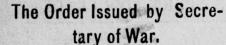


THE ENLISTMENT VOLUNTEERS



RULES FOR RECRUITING

MEN WILL SERVE UNTIL JUNE THIRTIETH, 1901.

UNMARRIED MEN ONLY ARE DESIRED

Applicants for Commissions Must Pass an Examination and Must Have Seen Service

in Spanish American War. Recruiting Instructions.

Washington, July 6 .- The order for the enlistment of volunteers for service in the Philippines was published today, and seven more colonels to, command the regiments were appointed. There are yet two colonels to be designated. Eight majors also were named. The

recruiting will not begin until sometime next week, the exact date not having been fixed yet.

Recruiting stations will be opened in every State and territory, and as fast as the men are enisted they will be sent to the regiments to be assigned to companies. State lines are obliterated, and the men first enlisting will be first to be mustered in. The assignment to companies will be by the officer commanding, and he will be at liberty to organize a company of men from one State if he finds it convenient and practicable. The organization of the ten regiments in this country will not make any difference in the organization of regiments in the Philippines by General Otis. His regiments will be in addition to those hereafter to be known as the Twenty-Sixth to Thirty-Fifth inclusive, and will be numbered Thirty-Sixth upward. It is expected that three regiments will be organized in the Philippines. The regi-ments organized in the United States

and the Philippines will increase the army by 650 officers and 17,667 men, if there should be three full regiments formed by General Otis. The colonels appointed today are under orders to proceed at once with the organization of the regiments. Some

of the officers are now in the city and have been consulting the different bureau officers with regard to equipment and supplies for the men as they join the regiments. The order is as follows:

"War Department, Washington, July 5th, 1899.

"By direction of the President, the following general rules are prescribed for recruiting from the country at large, United States volunteers, as provided for by the Act of Congress, approved. March 2nd, 1899, published in general orders No. 36, of 1899, Headquarters of

following instructions to govern the recruiting: "The enlistment of men for the ter regiments of infantry, United States vol-unteers, will be made by the regular recruiting officers at all city recruiting

stations and military posts within the United States." Districts for recruiting designated regiments are announced as follows, and

recruiting officers will be governed accordingly: For the Twenty-sixth regiment, Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.: the New England States, excepting Connecticut,

and the portion of the State of New York north of the 42nd degree of lati tude.

For the Twenty-seventh regiment. Camp Meade, Pennsylvania; the State of Connecticut, the portion of the State of New York south of the 42nd degree of latitude, the States of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and the District of Columbia. For the Twenty-eighth regiment, Camp Meade, Pennsylvania; the States

of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Dela-For the Twentl-ninth regiment, Fort McPherson, Georgia; the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. Fort For the Thirtieth regiment, Sheridan, Illinois; the States of Illinois,

Michigan and Wisconsin. For the Thirty-first regiment, Fort Thomas, Kentucky; the States of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and Tennessee. For the Thirty-second regiment, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; the States of Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas and Territories of Oklahoma and

Indian. For the Thirty-third regiment, Fort Sam Houston, Texas; the State of

Texas. For the Thirty-fourth regiment, Fort Logan, Colorado; the States of Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Minnesota, North Da kota, South Dakota and Montana and the Territories of Arizona and New

Mexico, For the Thirty-fifth regiment, Van couver Barracks, Washington; the States of California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and Idaho and the Terri tory of Alaska.

The following officers have been appointed by the President for the new re giments.

COLONELS.

Twenty-Sixth Regiment-Major Edmund Rice, Third Infantry. Twenty-Seventh Regiment-Major

James M. Bell, First Cavalry. Twenty-Eighth regiment-Captain Jas. S. Pettit, First Infantry, better known as Colonel of the Fourth Immunes.

Twenty-Ninth Regiment.-Captain Edwar. E. Hardin, Colonel of the Second New York Volunteers in the war with Spain.

Thirtieth Regiment-Captain Cornelius Gardner, Nineteenth Infantry. Thirty-Second Regiment-Capt. L. A

Craig, Sixth Cavalry. Thirty-Third Regiment-Capt. Luther

R. Hare, Seventh Cavalry. Thirty-Fifth Regiment-Maj. Wm. A Kobee, Third Artillery. There are two colonels yet to be ap

pointed, who will be assigned to the Thirty-...st and Thirty-Fourth Regi-ments. the men designated for Lieutenant Colonel of the Thirty-Fifth Regiment will organize it and take it to the Philippines when Colonel Kobbe will assume command.

MAJORS.

"The strength of regiments, officers and enlisted men, will be as provided for by Sections 4 and 12 of the Act of Congress, approved March 2nd 1500

Alabama, Graduated from Military Academy in the class of 1895. Was a Major and Chief Ordnance Officer in the war with Spain, and now on duty at the Military Academy. A delegation of Southerners, including

Representatives Clayton, Bankhead and Griggs, to-day saw the President with reference to the selection of officers for the new volunteer regiments. As a re-sult it was stated the President promised the following appointments:

R. E. L. Spence, of Georgia, to be Major. Frank F. Crenshaw, of Georgia, to be

Captain. S. G. Orr, of Georgia, to be Assistant Quartermaster.

Marion Mabson, of Alabama, to be Second Lieutenant. G. M. Harries, of Georgia, to be Sec-

ond Lieutenant.

ICE COMPANY CASE.

Judge Brown Postpones Hearing to July 28th.

Morehead City, N. C., July 6 .- (Special.)-Judge Brown has postponed the hearing to July 28th, at Oxford, of argument as to the extension of time allowed the attorneys to file papers on peal from the verdict of the jury in Wake Superior Court awarding the Hygienic Ice Company \$20,000 for the alleged burning of its factory by a spark from an engine of the Seaboard Air Line Railway. The case was to have been heard to-night.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: 'I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite-gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physi-cians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying "Electric Bitters"; to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a great improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another vic No one should fail to try them. tim. Only 5 cents, guaranteed, at all drugstores.

BATTLE WITH THE GENDARMES

London, July 6.-Despite assertions to the contrary, rioting in Barcelona was renewed last night. A mob stoned a number of shops and were charged by the gendarmes. The mob showed fight. firing revolvers at the gendarmes, who returned the fire. In the encounter three gendarmes and a large number of rioters were wounded. Eighteen arrests were made.

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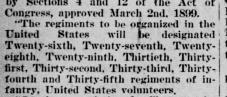
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"Of the commissioned officers to be appointed for each of these regiments the field and staff officers, including medical officers, and captains of com- jor of the First Cavalry he commanded panies, will be assembled at regimental rendezvous, as hereafter designated, for the purpose of theoretical and practical instruction in organization, military administration, drill regulations, discipline, hygiene, camp sanitation, etc. Daily instruction in the nomenclature, care and assembly of parts of the rifle, and target practice will be a special feature of instruction of both officers and men.

"Applicants for commissions, except officers of the regular army, will be required to pass a satisfactory examination as to age, moral, mental and physical fitness, and capacity to command troops, and must have had service during Spanish-American war.

"The recruiting service of the regular army will be charged with recruiting from the country at large men for service in these volunteer regiments, whose enlistments will be made for the period ending June 30th, 1901, unless sooner discharged, and without restrictions as to citizenship or educational qualifications, but in all other respects under the same rules and regulations as are prescribed for recruiting the regular service. Except in special cases, only unmarried men will be enlisted for these regiments. In view of the probable severe service of these regiments and the climatic conditions to which they may be subjected the physical qualifications of both officers and enlisted men is of first importance. Only those fully qualified will be appointed or enlisted.

"The lieutenants and two of the medical officers of each regiment will, as far as practicable, be assigned to duty as assistants to recruiting officers of the regular army.

"Upon arrival of the recruits at the regimental rendezvous, the commanding officers of regiments will assign them to companies, and the appointment and reduction of regimental and battalion non-commissioned staff and company non-commissioned officers and other enlisted grades will be governed by the law and army regulations.

"Each regiment so organized, for purposes of discipline and supply, will be subject to the orders of the commanding general of the department in which the rendezvous is located, and the regimental commander will report by telegraph to the adjutant general of the department on his arrival at the regimental rendezvous.

"R. A. ALGER, (Signed.) "Secretary of War."

The regiments will be organized according to the provisions of the act of Judge March 2nd, 1899, and will consist of rado.

Fourth Infantry; First Lieutenant Geo L. Bryam, First Cavalry; Second Lieutenant Joseph Wheeler, Jr., Fourth Artillery.

All of these officers have been selected because of their distinguished services. Colonel Bell is a veteran of the Civil War, and was appointed to the army from Pennsylvania, and was several times promoted and brevetted. As Maa squadron in Cuba and was severely wounded at Las Quasimas.

Colonel James S. Pettit is better known as Colonel of the Fourth Im munes. He is a West Point graduate. and at one time Professor of Military Science at Yale College.

Colonel Edward E. Hardin was ap-pointed to the Military Academy from Kentucky in 1870. He saw service on the frontier, was an instructor at West Point, and at the outbreak of the war with Spain was made Colonel of the Second New York Volunteers.

Colonel L. A. Craig was appointned to the Military Academy from Missouri in 1869, served on the frontier, and was instructor for four years at West Point. He was appointed Major and Assistant Adjutant General in May, 1898, and served through the campaign in Porto Rico

Colonel Luther R. Hare was appointed from Texas in 1870, and served with the Seventh Cavalry on the Western frontier for twenty-five years. At the outbreak of the war he was appointed Lieutenant Colonel of the First Texas Cavalry, and

subsequently made Colonel. Colonel Wm. A. Kobbe, Third Artil-lery, served with the New York Volunteers for three years during the Civil War, and was twice brevetted for distinguished services. He has served with distinction in the Philippines, and has been frequently commended for his services.

Colonel Cornelius Gardner was ap-pointed to West Point from Michigan in 1869, and served in the West and Southwest. At the outbreak of the war with Spain he was made Colonel of the Thir-ty-First Michigan Infantry and went with it to Cuba.

First Lieutenant Ed. Anderson, Tenth Cavalry, was born in Tennessee, and graduated in the class of 1891. He served with his troop in the Cuban campaign, and was brevetted for conspicuous gallantry in the battle of Santiago. Captain F. M. Steele, Eighth Cavalry.

was born in Alabama and graduated in the class of 1883. He took active part or All Stonash and Liver Troubles U with his regiment in the Cuban paign, and was brevetted for gallantry in the battle of Santiago, and was promoted to Captain and assigned to the Eighth Cavalry in 1899.

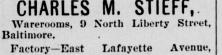
First Lieutenant George L. Bryam First Cavalry, was appointed from Ala-bama. He graduated from the Military Academy in the fall of 1885. He was severely wounded in Cuba, June 14th. 1898. He is now Captain and Acting Judge Advocate, Department of Colo-

fifty officers and 1,309 enlisted men each. The Secretary of War gives the Jr., Fourth Artillery, appointed from



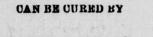
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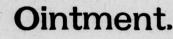
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