

# The News and Observer.

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RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1899.

Weather To-Day: SHOWERS; COOLER.

PRICE 4 CENTS.

## LEADS ALL NORTH CAROLINA DAILIES IN NEWS AND CIRCULATION

### Went Wild Over Bryan CHEERED BY FRANTIC THOUSANDS AT JEFFERSON DINNER.

### Burning Issues Discussed Before the Grand Central Palace, Shaken by Thunders of Tumultu- ous Applause.

New York, April 15.—The Dollar Jefferson Dinner of the Chicago Platform Democrats at the Grand Central Palace to-night in point of number was one of the biggest affairs ever held in this city. Nearly 3,000 men and women sat down at long tables in the various rooms of the big palace. There were all kinds of people there, dressed in all kinds of clothes. White men elbowed with colored men and white women with colored women. There were four Japanese and three Chinese present, but the Chinese were merely spectators and sat up in the second gallery. They said they had come to see Bryan.

The main hall presented a different aspect from that of the Metropolitan Opera House at the ten-dollar dinner of the Democratic Club. There was no flower embellishment, but just great long avenues of tables covered with plain white plates. The only ornamentations were bunches of celery and granite ware coffee pots. The boxes about the hall were festooned with flags, with silken banners suspended between the flags. At the back of the stage were two American flags draped, one bearing the portrait of Jefferson and the other that of Bryan. Small portraits of Bryan were interspersed between the flags on the balconies.

On the stage was an immense floral horseshoe of carnations, roses and heliotrope. It had, worked in flowers, the words "Women's Bryan League." Below the red carnations on white roses was the name "Bryan." Surrounding all were the numerals "16 to 1."

Back on one of the came-bottom chairs was a magnificent bouquet of roses, American beauties. But not even on the guests' table was there a single flower. Looking from the top tier the hall presented a scene such as is seen at Western barbecues or Rhode Island clam bakes. A brass band of thirty-five pieces on the balcony discoursed music throughout the evening. The diners began to arrive at the Grand Central Palace at 5 o'clock.

There were 150 policemen in and about the place. The women to the number of 475 dined in the long hall just off the second gallery. They sat down to the tables at 5:30 o'clock. The first excitement of the evening occurred when the Russian American Democratic Association, 250 strong, from the Eighth Assembly District, marched in. They were received with cheers.

There was no concerted attempt to seat the 3,000 diners simultaneously. All were told to go in and sit down. About 7 o'clock nearly every seat of the men's table was occupied and the service began. Over 400 waiters started into the main hall with soup a few minutes before 7 o'clock.

The menu included soup, fish, roast beef, turkey, ice cream, coffee and cigars. Three thousand bottles of wine were gratuitously served by a wine company. William Jennings Bryan did not arrive until shortly after 7 o'clock. Crowds on the outside signalled his appearance by tremendous cheering. He came in a cab and was escorted through a tremendous crowd to the waiting room outside. Here he shook hands with the committee. Then he was escorted to the guests' table, a long table in front of the platform.

Following came the speakers of the evening. The hand played "Hail to the Chief" as Bryan was hurried down one of the main aisles. There was tremendous cheering and waving of napkins. Diners stood on chairs and tables waving frantically. The demonstration lasted for five minutes.

Among those who sat at the guests' table were: James R. Brown, president; on his right, W. J. Bryan; on his left, Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota; O. H. P. Belmont, Wm. S. McNary, Secretary of the Democratic State Committee of Minnesota; Mayor J. L. Rhinooks, of Covington, Ky.; Bolton Hall, George Frederick Williams, ex-Congressman Wm. E. Ryan, of Rochester, A. S. Townsend, of Virginia; Colonel Thomas Smith, of Virginia; and John Clark Ridpath.

The crowd was a thoroughly representative one, and before the dinner was concluded hundreds of the diners left their seats and crowded about the speakers' table and began to shake hands with Colonel Bryan. This was stopped with much difficulty.

At 9 o'clock the committee and speakers ascended to the platform. Bryan received a vociferous ovation, the diners in many instances again standing on chairs and tables and the women waving napkins wildly.

James R. Brown called the meeting to order and introduced George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts, who was given a fine reception. The crowd in the galleries meantime had increased, and there were at least 5,000 people in the hall. The mention of Henry

### CASTS WISTFUL EYES ON SHAN TUNG

### It May Soon Become a German Kingdom.

### THE KAISER'S SCHEME

### WOULD MAKE PRINCE HENRY A CHINESE KING.

### CELESTIALS WOULD FIGHT THE TEUTONS

### John Bull Apprehensive Concerning the State of Affairs in the Flowery Kingdom. Two Steamers Collide, and 36 People Drowned.

Victoria, B. C., April 15.—According to the *Pekin and Tien Tsin Times*, copies of which were received here by the steamer *Glongit*, it is generally believed among the foreign element at Peking that the seizure of Kia Chou, in November, 1897, by Germany, was a first step toward the realization of a scheme of Kaiser Wilhelm to place a German King on Chinese soil.

Prince Henry, the Emperor's brother, who is in the Orient in charge of the Asiatic Squadron, it is alleged, will be king and the Chinese province of Shan Tung his kingdom. The occupation of the interior of the province, it is pointed out, is a direct move toward establishment of German sovereignty over the whole of the 65,000 square miles of China Tung, instead of the 400 square miles around Kia Chou, which was taken out of the Chinese domain by Admiral Von Diederichs after the native mob had killed missionaries Neise, Henne and Ziegler.

Baron Von Helsing, the German Minister, has gone to Kia Chou to consult with Prince Henry. Chinese military officials in Shan Tung have asked permission from the Peking Government to proceed against the German force of occupation.

According to the Japanese papers, there is grave apprehension in British German diplomatic circles regarding the situation in China, which is heightened by the fact that Russia is again making overtures for control of affairs in Korea. In consequence of recent developments, the leave granted Sir Claud McDonald, British Ambassador, has been withdrawn, and he will remain at the Chinese capital.

### SINKING OF THE HOKUSHIN.

Victoria, B. C., April 15.—The *Glongit*, which has arrived from the Orient, brings news of a collision between the steamer *Hokushin* Maru and Kitami Maru off Orya Cape, in the Province of Foshu Hokkaido, on the 29th inst. The *Hokushin* sank immediately and all on board, 36 passengers, were drowned. The other vessel made for shore and succeeded in getting into the shallows, where she stranded.

### MADE REAR ADMIRALS

### SAMPSON, SCHLEY AND FARQUHAR ARE THUS HONORED.

### The Duke of Arcos, Late Spanish Minister to Mexico is to be Spanish Ambassador at Washington

Washington, April 15.—The naval orders to-day announce the promotion to the rank of Rear Admiral of Sampson, Schley and Farquhar, the latter in the command of the Norfolk Navy Yard. This is under the operations of the personnel act, and has no reference to war service.

### TWO STEAMERS LAUNCHED.

El Norte and El Sid Built for the Morgan Line.

Newport News, Va., April 15.—El Norte and El Sid, two of the four large freight steamers building here for the Morgan Line, operating between New York and New Orleans, were launched at the yard of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company to-day.

Miss Mary Orcutt, of New York, daughter of Mr. C. B. Orcutt, President of the Shipbuilding Company, christened El Norte.

Miss Jeanette Palen, of Monticello, N. Y., sponsor for El Sid, performed a similar ceremony on that ship.

### FOUR BURNED TO DEATH.

Chatham, N. B., April 15.—Four persons were burned to death in a fire at the Northumberland County Aims house, early to-day. The institution was destroyed at a loss of \$10,000.

### TRINITY DEFEATS THE Y. M. C. A.

Augusta, Ga., April 15.—(Special)—Trinity baseball team defeated the Augusta Y. M. C. A. team to-day in a close game. Score: 11 to 8.

### FUNERAL OF MR. CARTLAND.

The Exercises Impressive and Largely Attended.

Greensboro, N. C., April 15.—(Special).—The funeral exercises over the remains of Mr. H. L. Cartland were the most impressive as well as the most largely attended since the death of Mr. Julius A. Gray.

The significant thing about this is the fact that he was simply an unassuming business man, that showing the loving esteem in which he was held by his townsmen.

All places of business were closed, and all the fraternal orders marched in line in front of the house, and a large line of sympathizing friends brought up the rear. The services at the Methodist church were conducted by Rev. Mr. Peale of the Friends' Church, assisted by several other ministers. The floral tributes were unusually handsome.

### WOMAN'S HORRIBLE CRIME.

Macon, Ga., April 15.—A special to the Telegraph from Elberton, states that a negro woman named Sallie Brewington, was jailed there to-day for the murder of her husband near that place Thursday night. After chopping open the man's head with an axe, she laid the body on the fire and burned it beyond recognition. She made little attempt to escape, and will not talk about her crime. As there seems to be no motive, she is believed to be crazy.

### THE INSURGENT'S RISE.

Madrid, April 15.—General Rios, the principal Spanish commander in the Philippines, has telegraphed to the War Office a dispatch containing the report that a rising had occurred among the insurgents around Manila.

### ON THE DIAMOND.

St. Louis, Mo., April 15.—The baseball season opened here to-day with a game between the Cleveland and St. Louis clubs, which since last year have changed cities. Tebbert's St. Louis boys won easily by heavy batting and good work in the field. Attendance, 16,000. Score: St. Louis, 10; Cleveland, 6.

Batteries: Young and O'Connor; Sulloff and Clements. Umpires, O'Day and Brennan. Time, 1:50.

New York, April 15.—The opening game of the championship season in Brooklyn to-day brought out an attendance of over 20,000. It was a gala day in the baseball annals of Greater New York. The game was a battle royal of eleven innings between two as perfectly balanced teams as could be brought together.

The pitching of Kennedy and Nichols was superb, the hitting, of course, being light in consequence. Both innings were veritable stone walls. Neither side could score for ten innings, and then Boston made the winning run on a wild throw by Jennings that sent Bergen to second and Stahls' drive to deep center for three bags. Attendance, 19,107. Score: Brooklyn, 1; New York, 0.

Batteries: Kennedy and Smith; Nichols and Bergen. Umpires, Andrews and Gaffney. Time, 1:55.

Louisville, Ky., April 15.—Both Callahan and Dowling pitched fine ball to-day and had the Colonels supported their pitcher, the score would have been a tie. Attendance, 8,814. Score: Louisville, 2; Columbus, 2.

Batteries: Dowling and Kittredge; Callahan and Chance. Umpires, Burns and Smith. Time, 2:18.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 15.—It looked like victory for Washington to-day until the seventh inning, when, by opportune hitting, Philadelphia overcame the Senators' lead, and won by a close margin. Attendance, 8,814. Score: Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 6.

Batteries: Donahue and McFarland; Mercer and McGuire. Umpires, Hunt and Connolly. Time, 1:50.

Baltimore, Md., April 15.—The rejuvenated Orioles defeated the New Yorks to-day in a close and interesting game by a score of 5 to 3. Attendance, 3,942. Score: Baltimore, 5; New York, 3.

Batteries: Kitson and Robinson; Deheny and Warner. Umpires, Emslie and Betts. Time, 2:00.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 15.—For the first time in three years the Reds led the opening game of the season. Though the weather was not of the baseball variety, nearly 10,000 people witnessed the contest which, with the exception of the two final innings, was an excellent exhibition. Pittsburgh outplayed the Reds at every point, and were also favored by Dame Fortune. Score: Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburgh, 1.

Batteries: Hawley and Peitz; Tannehill and Schriver. Umpires, Swartwood and Warner. Time, 2:10.

### THE RALEIGH IS AT QUARANTINE

### Did Not Expect Her Before This Morning.

### SEEN BY THE PRAETORIA

### PASSED HER THURSDAY NIGHT NORTH OF BERMUDA.

### COL. CARR WRITES OF PATIENT WAITING

### Eager North Carolinians Peering into the Darkness Down the Bay Asking Each Other, When do You Think She Will Arrive?

New York, April 15.—The Outerbridge Line steamer *Praetoria*, which arrived at quarantine to-night from Bermuda, reports having passed the United States Cruiser Raleigh on Thursday night, 140 miles north of Bermuda, steaming slowly. The weather was fine at the time. The Raleigh's arrival in port is not expected before daylight to-morrow morning.

### IT MAY BE THE RALEIGH.

New York, April 15.—The marine observer at Sandy Hook reported at 11:20 p. m. that a steamer had passed in showing no signals, which he thought might be the United States cruiser Raleigh. It was too hazy to make her out clearly.

### THE RALEIGH ARRIVES.

New York, April 15.—The cruiser Raleigh from Manila, via Bermuda, has arrived at quarantine.

### FIRST NEWS OF THE "RALEIGH."

Col. Carr Waiting on the Crowded Pier for the Steamer.

The first news of the Cruiser Raleigh, or rather news of no news about the gallant war vessel, received here last night was from Col. Julian S. Carr. Here is the telegram that came at 9 o'clock:

"New York, April 15, 1899. "News and Observer, Raleigh, N. C.: "Have waited patiently all day to welcome the Raleigh on behalf of the prosperous, progressive city of Durham, but up to this writing, 7:15, have no tidings. Perhaps when the guests have gone down the bay have had their innings, we shall hear something. Then we will feel better. We are peering into the darkness on the crowded pier asking each other: "When do you think she will arrive?" J. S. C.

### BRINGING TROOPS FROM CUBA.

Washington, April 15.—The arrangements for bringing home all the volunteers now in Cuba have been completed, and as fast as the transports can make the trips to and from Cuba, they will be returned.

### VAST WHISKEY COMBINE

### ITS ORGANIZATION TO BE COMPLETED TO DAY.

Its United Capital Will be \$200,000,000 It is the Most Gigantic Liquor Trust Ever Engineered.

Chicago, Ill., April 15.—A special to the Daily News from Louisville, Ky., says the most gigantic liquor combination ever engineered—an amalgamation of whiskey and distillery interests with a united capital of \$200,000,000—will be practically completed to all but the smallest details to-morrow in Chicago, when the men now controlling the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company finish arrangements for the purchase and absorption of nearly every distillery of rye whiskey in the United States.

### EVIDENCE DEAD AGAINST HER.

The State's Red Letter Day in the Trial of Mrs. George.

Canton, Ohio, April 15.—Attorneys for the State regard this as their red letter day in the trial of Mrs. George. They produced two eye witnesses to the firing of two shot which failed to pierce Saxton's body, one of which claimed to have identified Mrs. George. The State also qualified a witness on Mrs. George's handwriting to identify a letter which they want to introduce in evidence. A third point which pleased the State was the admission of a police officer who found a revolver, although he was not allowed to tell how he found it to be the full extent of the details asked.

### WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

New York, April 15.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, increased, \$4,452,700; loans, decreased, \$19,355,200; specie, increased, \$982,400; legal tender, increased, \$1,848,700; deposits, decreased, \$6,486,400; circulation, increased, \$19,400. The banks now hold \$19,471,525 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

### They Raid Six Villages

### DETACHMENTS OF CUBAN CAVALRY PURSUE THE BANDITS.

### Under the Lead of Parejeta, a Celebrated Outlaw, the Wild Raiders Confound the People with Their Audacity.

Havana, April 15.—News has been received from Marianna that twelve or fifteen mounted bandits, one dressed as a woman, raided the Pinellos plantation, owned by Senora Puri, two miles south of Caimito and ten miles from Havana, at twilight yesterday and took \$100 in silver from the owner's residence and afterward burned the house of the overseer and a warehouse containing \$5,000 worth of tobacco.

The bandits then rode into Caimito, where they plundered two dwellings, and then went to a third house, where a dance was in progress. A captain, a sergeant and two Cuban soldiers, who were present at the dance, went out of the house to investigate and other persons crowded to the doors and windows. The raiders fired a volley at close range, killing the captain and one soldier and one man in the house and wounding the sergeant and another soldier and two other men who were also inside the building. The bandits then galloped away.

A report of the raid from Guanajay says that fifteen well mounted and armed men, some of them masked, entered the village of Caimito at 8 o'clock last night, broke into the house of Jose Rodriguez, where they secured a sum of money, first robbed and then killed Jose Maria Armas, and then advanced to the center of the town where they were met by a Cuban sergeant and two soldiers. The bandits killed one of the soldiers and wounded the other and the sergeant, after which they rode away.

The affair was reported at General Lee's headquarters, General Mayra Rodriguez was directed to send a body of cavalry with the utmost haste to pursue the outlaws. Much excitement was manifested in the Cuban camp upon the receipt of the order, and joyful preparations were made as if for a picnic. Three detachments of from 20 to 25 cavalrymen each were sent on different roads in pursuit of the bandits.

Caimito is within 3 miles of a square of the Seventh Cavalry, and great surprise is expressed in Havana at the audacity of the brigands.

The Holguin newspapers, describing the operation of the bandits in that vicinity say they were led by Parejeta, who was celebrated as an outlaw leader before the insurrection. The band was composed of 12 persons, all black, armed with Winchester and Remington rifles and 44 calibre revolvers, and dressed in American made clothes. The newspapers report that six villages were raided.

### UNDER NATIVE RULE.

Dewey Reports the Government at Guam Working Smoothly.

Washington, April 15.—The following cablegram has just been received by the Navy Department from Admiral Dewey: "Manila, April 15: "Secretary of the Navy, Washington: "Wheeling arrived, six days from Guam. Quiet and order there. Most friendly to Americans. Native government established by Tausig working well. Native soldiers fine body of men. Manshen (U. S. Naval transport) in Guam." The government of Guam, referred to by Admiral Dewey, as having been established by Commander Tausig, was erected nearly two months ago, when the Bennington touched there on her way to Manila. The commander picked out some of the ablest men in the community, elected a small council to direct affairs after the relinquishment of Spanish sovereignty. When Captain Leary, who is to go out on the Yosemite, arrives at Guam, he will assume supreme command as naval governor of the island, but he may, if he sees fit, continue for the time being in operation, in pursuance of the policy of developing the capacity of the natives for the administration of their own affairs.

### STATEMENTS INCONSISTENT.

Witnesses for Defence Contradict Themselves in Lake City Case.

Charleston, S. C., April 15.—A great mass of testimony was given to the jury in the Lake City case to-day. The defence devoted itself to proving alibis for various prisoners and incidentally to breaking down the character of Joseph P. Newham, the defendant whose testimony is the central feature of the Government's case. Witnesses were called to reinforce the claim already made that McKnight was at his home on the night of the lynching. Three witnesses testified to this fact to-day. The alibi set up for Rodgers is to the effect that he was fishing near his home when Baker was killed, and that for Martin Ward is to the effect that he was at the house of a neighbor named Collins, nursing the latter's sick wife. Three witnesses testified to each of these statements.

During the cross examination the counsel for the prosecution brought to light more than one inconsistency in the testimony of witnesses for the defence. A man named Whitlock, for instance, swore one minute that he was on good terms with Newham, and the next that he would not speak to him in the road or believe him on oath. Sails, who swore he slept with Rodgers the night of the lynching, admitted that he had never stayed a night at the man's home before or since. He could not explain why Rodgers left his wife and his own room to sleep with him, and he did not recall the fact that the night was bitterly cold notwithstanding the circumstances that he fished until after midnight. These are fair samples of the evidence given on the cross examinations. The case is not nearly concluded yet; all of next week will probably be required to finish it.

### AN AGED EDITOR DIES.

Concord, N. H., April 15.—John H. Oberly, editor of the People and Patriot, died at his home here this afternoon, aged 63 years. He was born in Ohio. He was Civil Service Commissioner and Indian Commissioner under President Cleveland, and was once editor of the Washington Times.

### MINISTER TO BELGIUM.

Washington, April 15.—The President has appointed Lawrence Townsend, of Pennsylvania, to succeed Mr. Bellamy Storer as United States Minister to Brussels, Belgium, at present United States Minister at Lisbon, and his transfer leaves a vacancy in the Portuguese mission for which a selection has already been made and will shortly be announced.

### CUBAN MORTGAGES EXTENDED.

Washington, April 15.—Mortgage obligations in Cuba will be further extended for another year. The extension, however, will be limited to debts secured by mortgage or ground rents. The representatives of the Cuban Cabinet Council who have been here for some days have had several conferences with the officials on the subject of general credit extensions, during which they have argued the adoption of a plan which had received the sanction of the Council, extending mortgage obligations for periods ranging up to six years. They also desired that debtors be relieved entirely from the payment of interest pending final liquidation.

This proposition received the disapproval of the officials who promptly stated that they could not apply a principle which was distinctly contrary to common justice, and it was suggested to the Cubans that their course would speedily and permanently injure the credit of the island. In assuming control of the islands the United States were told, had declared its purpose not to impair existing obligations, and to assent to the reduction of its debt, interest or otherwise, would be in direct contravention of that declaration. As to limiting the extension to one year, it was said that the United States would not undertake the exercise of any control over the affairs of the island beyond the regulation of its occupancy, but if at the end of the year a further extension for a limited time seemed necessary, and the United States still held control of the island, it might be granted, but no obligation would now be assumed for a longer period than one year.

(Continued on Second Page.)