## The News and Observer.

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RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1899.

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## IN NEWS **GIRGULATION**. NORTH GAROLINA DAILIES LEADS

## THE RALEIGH'S GIFT TO RALEIGH

Presentation of the Nordenfeldt Gun.

10 BE SENT HERE AT ONCE

VISITORS FRO MRALEIGH CAPT. COGHLAN'S GUESTS.

Reception at the Home of Mr. James Sprunt and at the Crton. Captain Coghlan Greeted by an Enthusiastic Audience at the Opera House.

Wilmington, N. C., May 5.—(Special.) -The cruiser Raleigh which to-night swings behind two anchers in the Cape Fear river off Southport was today the theatre of several interesting events.

Mayor Powell and his party spent the day on board as guests of Captain Coghlan and his crew. On their departure the Nordenfeldt gun taken from the Spanish cruiser Reina Christina in Manila Bay was presented to them for the city of Raleigh as a war trophy.

down on the Compton and took Captain Coghlan and his officers together with Mayor Powell and party from Raleigh back to the city, which has to night in consequence experienced such a round of gaiety as it has perhaps never before known in a similar length of

time.

The entire party were quartered at the Orton House from 7 to 11 o'clock.

A reception was held at the Cape Fear Club at 8:30; the party was then driven to the Opera House where the oratorio Joan of Arc was being suag by the Wilmington Musical Association. Captain Coghlan was introduced to the audience by Captain T. D. Meares and made a short, witty speech. His appearance aroused the greatest

enthusiasm. The audience received him standing, the cheering and applause lasting nearly a minute. His words were brief but witty, expressing pleasure at being in the State for whose capital his vessel was named, and declaring his regret that it had not been possible to bring the vessel itself to this city. "And my failure to do so," he added, "is something for which nature alone is responsi

From the Opera House at 10 o'clock the officers and Baleigh party were driven to the palatial residence of Mr. James Sprunt, where an elegant recep tion was given. From the Sprunt residence they returned to the Orton, where a reception and dance were given by the

Wilmington committee.

But of all the notable events of the day the visit of Mayor Powell and his party to the cruiser this morning and subsequent presentation of the gur this afternoon were most interesting to eople of the city of Raleigh.

Early this morning the steamer South port was chartered and all the Raleigh ites were taken aboard for a visit to the They arrived there at 19 o'clock and spent two hours on board, meeting men and officers and learning something of life on a man-of-war.

The entire vessel was turned over to the visitors, and they were made come to every part of it. At noon the Southport returned to Wilmington bringing back all the Raleigh party except Mayor Powell, Alderman McDonald, R. Simms, W. H. McDonald, Miss Lula McDonald and myself. We remained as guests of Captain Coghlan and the other officers, being entertained at dinner, after which the presentation of the punch bowl presented by the State and the silver drinking cups given by Mrs. A. W. Haywood were brought out and filled, while around the table officers sat and talked of the glory that was Dewey's and of sights and adventures that had been theirs since the Raleigh had years ago swung at anchor at this

very spot. The committee came from Wilmington at 3 o'clock. The punch bowl was refilled; more stories were told, and many souvenirs gathered in various climes and countries the vessel has visited were brought out.

was 5 o'clock when the Compton started back to Wilmington. The party consisted of Captain J. B. Coghlan. Lieutenant Commander T. S. Phelps, Lieutenant Wm. Winder, Lieutenant Hugh Rodman, Lieutenant C. B. Morgan, Ensign H. A. Pearson, Ensign F L. Chadwick, Ensign Provost Babin, Chief Engineer W. C. Winchell, Surgeon J. W. Moore, Paymaster H. L. Heap, Captain of Marines T. C. Treadwell Captain of Marines T. C. Treadwell, all of the Raleigh; James H. Chadbourn, Jr., R. N. Sweet, Misses Blanche David. Marion Murchison, Eliza Bellamy, Annie DeRossett, Mary Meares, Jane Meares, Abbie Chadbourn, Misses Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Watters, Lieutenant and Mrs. Lucas, Captain T. D. Meares, M. W. Jacobi, Chas. Elliott, Milton Elliott, Lieutenant E. I. Brown, and T. W. Clawson, of the Wilmington ommittee, and the party from the city of Also on board was the captured Spanish gun. It will be imme diately shipped to Raleigh over the Seaboard and placed in the rotunda of the

from the State so to do.

from the State so to do.

One hundred and sixty shells go with it. The gun is a 3-pounder and about 6 feet long. Its charge of powder is 27 ounces, which throws a 3 pound shell four miles, or two miles with accu-

The Raleigh will be at Southport until 3 o'clock Monday afternoon when it will leave for Charleston. Fair weather is promised for tomorrow, and hundreds of people are preparing to visit it.

Assistant Attorney General Boyd arrived from Washington this afternoon to take part in the Raleigh festivities. He was much interested in having the vessel sent here, and but for his efforts with the Navy Department the cruiser would not have been permitted to present the gun to Raleigh. He has been thanked by Mayor Powell.

Resolutions passed by the board of aldermen thanking Captain Coghlan and the crew of the Raleigh for the gift of the gun were received by Mayor Powell to-A ROUND OF GAIETY IN WILMINGTON night and presented to Capt. Coghlan. He expressed appreciation of the kindly sentiments expressed in them.

FRED. L. MERRITT. BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Wilmington, N. C., May 5.-Two elaborate receptions were tendered Captain Coghlan and Mrs. Coghlan and the officers of the cruiser Ral-eigh in this city tonight. The first was at the residence of Mr. James Sprunt at 8:30 o'clock. During this event a handsome silver dinner service was presented to Captain Coghlan. The presentation speech was by Mr. E. K. Calder, who said: "In recognition of your services, Captain, and to commemorate this

(Continued on Second Page.)

ASKS FOR INSTRUCTIONS

The committee from Wilmington came | SCHURMAN WANTS NO HUMILIATING CON-DITIONS IMPOSED.

> Until Aguinaldo Lays Down his Arms, How ever, no Progress can be Made Toward a Peaceful Issue.

Washington, May 5.-The State Department to-day received a dispatch from President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, giving the substance of the conferences with the representatives of Aguinaldo, and asking for further instructions. While the text of the dspatch is not to be made public, Secre-tary Hay stated that it showed a very satisfactory condition of affairs in the Philippines, and pointed to a settlement of the difficulties there.

The reply of the President to Professor Schurman's cablegram, it is understood, stated that he was very anxious to have the reason provided.

have the peace negotiations concluded at the earliest possible moment, and to this end he desired that no unnecessary or humiliating conditions should be im-posed upon the insurgents. It is besoon as Aguinaldo is convinced of the sincerity of the American Government he will agree to surrender. He will be required, however, to lay down his arms. This will be the principal condition, and until an agreement. on this point is reached the negotiations will not make any progress toward a conclusion.

OSBORNE REFUSES PAYMENT.

Intimate With German Consul, He Displeases Opposing Interests

San Francisco, Cal., May 5 .- Private dvices from Apia, Samoan Islands, state that United States Consul General Osborne, who is acting President, and as such custodian of the revenue, is ordered by the Berlin Treaty, as such custodian, to pay money on the the Samoan Government. The Governhas drawn an order on the custodian of the revenue for the amount of King Tanu's salary for the month of January. but Osborne has refused to pay and proceeedings have been taken against him by way of petition to the Supreme court payment. Osborne, stated, is the only one of the British or American officials who will have any thing to do with the German Consul, Rose. Osborne, however, has frequent conferences with the German Consul and is quite intimate with him. It is stated that his attitude is regarded with great disfavor by the British and Americans

WILSON COMING SOUTH.

To Further Study Agricultural Conditions in This Section.

Washington, May 5 .- Secretary Wila trip to Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas and other Southern and Southwestern States. He will study the agricultural situation in the States he visits.

PEACE IN VENEZUELA.

Caracas, Venezuela, May 5.—Peace is now re-established in Venezuela. General Ramon Guerra, formerly look's Cape Town dispatch, and adds Venezuelan Minister of War and Mathematical that there is no warrant for the allerine, who started the revolution last gation that the probabilities of war ments of regulars who have just arrived Feburary and was finally severely defeated by the Government troops, has escaped into Columbia.

EARL FLOATS A COMPANY.

London, May 5 .- Following the example of the Earl and Countess of Warwick, who recently converted their prop erties into the Lord and Lady Warwick Company, limited, the Earl of Rosslyn, **SWEPT BY FLAME** 

fices in Ashes.

THE BURNED BUILDINGS.

in the Building Occupied by E. M. Cheek as a Bar Room. Raged for Two Hours.

Greenville, N. C., May 5.-(Special.) Fire started at 10 o'clock last night in General MacArthur's division advanced occupied by E. M. Cheek, as a bar- the place had been evacuated by the room. An entertainment was in prog- rebels, who left only a small detachment the people rusked out almost panic MacArthur occupied the burning town stricken. The fire raged for two hours without loss.

Twenty-five stores and offices, the demonstration was ineffectual beyond scaring the buildings destroyed. The outposts of the Idaho and California and the postoffice are scaring the inhabitants of Malate. King House and the postoffice are among the buildings destroyed. The total loss is estimated at from one hundred to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, with the insurance at about forty thousand dollars. The full list of ed at Balinag. individual losses has not yet been ascer-

individual losses has not yet been ascertained.

Those burned out are H. C. Hooker, dry goods, loss \$4,000, insurance \$1,500; E. M. Cheek, bar-room; Henry Moye, barber shop; W. C. Hines, confectioner; Mrs. M. D. Higgs, millinery; Mrs. George James, millinery; W. B. Wilson, broker; W. L. Brown, insurance agent, J. S. Tunstall, grocer; R. L. Carr, dentist; A. J. Griffin jeweler; Mrs. L. C. Griffin, millinery; D. S. Smith, grocer; J. A. Brady, bar-room, building and stock, \$3,500, half insured; J. D. Starkey & Bro., grocers, \$3,500; insurance \$1,500; Pully & Bowen, goods, \$5,000, insurance \$1,500; J. L. Wooten, druggist, building and stock, \$4,000, insurance \$1,500; Brown & Hooker, dry goods, \$9,000, insurance, \$1,500; half insurance, J. A. Andrews, \$5,000, half insurance; J. A. Tucker, grocer.

The losses of buildings were: J. B. Cherry, three; C. T. Munford was at the hela of the town. Chief of scouts, Young, with eleven men entered Balinag ahead of the army and rang the church bells to announce that they had possession of the city.

The losses of baildings were: J. B. rang the church bells to announce that they had possession of the city. Stores and two offices; W. H. Harring-General Lawton, when attacking in ton, three stores; J. O. Proctor, one;

Everything in the postoffice belonging to the Government was saved.

SLOANE WILL RECEIVE IT.

New York, May 5.-Henry T. Sloane has decided to take back the residence in East Seventy-second street and its contents which he presented to his former wife, now Mrs. Perry Belmont, in October last, and which a few days ago she turned over to the State Trust Company, to be re-conveyed to Mr. Sloane f he would accept it, and in the contrary event to be sold and the proceeds invested for the benefit of their two children. The announcement of his decision was made to-day in a letter to his counsel, Augustus C. Brown. The transfer was made conditional on the payment of Mr. Miguel. They are served with five cents Sloane of personal debts contracted by his former wife since their separation, amounting to about \$64,000, plus all incumbrances on the premises, such as taxes and the interest on a mortgage of \$75,000. These conditions, Mr. Sloane accepted. The house and its contents are said to be worth about \$450,000.

WHERE CUBA GETS HER RICE.

Washington, May 5.—Consul General Lincoln at Antwerp regards it as a fact worth reporting to the State Department that during the last quarter, more than \$86,000 worth of rice from the east the Southern States cannot supply rice to Cuba, that our merchants at least should have some hand in procuring the supply needed.

CAPE TOWN DISPATCH FALSE.

London, May 5.—The Colonial office declares that there is no foundation for the statements made in the Outwith the Transvaal Republic been seriously regarded by the British Government.

SHARKEY AND MAYER.

New Orleans, La., May 5.—Parson Davies announced today that Tom Sharkey had received an offer for a match with Peter Maher at the Lenox ..thletic Club in New York, that it is reported, will float the Rosslyn Sharkey had accepted and would go Estates as a limited liability company.

Twenty-Five Stores and Of- General McArthur Occupies the Burning Town.

KING HOUSE DESTROYED OUR OUTPOSTS ATTACKED

THE POSTOFFICE ALSO AMONG FRUITLESS EFFORTS TO BREAK THROUGH THE LINES.

LOSS MAY REACH NOT LESS THAN \$150,000 HEAVY FIRING THROUGH THE NIGHT

Fire Started About 10 O'clock Thursday Night Hard Fighting Done by Lawton's Expedition in toe Early Part of the Week. Gallantry of Young's Scouts. Fire on a White Flag.

Manila, May 5.-4:55 P. M.-Major the upper floor of the two-story building to San Fernando today, and found that ress in the Opera house at the time, and to cover their retreat by train. General

before it could be gotten under control. The rebels south of Manila attempted Both sides of Main street, from the to rush through Brigadier General Ovencorner of Fourth down to Bank on the shine's lines last night. The attempt west side, and to two doors below the failed, but the rebels maintained a fusi-King House on the east side were lade of musketry fire on the Fourth in-

> were also attacked during the night. Major General Lawton is still quarter

INDIAN TACTICS WERE USED.

force outside of Balinag, saw women and Mrs. S. A. Cherry, one; Mrs. D. L. children in the rebel trenches and sent James, one; M. H. Quinerly, two; R. J. Captain Case in advance with a white Perkins, two; W. S. Rawls, two; J. A. flag to warn the insurgents to remove the non-combatants.

When within five hundred vards of the trenches two volleys were fired at Cap-

ain Case's party. Chief of Scouts Young, whose bravery at Balinag was most notable, served as an Indian scout under Major General Northwest in 1876. The work of Young's scouts was a feature of the expedition. On Wednesday twenty-three of them en countered a body of 300 Filipinos beyond Balinag and drove them until of the 150 rounds of ammunition which the scouts carried they had only fifteen rounds left. They were about to retire when Lieutenant Boyd, with a troop of the Fourth cavalry, came up with them and chased

the enemy into San Miguel. There are 2,000 Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos at San worth of rice daily, and are compelled to work hard on the rebel defences. Several hundred of the Filipino wounded

are at San Miguel. The insurgents are sending their women and children to the Biacnabatto

A Bolo chief and one hnudred men vere captured at Balinag. General Lawton has released many of

GENERAL LUNA WOUNDED. New York, May 5.-Former Mayor W. L. Strong, today received a cablegram from his son, Major Putnam Bradlee was exported from Antwerp to Cuban ports. He says it would seem, in case configural that the Seuthern Strategies are configurable to the Seuthern Strategies and the staff of the Seuthern Strategies are configurable to the staff of the settlement of the settlement of the staff of the settlement of the staff of the st and said that General Luna, the insurcommander-in-chief had

wounded. THE FOE HEMMED IN.

Washington, May 5.-The continued rebel demonstrations, south of Manila are causing no apprehension to the War Department officials, as the brigades of Ovenshine and Hall are said to be ample for every emergency. Together they have about 4,600 men, besides two regiat Manila and are available to re-enforce these brigades

In view of these sharp demonstrations to the south the work done by Lawton on his expedition to Laguna de Bay is receiving credit not heretofore accorded to it. One of the main results of the expedition was to destroy the small craft by which the rebels might have crossed the lake and moved north on the rear of that MacArthur's forces. Now they are hemmed in on a narrow strip of land between the lake and the ocean, unable to arrives.

cross the lake, while the march is too long to circle the lake to the south. Thus the work of Lawton is holding the rebels, some 9,000 in number, to the south, leaving MacArthur free from danger of an attack in force from the

The report that the Filipinos were trying to break through the American lines is evidence to the War Department that this force is becoming short of sup-

It is evidently General Otis' intention to remain on the defensive so long as he can keep this force separate from the main body of Aguinaldo. It is said General Otis believes that he can starve this southern army into submission. Malate is a suburb of Manila near the bay. The other point mentioned in the dispatch, San Pedro Macati, is between Manila and Laguna de Bay and is one of the outposts which protects the water works.

OTIS REPORTS CASUALTIES. Washington, May 5.—The War Department has received the following: "Manila, May 5th.

'Adjutant General, Washington: "Following casualties at San Tomas yesterday: One officer, Lieutenant Toggart, Twentieth Kansas and four en listed men killed; three officers, twentytwo enlisted men wounded. Among wounded General Funston, hand slight.

"Lawton reports capture over 150,000 bushels rice; 265 tons sugar at Baluag. Values of subsistance captured at Malolos one and one-half million dollars. Large captures rice and corn beonging to enemy at other points. Insurgents destroyed by fire yesterday town of San Tomas and last evening fired city of San Fernando. "OTIS."

THE SEIZED PAMPHLETS

EXTRACTS GIVEN FROM EDWARD ATKIN-SON'S WORKS.

His Letter to the War Department Asking for a List of the Officers in the Phi ippin's.

Washington, May 5.—The Postoffice Department today made public the letter of Mr. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, on which the action of the Department in seizing his pamphlets was based. Many letters asking information about the subject have
reached here. Today the following
statement was given out by Postmasstatement was given out by Postmaster General Emory Smith:

"In view of the statement of Mr. Edward Atkinson that he sent his pamphlets only to Admiral Dewey, General Otis, President Schurman and three or four others, the letter of Mr. Atkinson containing his application will be of interest. It is as

"'Boston, Mass., April 22, 1899. To the Secretary of War:

ber of the enclosed pamphlets on 'The the plantation when, at a bend in the Cost of a National Crime, 'The Hell road, 400 yards away, large numbers of War and its Penalties,' 'Criminal of rebels were seen. A Colt automatic the officers and privates in the Phil-ippine Islands. I therefore desire to ward. It refused to act. A halt was know whether these documents can made to fix the gun. This took half partment or may be forwarded in due dale fired a few trial shots. The gun course of mail. desired and if there are printed lists of officers available they would serve the lead. Misled by the information

"No answer was made to this letter except to send an official copy to the Postmaster General, who issued instructions to the postmaster at San Francisco to hold the pamphlets. The spirit and design of the pamphlets will be indicated by a few extracts. In one of them Mr. Atkinson says:

"'I will append one question to 'How much increase of each reader: taxation are you willing to bear and how many of your neighbors' sons are you ready to sacrifice by fever, malaria and general disease in order to extend the sovereignty of the United States over the West Indies and the Philippine Islands?' Again, after describing what he calls 'The Hell of War and its Penalties', Mr. Atkinson 'Lest others should be entrapped into enlistment in the regular army of the volunteer service in the tropics, it will only be fair and honest on the part of the recruiting officers to be put in possession of these facts.' Again Mr. Atkinson says: 'The way has already become plain for the youth of the land to avoid disease in the tropics by refusing to volunteer or enlist in the army or the

navy of the United States.
"The way will be found for the volunteers now held against their will to get their release from unlawful service in any other country than

their own after peace is declared.'
"Mr. Atkinson not only speaks thus
and to the soldiers of the United States, but he encourages the Filipinos to insurrection when he They have the power to enter into international relations, and they may yet be recognized and rightly recognized by other powers."

THE REINA MERCEDES READY.

Santiago de Cuba, May 5.-The for-Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes, which was sunk in the channel of Santiago harbor during the bombardment by Admiral Sampson's fleet on-June 6th, and which was recently raised, pumped out and brought to this city for repairs, left her moorings today and was towed to the center of the harbor in readiness to start for Newport News as soon as the tow-boat

WENT TO DEATH

The Germans Gave no Hint of Danger.

AND LED THEM ASTRAY

STORY OF LANSDALE AND FREE-MAN'S FATE.

HOW THEY AND THEIR MEN WERE TRAPPED

Attacked by Samoans from Ambush, they Abandon a Useless Gun and Refreat. Heroic Men Die Rather Than Desert Commander.

San Francisco, Cal., May 5.-The regular correspondent of the Associated Press, writing from Apia, Samoan Islands, under date of April 20th, gives a detailed account of the fighting in which Lieutenant Lansdale and Ensign Monaghan, of the American Navy, and Lieutenant Freeman, of the British Navy, lost their

On April 1st a landing party made up of sixty American sailors and marines and sixty-two English sailors and about 120 natives, proceeded to Vailele, to break up an assemblage of rebels, who had been committing depredations in the vicinity. The party was under command of Lieutenny Langel Exposure of the Command of Lieutenny Langel Exposure of th tenant Angel Freeman, first officer of the Tauranga, and with him were Lieutenants Cave, of the Porpoise and Hickman of the Royalist. The Am-ericans were under command of Lieutenant Lansdale, who had with him Ensign Monaghan and Lieutenant Perkins, of the marine corps

Dr. Lung, of the Philadelphia, also accompanied the expedition. When the party had reached the German had been there that day. At that very moment, and within a few hundred yards of the expedition, was a large body of rebels. Hufnagle advised that a return home be made by way of the main road through the plantation as converting weather. tion, as everything was quite safe and no rebels had been about. Three other Germans were with Hufnagle and heard this conversation. No one gave any warning of danger. The return o the Secretary of War:

march to the beach was commenced and no sooner had the men got out of Aggression: By Whom Committed?' to gun, of which the natives have great be sent directly through the War De- an hour and then Lieutenant Lans-A list of regiments is worked all right and the march was to the ear very useful purpose.

(Signed) "EDWARD ATKINSON." of Hufnagle, it was decided to return by the main road. The open space where the Germans had been massaered by Mataafans years ago was passed and the troops marched down the road to a narrow gulley, the side which were covered with buffalo grass. On top of the slope, just after the last of the troops had begun to march through the gully, the rebels fired upon them. The line was about 300 yards in length. The rebels were lying in the long grass, while some were in the top of cocoanut trees. The Colt gun again refused to act, and while Lieutenant Lansdale was trying to fix it he was wounded in the knee. At the beginning of the fight Lieutenant Freeman was shot through the chest and fell dead. The friendly natives retreated at the first fire, The white force was too weak to cope with the rebels and the whole force was thrown into confusion. The retreat was imperative, and the automatic gun was accordingly abandoned after ammunition had been scattered and the breech taken away. The allied forces were attacked from three sides.

Through the scrub and grass they retired, Lansdale being assisted by his men. The firing of the rebels was his men. severe. Lansdale, who was being assisted by Ensign Monaghan and two men, seeing that he could not get away, urged them to leave him to his

One of the sailors was shot dead and the other, seeing he could not save the officer, retreated and escaped. Monaghan refused to go and stayed by his fellow officer. Next morning their headless bodies were found on the battlefield. Monaghan's revolver was empty, as was also Lansdale's. Between them lay the dead bodies of three rebels. Monaghan, before the last man left him shot the Chief Aino dead, as he was advancing on Lansdale. Deserters from Mataafa's camp relate how Monaghan stood over Lans dale until that officer was shot dead and then tried to escape himself, but was unable to do so. When the American party reached the beach it was found that four men were missing beside the officers. They were Edsell and Butler, of the Philadelphia,

(Continued on Sixth Page.)