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RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 16, 1899.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

AND GIRGULATION. LEADS ALL NORTH CAROLINA DAILIES IN NEWS

In Favor of The Wilsons

COMMITTEE SAYS THEY HAVE DONE NOTHING IMPROPER.

Attempt to Reinstate the Wilsons at Once United States would not have Jared to use such language toward Germany "At the annual Congress of the Agrarian At the annual Congress of the Agrarian Congr Failed and the Matter Was Made a Special Order for Next Tuesday.

Yesterday, for the first time this ses gerous ground-this insistance on immesion, the House and Senate held a joint diate adoption of the report. Mr. Patterson, of Caldwell, disclaimed

The purpose of their coming together any intention on the part of the commit-

was the election of a Board of Internal Improvements, as provided for in an act passed a week ago.

This done, it was announced that the special committee appointed to investigate the suspension of the Wilstone from the office of Railroad Commissioner had been completed and was ready to be presented.

To hear this the joint session was continued, lasting altogether for nearly two road through this report.

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tinued, lasting altogether for nearly two road through this report."

Mr. Moore, of Jackson, proposed to

The committee report was presented stand by the committee and he wanted by Senator Osborne, who asked that it to repeat his belief that members were At the conclusion of the reading of the report (which is given below), Sena-tor Ward moved that 500 copies be printed, and consideration of the report (which is given below), Sena-tor Ward whether his motion proprinted, and consideration of the report vided for printing the testimony.

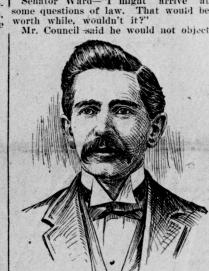
Senator Ward whether his motion provided for printing the testimony.

Senator Ward whether his motion provided for printing the testimony.

Mr. Council, Off Watauga, inquired of Senator Ward whether his motion provided for printing the testimony.

on, the two Houses being in joint ses-Senator Justice thereupon sent for-

ward a resolution which provided: (1), That the report of the committe be



SENATOR A. A. HICKS.

More Interested in Wilson Matter than Any Other Excent

White Supremacy.

Senator Ward's motion to print the evi-

ence was now before the House. Mr. Foushee, of Durham, amended it

"No, no," protested Senator Osborne,

and must take the committee report on

Mr. Julian, of Rowan, didn't believe

adopt the report as a matter of conse-science they had as well do so at once,

sonal investigation of the law and facts,

this was the only way to do it.
"The people are more interested in this matter than in any other, except

Senator Osborne again told of the im-

mense size of the book it would make.

Mr. Craig—"Was there much dispute

Senator Osborne-"No sir. There are

parts of it to anyone desiring to inves-

Over 100 pages

worth nothing at all. I'm unwilling for

Senator Travis said nine-tenths of the

opinion he would hesitate to assert it.

lost, but the motion to print the report

day at noon, to consider the report.

THE WILSON'S.

The following is the full text of the

TEE IN RE THE RAILROAD COM-

The joint committee appointed to in-

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

The motion to print the evidence was

said, and even if he held

This ended the debate.

MISSION MATTER.

White Supremacy.'

tigate it.

vided for printing the testimony.
Senator Ward—"It does not."
Mr. Council—"Then how are you go

ing to arrive at questions of facts?"

Senator Ward—"I might arrive at

MR. J. O. CARR, OF DUPLIN. Member of the Wilson Investigating Granville's Senator Says the People

adopted; (2), that J. W. Wilson be not removed from his office; (3), and S. White Supremacy.

Otho Wilson be not removed from his to postponement if members wanted it.

sage of that resolution, but I want it considered whenever the report is put upon its adoption," said Senator Jus-

Mr. Moore, of Jackson, was thirsting to include also the printing of the testifor just such resodlutions. He had heard of this Wilson business until he was sick of it. He wanted to adopt the report and be through with the whole thing. The House, he thought, was about as well prepared to vote now as it ever would be; he therefore moved adoption shee.

of the report. Mr. Thompson, of Onslow, hoped the Osborne. motion would not prevail. He, for one, was not prepared to vote. He had given Mr. Foushee. the evidence some study and he was sorry he had not been able to come to is that those who desire to do so may same conclusion as had been reached thoroughly investigate this case. Unless the committee.

by the committee. 'It looks like an effort is being made to sweep the adoption of this resolution faith. over us. It should not be cone. So far Mr. Julian, of Rowan, d as I have been able to learn, both there were half a dozen the Wilsons are guilty and ought to Legislature who would read the evidence have been turned out. Such evidence if printed. have been turned out. Such examples of North Carolina be printed. If members proposed to be impartial processing the people of North Carolina be printed. If members proposed to be printed. and now, if you insist on a vote at this time I shall vote against the adoption but if they were going to make a per-

"I may be wrong, I may not. I want the matter to go over that I may look into it. If the Governor has rightfully removed these men I shall stand by his action. If not I shall vote to sustain

able to get one rate was granted to these about the facts?" ommissioners and another to 'he people. If we can't have any better complis-sioners than that let's repeal the Rail-and I'll be glad to point out the material road Commission act and get rid of the

ole thing." (Applause). Senator Cooley had detected no disposition on the part of the committee to the Legislature to print such formyrush its report through.

Ward disclaimed any intention of reflecting on the committee by evidence was immaterial and he didn't his motion to postpone action. The re-port, he contended, embraced questions the had confidence in the committee, he of both law and fact.

"These are questions, some of them, that I'd like to investigate. It is, as importance, and questions of law are the whole law may be want to look into these quesyself. While I have great joint session would be held next Tues always doubtful things. Insert a single changed. I want to look into these questions for myself. While I have great respect for the committee and the most confidence in its report, still I do

THE COMMITTEE EXONERATES not feel bound by it. Legislature to do things of importance report of the special committee: REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMIT-

hasty manner.'

Mr. Clarkson, of Mecklenburg, agreed with Senator Ward, and after hearing his speech he couldn't see how even the members of the committee could object to postponement. He thought it danHERR VON BUELOW'S REMARKS.

He Says Germany Must Show the Americans Their Fists to Impress Them.-Other Princes and Counts us Similar Language.

Berlin, Feb. 15.—The question of the ommercial relations of Germany with

League this week similar sentiments were heard. One speaker, referring to the speech of Herr Von Buelow, Sescretary of State for Foreign Affairs in the Reichstag last Saturday in reply to the interpellation of Count Von Kanitz,

with sugar bread. If we want to impress them we must show them our fists. We want deeds from the govern ment, not words. A great power like Germany cannot allow herself to be made a fool of, as we so far have done with regard to America.

After other speeches characterized by

vigor of exaggeration, the Agrarain League adopted a resolution congratulating itself upon the alleged "return of the government to Bismarck's commer-

cial policy."
The newspapers, including the officially inspired organs, are openly talking of the ministerial dissensions. It is asserted that the Agraram atterances of Baron Von Hammerstein-Lexten, Minister of Agriculture, have also disturbed diplomatic negotiations that whole sentences of his speeches have had to be omitted from the official reports. The ministers, moreover, had to keep careful watch wherever he addressed the Reichstag, in order to correct possible mistakes.

The official reports have also omited many anti-American remarks Baron Von Hammerstein-Lexten. paper says that his resignation may be expected since he has quarred with nearly all of his colleagues. There are renewed rumors that the Imperial Chancellor. Prince Von Honemore, is weary of office and lobby gossip has it that Prince Herbert Bismarck will succeed Frince Von Radolin, as German Am-bassador to St. Petersburg.

BUTLER STILL HOLDS OFF.

Continues His speech in Opposition to Confirmation of Ewart.

Washington, Feb. 15 .- In the executive session of the Senate to-day, Sena-tor Butler, of North Carolina, again de-clined to yield to the request of Mr. Pritchard to fix a time for the vote on the nomination of Judge Ewart to be District Judge of the Western District of North Carolina. He said, however, that he hoped to be able to make the concession within a day or two. Mr. Butler continued his expect in expection. Butler continued his speech in opposition to confirmation. He continued his ex-Stewart also made a brief speech during the executive session opposing con-Mr. Moore's motion to adopt the re-port was put. It met a thundering

COMMODORE PHILIP HONORED. Presented With a Sword by Sunday

School Children of Texas. Galveston, Tex., Feb. 5.-This after-

oon a beautiful sword and Bible, purchased by the Sunday School children "it's entirely too long."

"It'll bust the State to do that," exclaimed Senator Glenn.

"How long is it?" asked Mr. Fousame firm who designed the Dewey sword and cost \$3,500. The presentation "It's about 140 pages," said Senator vas in approval of Commodore Philip's "Oh that's not so terribly long," replied public utterance after the Santiago fight acknowledging the sovereignty "My reason for making this motion Almighty God. The battleship Texas is here commanded by Captain Sigsbee and all officers and men attended the

THE QUAY TRIAL.

Fixed for February 27-The McCarrell Jury Bill Goes Over.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 15.-The House by a vote of 88 to 85, adjourned today without taking action on the Mc-The bill now goes over until March 21st, when it will be aken up for second reading. The bill, which it has been charged,

tor Quay, has already passed the Senate. The Quay conspiracy trial has been fixed for February 27th.

SKIRMISH NEAR MANILA.

Manila, Feb. 15.-11:45 A. M.-Four ompanies of volunteers which had been learing the country in the vicinity Pateros, ten miles southeast of Manila and which had been recalled were folloved by the enemy to-day as they

On reaching San Pedro Macati, the Americans made a stand near the Church Yard and the rebels were driven

The Californians again advanced and are now occupying the same ridge, commanding the valley of the river which they held yesterday.

A gunboat near Pasig is clearing the

BANK CASES POSTPONED.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 15.-The case of W. E. Breese, W. H. Penland and J. E. Dickerson, charged with embezzlement of funds of the First National bank, came up for trial here in the Federal court this morning and was tinued till March 7th. Judge Purnell presided. Five grounds for continuance ant's attorneys, was absent on important business in Washington.

Part of Brooklyn Navy Yard Destroyed.

MENT WIPED OUT.

NUMBER OF ELABORATE PLANS BURNED

Many Models of War hips Were Destroyed in the Flames but These Can be Rep'aced. The Cause of the Fire Unknown.

New York, Feb. 15.—Over a million transferred to the peak of the gaff.

dollars worth of government property was destroyed by fire which started in the large machine shop of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, known as Machine Shop staff were present. The ceremony. Navy Yard, known as Machine Shop staff were present. The ceremony, No. 28, to-night, and the workings of the Navy Yard have received a serious set-back. Many fine models and patterns of battleships, their parts and plans, have been destroyed and some of them cannot be obtained again except by going over the work mapped out in the beginning. A great number of the models were simply copies of plans, many officials, together with representadrawings and specifications now in the store rooms of the Department at Washdrawings and specifications now in the tives of the Havana fire brigade and store rooms of the Department at Washington, and these can be replaced at of the better classes were in the congreany time. The steam engineering department of the Brooklyn Navy Yard is practically wiped out, and the work were decorated in the presence of Amerdone in that building will have to be thrown temporarily mon the department participating. thrown temporarily upon the department participating. yards and docks and that of construction and repair. There is considerable obstruction to the work there, and an extra force will have to be put on in ered with flowers. Father Sherman

immediately notified Lieutenant R. T. from which the procession started, in Mulligan, in charge of the watch, and full vestments and with the assurance a call to fire quarters was made. The that Mgr. Santander, the Bishop of Hamen of the Massachusetts scurred vana, had given his consent. men of the Massa busetts scurried down to the machine shop, about 300 yards away, and with the aid of a hose reel picked up in the yard, got a small stream playing on the fire. The building was about 100 feet in width and 325 feet long. It was four stories in height and built of stone and brick. The wooden in side was thoroughly saturated with oil and the flames rapidly gained headway. It was seen that the Massachusetts men could do but little against the blaze and Colonel Hunting—the ceremony of decorating distinctly a against the blaze and Colonel Hunting- the ceremony of decorating distinctly a ton, in command of the marines, joined naval affair. Therefore he could not to confirmation. He continued his exploitation of the testimony taken by the Judiciary Committee, classifying much of it and reading from the type-written copy at considerable length. Senator and attention had to be paid to the foundry and other buildings in the vi-cinity. Several times the flames got a start on the foundry roof, but the firemen quickly put them out. A small

corrugated iron building in the rear of the machine shop took fire and was sary of the blowing up of the battle-burned, but the loss on this is insigni-ship Maine in Havana harbor was markwater into the blazing machine shop, but

all efforts were fruitless. The fire made such rapid progress in to precipitate the war with Spain.

The made such rapid progress in to precipitate the war with Spain.

The new Maine will be built by the the machine shop that by 8 o'clock the officials of the Navy Yard pronounced

chinery, more or less used, the building was occupied as a pattern and model shop. Here were kept the models, plans, drawings and specifications of work to be done on any of the naval vessels that were to be repaired at the yard. Many models of battleships and war vessels built from time to time were kept there.

able from a pecuniary point, will not be irreparable The steam engineering department had number of elaborate plans which were originated in this yard and they cannot be replaced. In the machine shop very little work was on hand. A number of small orders were being filled for the torpedo boats McKee, Rogers, Foote, Porter and some engine fittings were being turned out for the Newark, Score string turned out for the Newark, Score string which proceeded to clean out the companies L. D and M, of the California volunteers proceeded to clean out the claborate ruling in which he pointed out that the question presented was purely a parliamentary one. He reviewed the arguments adduced on both sides, cited skirmishos occurred during which nine precedents and concluded by sustaining being turned out for the Newark, Scor-

These were mostly copies of models and

pion and Indiana. The records and models of the battleship Maine, which was blown up in Havana harbor on February 15th, 1898, also destroyed. The loss to the building is placed at \$350,000; that to the machinery and lathes in the building, \$400,000.

The cost of the models and patterns variously estimated, but officials in the yard put the total loss at a little over a million. The cause of the fire is un-known. The cause of the fire will be the subject of an inquiry within in next

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS. Washington, Feb. 16-The President

sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: State—Samuel J. Barraws, of Massa to be Librarian of Congress. main one being that P. Miller, Third Artillery, to be Brigacommand of the American troops at THE MAINE VICTIMS.

Ceremony in Memory of the Heroes Who Went Down in Havan Harbor with The Battleship Maine, Which was Blown up One Year Ago Yesterday. Celebrated-The Graves of the Victims Decorated.

commercial relations of Germany with the United States seems not unlikely to lead to a partial ministerial crisis Addressing an Agrarian meeting recently Baron Von Manteuffel (Conservative).

A SERIOUS SET BACK

Havana, Feb. 15.—11:30 A. M.—The sun shone brightly this morning for the first time in several days upon the wreck of the United States battleship Maine, destroyed in Havana harbor on the even-destroyed in Havana harbor on the even-des STEAM ENGINEERING DEPART
Of the United States battlesing Market, destroyed in Havana harbor on the evening of February 15th, 1898, was decorated with a large American flag. At 9 o'clock the stars and stripes was hoistof clock the stars and stripes was holsted at half mast by Captain Eaton, of the United State auxiliary cruiser Resolute, who, with Mrs. Estes Rathbon and Mrs. Dudley and ten sailors of the Resolute, rowed to the sunken battleship. The only others taking part were a battalion, with officers, of the First Maine beaux artibles. heavy artillery.

An immense rope of greens was fee An immense rope of greens was testooned about the fighting top, each loop
hung with laurel wreaths four feet
in diameter, and tied with red, white
and blue ribbon. The Cuban club of
Havana had placed an artificial wreath
on the boat crane and this Captain Eaton
traceformal to the reak of the caff

The fire was first discovered at 6:30 is President of the Women's Association, to read prayers at the grave side of the battleship Massachusetts. He and he appeared at the American club,

Another Powerful Battleship to Replace the One Blown Up.

d here with the beginning of work on The firemen pumped huge streams of the powerful man-of-war which will bear the name of the historic ship, the destruction of which did much

Cramp Ship Building Company, the company's yards at 11 o'clock to-day About 11 o'clock the fire had spent the first piece of the keel of the vessel was laid. There was no formality in the proceedings but the ship yard Machine shop No. 28 was occupied by the coppersmiths, the boiler-makers, the carpenters and machinists. About six hundred people were employed in them, but only two watchmen were in the building at the time of the outbreak of the fire. The last workman had break of the fire. left the place at 5 o'clock. Aside from was started what will be one of the most being filled with a great mass of mapowerful fighters of the new navy. The builders will endeavor to have the

loss, while footing up consider- The Americans Drive Them Farther Back Into the Interior.

> skirmishes occurred, during which nine precedents and concluded by sustaining of the Californians were slightly woundof the Californians were slightly wounded before the rebels were driven out. The work proceeded to-day in a systematic manner, a gunboat shelling the villages and working her rapid fire guns very effectively on the jungle. The entire California regiment, with the exception of two companies, four companies of the Washington regiment, two companies of the Idaho regiment and a batter of the control of the contr panies of the Idaho regiment and a bat- The rule in question he argued, was tery of the Sixth artillery were engaged, the shield and protection of the minor-The rebels were driven toward Lake ity.
>
> Laguna de Bayo. The rebels held their fire, apparently being short of ammunifire, apparently being short descerately.
>
> On a rising vote the chair was sustained 152 to 118, Mr. Hepburn loudly tion, but they fought desperately. The American outposts in this direc

tion are now fully 12 miles out. All is quiet along the rest of the line, to 119, and the amendment was ruled with the exception of an occasional ex- out change of shots between the sharpshoot-l

A fire last night at Akron, Ohio, de The loss will amount to \$100,000 or The reading of the sundry civil bill more, largely insured. was then continued. more, largely insured,

Canal Bill Goes

INTIMATION THAT LOBBYISTS WOULD GET FIVE MILLIONS.

Mr. McEnery Denied That His Resolutions Were in the Interest of the Sugar Planters.

to override the decision of the chair in propriation committee. committee of the whole when the chair After completing ten additional pages held that the canal bill offered as the of the bill the committee rose. amendment to the Sundry Civil Bill by
Mr. Hepburn was out of order. The
friends of the Nicaragua bill were very
confident yesterday and to-day that
they would triumph, but after four hours
of debate the chair was sustained 127
IN THE SENATE.

to 109. Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, made an argument in favor of the view

that the amendment was in order. He desired to vote upon the proposition because he realized that sooner or later the House would be compelled to choose between this proposition and one to allow a private corporation with government credit to build the canal. If the canal was to be built by the Government it must be based upon the theory that the canal was necessary for would seem to reflect upon him. Mr. defence. Otherwise if the Government could build foreign waterways in forhome and build railroads for the benefit of the Interstate commerce?

that if this amendment was declared in

In conclusion he warned the members on his side of the House that they could clusively.

not afford in the closing days of the The cott

dents. He, too, favored the construction was not his motive in introducing it. of the canal, but he protested against in violation of the rules to accept a pro-

position in the closing hours of this Con-

Mr. Grosvenor, (Rep., Ohio), vigorousnot well taken. He could not understand, he said, why members should get excited because the representatives of the people were making an boarst effort to do that which all political parties had sworn they would do for the last five years. Continuing Mr. Grosvenoc said that this bill would not have been offered as an amendment to this bill had not the chairman of the Appropriations Committee announced that neither the receive consideration at this session. He the canal was now in progress within the meaning of the rule. If this amendthe meaning of the rule. If this amend-discuss the bill called a "ticket broker-ment was not placed upon the pending age bill," which he declared was a no member present would I've long tion. enough to see the canal built.

Mr. Canon denied emphatically that the failure to break down this rule meant the abandonment of the construction of the canal by the United States. But, Mr. Grosvenor reiterated it auc said if this effort falled he favored the the nations of the earth that we had given up the project and would welcome the building of the canal upon the Carter seeing no opportunity agreement, moved an adjusted at 5:50 p. m.

At the conclusion of Mr. Grosvenor' Manila, Feb. 15.—5:20 p. m.—Several speech the Chairman of the Committee rebels yesterday afternoon having fired of the Whole, Mr. Hopkins, announced

demanded tellers.

The vote by tellers confirmed the rising vote. The chair was sustained 127

mittee of the whole. Party lines were not adhered to, the division and in opposition to sustaining the were urged, the main one being that P. Miller, Third Artillery, to be Brigastroyed the immense plants of the chair's decision being about equal on Senator Pritchard, one of the defend-dier General Miller is now in Thomas Building and Lumber Company, both sides of the political aisle.

Washington, Feb. 15.-The House to- The appropriation for the deep waterday settled the fate of the Nicaragua ways commission was increased from Canal Bill in this Congress by refusing \$60,000 to \$90,000 on motion of the ap-

Washington, Feb. 15.—In the Senate to-day Mr. McEnery, (La.), as a question of personal privilege, made emphatic denial of the statement that his resolution adopted by the Senate yester day was introduced in the interest of the sugar-growers of Louis.ana.

the support of our military and naval Lindsay, of Kentucky, had said that upon examination he had found that it could build foreign waterways in for-eign territory why could it not come back posed Mr. McEnery was going to offer. f the Interstate commerce?

Mr. Dockery, (Dem., Mo.), gave notice out of shape."

Mr. Dockery (Dem., Mo.), gave notice out of shape." Mr. Tillman, (S. C., lad said that

Mr. McEnery said that the resolution order he would offer an amendment to had been in his possession for sometime, it to provide for the issue of enough ad- but that no material changes had been ditional legal tender notes to meet the made in it. The changes made were entire construction of the canal. Mr. only such as were required to make it Dockery declared himself in favor of conform to the conditions when he offer-building the Nicaragua canal because it ed it. There certainly, he said, was no would aid the national defense and promote commercial expansion which he preferred to territorial expansion.

Mr. Dockery hinted strongly at influences outside the hall, the same influences substantially which was back of afraid of the sugar competition of the processing and the statement of the sugar competition of the Philipping he was a processing a superscript of the sugar competition of the Philipping he was a processing a superscript of the sugar competition of the Philipping he was a processing a superscript of the sugar competition of the processing a superscript of the sugar competition of the processing and the sugar competition of the sugar competition of the sugar competition of the processing and the sugar competition of th the Hanna-Payne subsidy bill. These Philippines, he spoke under a misappre-influences, he said, insisted that five mil-hension. The sugar planters, as a body. lions should go to certain gentlemen who were opposed to the ratification of the were interested in the Maritime Canal treatry. He said he had not consulted them with reference to his vote on the treaty as he did not represent them ex-

The cotton industry of Louisiana was session to lend themselves to such an strongly in favor of the treaty. He enterprise. Mr. Moody, (Rep., Mass.), made a that the resolution would afford protectechnical argument in support of the tion to the sugar industry he should be point of order, citing numerous prece- glad of it, but to afford that protection

A bill extending the "cordial apprecia-Gould for her patriotic service during the recent war and providing that the President should present to her a good

medal was passed. A bill was also passed providing for ly contended that the point of order was the admission to the Naval Academy

as a cadet Oscar W. Deignan, one of the Merrimac heroes.
On motion of Mr. Hoar, the Senate at

12:50 went into executive session. After the executive session an open session was held for the purpose of giving Mr. Carter an opportunity to try to get consideration for the bill providing a code of laws for Alaska. He made a request for unanimous consent agreefor a night session to read the bill which is very voluminous, but ob-

jection was made. Mr. Chandler said he was anxious to measure of monopoly against competi-

Mr. Cullom, chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Committee, expressed doubt that the anti-scalping bill could be voted on at this session. He would be glad, he said, to have a vote upon it, but saw little prospects of one.

Mr. Tillman: "I want to say that that bill (anti-scalping) cannot pass at this

After some further discussion, Mr. an adjournment, which carried at 5:50 p. m.

TROOPS FOR MANILA.

The Ninth Regiment of Regulars Will be Held in Readiness.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.-Secretary Alger has o'dered the Ninth regi-ment of regular afantry now at Madi-Y., to go to San Fran-eld in readiness to go cisco and to be

PROF. MIM'S AT OAK RIDGE.

Oak Ridge, N. C., Feb. 15.—(Special.)
—Prof. Mins, of Trinity College, de-livered a foreful and eloquent lecture on "Literature at the Institute on Saturday night. It was much appreciated here, especially where so much attention the study of literature in all The enrollment for this scholastic

year has already passed 260, represent ing all parts of this State and several

NICARAGUA CANAL BILL

shington, Feb. 15 .- After the defeat of the amendment adding the Hep-burn Nicaraguan Canal Bill to the Sun-Civil Bill, General Grosvenor (Ohio) sented a resolution fixing February 20th and 21st for the consideration of the Heaburn bill, with a vote February 21st at 4 p. m.