declaration, and that this move was premature. Even if it passed the minority believed that few congregations would avail themselves of the privilege. The whole matter was made a special order.

The committee on unfinished business offered a resolution for final adjournment on Tuesday, Oct. 22, which was finally adopted.

A message from the House of Bishops announced that that body had receded from its opposition to the new diocese of Marquette, and concurred in its erection.

The constitutional revision committee submitted its final report, with the exception of the canon on marriage and divorce, which was promised to-morrow. The report is substantially the same as that already printed, the changes being minor and verbal ones. Consideration of the report being resumed, section 6, of article 1, was taken up.

This precipitated the debate over the representation of missionary jurisdictions in the House.

Governor Prince, of New Mexico, made a strong speech in favor of giving the missionary jurisdiction representatives all the privileges of other delegates save that of voting. He declared that the 346 clergymen and 26,000 communicants in the missionary jurisdictions had a right to be heard.

An amendment was adopted giving jurisdiction in Europe the same representations that those in the United States have.

In the House of Bishops Bishop Garrett, of Northern Texas, presented a memorial asking that the missionary jurisdiction of Northern Texas be erected into a diocese. The order of the day, the erection of the missionary district of Duluth in Northern Minnesota, was then taken up.

Gov. Prince finally won his point by a substantially unanimous vote. The term "Presiding Officer of the House of Bishops" was substituted for "Primate" in article 1.

HANGED BY TRACE CHAINS.

Suicide of a Wife and Mother Near Asheville Sunday.

Special to the News and Observer.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 14.

Mrs. Martha Miller, wife of John J. Miller, living five miles below Asheville, committed suicide by hanging herself with two trace chains fastened to a rafter of the stable Sunday morning. She had a husband and four children. Mrs. Miller, for several months, had shown signs of insanity.

Samuel W. Davidson, a prominent citizen of Cherokee county, died at Murphy last night. He was 72 years old and a brother of A. T. Davidson, of Asheville.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, W. E. Curtis, is at the Battery Park.

It is expected that President Cleveland will stop here on his return from Atlanta, on his way to Col. Frank Coker's Green River plantation, near Rutherfordton.

DELOGED IN MOLTEN METAL.

One Man Fatally Burned and Four Others Seriously Injured.

FITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 14.—Two convalescents at the Frankstown mill of Jones & Laughlin, overturned at 3:40 o'clock this morning and sixteen tons of molten metal poured into the pit below where a score or more of men were at work. One man was fatally burned, three dangerously, and four others sustained serious injuries. Their names are: Squire Watson, Willie; John B. Burr, Wm. Edwards, Charles Freeborn, Wm. C. Faulkner, Thomas W. Faulkner, Frank Kerling, Samuel Lowe.

THREE SEAMEN DROWNED.

A Schooner Sprang a Leak and Sank Sunday Night.

LORAIN, O., Oct. 14.—The schooner Nellie Duif, hailing from Detroit and bound for Pelee Island to Cleveland, loaded with gravel, sank two miles off the Lorain harbor shortly after midnight last night. A heavy sea was running and the schooner sprang a leak. Capt. Peterson and Seaman John Hagerman, both of Pomeroy, O., and an unknown sailor hailing from Cleveland, were drowned.

AGAINST FREE SILVER

THE FARMERS' NATIONAL CONGRESS NOW IN SESSION AT ATLANTA.

OPPOSED TO THE 16 TO 1 RATIO

A Resolution Adopted Asking Congress to Use Both Gold and Silver on a Parity and Calling for an International Monetary Conference--The President Asked to Call It--The 16 to 1 Amendment Defeated By a Vote of 251 to 104--The Beef Trust.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 14.—Soon after the Farmers' National Congress which met here last week and has been holding daily sessions since, resumed its sitting this morning, a sensation was sprung in the form of a fight on free silver which resulted in the complete defeat of the 16 to 1 forces.

By a vote of 251 9 14 to 104 5 14 the congress refused to insert the words "at a ratio not to exceed 16 to 1" in a resolution asking Congress to use both gold and silver on a parity and calling for an international conference on the monetary question.

The resolution was one which had just come from the committee on resolutions, and was reported favorably. It was offered by Mr. J. G. Offutt, a prominent delegate from Indiana.

In substance it deprecated the present condition on finance in this country, and called upon the President of the United States to call an international congress of all nations willing to unite in the equal use of both gold and silver.

Then the free silver delegates wanted the paragraph changed so as to read "willing to unite in the equal use of both gold and silver at a ratio not to exceed 16 to 1."

Numbers of delegates jumped to their feet and it was soon evident that the Congress was opposed to the amendment. The question was first put viva voce and the noes had it evidently. A vote by States was called for and resulted in the rejection of the amendment by a vote of 251 9-14 to 104 5-14.

Georgia's delegation was divided. The States, known as the silver States, favored the amendment, and the East, the North and the South voted almost solidly against it.

The fight was made squarely on the merits of the question, and the issue was in no way clouded with parliamentary technicalities. Those delegates, who favored the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1, voted for the amendment, and it was lost by a majority of 147.

The victory of the sound money element in the congress was emphasized later in the day when a resolution declaring opposition to the further issue of interest-bearing Treasury bonds or notes under any circumstances was lost.

A resolution favoring congressional enactment against the beef trust was adopted.

EDGECOMBE SUPERIOR COURT.

A River Steamer Now Being Built at Tarboro.

Special to the News and Observer.

TARBORO, N. C., Oct. 14.

Superior Court convened here to-day. Judge Boykin presides. This court is only for the trial of civil cases.

A telephone system will be put up in Tarboro in a few weeks now. A line has been erected between here and St. Lewis, a small village ten miles from town.

The Shiloh Oil Mills have about completed their new steamer. The hull is finished. This steamer will be launched on the first of November. It is ninety feet long, and the first steamer ever built at this place. The Confederates started two cruisers just across the river, during the late war, but they were burned before completion.

The tobacco market still continues to push forward with marked success. There are on the market now eight first-class buyers, who are paying the very best prices for tobacco.

THE DURRANT TRIAL.

Not Likely that it will be Resumed Before Next Monday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 14.—The trial of Theodore Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lamont did not go on this morning. Many of the jurors are business men and this being collection day the court adjourned until to-morrow. It is likely that the court will take a further adjournment to-morrow morning. Attorney Duprey, the leading counsel for the defense, is confined to his bed with rheumatism, and his associates will base this as a reason for continuance for several days. Although the court is known to be opposed to delays in this trial, it is believed, however, that he will grant the continuance. In that case the trial will not likely be resumed before next Monday. In the meantime Durrant remains in his cell, never leaving it for the customary exercising in the corridors. It is said that he is becoming exceedingly irritable. Since he finished his testimony in Judge Murphy's court the defendant has lost considerable vivacity, and instead of being careless and indifferent, he is serious and troubled.

Death of Bishop Durnford.

BASLE, Switzerland, Oct. 14.—The Right Rev. Richard Durnford, Bishop of Chichester, died here suddenly to-day, aged 93 years.