

# The News and Observer.

VOL. XLVI. NO. 34.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1899.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## LEADS ALL NORTH CAROLINA DAILIES IN NEWS AND CIRCULATION.

### A Battle Without Blood AMERICAN SCOUTS AND FILIPINO SKIRMISHERS ENGAGED. Lieutenant Gilmore's Fate Still Unknown— Lawton's Return Cabled by Otis, Who Now Looks for Guerilla Warfare.

Manila, April 19.—4:35 p. m.—Admiral Dewey has been notified of the strange disappearance of Lieutenant J. C. Gilmore and 14 members of the crew of the United States gunboat Yorktown. On Saturday last the Yorktown anchored off Baler, on the east coast of the Island of Luzon, and about two hundred miles from here, where there was a Spanish garrison of about 50 men which had been defending itself against several hundred Filipinos for months past.

Lieutenant Gilmore, Ensign W. H. Stanley and a boat's crew were sent up the river from Baler Bay to communicate with the Spaniards, the town of Baler being situated some distance inland. Ensign Stanley, who landed at the mouth of the river, reports that he heard three volleys, a bugle call and cheers from up the river, but that the automatic gun which was part of the equipment of the boat was not heard firing. Stanley later, paddled to the Yorktown in a canoe. A search was made for the Yorktown's boat and her crew, but no trace of them was found, and the Yorktown sailed for Iloilo, from which place her commander cabled to Admiral Dewey his theories that the Filipinos had captured or sunk the boat or that the Spaniards had rescued the American party.

A scouting party of American troops to-day found a rebel skirmish line more than a mile long east of Malolos. A sharp fusillade followed, but no losses were sustained.

Brigadier General Charles King, who has been taken suddenly ill, and who is unable to continue in command of his brigade, has been relieved of further duty and has been ordered to return to the United States on the first transport sailing from here home.

**GILMORE'S FATE YET UNKNOWN**  
Washington, April 19.—The Navy Department having requested a correction of the portions of Admiral Dewey's dispatch of yesterday which were not decipherable was today able to furnish the full text of the dispatch which is as follows:  
"Manila, April 18th.  
"Secretary of the Navy, Washington.  
"The Yorktown visited Baler, Luzon, east coast of Luzon, P. I., April 12th, for the purpose of rescuing and bringing away Spanish forces consisting of eighty soldiers, three officers, and two priests, which were surrounded by 400 insurgents. Some of the insurgents armed with Mauser rifles as reported by natives. Lieutenant J. C. Gilmore, after

### MITCHELL COUNTY FRAUD

CRAWFORD WILL GET 150 MORE VOTES AS RESULT OF INVESTIGATION.

Three Murder Cases for Trial Before Judge Stevens in Yancey. Advantages of Having Solicitor for Each County.

Marion, N. C., April 19.—(Special.)—J. H. Green, Esq., has just finished a laborious task in Mitchell county. He has been engaged for the past ten days taking, as commissioner, depositions in the contest of Pearson vs. Crawford. The depositions were taken for the contest, and Senator W. L. Lambert conducted the examination for Crawford. He was familiar with the facts, and, ever and anon, elicited evidence that chagrined and dismayed the Duke. Pearson cross-examined the witnesses in his own behalf and by adroitness tried to confound and discredit the witnesses, but his ingenuity availed him nothing for Mr. Lambert, in the re-direct examinations dispelled all myth and emphasized the material and damaging facts against Richmond's cause.

J. L. Bird, Esq., of Marion, is over in Mitchell this week, as commissioner for Pearson, taking depositions in rebuttal. The investigation will show that Crawford is entitled to, at least, 150 more votes than was given him by the returns from Mitchell. The fact is, Pearson is digging his political grave deeper. He seems to seek the ignominious burial given suicides under our old English law.

Hon. H. B. Stevens is holding a special term of court in Yancey county. This is his first court since he was elected judge of the Western criminal district by the Legislature. His capability, uniform courtesy and conscientious discharge of duty elicit praise from the people and bar. There are three murder cases on the docket, and other important and interesting cases.

Ellis Gardner, the county solicitor, is working as though he was accustomed to the harness, and proving himself an efficient and effectual prosecuting offi-

cer. And by the way, this idea of having a local solicitor is a good one. Otherwise we sometimes see frivolous and malicious prosecutions developed in court, while criminals that ought to be, are not prosecuted. The county solicitor being on the ground, acquainted with the people can get the facts and exercise better discretion in such matters and enforce the criminal law more effectively.

J. C. Brown, who had his leg amputated a few days ago, is convalescing.

**A NEW HARDY SWEET ORANGE.**  
Experiments That Promise Much for Orange Culture in the South.  
Washington, April 19.—The Agricultural Department which has been experimenting to produce a sweet orange that will stand the frosts that have repeatedly swept the orange belt in Florida, has progressed to the point of handling the oranges so secured on growing trees in Florida. Dr. Webber, of the division of Vegetable Pathology, has just gone to Florida, taking with him a large number of the new plants. The hardy orange evolved by the Department is at present termed "The Trifoliolate Orange." It has been produced by breeding the pollen of the sweet orange into the buds of the Japanese Trifoliolate and vice versa. The trifoliolate grows as far North as Philadelphia, but bears no fruit worth mentioning, though it is a vegetable cousin of the sweet orange. Seedlings from the hybrids so far produced promise to give exceedingly hardy and valuable fruit-producing trees.

The Department's experiment will be assisted by a number of Florida growers, and the work will be extended North in time as far as Washington.

**STATUE OF THOS. BENTON.**  
A Magnificent Gift to the University from Mr. Van Noppen.  
Chapel Hill, N. C., April 19.—(Special.)—Chas. L. Van Noppen has presented the University with a life-size marble statue of Thos. H. Benton, late United States Senator from Missouri. The statue is magnificent and will add much to the art collection of North Carolina this being one of few life-size statues in the State.

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OF THE VOLUNTEERS' RETURN.**  
Washington, April 19.—The following cable has been received from General Otis:  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

**OTIS.**  
"Manila, April 19th.  
"Adjutant General, Washington.  
"Lawton returned from Lake County 17th instant bringing captured vessels. Insurgents much scattered; retreat before our forces; await opportunity to attack detachments. Better class of people tired of war, desire peace. Enemy hold hopes on return of our volunteers to United States. Its army much demoralized, and loss by desertions and death large. Will probably prosecute guerilla warfare, looting and burning country which is occupied. Health and spirits of troops good. Volunteers' return will commence about May 5th. Will render willing service until return transports available. Embarkation will continue through June and July. Reports from Visayan Islands continue very encouraging. Inter-island commerce heavy; customs receipts increasing."  
(Signed)

### FOUR PROFESSORS TO BE DISMISSED

Reorganization of the A. and M. College.

### WORK OF THE COMMITTEE

EXPERIMENT STATION COUNCIL ABOLISHED.

### TO BE MANAGED IN DIFFERENT WAY

The Reorganization Committee Completes Its Work and Adjourns Until May 2d, When Further Recommendations Will Be Made.

The Committee on Examination and Re-organization of the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, were in session again all day yesterday and until 10 o'clock last night.

At the conclusion of last night's session Mr. W. S. Primrose, chairman, gave out the following official statement of the result of the meeting:

"We agreed this afternoon to make the following recommendations to the board of trustees at its annual meeting in June:

"1. To declare the position of professor of Agriculture to the College and Agriculturalist to the Experiment Station vacant.

[This position is now held by Mr. Emery.]

"2. To abolish what is called the Station Council.

[A different method for the management of the Station will be devised.]

"3. To abolish the position of assistant professor of English and bursar of the college.

[These places are now held by Mr. Butler.]

"4. To abolish the positions of biologist and veterinarian.

[These positions are now held by Dr. Currier.]

"5. To declare vacant the position of first assistant instructor of Mathematics.

[A place now held by Mr. Wright.]

"The committee has adjourned to meet again on May 2d, when further recommendations will be made to complete the organization of the college, and put it on a basis of still greater usefulness.

"The executive committee will meet to-morrow."

### S. A. L. INDUSTRIAL AGENTS.

Annual Meeting at Southern Pines—What Has Been Done.

Southern Pines, N. C., April 19.—(Special.)—The meeting of the Industrial Agents of the Seaboard Air Line Railroad held at Southern Pines, at the Piney Woods Inn, on the 18th instant, was attended by about one hundred and fifty delegates, one-half of whom were ladies from Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.

An all day session was held in the hotel parlors, adjourning at 9 o'clock p. m., after which a ladies' meeting was held, in which matters pertaining to "True home building" was discussed.

More than fifty reports were read and filed from towns on the line of the Seaboard railroad. These reports showed great progress in general improvement of the several places—new buildings, new enterprises—tree planting and painting.

The Raleigh representative reported a number of items of general interest. The completion of the Baptist University for female education; the effort to establish a textile department at the Agricultural and Mechanical College; the location at Raleigh of the Methodist Orphanage and Ministers' Home; the Olivia Roney Public Library building, to cost \$25,000; the new cotton mill, to cost \$250,000; more than ten miles of streets and sidewalk improvement, and the addition of many hundred shade trees to the already large number of very beautiful trees now in the city, and a larger number of handsome and costly buildings erected during the past year than during any previous year.

The notable points developed at the meeting were:

1st. The great number of shade and fruit trees planted on the line of the Seaboard Air Line railroad during the year.

2. The formation of a number of Village Improvement Societies.

3. The organization of Free Traveling Libraries to be sent in turn to every town and depot on the line of the road.

Mrs. Eugene B. Heard, of Middleton, Georgia, a lady of means and culture, has charge of this branch of the work. She has now in hand \$1,200 cash, for the purchase of additional books, and as the work progresses she will no doubt receive other large contributions.

Appreciative resolutions were adopted, thanking Mr. A. Carnegie for his gift of one thousand dollars to this Library Fund.

These meetings are doing much to build up the former waste places. The Seaboard road and Mr. John T. Patrick are to be congratulated on the success of the work.

The Northern and Southern Business Men's convention will be held to-morrow.

### THE ANTIS FOUGHT QUAY TO THE END

The State of Penn. Will Have But One Senator.

### THAT IS FOR TWO YEARS

UNLESS EXTRA SESSION OF LEGISLATURE IS CALLED.

### BRIEF HISTORY OF THE BITTER FIGHT

Quay at One Time Within Thirteen Votes of Triumph. The Prosecution in Trial for Conspiracy Closes Its Case Against Him.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 19.—The great battle for United States Senator ended to-day without an election, and unless Governor Stone calls an extra session at which there should be an election, Pennsylvania will have only one representative in the United States Senate during the next two years. After the taking of the ballot in joint convention, a motion was offered by Mr. Fow (Dem.) of Philadelphia, and adopted, that a vote of thanks be tendered the officers and that the convention adjourn sine die. The Legislature will adjourn finally at noon to-morrow. There was no change in the day's voting, the friends of ex-Senator Quay standing by him, and the anti-Quay Republicans by B. E. Jones, of Pittsburg, while the Democrats cast their vote for George A. Jenks, who has been their candidate since the deadlock began.

The Senatorial contest began on January 17th. On that day Senator Quay received his highest vote, 112, Senators and Representatives casting their ballots for him. This was 12 less than the number necessary to a choice, and he never came nearer an election during the more than three months of the struggle. No such bitter political contest has probably ever before been waged in this country. The fight has been distinctly on Quay and anti-Quay lines, and both sides had numerous representatives here at all times, keeping a close watch on the members and on each other. Both sides promise that the contest for supremacy will be carried into every county in the State and waged incessantly until final supremacy is assured.

The 79th ballot, the last to be taken, for a United States Senator at the present session of the Legislature, resulted: Quay (Rep.) 93; Jenks (Dem.) 85; Jones (Rep.) 69; total vote 247. Necessary to a choice 124. Paired or not voting 6.

**PROSECUTION RESTS ITS CASE.**

Philadelphia, Pa., April 19.—The prosecution in the trial of ex-United States Senator Quay for conspiracy closed its case to-day after nine days full of argument, clashes of counsel, and testimony largely of an expert nature. Just one hour before the usual hour of adjournment Judge Biddle adjourned court until to-morrow in order that Mr. Quay's lawyers might have time to consider what steps they shall take with respect to the presentation of their side.

It was stated that the question of entering demurrers to the prosecution's evidence or proceeding with the taking of testimony will be decided by the defence's counsel to-night. From the evidence already presented, it is already apparent that the commonwealth depends largely for conviction upon the testimony of its expert, Meyer Goldsmith.

As to his interpretations of the accounts in the "red book" and other books of the People's bank, and upon the jury's opinion of the books, papers, letters, telegrams and checks offered in evidence.

The contention of the defence in argument and cross examination has been that the calculations of Mr. Goldsmith are not borne out by the books, but on the other hand show that Mr. Quay did not use State money nor receive interest on State deposits, and that whatever loans he received were made in the customary manner and backed by sufficient collateral.

To-day's proceedings were devoid of sensational features. Mr. Goldsmith's cross examination was concluded and re-direct examination was begun by Mr. Rothermel. The points brought out by him were that the cash account and interest account of the bank were deficient by the omission of certain sums received as interest; that it was customary to designate cash loans by initials instead of names. Upon the question of Mr. Quay's advances in the deposit account from May, 1895 to October, 1897, Mr. Goldsmith said:

"In 1896, on June 23rd, the balance was \$2,56; on November 24th, \$2,777.66; on November 28th, again \$2,56; in 1897, on January 7th, fifty cents; on October 20th, \$10,000.50, and on October 27th, fifty cents, at which it remained until the end of the month. Those are all the variations from April 30th, 1896, to October 31st, 1897."

**FIRE AT SPRINGHOPE.**

Springhope, N. C., April 19.—(Special.)—At 6 o'clock a serious fire is raging here. No estimate of the damage done can be found as yet, as the fire is spreading.

### Bryan to Working Men SECOND BRYAN DINNER AT THE GRAND CENTRAL.

If We Would Enjoy Right to Life and Liberty We Must Wage Constant Warfare Against Wrong.

New York, April 19.—The second of the "One Dollar" Bryan dinners, that under the auspices of the workingmen, was held tonight at the Grand Central Palace. The dinner was not as largely attended as the one given by the Chicago Platform Democrats in the same place last Saturday night, about 1,500 men and women being present.

The striking difference between these dinners was the seating of the guests of honor tonight on the platform where they were plainly visible to everybody in the hall. Back of the speakers, seated on a large canvas, was the following:

"A system of political economy will yet dawn which will perform as well as promise: which will rain the riches of nature into the laps of the starving poor."

Colonel Wm. J. Bryan entered the hall soon after seven o'clock. He was received with great applause. Other distinguished men present were John Brisson Walker, N. O. Nelson, of St. Louis; Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn, Charles Frederick Adams and Thomas Crosby, Mayor Samuel M. Jones, of Toledo; Oliver H. P. Belmont and William Temple Emmet, great grandson of Robert Emmet.

The toasts and speakers were as follows:

"Municipal Ownership of Public Franchises," Mayor S. M. Jones, of Toledo.

"What a Just Economic System Would do for Woman," Charlotte Perkins Stetson.

"The Poes Which Beset Movements in the Interest of the People," Rev. Edward McGlynn.

"Practical Adjustment of Social Problems," N. O. Nelson.

"All Government Derives its Powers from the Consent of the Governed," William Temple Emmet.

Mayor Jones was the first speaker and his address aroused considerable enthusiasm.

Dr. McGlynn was given an ovation. He said in part:

"There is today a slavery worse than chattel slavery. That is industrial slavery. I believe that a man should be more than a machine, more than a mere brute of the fields.

"If any one tells you that we reformers would destroy the right of property tell him that he tells not the truth. We would give to every industrial corporation if you will just what is produced. No Government has a right to give away a right or franchise created by the people in perpetuity, and posterity has a right to spit upon such a grant."

N. O. Nelson, of St. Louis, spoke next and was followed by William Temple Emmet.

Mr. Emmet closed with a reference to Colonel Bryan. It created a tremendous amount of enthusiasm, and then followed another demonstration similar to that given to Mr. Bryan Saturday night. It continued for some moments and some one shouted:

"God bless you, my boy," whereat the crowd again got up and yelled and cheered for minutes."

Mr. Bryan had to raise his hands many times before his admirers would give away, and they did so only when tired out. The women particularly were enthusiastic in their greetings.

Mr. Bryan said, in part:

"Jefferson was a man of ideas. We are applying his ideas to-day to the questions which arise. They were not all applied in his day. They have not all been applied since his day. Sometimes people think that only on the battlefield can a man show his patriotism. I thank God that I live in a land where peace hath her victories as well as wars. A distinguished citizen of the nation spoke not long ago of the strenuous life, and applied his idea to a policy that gives this nation an opportunity to go forth with musket and with cannon and carry its ideas by force to other nations. I thank God that peace in this country gives an opportunity for all the strenuous life of the people. (Long cheers and applause.) If we but begin to apply to our daily conditions the principles which we all accept, the theories which we will not contradict, there is room enough for work for several generations yet to come. Thomas Jefferson believed in the people; he was the first great believer in the people.

"I appreciate the fears expressed by our toast-makers—no one will deny the evil tendency of the times, so no one will deny that there are abuses so it is difficult to dislodge them.

"But as Jefferson believed in the people so we can believe in the people. (Applause.)

"My attention was called yesterday to the language used by Abraham Lincoln in eulogy of the Declaration of Independence and I want to contribute to the spirit of the occasion by quoting what a great Republican said of the work of the greatest Democrat."

The audience listened as Mr. Bryan read from a volume of Lincoln's speeches. When the speaker said that both Lincoln and Jefferson were re-

judiated when the Declaration of Independence was departed from, he was greeted with great applause.

"I sometimes hear people complain because business is disturbed by the agitation of public questions. There is a way to escape it; let us have a monarchy, and then there will be no disturbance of any kind of business. We can simply live and be happy. But history has shown that where one or a few think for all the people, and act for all the people, they also enjoy for all the people, and if we would enjoy the right to life and liberty and the pursuit of happiness, our life must be a constant warfare against wrong.

"If you elect a public servant and go to sleep, the danger is that he may become more watchful of his own interests than of yours, and when I hear people complain that our Government is a failure I generally find them proposing the wrong remedy. They say our Government is a failure because the people cannot be trusted. I reply that insofar as our Government has been disappointing it is because the people have not had a sufficient share in their own Government; (applause) that the faults of our Government are not in the people, but in those who misrepresent the virtue, the intelligence and the wishes of the people." (Applause.)

When Mr. Bryan closed there was a mighty demonstration. Men and women made frantic efforts to shake him by the hand, and it required the services of several policemen to rescue the speaker and escort him to one of the reception rooms. He remained until the crowd had largely dispersed, and then was driven to the hotel Bartholdi. As he emerged into the street and got into his carriage he was greeted again by cheers, several hundred people waiting to get a farwelled glimpse of him.

**FROM MONEY POINT OF VIEW.**

Fresno, Cal., April 19.—Wm. J. Bryan has written a letter to the Fresno Democrat giving his views on imperialism. He says in part:

"I think it can be shown from a pecuniary standpoint that it will cost us more to conquer the Filipinos and keep them in subjugation than we shall be able to make out of the enterprise and that money which does return from the Philippines will not find its way to the pockets of those who supply songs for the army and whose taxation furnishes the sinew of war.

"But there is a higher view to take of it than the money view. The principle of conquest is wrong. Our nation has steadily contended against it, and it is impossible to calculate the far-reaching effect upon our people of a doctrine that would substitute force for reason in the declaration of the nation's policy. Those who oppose imperialism plead not for the Filipinos, but for the American people. Our nation is strong enough to do harm, but it ought to be too great to do wrong."

**TALIAFERRO IS CHOSEN**

HE RECEIVES FIFTY-NINE VOTES ON FIRST JOINT BALLOT.

Florida's New Senator a Virginian by Birth, a Gallant Ex-Cor Federate and a Practical Man of Business.

Tallahassee, Fla., April 19.—The Senatorial contest in Florida was ended to-day when the first joint ballot was taken in the Legislature. Taliaferro received 59 votes, Pasco 30 and Call 6—51 votes being requisite for an election. Mr. Taliaferro was escorted to the chair amid a wave of enthusiasm, and briefly returned thanks for the honor accorded him.

Mr. James P. Taliaferro, the newly elected Senator, was born at Orange Courthouse, in the State of Virginia, September 30th, 1847, where he spent most of his boyhood days. He served gallantly as a private in the Confederate army. After the war he moved to Jacksonville, Fla.

Mr. Taliaferro has been and is now connected with a number of large commercial enterprises. He is president of the First National Bank of Tampa, and vice-president of the leading wholesale grocery house in Florida. He has never been a candidate for office before. He has been an untiring worker in the Democratic ranks. In private life he is clear and upright. In disposition he is firm and just. In policy he is conservative and broad-minded without the slightest tendency to play before the people the role of demagogue, honest, truthful, frank and practical.

Sheriff Donahoe, of Caswell county, yesterday brought five convicts to the penitentiary. Three of them were white women. While here Sheriff Donahoe also settled his taxes for 1898, paying the State Treasurer \$3,879.80.