

The News and Observer.

LEADS ALL NORTH CAROLINA DAILIES IN NEWS AND CIRCULATION.

ANOTHER BATTLE WITH BANDITS

Fired Upon Americans from Strong Entrenchments.

ONE PRIVATE WAS KILLED

BANDITS LOST FIVE KILLED AND SEVEN CAPTURED.

MEN ENLISTING FAST IN PHILIPPINES

The Transports are Being Rapidly Coaled and Will Leave for Home, Bringing the Volunteers, as Soon as they Can Clear.

Washington, July 26.—Three cable messages from General Otis were received at the War Department today. One reports another engagement with bandits in Cebu, in which the American force was victorious. It bears date of today and is as follows:
"Following from Cebu today:
"Bandits in Cebu mountains robbing and impressing people coast towns. On Monday, Lieutenant Moore with detachment Twenty-third infantry, while scouting in mountains, fired upon from strongly fortified position; one private killed, name not given. No other casualties. Enemy's loss five dead, seven captured."
Another refers to the organization of the volunteer regiments in the Philippines, as follows:
"Bell has enlisted about 500 men. Wallace, still has about 400. Lockett now enlisting; has over 400 applications, which are coming in rapidly. Might raise here an additional regiment, exclusively volunteers."
Colonel Bell referred to in the dispatch is in command of the Thirty-sixth infantry and Colonel Wallace of the Twenty-seventh. Colonel Lockett is in command of the cavalry regiment which is to be raised in the Philippines.
"Storm has abated. Sherman coaled, leaves today with all troops California. Grant being coaled, leaves in about four days with troops North Dakota, Wyoming and Idaho. Minnesota preparing to leave on Sheridan soon as transports can be unloaded and coaled. Other volunteer organizations leave as soon as transports are available."
General Otis has been cabled to send the volunteers home as rapidly as possible, it being the desire of the President to have no delay in the matter.

SLAUGHTERED HIS FAMILY.

The Madman Then Finished by Committing Suicide.

Brazil, Ind., July 26.—Charles Wolfangel became violently insane last night at his home in Denmark, south of here, and chopped his two daughters and wife to death with a hatchet while they were sleeping. He then cut his own throat. It is thought the eldest girl was awakened when her sister was killed, as evidences of a struggle were apparent. One of Wolfangel's daughters is staying with Alex. McCullough, near Asheville. Wolfangel called at McCullough's last Sunday and requested his daughter to accompany him home. She asked Mr. McCullough to shield her from her father's wrath, and he did so by driving Wolfangel from his home.
The murdered children were eight and twelve years old.

M'COY WILL MEET ALL COMERS.

Davenport, Iowa, July 26.—Kid McCoy, tanned and healthy looking, arrived here today to remain until August 10th, when he will meet Tom Duggan, of Australia, and Jack Graham, of Pittsburgh, in five round bouts, the same evening. Harry Harris will go twenty rounds against Joe Huguette, of Chicago, the same night.
McCoy says "good hours and regular living" will be his reliance, instead of training, in the future. "This is my last year's fighting," said he, "and I want to make it a merry one. I prefer Jeffries to any one else. If Fitz won't fight for the middleweight championship I will claim it and meet all comers. Corbett, Maher, Sharkey, and the rest know where to find me."

ORDERED TO BAINBRIDGE.

Albany, Ga., July 26.—Colonel Wooten commanding the Fourth regiment of Georgia militia received orders from the Governor at 4 p. m., to proceed immediately to Bainbridge and take command of the troops there. He was further ordered to carry with him such additional companies of his regiment as he might deem necessary to preserve the peace. Colonel Wooten therefore ordered out the two companies of the Albany guards and with them left for Bainbridge at 8 p. m. This will make four companies on duty.

ALGER GOES TO THORNTDALE.

Washington, July 26.—Secretary and Mrs. Alger left here this morning for Thorntdale, Pa., where they will spend a few days with their daughter. Secretary Alger will make a short visit to New York city on private business before returning to Washington next Monday to close up his official connection with the Government.

HEREAUX ASSASSINATED.

President of the Dominican Republic Murdered at Pico.

Fort du France, Island of Martinique, July 26.—General Ulysses Hereaux, President of the Dominican Republic was assassinated at Pico, Santo Domingo, at half past four o'clock this afternoon. The name of the murderer is Ramon Caceres. He succeeded in making his escape, but an energetic pursuit was at once begun, and it is probable he will soon be captured.
Vice-President General Wenceslao Figueroa, upon the announcement of the President's death, assumed the direction of affairs.
At present calmness prevails everywhere in the Republic.
The remains of President Hereaux will probably be taken to Santo Domingo for the funeral services.

WASHINGTON WITHOUT NEWS.

Washington, July 26.—No information was received up to half past nine o'clock tonight from consular representatives of the United States in Santo Domingo regarding the assassination there today of President Hereaux. Pending official advice of the assassination no formal action will be taken by this Government.
L. F. Powell, the Minister to Hayti is also Charge d'Affaires to Santo Domingo, while this Government is directly represented in the republic in the person of Campbell L. Maxwell, who is Consul General and John A. Read who is Vice Consul. Officials here recall that attempts have been made heretofore on the life of Mr. Hereaux. Secretary Hay paid a brief tribute to the work of the deceased President, saying he understood that he had given the country a good administration.
Secretary Long said he could not recall that there were any ships of the United States navy now in San Domingo waters.
Should the developments of the next few days show a feeling of unrest and uncertainty regarding the future affairs of the island, a United States man-of-war will be despatched to that vicinity to look out for the protection of American interests.

TO FORM A NEW LABOR PARTY.

A meeting called to formulate plans for this purpose.
New York, July 26.—The Central Federal Union, through its corresponding secretary, tonight issued a call for a meeting of representatives of the labor organizations in this city, to be held on Monday evening, August 7th, at which plans are to be formulated for the organization of a new labor party. The call follows:
"To all trade and Labor Organizations of Greater New York:
"Greeting: After a considerable and interesting discussion at a regular session of this body on July 23rd, 1899, relative to the strike of motormen and conductors, both in Brooklyn and Manhattan, during which it was shown that the ten hour law had been and was being violated by the trolley corporations and that the authorities were apparently dormant and made no attempt to enforce the said law, it was unanimously decided to call a conference of all trade and labor organizations to be held Monday evening, August 7th, at eight o'clock in Clearston Hall, for the purpose of formulating a platform on which labor candidates can be nominated.
"You are therefore, earnestly invited to have two representatives of your body in attendance at this conference."

DATO SQUELCHES WEYLER.

And the Senate Applauded Him for Doing It.
Madrid, July 26.—The discussion of the Army Bill in the Senate today led to an exciting scene. General Weyler arguing against any reduction of the strength of the army, warned the Government that the present situation made a revolution highly probable, since it had never been so easy for the army and the people to make common cause. He himself, he said, had never thought of heading a rising, but it must be confessed that revolution sometimes cleared the political atmosphere and accomplished the work of regeneration.
Senator Dato, Minister of the Interior, replying, severely censured General Weyler, declaring that a general who with 300,000 men had failed to suppress the Cuban rebellion, had no right to make such threats, and that any attempt at revolution no matter by whom, would be proceeded against with the utmost rigor of the law. The Senators warmly applauded Dato's speech.
The Army Bill was adopted.

HANNA AND CO'S BIG DEAL.

Cleveland, O., July 26.—The Iron Trade Review tomorrow will say: On Friday of this week papers will be passed by which the National Steel Company acquires the well known Chapin and Winthrop mines and the steel fleets of the Mutual Transportation Company, and the Menominee Transit Company. All these properties are familiarly known in the trade as allied to the Hanna interest. It is a stipulation of the transaction just closed that M. A. Hanna and Company shall handle the various properties involved.
The amount of money involved in the deal is known to approximate \$6,000,000, though exact figures are for the present withheld.

MAJOR VAN HALEM PASSES AWAY.

New York, July 26.—Major Ernest Van Halem died suddenly today at his residence in this city, aged sixty-two years. When a young man Major Van Halem came to this country and settled in the South. He served in the Confederate army in a Virginia regiment and at the close of the war came to New York.

WITH DYNAMITE AND HEAVY POLES

Mob at Bainbridge Were Well Prepared.

WORK OF COOLER HEADS

LEADING CITIZENS PLEADED WITH THEM SUCCESSFULLY.

LATER THE NEGRO RAPIST WAS REMOVED

Taken to Thomasville Under Heavy Guard for Safe Keeping, An Assault on a Child in Mississippi Followed by Swift Retribution.

Bainbridge, Ga., July 26.—On account of the excited state of the people here, Sheriff Patterson tonight took John Williams, the negro rapist in jail here, and whose life has been clamored for by a mob for two days, to Thomasville for safe keeping. Under guard of the two companies of militia, which arrived here this morning and between lines of jeering people, the negro was taken to the depot and put aboard a Plant Line train due to arrive in Thomasville at seven p. m. There is some talk of the mob going to Thomasville, but this is not taken in any seriousness, and it is thought the trouble is over.
The action of the leading citizens of the town late last night in confronting the mob as it marched to the jail, saved the life of Williams. The lynching party with dynamite and telegraph poles for battering rams was on its way to the jail when Judge Bower and two other gentlemen stopped the mob and pleaded with them to let the law take its course. Judge Bower promised a special term to try Williams and promised speedy justice. After some replies from members of the mob they finally disbanded and the night was passed in quiet.

TROOPS RUSH TO SAVE HIM.

Birmingham, Ala., July 26.—State troops are being rushed to Cullman to save from lynching Henderson Tunstall, the negro who killed Justice of the Peace J. K. Hamilton at Blount Springs last Friday night, while resisting arrest. Tunstall was arrested at Cullman last night. When the news reached Blount Springs a mob was formed to go to Cullman to lynch Tunstall. The mob left Blount Springs on the northbound passenger train, passing that place about 1 p. m. On hearing this the Governor ordered out the Birmingham Rifles to protect the negro.
"T'WAS A FALSE ALARM.
Birmingham, Ala., July 26.—Henderson Tunstall, the negro murderer of Judge James K. Hamilton was brought here tonight under guard of a company of militia for safe keeping. The negro was captured by Cullman and there never was any real danger of lynching. Baseless rumors caused the militia to be called out, but the least sign of interference was seen at Cullman.
WENT DOWN UNDER A VOLLEY.
Jackson, Miss., July 26.—News reached here this evening of the work of a mob in Rankin county last night. Stanley Hayes, a negro living on Mr. Green's plantation, four miles from Brandon, attempted to criminally assault Alice Corley, the fourteen-year-old daughter of a white farmer. A mob of farmers was instantly organized and about midnight Hayes met the mob face to face while walking along the road through a creek bottom near Greenfield. A volley of shots from pistols, rifles and shot-guns was poured into his body, and he dropped lifeless. The mob then rode away.

WRIGHT'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Mob Boarded the Train at Newnan, But Failed to Find Him.
Atlanta, Ga., July 26.—Sheriff Reeves, of Pike county, Alabama, placed Albert Wright, one of the negroes accused of assaulting Mrs. Ogletree, in jail here this afternoon.
The sheriff stated that when the train passed through Newnan, a mob of armed men boarded it and demanded that the prisoner be turned over to them. Wright had been concealed in the baggage car, however, before Newnan was reached, and after making what they thought to be a thorough search of the train the would-be lynchers permitted the train to pull out, thinking the negro was not aboard.
The negro denies his guilt, but Sheriff Reeves states that he has been identified by Mr. Ogletree.

DEWEY WRITES MANY LETTERS

Trieste, July 26.—Admiral Dewey was busily engaged during the day in replying to his immense American correspondence and in receiving private visitors.
The rumors that American politicians have arrived here to consult with the Admiral regarding the Presidency of the United States are without foundation.

DREYFUS ILL WITH FEVER.

Paris, July 26.—The Petit Journal says that Captain Dreyfus is ill with fever and that his condition is serious.

INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE OF SOUTH.

Permanent Organization Effected in Atlanta—Its Objects.

Atlanta, Ga., July 26.—Permanent organization of the Southern Industrial League was effected today by the Convention of Southern merchants now in session here. The committee appointed or organized named J. K. Orr, of Atlanta, for president. The committee also recommended that each State be represented by a vice-president to be chosen by the delegates from the respective States. The object of the league will be to encourage payment and collection of all debts; wipe from the statute books laws intended to hinder the collection of debts; protection of all forms of invested capital; to prevent the discounting of debts; and to further the completion of the Nicaraguan Canal. D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte, N. C., delivered an address on "Our Export Trade From a Southern Standpoint."
HOWELL REPLIES TO THURBER.
Atlanta, Ga., July 26.—At a Bohemian Smoker given by the entertainment committee tonight to the guests attending the convention, Hon. Clarke Howell, made an address, in which he replied to the speech of Hon. F. B. Thurber, of New York, which was read here yesterday. Mr. Howell said that the conditions which Mr. Thurber stated existed in the South were no worse in that section than they were in every other section of the country. He said that the ruin of certain valuable properties in Georgia was not due to the repudiation of obligations of the Southern people, but to the manipulations of Wall Street brokers.
Mr. Howell condemned lynching in the South and said that mob violence in this section was not as bad as in Illinois where negroes were shot down for coming in honest competition with white labor. He said that every complaint Mr. Thurber made of the South applied equally as well to other sections.

SENATOR STEWART'S SCHEME.

To Insure at All Times Full Representation in the Senate.

Washington, July 26.—Senator Stewart, of Nevada, said today that, in order to obviate the apparent necessity of an amendment to the Constitution to insure at all times a full representation of States in the United States Senate, he would at the next session of Congress offer relief by legislation which, the Senator says, may prove satisfactory. He proposes that the following paragraph be added to the end of Section 45, Title 2, Chapter 1, of the Revised Statutes:
"If on the third Tuesday after the organization of the Legislature no person has received such majority, then on that day or on any succeeding day the person receiving a plurality of the votes cast, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared elected."
This, he believes, will meet the necessities of the case and insure the election of a United States Senator in every State at the time specified by law.

OFF FOR LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

The President and Mrs. McKinley Leave Washington.
Washington, July 26.—President and Mrs. McKinley left Washington on a special train at 3 o'clock this afternoon for Lake Champlain for a stay of several weeks. With the President were Miss Sarah Duman, his niece; Secretary Cortelyou and a retinue of White House attaches and servants. A crowd of several hundred people were at the station to see the Presidential party off.

BURNS GETS \$1,071 DAMAGES.

Asheboro, N. C., July 26.—(Special)—The case of Burns against the Railroad ended this evening at seven o'clock. It was ably argued on both sides for two days. The judge's charge was practical. A verdict was expected. After five hours' deliberation the jury returned a verdict for one thousand and seventy one dollars in favor of the plaintiff. The plaintiff has moved for a new trial on the grounds of insufficient damages. The motion is to be taken up for argument tonight.

YACHT RACE IS POSTPONED.

Newport, R. I., July 26.—It was announced today by the racing committee of the Newport Yacht Racing Association that the Association has been obliged to abandon the race arranged for Saturday between Columbia and Defender owing to the fact that the Columbia's steel mast will not be ready in time.
The race will be sailed next week, but the committee has not been able to determine the date.

THE SHERMAN COMING HOME.

Manila, July 26.—(12:25 P. M.)—The transport Sherman sailed today for San Francisco, via Nagasaki and Yokohama with the California infantry, consisting of forty-eight officers and 950 men; two batteries of the California heavy artillery, nine officers and 86 men; and 275 discharged soldiers of other regiments.

BURIAL OF THE CZAREWITZ.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—The body of the Czarewicz was interred in the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul today, in the presence of the Czar, the Dowager Empress and other members of the Imperial family and Prince Waldemar, of Denmark.

COLONEL PENDELTON'S DEATH.

Richmond, Va., July 26.—Colonel Edmund Pendleton, widely known throughout Virginia and the South, died at Lexington, Va., today.

STRIKE'S STORM CENTRE BROOKLYN

Suburb Joined to Cleveland by a Long Bridge.

THE SOLDIERS VIGILANT

CARS ARE STONED ALONG THE ROUTE NEVERTHELESS.

GENERAL AXLINE HEARS THEM WHISTLE

Declines to Give his Views on the Situation. Neither Side Seems Inclined to Yield. Preparations for Mass Meetings Going Forward.

Cleveland, O., July 26.—The storm center of the street railway strike has, according to the authorities, settled in Brooklyn, a suburb connected with Cleveland by a long high bridge. At noon 150 employees of the Born Steel Range Company blockaded a car on the bridge and dragged the motorman and conductor from their posts, inflicting with their fists and other weapons injuries more painful than serious. Soldiers on guard at the barn about half a mile away hurried to the scene, but the rioters had taken refuge in the factory which stands under the approach to the bridge. The factory was surrounded and the premises searched, but there was no clew by which the guilty ones could be picked out.
General Axline in command of the troops here, in order to personally view the situation, took a ride today on an Orange street car. He was in civilian dress and the car was stoned at various intervals all along the route. A rock came near hitting him. The general took other trips through the troubled districts, but declined to give his views of the situation.
The vigilance of the guards while daylight aided them prevented trouble of a serious nature. Preparations for mass meetings at various points were made during the day. It is expected that a large one will be held in Monumental Square in the heart of the city tomorrow night unless the Mayor prohibits it. A meeting will be held in Brooklyn to protest against the action of Mayor Farley, of Cleveland, who has assumed, under the authority of an almost forgotten statute, supreme police power in Cuyahoga county. This leaves Mayor Phelps of the suburb together with his constabulary shorn of their power, and they don't like it. The two mayors are not on the terms that existed between the storied Governors of the two Carolinas. The soldiers and the Cleveland chief executive's special police in Brooklyn are not allowed to use the public hydrants to get water, it is said, and upon various occasions bayonets were of a necessity used to convince shopkeepers that it was wisest to sell soldiers what they wanted. Mayor Farley today mailed Mayor Phelps a letter in which he declared that if the Cleveland cohorts, had any more trouble about getting water, Cleveland, which pumps the water to the suburb, would attempt to abrogate the water truce and let the whole hamlet go thirsty. Mayor Farley also issued a statement to the strikers in which he said that a man who was more loyal to his labor union than to himself and his country was a coward and a bad citizen.
Cars were run on 12 lines of the Big Consolidated today and most of the lines last night. From this the authorities take hope for continual improvement. President Mahon, of the National Union of Street Car Employees in an interview today declared that as the street car company, according to his information, was losing thousands of dollars every day, the strike would have to be settled soon upon advances made by the company. On the face of this President Everett today again told the board of arbitration that the company had nothing to arbitrate. The board is unable to take action looking to a settlement in view of the attitudes of the opposing forces.
The task of distributing the soldiers was today completed by General Axline. Mayor Farley declared that he would suppress violence if he had to call out the entire National Guard of Ohio. A boy was shot this evening by a non-union conductor, but whether or not accidentally is not known.

MOVE TO END THE STRIKE.

A step, in which there is hope of conciliating the street car company and its striking employees was taken here tonight by the committee of the council which succeeded in patching up an agreement over the difficulties that caused the first strike a month ago. The committee tonight made a request for a special meeting of the council to meet tomorrow night to discuss ways and means for putting an end to the present distressing situation.

It is regarded as probable that the old committee will be appointed and at once set about its labors.
The action of the old committee in seeking to repeat its former success meets with the approval of General Axline, member of the State board of arbitration, and the Mayor and his advisers, as well as citizens generally. It is said,

MRS. RICH REFUSES FOOD.

El Paso, Texas, July 26.—Mrs. Rich, who is accused of murdering her husband in Mexico will be kept incommunicado for a period of forty-eight hours instead of seventy-two as the law directs. Today she will be arraigned before the judge. By direction of Governor Ahumada the prisoner will be permitted to receive visitors two days in the week and accredited newspaper reporters at all times. The trial will begin six weeks hence, since being locked up in Mexico, Mrs. Rich has refused to eat, and is said to be very sullen.

NO. OF RECRUITS ENROLLED.

Washington, July 26.—Returns received today by Colonel Ward, the officer in charge of the recruiting service show that 617 recruits were enrolled for the new volunteer regiments yesterday, making the total enrollment to date 5,400.

MESSINGER BOYS TO STRIKE.

Richmond, Va., July 26.—It is reported tonight that the Western Union Telegraph messenger boys here have organized a strike for an increase in the rates of pay they receive, and that the strike will go into effect in the morning.

SECRETARY LONG WILL ISSUE.

Secretary Long will issue in a few days a rule relative to the building, arming and equipment of new ships, the effect of which will be to give each bureau a greater measure of responsibility over affairs directly under it.

THE UPPER PEST.

Damage Done by a Mississippi—Threatened Invasion of Minnesota.

Washington, July 26.—Mr. J. S. Hine, of the Entomological Bureau of the Agricultural Department has returned from an inspection of the section of the State of Mississippi which has recently been suffering from the grasshopper pest. He found that the grasshopper pest were largely confined to Bolivar county, and that while they had done great damage there to growing crops, they were of the non-migratory species, known as the differentials and were not therefore liable to prove dangerous to other communities. The greatest damage has been so far on the Dahomey Plantation, where 300 acres of cotton in one patch was totally destroyed and 200 acres in another greatly damaged.
The Agricultural Department is also in receipt of information of a threatened invasion of hoppers in North Dakota and Minnesota. These are of migratory species and breed in the Turtle Mountains. It is probable that the Department will co-operate with the State authorities of the section affected in dealing with the insects in case they prove damaging.

THREE ITALIAN CITIZENS.

Two of the Five Lynched at Tallulah Naturalized Americans.
Washington, July 26.—Count Vinci, the Italian Charge here, had another interview with Assistant Secretary Hill at the State Department today respecting the inquiry now in progress into the killing of the five Italians last week at Tallulah, La. Governor Foster has not yet submitted his report, but it has been learned unofficially that three of the five men killed were undoubtedly Italian citizens, and two were naturalized American citizens.

JEFFRIES TALKS OF HIS PLANS.

New York, July 26.—James J. Jeffries, the pugilist, arrived today in this city after a pleasant tour across the country. The big fellow will sail for Europe tomorrow on the North German Lloyd liner Bismarck. He is in prime condition for his contests with Charley Mitchell and Jim Smith which are to take place abroad within a fortnight.
Jeffries will return here about September 15th, when he will go into training at Asbury Park for his fight with Sharkey.
"The Sailor," said Jeffries, "has been doing considerable talking about how quickly he will polish me off when we meet. I don't say I will beat him in a punch, in four rounds or anything of that sort. Sharkey is a big, strong fellow and has a chance to defeat me, but I think I will get the decision when we meet."
Regarding the talk about a fight between himself and McCoy, Jeffries said he did not consider the "Kid" in his class.
"McCoy," he said, "is a good clever middle-weight, but has no chance against heavy-weights. If McCoy, however, insists on a match with me he can obtain it, provided that he will agree that the winner take all. I am not in the fighting game for fun. I want to get all the money out of the game there is in it while I am on top. When some fellow comes along and beats me I want to have a bank account on hand. A beaten fighter is not of much account unless he has money in the bank."