

# The News and Observer.

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RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 15, 1898.

PRICE OF COPY FIVE CENTS.

## Leads all Other North Carolina Dailies in Both News and Circulation.

### SUCCEEDS De LOME

#### Senor Luis Polo Bernabe to Be Minister.

### LEE HAS NOT RESIGNED

#### REPORTS AGAIN DENIED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

### WOODFORD'S LETTER NOT MADE PUBLIC

#### Rumors of Prosecution for Theft of De Lome Letter Not Confirmed - Duke D'Arcos in Washington Causes Comment as to the Minister.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Actuated by a sense of honor and a strict idea of justice, the State Department has taken steps to place in the hands of Senor Canalejas, to whom the letter was addressed, the epistle written by Senor Dupuy De Lome, which led to the resignation of the Minister. The transaction is explained in the following brief statement given out to-night by the State Department:

"Recognizing that the legal ownership of the De Lome letter is in Mr. Canalejas, and his agent and attorney, Mr. Carlisle, having presented proper authority to receive the same, the letter was delivered to him to-day."

As explained in this statement, Mr. Carlisle was fully authorized to apply for and receive the letter, having the cable authorization from Senor Canalejas. In the view of the State Department the letter was a stolen document and, like any other piece of property, it should upon application, be delivered to its rightful owner. There was no other course left open for in the United States as in all other countries, having a code of laws, a letter becomes the sole property of the person for whom it is addressed immediately it starts on its way from the sender. Even the latter cannot obtain possession of it without the consent of the person addressed; the limit of his powers legally being in certain cases to stop the delivery of the paper. This letter has beside already served all the uses for which it might have been applied by our government, and there are in existence fac simile copies of the paper that are so surely authenticated as to leave no legal doubt of their accuracy.

There remains now only the closing chapter of the incident to be written for the end is already in sight. Notwithstanding all that has been said in the press about demands on the Spanish for the apologies or the retraction of the disagreeable things said by Senor Dupuy De Lome in his letter, it can be positively stated that at no time since the publication of the letter has the State Department taken any such course. Instead it has relied entirely upon the sense of propriety of the Spanish government to do all that was proper and needful to wipe out the unpleasant impression produced by these statements and it can now be said that this course has been fully justified and that the Spanish Cabinet, now being aware of the full text of the letter, is expected within a day or two, to make such disclaimer of the letter as is required by the circumstances.

To-night the State Department received official notice from Madrid of the selection of Senor Luis Polo Bernabe as United States Minister to succeed Senor Dupuy De Lome.

The State Department to-day official denied reports alleging that General Fitzhugh Lee, Consul General to Cuba, had tendered his resignation.

It can be stated also that, while details not obtainable, matters regarding the De Lome incident have assumed such shape that an early and entirely satisfactory adjustment of the affair between the United States and Spain is confidently expected by the State Department.

The officials of the State Department still maintain their reticence as to the contents of the cablegram from Minister Woodford received late Saturday night. It may be said that all statements so far made as to the nature of this dispatch are speculative. The message was not deciphered until well along in the afternoon of yesterday and then it passed into the hands of Assistant Secretary Day and the President in turn, who have been the only persons in Washington, save the employees who unraveled the cipher, to see the dispatch up to this time. No answer has been made as yet to Mr. Woodford's message and it is by no means that an answer will be required.

Senor Du Bosc, the Spanish Charge D' Affaires, was one of the early callers at the State Department and this naturally led to conjecture that his visit was in connection with the De Lome incident. It is stated positively, however, that the incident was not referred to, but that the call had to do with other pending Spanish affairs. Everything relating to the De Lome letter thus far has taken place at Madrid through Minister Woodford. Owing to the presence in Washington of Duke D'Arcos, late Spanish Minister to Mexico, now on leave, it was felt that he would be named as Minister in order that a speedy adjustment might be effected.

It is understood that up to the present time no official intimation of the appointment of Duke D'Arcos has come to Washington. He has had large experience in Spain's diplomatic service, and in 1876, was first secretary of the Spanish legation here. His wife is an American.

The Duke D'Arcos was seen today by

a representative of the Associated Press and said that he had no information whatever as to the consideration of his name for the Washington post, beyond what he had seen in the newspapers. He had just returned from the post in Mexico, and was looking forward to a period of rest in Europe.

The Spanish legation has received no intimation as to the name of the next minister.

Calderon Carlisle, counselor for the Spanish legation was another caller at the State Department today. It was understood, however, that he is at present acting not so much as the legal representative of Spain as the private counsel of Senor Canalejas, to whom the De Lome letter was addressed, and who desires to secure possession of it.

There was a rumor that Mr. Carlisle's visit had relation to prosecutions for the theft of the De Lome letter, but it was stated later by those fully conversant with the facts that no move toward the prosecution of those connected with the taking of the De Lome letter had been made or was at present in contemplation. It is said that if the loss had occurred while the letter was in the United States mails, then the usual prosecutions by the postal authorities might occur, but in the present case there is no trace as to the point where the letter was abstracted, and such evidence as is at hand goes to show that the letter was taken after it left the United States mails, and was in the hands of the Spanish authorities.

A Spanish legation to-day, an official memorandum was given out showing the number of insurgent leaders who had surrendered during the last month was as follows:

January 7.—Lieutenant Colonel Sholo, with a captain, two lieutenants and twenty men; January 8.—Commandant Nunez, with two officials and five armed men; January 13.—Col. Juan Lopez Marin and two men, also Lieutenant Colonel Sanabria, and two men; January 14.—Col. Cepero and his nephew; January 20.—General Juan Maso Para, accompanied by Lieutenant Colonel Ferrer, Hernandez, Commandants Quesada, Leo, Gomez, Captain Cabrera, five lieutenants and 110 men; January 21.—Tello Jimenez secretary of the municipality of Vuelta, with five armed men; January 22, Augustin Roman and five armed men from the squadron of Maximino Gomez; January 28.—Col. Miguel Torres, Senor Dupuy De Lome has about completed his arrangements for leaving the United States. His present plans are to leave Washington to-morrow night, sailing from New York Wednesday on the English liner which goes to Liverpool. He has not been commanded to go to Madrid, and unless this order comes he will proceed from Liverpool to the continent for a quiet rest, and then go to his home near Valencia.

### THE NEW SPANISH MINISTER.

Madrid, Feb. 14.—The Cabinet met at five o'clock this afternoon and discussed the present state of the war in Cuba and the De Lome matter at great length.

It was decided to publish a decree accepting the resignation of Senor Dupuy De Lome as Minister at Washington and appointing Senor Luis Polo Bernabe as his successor.

A decree will also be issued convening the chambers before the end of this month, so as to enable the election of the new Cortes to occur on March 20.

Senor Gullon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, informed the Cabinet that United States Minister Woodford had just handed him a note referring to Senor Dupuy De Lome's letter and to the meaning of several paragraphs in it.

Senor Luis Polo Bernabe whose appointment as the successor of Dupuy De Lome was foreshadowed last Friday in an exclusive dispatch to the Associated Press, is a son of Vice Admiral Polo, who formerly represented Spain in this country. Senor Bernabe is now engaged in a special department of the Foreign Ministry at Madrid dealing with commercial matters and consulates.

### T. L. RESIGNATION SUFFICIENT.

Madrid, Feb. 14.—El Liberal commenting on the De Lome letter, says it was a private document of which the government misunderstood the text. It is semi-officially stated that official claims cannot be founded on a private letter, that Spain acted rightly in accepting the resignation of Senor Dupuy De Lome and that the Ministers declare that any claims whatever, are inadmissible.

### MR. LEWIS'S RESOLUTION.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The resolution of Representative Lewis, of Washington, demanding Minister De Lome's recall, was introduced in the House today.

### INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.

Balfour Says He Would be Glad to See Such a Result.

London, Feb. 14.—Replying to a question of Mr. Field, Parnell member for the St. Patrick's division, of Dublin, in the House of Commons today, as to whether the government intended to cooperate in promoting an international conference to consider the currency question, Mr. Balfour, first Lord of the Treasury, and government leader, said he was happy to say the government would be very glad to see an international agreement regarding currency, but that he had nothing to add to the information already in the possession of the House.

### REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

Representative Babcock Made Chairman for the Third Time.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The Republican Congressional Campaign committee met to-night in the lobby of the House and after perfecting organization went into a brief discussion of party issues. Representative Joseph W. Babcock, of Wisconsin, for their third time was honored with the chairmanship of the committee.

### PEARSON FOR FUSION

#### SHOWS HOW THE REPUBLICANS SUFFERED FROM FUSION.

#### And Then Concludes With His Usual Rattle-Brained Logic That There Should Be Fusion Again.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—In the opinion of Congressman Richmond Pearson, the only salvation for the Republicans in North Carolina, is to again fuse with the Republicans in the forth coming congressional election. Speaking on this subject to your correspondent, Mr. Pearson said that in '96 the Republicans gave the Populist candidate for Congress, 76,000 out of a total vote of 99,000, every one of whom was elected by Republican votes, and would have been defeated without their votes.

Mr. Pearson said that in exchange for the 76,000 Republican votes, the Populists gave him 120 votes and Settle none, and probably none for White, while Linney received 1,450, making 1,570 in exchange for 76,000 votes. Mr. Pearson says the Republicans in the First district will support Skinner for re-election, but the other Populists will be re-elected unless there is co-operation with the Republicans. And unless there is such co-operation, Mr. Pearson says there will be a substitution of Democrats for the Populists now in Congress.

The member from the Ninth district does not say that there will be co-operation, but he intimates very strongly that unless the Populists deal again with the Republicans the Democrats will capture the State, and overturn the election laws passed by the last legislature, as well as the laws of county government.

### FILIBUSTER DAUNTLESS.

#### Leaves Savannah With Arms for the Insurgents.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The officials of the Treasury Department have received information through Spanish sources, that the suspected filibuster, Dauntless has succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the government officials at the harbor to sea. The Dauntless is said to have a cargo of arms, ammunition and other supplies intended for the Cuban insurgents. The Treasury Department has notified the customs officials and revenue cutters along the coast to be on the alert and detain the supposed filibuster if possible.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 14.—The tug Dauntless left Savannah yesterday morning, loaded with sixty tons of coal. It is rumored that she will meet another vessel off Tampa.

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 14.—A special to the Times-Union and Citizen from Fernandina, Fla., says:

A tug, supposed to be the Dauntless, slipped up to the steamer wharf here at 10:30 last night and proceeded at once to take on boxes and supplies supposed to be ammunition. About midnight seventy Cubans arrived by special train and immediately went aboard. Colonel Nunez was in charge. A full supply of coal was also taken aboard and she went to sea at 2:30 p. m.

The deputy collectors' houses were both closely watched to prevent interference from them.

A special to the same paper from Tampa, Fla., says:

The Cuban expedition that left here is now safely at sea and will join the expedition that left Fernandina on the Dauntless. All the facts were verified and there is no doubt as to the truth of the story.

### THEY WILL KEEP COOL.

#### Rocky Mount has Two Newly Incorporated Ice Factories.

Rocky Mount, N. C., Feb. 14.—(Special)—Rocky Mount proposes to keep things cool this summer. I have it on the best of authority that two ice plants will be put in right away. One plant will have the capacity of 12 tons per day. The incorporators of this company are Jno. S. Armstrong and W. E. Worth, of Wilmington, and J. W. Hines, of Rocky Mount. Twelve thousand dollars is the amount of the capital stock.

The other plant will have a capacity of twenty tons per day, and will be incorporated as the Rocky Mount Ice and Electric Light Company. This capital stock is \$25,000. I am told that most all of the prominent business men and citizens of the town have subscribed for stock, and that the stock will be increased to \$40,000 with the intention of putting in an electric plant to light the town. S. R. Carrington and L. H. Simmons, of Durham, are interested in this company.

I am told that there will be two more tobacco firms certainly and probably more to locate here next season. Several new large leaf factories will be erected. The tobacco men here tell me this has been the most successful season since the market was first established. From 8 to 9 million pounds have been sold up to this time. The average price has been from 8 1/2 to 9 cents.

The fact that the Atlantic Coast Line bought a track of land near their shops at South Rocky Mount a few weeks ago is significant. It is believed that they propose to greatly enlarge their works here.

### MR. PETTIGREW'S SUMMING UP.

#### The Dakota Senator Continues His Argument Against Hawaiian Annexation.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The Senate devoted almost four hours in executive session to-day to the consideration of the Hawaiian treaty. The principal speech was made by Senator Pettigrew, of Wisconsin, for their third time was honored with the chairmanship of the committee.

### "PARODY ON JUSTICE"

#### THE ESTERHAZY COURT MARTIAL IS TERMED BY M. GUYOT.

#### Esterhazy a Man of Straw--Mob Quieting Down Zola Allowed to Leave in Silence.

Paris, Feb. 14.—When the trial of Mm Zola and Perreux was resumed at the Assize court of the Seine today, M. Jaures, the Socialist member of the Chamber of Deputies, was recalled. He reiterated his belief in the culpability of Major Esterhazy.

The examination of M. Bertillon, the handwriting expert, was then resumed. He said he thought it impossible to ask the Minister for War for the incriminating documents seized at the residence of Dreyfus in 1894, which, according to the testimony of the witness on Saturday last, would enable him to prove that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau.

M. Laborie, counsel for M. Zola, thereupon protested and twitted M. Bertillon with being unwilling to testify in court, while giving interviews to the newspapers.

M. Bertillon said the interviews were false. Being pressed by M. Laborie to explain how, unless he had seen the secret documents, he was able to prove at the court martial that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau, M. Bertillon answered that he could not explain without documents which were no longer in his possession. This statement caused a sensation in court and M. Laborie demanded that the advocate general compel the witness to reply. To this request the advocate general made no answer.

Finally M. Bertillon, who persisted in not answering questions, left the witness stand amidst considerable uproar, M. Laborie remarking:

"And that is the man upon whose evidence Dreyfus was convicted."

Dupuy Hubbard deposed that his cousin, M. Bertillon, had always affirmed to him that Dreyfus was the culprit; that he had not seen the handwriting of Comte Esterhazy, who was a man of straw put forward by the Jews, and that a revision of the Dreyfus trial would lead to social revolution.

M. Yves Guyot, the former Minister of Public Works, testified that the Esterhazy court martial was a "parody on justice" (dixentement in court.) The further statement of M. Guyot that the inner circles of foreign governments were fully cognizant of all that occurred at the Esterhazy court martial caused a renewed sensation.

Later, M. Guyot expressed the opinion that the government commissioner who prosecuted Major Esterhazy was far more like counsel for the defense than the prosecutor.

M. Teyssanierres, another handwriting expert, testified to identifying the handwriting of the bordereau as that of Dreyfus. He added that the facsimile had been blurred, so as to make it resemble Esterhazy's.

Later the witness created a sensation by testifying that friends of Dreyfus had approached him and had hinted that it might be worth 100,000 to 200,000 francs if he moderated his views favorably to Dreyfus.

The court adjourned after calling a number of other experts in handwriting, several of whom refused to testify on the ground of professional secrecy.

M. Peltier, one of the experts, read a summary of his report, which held that the bordereau might have been written either by Dreyfus or Esterhazy.

Other experts concurred in the statement that expert testimony is never absolutely infallible.

The crowd outside the court was much calmer today. Few people cheered the officers, and M. Zola was allowed to leave in silence.

### NORTHERN MILLS SUFFER.

#### While the Mills in Georgia Pay—Massachusetts Will Extend Georgie Business.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 14.—The annual meeting of the Massachusetts Cotton Mill of Lowell was held to-day at the office of the Treasurer. The annual meeting of the Massachusetts in Georgia was also held.

Reports on the year's business of the two mills was reported. These stated that the mills in Lowell, in common with other Northern manufacturers of cotton goods, had suffered from the depressed condition of the cotton goods market and low prices, which were below what many classes of goods could be produced for under the rate of wages obtaining in Massachusetts. On the other hand, the plant in Georgia, making goods similar to those made in Lowell, and obtaining the same prices, had been able to return a fair profit, owing to the lower cost of manufacture, due to cheaper wages, longer hours, lower taxation and lower cost of power. Influenced by these results, the following vote was passed unanimously by the stockholders:

In view of the fact that certain products of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills at Lowell can be produced at the Mill in Lindale, Ga., for a lower cost than they can be produced at Lowell, it is therefore voted that the directors be instructed to consider the possibility of an extension of the business in Georgia and report thereon at some future meeting of the corporation.

### ARMS FOR CUBANS.

#### More Filibustering Expeditions Preparing to Get Under Way.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 14.—It was announced today in Cuban circles in the city that a cargo of arms and ammunition was successfully shipped on a tug boat late on Saturday night from a point on the Delaware river below Wilmington, Delaware. The cargo is reported to have consisted of 100,000 rounds of cartridges and about 500 rifles. The tug boat is said to have been one of seven out in the night from various points along the coast with orders to rendezvous at a point off the Atlantic coast, beyond the jurisdiction of the United States government and there to transfer their cargoes to a steamer.

The vessel said to have been used was a small, but fast tug boat which steamed from the upper Delaware river to Wilmington. At a number of points along the Delaware shore men were stationed with small skiffs, and supplies of war munitions of such bulk as not to attract attention. When darkness had fallen a signal was given from the tug boat, and at intervals the skiff propelled by muffled oars, shot out from the shore, and in a short time the cargo was placed on board the small boat returned to the shore. The work was done under direction of a prominent Cuban of this city. When he arrived here today and made the result of the work known, he said:

"The De Lome affair has been a great thing for us. We have been preparing for several days for this venture, and we believe it will be the best yet sent out in point of value. The Junta believes it is safer to send small lots in the manner we did on Saturday night. The expedition consists entirely of arms and ammunition, and no men will be sent on the steamer that was assigned to meet the tugs."

For obvious reasons he declined to say where the tugs were to meet the steamer until he felt assured she had gotten away safely.

### CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

#### The Democrats Elect the Remainder of Their Officers—A Silver Resolution.

Washington, Feb. 14.—At a meeting of the Democratic Congressional Campaign committee to-night the following officers were elected, Senator White having been chosen chairman some time ago:

Governor Osborn, of Wyoming, vice-chairman; James Kerr, Pennsylvania, Secretary; Judge W. B. Fleming, Kentucky, first assistant secretary; Joseph Ohl, Georgia, second assistant secretary.

The committee, before adjourning adopted the following resolution presented by Senator Jones:

In the opinion of this committee there should be the most earnest and hearty co-operation between the various friends of limited liability as defined by the Chicago platform and they should use every honest and legitimate means to propagate this sentiment and to unite in its support the voters of every party opposed to the gold standard.

### A DISAVOWAL FROM SPAIN.

#### Demand Made by Minister Woodford, but Spain Considers Resignation Sufficient.

Madrid, Feb. 14.—The note from Minister Woodford demanded that Spain should formally disavow the insults to President McKinley, contained in Senor Dupuy De Lome's letter to Senor Canalejas.

The Cabinet Council to-day, it is reported, decided unanimously to reply to Minister Woodford that Senor De Lome's spontaneous resignation and the terms of the decree accepting it were considered sufficient satisfaction. It is understood that Minister Woodford received this intimation and despatched a long cipher telegram to Washington.

### OXFORD NEWS NOTES.

Oxford, N. C., Feb. 14.—(Special)—Mrs. Eugene Crews who has been quite sick for two weeks at her home on Broad street, in Oxford, was attacked with congestion of the brain and is rapidly sinking this morning. Mrs. Crews was Mill Sweat, of Suffolk, Va., and filled the position of teacher in the Oxford Orphan Asylum at the time of her marriage to Mr. Crews.

Another sad case in this place that of Mr. R. L. Pool, a young man who was employed as clerk in the store of R. L. Usry in Oxford, has been ill for about ten days with pneumonia and this morning is hopelessly ill and not expected to live through the day. He was from Clarksville, Va., and his two sisters from that place are in attendance at his bedside.

Rev. Mr. McElway, of Fayetteville, preached in the Presbyterian church in Oxford Sunday night.

### DEATH OF MRS. E. T. CREWS.

Mrs. Eugene T. Crews, wife of one of the prominent citizens of Oxford, died at her home to-day.

### "KID McCROY SUE FOR DIVORCE.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Hamilton, Ohio, says:

It has just developed in this city that on January 8, Charlotte Selby filed a petition for divorce in the Common Pleas court against her husband, Norman Selby. The defendant is known to the world as Charles (Kid) McCoy, the pugilist. The grounds alleged as unfaithfulness and alimony is asked for in addition to the divorce. No defense has yet been made.

### MONTGOMERY BOUND FOR CUBA.

Kingston, Jamaica, (via Bermuda) February 14.—The United States cruiser Montgomery sailed from Port Au Prince late last night under cipher orders received from Washington. It is believed that her destination is Havana.

### ON SILVER'S MISSION

#### Senators Butler and Dubois Go to Minneapolis.

### BRYAN WILL BE THERE

#### TO UNITE ALL SILVER FORCES IN FUTURE ELECTIONS.

#### ALL PARTIES FOR A COMMON END

#### Part of General Movement Inaugurated in Washington by Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans—Much Interest Felt in Success of Mission.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Senator Marlon Butler, chairman of the Populist National committee, and ex-Senator Dubois left to-day for Minneapolis to attend the meeting of the Minnesota Populists to be held there Wednesday. The purpose of their attendance is to try to induce the meeting to pronounce in favor of unity of action by all the silver forces in the elections of the future regardless of the political affiliations of candidates. This is a part of the general movement which has been inaugurated here by the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans looking to a unification of forces and much interest is felt in the success of the mission of Messrs. Butler and Dubois. Congressman Hartman will go to Minneapolis to-night on the same mission.

### BRYAN WILL BE THERE.

#### Will be Present at the Silver Conference at Minneapolis.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Lincoln, Neb., says:

Hon. William Jennings Bryan left to-day for Minneapolis, to be present at the conference of leading silver advocates of the Northwest.

The conference will continue three days. Senator Marlon Butler, chairman of the Populist National Central committee, Hartman, of Montana and many other leading silver advocates will be present. It is said the conference will be secret and the plans for the fall campaign in the various States will be theme. Mr. Bryan was urged to be present by a large number of the statesmen who intended going.

### A SET BACK FOR EWART.

#### Both Pritchard and Butler Join in a Request for Postponement.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—At the request of both Senators Butler and Pritchard, the Senate Committee on Judiciary today again postponed consideration of the nomination of Mr. Ewart to be judge of the Western district of North Carolina.

### FAVORABLE FOR EWART.

Washington, Feb. 14.—(Special)—Senator Butler was absent to-day having gone to Minneapolis and in consequence of that fact the nomination of Judge Ewart again went over. This does not mean that the judge will not be confirmed. The judge has many friends on the Judiciary committee who are looking after his interests.

### FUNERAL OF MR. GARVEY.

#### He Died From a Cut Received Under an Attack of Epilepsy.

Rocky Mount, N. C., Feb. 14.—(Special)—The body of Mr. Arthur Garvey, who was found dead in Murphy's Hotel, in Richmond, Va., on Saturday in a pool of blood, was brought to this place for interment. He had gone to Richmond to buy a stock of groceries. Nobody knows how he died, but the accepted theory is that he died while suffering from an attack of epilepsy. He is supposed to have risen from his bed, and overcome by a fit fell against the window pane in his room and received a cut on the head from which he died. About three months ago he had an attack somewhat similar which came very near resulting fatally. Mr. Garvey had many friends here.

### VON DER AHE'S KIDNAPPING.

#### Brings Suit in the Sum of \$50,000 Damages.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14.—Some time ago Mark Baldwin, the baseball pitcher filed a suit in the St. Louis circuit court to secure the payment of the judgment secured against Chris Von Der Ahe in Pittsburg. This afternoon Von Der Ahe filed an amended answer, claiming \$50,000 damages for being removed from the State of Missouri against his will.

The kidnaping of Von der Ahe, was brought officially before the St. Louis grand jury today and a report on it will be made later.

### PREPARING FOR WAR.

#### Great Activity in the Reading Steel Works.

Reading Pa., Feb. 14.—The Carpenter Steel Company of this city is working on double turn with a full force of 250 men and there is a report that it has received an order from the Navy Department for 27,000 steel projectiles, ranging in weight from 480 to 1,080 pounds each. Everybody connected with the work prescribes great secrecy but recent large shipments show that projectiles are being turned out in large quantities.