

## THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY NORTH CAROLINA DAILY.

### SENT FOR HIS LAWYERS

#### HOLMES AT LAST GROWSTIRED OF CONDUCTING HIS OWN CASE.

#### SOME SENSATIONAL EVIDENCE

Jeannette Pietzel, the daughter of the Dead Man, the first witness called --She Identified Several Pictures of Her Father--Eugene Smith Gives a Detailed Account of the Finding of Pietzel's Body--Says Holmes Offered to Pay \$30 to Have the Body Buried.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—It became apparent to-night that the picture and startling features of H. H. Holmes' career were not to be confined to his destructive wanderings over the American continent, for with each successive day comes something still more strange and unexpected.

Yesterday, he dismissed his counsel and began to try his own case because the court refused to grant the plea made by them for a continuance. They left the court in spite of Judge Arnold's threats to disbar them, and resolutely kept away. To-night, after fighting tooth and nail single handed against the tremendous machinery of the Commonwealth, and the apparently complete chain of evidence which has been forged around him, he threw up his hands and sent for his lawyers, Messrs. Shoemaker and Rotan. Then he told the court what he had done, and a reluctant consent to their conducting with the defense was given. There was an impression that this was but another piece of byplay following Holmes' personal failure to catch the sympathy of the court and jury by making himself out a much wronged man, forced to fight alone what may prove to be his last battle, in spite of his ignorance of the technicalities of the law and his alleged physical infirmity.

At 10 o'clock the jury was brought into the room and Judge Arnold, appearing a moment later, court was formally opened.

The day's proceedings were begun by District Attorney Graham, who arose and said to the court: "I desire to say to the court, in view of what was said last night before the adjournment of court, that the lady known as Miss Yoke and Mrs. Howard was sent for, saw the prisoner, and had ample opportunity for an interview with him."

This is the woman concerning whom there was a warm passage at arms last evening between Mr. Graham and Holmes, the latter declaring that the woman was his wife, and that Mr. Graham had done all in his power to separate them.

When Mr. Graham concluded Holmes said that he had only had a three-minute interview with the woman, and asked that it be renewed during the noon recess. His request was granted.

Jeannette Pietzel, "Dessa," the daughter of the dead man, was the first witness called. She is a slender, pale girl of about 17, and was neatly attired in dark gray. She was called merely to identify several large crayons of her father, which she did. John Townsend, a photographer employed in the detective service, and Wm. H. Rau, a private photographer, then identified the photograph of Holmes taken by them after his arrest.

Eugene Smith, who found Pietzel's body in a Callowhill street house on September 4th, 1894, then told a detailed story of his discovery, which has been already fully published. He had become acquainted with the dead man on August 23rd 1894, through business concerning patents which Pietzel was supposed to have held. He saw him several times during the following week. Witness drew a pack of papers from his pocket when he came to the cases, Holmes objected to his referring to them, unless they were in his own handwriting. Smith admitted that the papers had been "prepared" and the court sustained the objection.

Smith said that during his first visit to Pietzel, whom he knew by the name of Perry, Holmes came in and, after giving a nod or sign to Pietzel, went up stairs. A moment later Pietzel excused himself and followed him. He returned very shortly, but Holmes remained up stairs. The witness was present when the corpse of Pietzel was exhumed from the potter's field, and was there first introduced to Holmes' lawyer Howe, of St. Louis; Albee Pietzel, the young daughter, and the insurance officers were there. The body was recognized by the witness as Pietzel's. Holmes offered thirty dollars to have the corpse cremated, and asked how about it. The lawyer answered that the widow would have to be consulted. Holmes told the insurance people of the marks of identification and after the body had been dug up he pulled out a lance and cut a wart and other marks from the corpse.

At this time witness had recognized Holmes as the man he had seen go up stairs in the Callowhill street house.

Holmes on cross-examination asked a number of immaterial questions but showed much legal skill in their construction.

Dr. Wm. J. Scott was called, and at this juncture Holmes asked to have witnesses, except the one on the stand, excluded from the room.

Mr. Graham objected to this, and Judge Arnold upheld the District Attorney. Holmes asked for and was granted an exception to the ruling. Holmes compromised by asking that the witnesses connected

with the murder of Benjamin F. Pietzel be excluded. This was granted him, and as Holmes called out the names of these witnesses they left the room.

Not having a full list of the witnesses, however, he was suspicious that all had not left, and in spite of the District Attorney's protestations, he pressed the matter earnestly.

The examination of Dr. Scott was about to be resumed when the District Attorney arose and said to the court: "In view of the circumstances of the case and the evident desire to create sympathy for the prisoner, I mean as a matter of grace to him, because he is without counsel, to ask all the witnesses connected with any part of the case to retire. Were he represented by counsel I would fight such a proceeding at every step."

After the witness had left the room, Holmes asked if his wife was to be a witness.

"She is not in the court room," said the prosecution, "and I decline to say whether or not she will be a witness."

Dr. Scott was then permitted to tell his story, which concerned his having been called in to examine Pietzel's body, after its discovery. He explained the situation of the room and the arrangement of the windows so that the sun's rays would fall upon the corpse and hasten decomposition, together with the position of the burns on the body, the broken jar, pipe, etc. The doctor dwelt upon the discovery of chloroform in the stomach, and said large quantities of the drug had been used, and from the congested condition of the lungs and the empty heart, it was apparent that the man had met a sudden and violent death from chloroform poisoning.

At the end of Dr. Scott's examination the court took a recess from 11:10 to 2:30 o'clock.

When the court reconvened Dr. Scott was turned over to Holmes for cross-examination.

"Are you prepared to say," he asked, "that the decomposition of the body would not have occurred in a darkened room?"

"Yes, sir. Had it been in a cool, darkened room, putrefaction would not have come so quickly. Here it was in weather and the body so arranged in relation to the windows that the rays of the sun would fall upon it."

"Did you, at that time, express any opinion as to the length of time the man had been dead?"

"I said from all appearances he had been dead three or four days."

Holmes then subjected Dr. Scott to a lengthy and detailed examination touching the effects of chloroform, but obtained few answers that would tend to throw the balance in the slightest degree in his favor.

The calmness with which Holmes volubly exchanged technical terms and discussed chemical and medical possibilities with the doctor, was admirable.

At the conclusion of Dr. Scott's testimony, Dr. Wm. K. Mattern, coroner's physician, was called.

Dr. Mattern said he had made the post-mortem examination at the Morgue on September 4, and the conditions were the same as described by Dr. Scott. There had been paralysis of the heart, indicating sudden death, and evidences of chloroform in the stomach. The doctor unequivocally declared that death had been caused by chloroform poisoning. The cross-examination consumed nearly two hours and a half, and the great majority of the questions put by Holmes were entirely irrelevant.

Dr. Henry Leffmann, the well known analytical chemist, was the next witness. In answer to Mr. Graham's questions, he said it was impossible for a man to fix himself in an attitude as reposeful as that in which Pietzel's body was discovered, after having administered chloroform to himself.

Holmes merely asked a few questions on cross-examination, but reserved the right to call Dr. Leffmann as a witness for the defense after his (Holmes') testimony had been taken.

Before the court took a recess until 7 o'clock, Holmes made an appeal to the court to hold but two instead of three sessions a day, on the ground that his physical condition would not stand the strain.

Judge Arnold answered: "Well, we will hold a night session to-night."

The evening session began a few moments after 7 o'clock.

The taking of testimony was about to be resumed when Holmes, who could probably be more aptly called the "Arch actor," than anything else, arose in the dock and addressed the court, as said: "If your honor please, I have a request to make. In consequence of the severe physical strain to which I have been subjected and, also because of the criticism leveled against my former counsel, Messrs. Shoemaker and Rotan, I have, within the past half hour, sent for them and asked them to again assume charge of my defense. I should like to ask if the court will permit this?"

"Let them come in," said the judge.

A moment later the two counsellors, looking pale and worried, entered the court room and Mr. Rotan going up to the bar, was about to enter with an explanation, when Judge Arnold curiously interrupted with: "An apology is necessary. Go on with the case. The dock with its occupant was moved back to its former place, and Holmes counsel took seats at the desk. William Meebius, who, at the time of the murder, was employed as a bar tender at a saloon at 1322 Callowhill street, was called to tell of Pietzel's drinking habits.

Frederick Richards, who kept the saloon

### THEY MAY FIGHT YET

#### FITZSIMMONS IS EVEN NOW ON HIS WAY TO MEET CORBETT.

#### GOV. CLARKE IS WATCHING HIM

And Says He Will Stop it at All Hazards, Regardless of Place and Time When Attempted--But if Fitzsimmons Ever Reaches Hot Springs There Will Surely Be a Mill, Unless the Militia is Called Out--Vendig and Wheeler Arrested.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 29.—Fitzsimmons left Corpus Christi this morning through San Antonio for Hot Springs. A telegram from a reliable source at Hot Springs to a citizen here says: "Come at once, the fight is an assured thing."

Fitzsimmons Says He Will Fight.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 29.—Bob Fitzsimmons and party arrived here over the Arkansas Pass at 1:30 p. m., and left for Hot Springs over the I. & G. N., at 8 p. m.

Fitzsimmons was seen by an Associated Press representative immediately upon his arrival.

"I leave for Hot Springs to-night," said he. "I do not care if I am arrested, I am going there to fight. I'll fight in private or public; anyway suits me."

Fitzsimmons says he weighs 156 pounds now. He is looking well and says he is feeling fine. He is accompanied by his wife, Martin Stelzer, Ernest Roebber and Duncan G. Ross.

Locked in a Pullman.

TEXARKANA, Ark., Oct. 29.—Passengers on the Texas & Pacific Cannon Ball claim that Fitzsimmons was aboard the Pullman sleeper "Meredit" from San Antonio. The drawing room to that car was locked, and as it passed here the Pullman conductor refused to open it or say whether Fitzsimmons was in it or not.

Gov. Clarke is Watching Him.

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 29.—At noon Gov. Clarke received a telegram from Corpus Christi, announcing that Fitzsimmons left there at 8:30 o'clock, and that his destination was some point in Arkansas, but which was not revealed where his ticket was purchased. He took pains not to go via Texarkana. He will go to Hot Springs by way of Hoxie, and a telegram was sent to the authorities of that town to watch every train that passes there. The Governor sent out several inquiries to ascertain the movements of the slinger, and expects to find out the exact route he intends to take to reach Texarkana.

Will Stop it at All Hazards.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 29.—The following telegram was received at the office of the Associated Press in Chicago at noon. It reads as follows: "LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 29. "I intend to stop the fight at all hazards, regardless of place and time when attempted. In fact it is stopped now. (Signed) JAMES P. CLARKE."

Vendig and Wheeler Arrested.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 29.—Manager Jos. Vendig and Secretary Wheeler, of the Florida Athletic Club, were arrested this afternoon on warrants charging them with conspiring to commit a breach of the peace by aiding and abetting the Corbett and Fitzsimmons fight. Both were promptly released on bond. This is but another shrewd move to hold off the Attorney General who was preparing to have them arrested upon a similar charge and carried to Little Rock for trial. He tipped his hand and lost the game. If Fitzsimmons succeeds in getting here, there will be a "mill," unless the Governor should run in a squad of militia, which is not probable.

Corbett has already been arrested by local authorities and is at his training quarters hard at work being "guarded" by a deputy sheriff.

A BIG HERD OF CATTLE.

Mr. Doughton Driving Them to Charlotte for \$750.

SPECIAL TO THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

WILKESBORO, N. C., Oct. 29.

During the last week, one thousand beef cattle have passed here on the way to Charlotte, from A-be, Alleghany and Watauga. The owners of the cattle offered to give the Southern Railway Company \$750 to take them to Charlotte, but the railroad company asked \$1,000, so Mr. Doughton took the contract to drive them there for \$750.

Quite a number of Wilkes people are attending the Atlanta Exposition; among the number are two of the Gibbs triplets, who live in this county. The triplets will probably be on exhibition during the time they are at Atlanta.

WILL BE BURIED IN KENTUCKY.

Remains of Mrs. Eustis to be Sent to New York Thursday.

PARIS Oct. 29.—The remains of Mrs. James B. Eustis, wife of the United States Ambassador to France, who died near Rotoath, Ireland, on Saturday last, of heart failure following a severe cold, will be shipped on board the White Star Line steamer Majestic, when the steamer touches at Queenstown on next Thursday for conveyance to New York, and from there to Louisville, Ky., where they will be interred in the Eustis family plot in the Cave Hill Cemetery.

### THE COMMODORE RELEASED.

Judge Seymour Gave the Order at Newbern Court Yesterday. Special to the News and Observer.

NEWBERN, N. C., Oct. 29.—Judge Seymour, who is holding court here, today signed and delivered to Marshal Carroll his decree releasing the steamer Commodore and has instructed him to have the ship and cargo released at once.

A number of important cases in regard to alleged pension frauds are on the docket for trial this week. Both District Attorney Aycock and Assistant District Attorney Weil are present.

The Steamer Will Sail at Once.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 29.—The steamer Commodore and cargo seized some days ago with arms aboard, alleged to be for the use of Cuban insurgents, has been released by order of Judge Seymour, who is now holding a session of the United States District Court at Newbern, N. C. Capt. Dillon, of the Commodore, says that he will sail for Carthage, as soon as some repairs are completed. He probably will leave here not later than Friday night.

SETTLE MAY YET EAT CROW.

Evangelist File's Meeting Begins Next Sunday. Special to the News and Observer.

WINSTON, N. C., Oct. 29.—Solicitor Mott, of this district, passed through Winston to-night going to the Reidsville races. In speaking of the whereabouts of Congressman Settle, the solicitor said that Settle would have to eat a vast amount of crow in the Fifth district when the next campaign comes on. He thinks the Congressman is talking too much for his own political salvation.

Rev. Mr. Price, of Washington City, and Prof. Brown, of Atlanta, Evangelist File's assistants, arrived this afternoon. The Evangelist with his wife will be here Saturday. The meeting will be held in the Centenary Methodist church, and will begin Sunday night.

"PATRIOTISM AND PENSIONS."

Commissioner Lochren's Annual Report of the Pension Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Commissioner L. Lochren, of the Pension office, in his annual report, makes several pointed suggestions. Under the head "Patriotism and Pensions," he says: "Those men who enlisted early and fought the battles of the war were not moved by mercenary considerations, and unless actually disabled did not show the haste in applying for pensions manifested by those who enlisted near the close of the war for large bounties and did little actual service, and who are now the noisiest in clamoring for more pensions. As compared with this latter class the real soldiers of the war have been modest in preferring claims for pensions."

The commissioner says that many disreputable and incompetent men are engaged as pension attorneys and suggests that none but reputable members of the bar be allowed to practice in pension cases.

The report shows that the number of pensioners June 30, 1894, was 969,544; new pensioners added during the year, 39,185; dropped pensions re-tored, 4,206; deaths during the year, 27,816; dropped for other causes, 14,575; making a net increase of pensioners during the year of 86; pension claims allowed during the year 39,185; rejected 103,355; cash pending, \$3,210.

The appropriation for the year was \$150,000,000 and there was paid during the year \$138,807,338. The estimate for pensions for 1897 are \$140,000,000 for pension payments, \$800,000 for surgeon fees and \$450,000 for clerk hire at pension agencies and about \$200,000 for other expenses.

AGAINST WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The South Carolina Convention Defeated it by a Large Majority.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 29.—The convention today voted down the woman suffrage amendment by a most decisive vote of 121 to 26. The whole morning session was given up to the discussion of the question. George D. Tillman made a great speech in advocacy of the idea, claiming that by enfranchising women with a property qualification the white people could carry the elections by fair and honest methods and by no other way could they do it. He characterized the suffrage plan of Senator Tillman as a temporary fraudulent makeshift, which would not endure.

At the night session of the convention, Delegate Patton introduced a substitute suffrage plan basing the franchise upon military service, giving Confederate and Union soldiers and their descendants the right to vote regardless of educational or property qualifications, while these qualifications would apply to other voters. In speaking of the plan, he replied to the speeches of the colored delegates, and said the fact that they were elected to this convention was abundant proof that the negroes were not fit to exercise the suffrage. One of them (Smalls) had been convicted of bribe taking and another (Whipper) had been elected a judge and refused a commission by Governor Chamberlain because he was the dearest of all of the horde of corruptionists in dishonor.

Carlisle Decides to Vote.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 29.—Secretary Carlisle finally decided to go to Kentucky to vote, and left here for Covington, at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. He will register to-morrow, and will return to Washington as soon as he deposits his vote next Tuesday.

### IN AID OF ALMA MATER

#### MASS MEETING OF UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA ALUMNINI RICHMOND.

#### CALL FOR HELP TO ALL ALUMNI

Nearly \$8 000 Raised in the Meeting and Telegrams Received Suscribing \$3,000 More--An Organized Effort Will be Made to Secure Help for a Restoration of the Burned Buildings --A Call for aid to all Friends and Alumni of the Institution.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 29.—In response to a call, numbers of the most prominent citizens of Richmond gathered in the assembly hall of the Chamber of Commerce at 1 o'clock this afternoon to take steps towards raising a fund to replace the University of Virginia buildings. Judge George L. Christian called the meeting to order, and said that a more representative body of citizens had never assembled in Richmond. He nominated Gov. O'Ferrall as chairman, and the Governor was elected by acclamation.

Mr. John P. McGuire then read a resolution expressing the deep sorrow of Virginians at the loss and made a speech which moved many of his hearers to tears.

Speeches were made by Capt. W. Gordon McCabe, Rev. Dr. A. Goodwin, Prof. Harrison and Hoss. Wm. Lowenstein and J. Alston Cabel. The two last named gentlemen expressed the belief that the Legislature would be very liberal in its appropriation towards repairing the loss.

Mr. Joseph Bryan read an appeal to the Alumni which he had been requested to prepare and offered a resolution that the Secretary be instructed to transmit the appeal to other alumni associations.

Mr. Bryan made a practical speech in this connection, urging that the movement to raise funds must begin at home. He also read a telegram from friend pledging \$3 000 to the fund.

A telegram was received from Mr. Jackson Brandt subscribing \$250.

Capt. McCabe read a letter from a widow requesting that the subscription list be opened to women and children.

Blanks were then passed around and the sum of \$7,930 raised. Among the largest subscriptions was one of \$3 0 0 from the Misses Stewart and \$1,000 from Mr. Joseph Bryan.

Resolutions were adopted deeply deploring the destruction of the old monuments, so dear to the heart of the Commonwealth, and declaring that though the tabernacle be dissolved, the soul of the University still survives and will survive; and a renewed dwelling, a worthy habitation, must at once be provided.

All those present pledged themselves to secure material aid for this restoration of the buildings and all friends and alumni of the University were asked to pursue a similar course.

"The most generous contributions to the University have been made by large hearted, broad minded men who never enjoyed the blessings of her institutions but who appreciated the inestimable benefits it could bestow. To such men we now turn and show the ruin and ashes of our alma mater. We venture to suggest to all who desire to participate in this sweet and honorable work of restoration to declare their purpose promptly to the local associations of the alumni or to the chairman of the faculty of the University, and we request the chairman of the faculty to give out for publication the names of contributors and the amounts that a roll of honor may be made, and that a generous and noble rivalry may excite patriotism and stimulate liberality; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That each newspaper throughout the Commonwealth be requested to receive a subscription from the people for the purpose of repairing the ravages of fire and restoring the University of Virginia to an enlarged sphere of usefulness, an appeal to be made to each individual for such contribution as may be afforded, whether large or small, and the funds collected to be paid over to the rector and visitors of the University of Virginia for the uses of that institution in its hour of need."

The Medical Class Contributes.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, Va., Oct. 29.—The medical class of the University of Virginia held a meeting this afternoon and adopted resolutions pledging to contribute \$1,000 towards securing another copy of the painting, "School of Athens." A committee was appointed to solicit funds. The Richard Lee papers, thought to have been burned, have been found. Nearly all the portraits in the library were saved. The rotunda and wings will be rebuilt as nearly as possible as Jefferson left them, but fire proof. The annex will not be rebuilt. The origin of the fire is still a mystery. The full amount of insurance will be paid, the donors coming here to-morrow. Tenders of financial aid are still pouring in.

Young Williams May Die.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, Va., Oct. 29.—Lloyd Williams, the medical student from Norfolk, who was overcome by heat at the University here, is in a precarious condition and grave fears are entertained as to the result. The local alumni to-day started a movement to aid Williams. He is from North Carolina.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Oct. 29.—John Kelley, a prominent citizen of Lynchburg, died in the police court here today. He was defendant in a suit and leaned forward to ask his counsel a question. He fell upon the floor and when picked up was dead.

### RUSHING TO REIDSVILLE.

Lovers of Sport are Already Arriving to see Gentry and Patchen. Special to the News and Observer.

REIDSVILLE, N. C., Oct. 29.

Horsemen and devotees of the turf are arriving by every train to witness the great race on Thursday. We are going to have a great crowd and a phenomenal race and Thursday will be a red letter day for Reidsville. Mr. Scott will drive Gentry. He knows better than any one else perhaps that Gentry has in him a two minute mile, and would like to have his great horse lower his record in his own State. Curry comes to bear away the laurels, if possible.

Let everybody come and see what may be the fastest mile ever made in harness.

THE RUSSO-CHINA TREATY.

Officially Denied That There Was a Secret Compact Made.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Russian Embassy announced this evening that it has received an official telegram from St. Petersburg completely denying the stories from Hong Kong to the Times and Globe about the alleged secret treaty between China and Russia, by which the latter was said to have been granted extraordinary concessions.

The Russian officials here add that the visit of Prince Wong Chi Chuan to St. Petersburg, about which so much has been said recently, was solely undertaken with the object of congratulating the Czar upon his accession to the throne.

In regard to the anchoring of a Russian fleet at Port Arthur, the Russian Embassy is not aware that Russia claims any rights beyond those of other powers, and it is stated that no Russian war ships will be permanently stationed at Port Arthur.

Seeking a Pretext for War.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 29.—The Novoye Vremya publishes a dispatch from Vladivostok, saying that the British squadron of warships in the waters of the Far East should be concentrated at Fu-Chang and adds: "Great Britain is zealously seeking a pretext for declaring war upon China, in order to counteract the successes of Russia and restore her shattered prestige in the Pacific."

THE DURRANT CASE CLOSED.

A Great Crowd Fight for Admission to the Court Room.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 29.—The closeness of the arguments for the defense in the trial of Theodore Durrant today was marked by the greatest crowd that ever fought for a mission to a murder trial in this city. The sheriff and his deputies were not able to control the mob and a requisition was made on the chief of police for a squad of 20 men.

The afternoon session of the court was several times interrupted by the shouts of officers and cries of women. At last the court ordered the sheriff to arrest every person who refused to leave the building.

The crowd was finally dispersed without the necessity of making any arrests.

THIRTEEN PROBABLY KILLED.

A House Wrecked by Explosion of Escaping Gas.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—An explosion, supposed to have been caused by escaping gas, wrecked a house, reducing it to atoms, on New Church Court, Strand, this evening. Thirteen persons are believed to have been killed and many were injured by the collapse of the house. The building consisted of three floors and its tenants were mostly Covent Garden market porters.

Two Murderers Electrocuted.

DANMORRA, N. Y., Oct. 29.—At noon today, for the second time in the history of this State, two murderers paid the penalty of their crimes on the same day and before the same set of witnesses. George H. Smith, who murdered Philip Richmond, at Albany, and Charles N. Davis, who outraged and killed six-year-old Maggie Shannon at Cohoes, were executed in the electric chair at Clinton prison. The executions were only a few minutes apart and were conducted without any sensational features.

Armenians and Turks Fighting.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 29.—The Turkish troops and the Armenians have been fighting for three days near Marash. No details of the disturbance have been received here. A number of the Angora Railway officials, including some German and British subjects, have been captured by brigands at Iilghun.

To Mark Washington's Birthplace.

WAKEFIELD, Va., Oct. 29.—W. J. Crawford, of Buffalo, N. Y., contractor for the erection of a monument to mark the birthplace of Washington, at this place, says the dedication exercises probably will be held in June. The monument is expected to be in position next February.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland yesterday removed from the White House to Woodley, their fall home.

Hon. James G. Broadhead, United States Minister to Switzerland, will present to President Frey, his letters of recall on Thursday.

A deputy yesterday served the writ sworn against James J. Van Alen by Col. Samuel R. Colt for the alleged alienation of the affections of the wife of Col. Colt, and bail in the sum of \$200,000 was furnished.