

# The News and Observer.

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## LEADS ALL NORTH CAROLINA DAILIES IN NEWS AND CIRCULATION.

### THE BOERS ATTACK GLENCOE

#### They Are Swept Back by a Desperate British Charge.

### THE ENGLISH LOSE HEAVILY

#### Their General, William Penn Symon, Who Was in the Thick of the Fight, Badly Wounded--English Take an Almost Inaccessible Position Under Cover of Their Artillery--General Sir Geo. Stewart White Still Awaits Foe. A Boer Defeat at Mafeking.

London, October 20.—The War Office has received the following official dispatch from Ladysmith, filed at 3:30 this afternoon: "This from Glencoe: "We were attacked this morning at daylight by a force roughly estimated at 4,000. They had placed four or five guns in position on a hill, 5,400 yards east of our camp and they fired plugged shells. Their artillery did no damage. Our infantry formed for attack, and we got our guns into position. After the position of the enemy had been shelled our infantry advanced to the attack, and after a hard fight, lasting until 1:30 p. m., an almost inaccessible position was taken, the enemy retiring eastward. All the Boers' guns have been captured. We can see our soldiers at the top of the hill. Our cavalry and artillery are still out.

unconfirmed report has been received here that the Boer artillery is shelling Dundee.

#### BRITISH FALL BACK FIGHTING.

Ladysmith, Oct. 19.—(Delayed in Transmission)—The Carbineers and Border Mounted Rifles, who have been in action with the enemy nearly all day, returned this evening, falling back fighting, in the face of some 2,000 Boers. They were several times almost cut off, but a Maxim gun held the Boers in check. It is reported that sixteen Boers were killed. Several times the Boers came within 400 yards range, but their shooting was bad, and the Maxims rendered signal service in stopping their rushes. They have a large wagon train and artillery.

#### 17,000 TROOPS TO GO AT ONCE.

Southampton, Oct. 20.—The transport Yorkshire carrying the First Troops of the special army corps for South Africa, cast off this afternoon at 2:20 o'clock, the other transports following at regular intervals. The public were excluded from the docks during the embarkation, but immense throngs gathered outside, cheering and singing and bidding farewell to their friends as the trains passed in.

Today and Monday 17,000 men will leave for South Africa.

As the Yorkshire departed the public cheered vociferously, and the troops responded with vigor. The commander-in-chief, General Lord Garnet Wolseley, with his staff, was present at the embarkation. The United States Naval attaché, Lieutenant J. C. Colwell, was an interested spectator.

#### ORDERED TO GIBRALTAR.

London, Oct. 20.—The British channel squadron has been ordered to proceed to Gibraltar next Tuesday.

#### REPORTED CAPTURE OF GUNS.

London, Oct. 20.—It was reported in the House of Commons this evening that the British had captured seventeen guns at Glencoe and that the cavalry were still pursuing the fleeing burghers.

#### A LOUD CALL TO ARMS.

Cape Town, Oct. 20.—Advices from the Orange Free State announce that President Steyn has issued another proclamation calling upon the burghers to a man to take arms and to fight against an unscrupulous enemy. "We are fighting a just war," says the proclamation, "and cannot be defeated as God is on our side."

#### NEW FLYING SQUADRON.

London, October 20.—The afternoon papers publish dispatches from Portsmouth pointing to the forming of a new flying squadron.

#### MULES FOR THE BRITISH.

New Orleans, October 20.—The steamer Montezuma cleared today for Cape Town, South Africa, with 2,029 mules for the British army, six thousand bushels of oats, 500 tons of hay, and 80 tons of bran. Her commander, Captain Owen, expects to make the run from New Orleans to Cape Town in 26 days.

#### BRILLIANT BRITISH VICTORY.

Glencoe Camp, October 20.—(Afternoon).—The battle today has been a brilliant success. The Boers got a reverse which may possibly, for a time at any rate, check all aggressive action.

The British artillery practice in the early part of the day, decided the battle. The seizure of Dundee Hill by the Boers was a surprise, for, although the pickets had been exchanging shots all night, it was not until a shell boomed over the town into the camp that their presence was discovered. Then the shells came fast. The hill was positively alive with the swarming Boers. Still the British artillery got to work with magnificent energy and precision. The batteries from the camp took up positions to the south of the town and after a quarter hour's magnificent firing, silenced the guns on the hills. The fighting raged particularly hot at the valley outside the town. Directly the Boer guns ceased firing General Symon ordered the infantry to move on the position. The firing of the Boers was not so deadly as might have been expected from troops occupying such an excellent position, but the infantry lost heavily going up the hill, and only the consummately brilliant way in which General Symon had trained them to fighting of this kind saved them from being swept away. Indeed the hill was almost inaccessible to the storming party, and any hesitation would have lost the day. The enemy's guns, so far as the correspondent could see, were all abandoned, for the Boers had no time to remove them. A stream of fugitives poured down the hillside into the valley, where the battle went on with no abatement.

#### GENERAL YULE IN COMMAND.

London, Oct. 20.—A dispatch from Glencoe Camp says that Sir William Symon was wounded in the stomach, and that General Yule has command.

#### BOERS SHELLING DUNDEE.

Ladysmith, Oct. 20.—9:20 a. m.—An

in the action, and the command then devolved on Major Yule.

The enemy as they fled were followed by the cavalry, mounted infantry and artillery. The direction taken was to the eastward. At the latest reports the cavalry had not returned. (Morning)—General Symons was shot through the thigh, but no bones were broken. He is cheerful.

#### BRITISH DRIVE BACK BOERS.

London, Oct. 21.—The Mafeking correspondent of the Daily Mail writing on October 14th, says:

"The Boers began the investment of Mafeking in real earnest at six o'clock this morning. For some days they have been skirting the town in small bodies, but they have begun to mass in force on the Transvaal side.

"Colonel Baden-Powell ordered the armored train and a part of the Bechuanaland protectorate regiment to go out against them and see if they could break up the strongest force. They went out a distance of four miles and directly they came in range, opened fire with their Maxims, scattering the Boers. The enemy at once retreated in hot haste further in the Veldt and away from the railway but the troops pursued and overtook them.

"The enemy were in a sheltered position, while our men were in the open and therefore, much exposed. Volley firing was started at 900 yards and soon became hot on both sides. A number of our men were wounded, while many riderless Boer horses rushed madly across the plain.

"Our fire soon scattered the enemy, but at that moment their General, whom we believed to be Cronje, pushed up large reinforcements and a hot engagement occurred. Our reinforcements were hurried up by Colonel Baden-Powell from Mafeking.

"A second armored train was dispatched from Mafeking, together with the chartered police and a fierce general fight occurred. Ultimately the Boers, demoralized by the splendid work of our men, began gradually to withdraw and by eleven o'clock they were completely driven off. They undoubtedly suffered heavy loss.

"The British returned to Mafeking, exalted over their victory. Our loss was two killed and fourteen wounded."

#### SHERIFF SHOT HIS HEAD OFF.

Weaver had Beaten the Wife he Won by Advertising.

Petersburg, Va., October 20.—Yesterday afternoon Sheriff Gill, of Chesterfield county, killed Lewis Weaver in an attempt to arrest him for wife-beating. The sheriff armed with a double-barrel shot gun, and accompanied by two men, went to Weaver's home and found him on the porch armed with a gun and a knife. Weaver struck the sheriff and one of the men with his gun, and the sheriff fired over his head to intimidate him. Just as Weaver was raising his gun to fire the sheriff shot his head off. Weaver is from Michigan and his marriage was the result of a matrimonial advertisement.

#### SUSTAINS COURT MARTIAL.

In the Carter Case the Habeas Corpus Writ is Dismissed.

New York, Oct. 20.—Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court handed down a decision today dismissing the writ of habeas corpus in the case of former Captain Oberlin M. Carter, who is under sentence of five years imprisonment for conspiracy to defraud the Government in contracts. The decision was given in a lengthy opinion, which upholds the findings of the court martial.

#### CARTER WILL APPEAL.

Washington, Oct. 20.—It is said at the War Department that Carter will not be taken at once to the penitentiary, but will await the outcome of appeals and an application for bail. The right of appeal in such cases is recognized as unquestionable by the military law officers, and it is said the first appeal in behalf of Carter will be to the Court of Appeals, and after that to the United States Supreme Court. The hearing of these appeals will take some months. In the meantime, on next Monday, the application for Carter's release on bail will be heard. In case bail were allowed, it would operate throughout the appeal proceedings.

#### TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Cauncey M. Depew says the Vanderbilt will be satisfactory to Cornelius Vanderbilt and the talk about a contest is nonsense.

In the British House of Commons yesterday a vote of 10,000,000 pounds sterling was carried, the result being announced as 271 for and 32 against the credit.

Secretary Long yesterday issued an order assigning Admiral Dewey to special duty at the Navy Department. This was done because since his arrival in Washington the Admiral has been on waiting orders only, but now with the prospect of the reconvening of the Philippine Commission, requiring his attendance, it is proper to put him in active service with all of the emoluments pertaining thereto.

#### Shot by the Town Sergeant.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 20.—At Warrenton last night, Peter Shirley, the town sergeant, shot and fatally wounded Joseph Rumbaugh, who died from the effects of his wound this morning. Rumbaugh was a native of Pennsylvania, an exhibitor at the County Horse Show, and was negotiating for the purchase of a fine estate. The shooting was the result of Rumbaugh's refusing to take his horse off the sidewalk when ordered by Shirley to do so, and attacking Shirley when the latter attempted to enforce the order.

### A BOSS BLEEDER, THE HANNA LEECH

#### How the Republican Party has Bled the People.

### BRYAN ON HIS TOUR

#### WE DO NOT OWN THE MILLIONS OF MALAYS.

#### BECAUSE WE BOUGHT THEM ON THE BLOCK

#### At Findlay Mr. Bryan Spoke to a Mass of People Some of Whom Were Cheering While Others Hissed, but he Soon Silenced Hisses.

Napoleon, Ohio, October 20.—The Bryan-McLean special train left Defiance at 8 a. m. The first stop was at Napoleon, Henry county. Carriages and a large crowd were at the depot and escorted the visiting guests to the court house, in front of which a stand had been erected. John R. McLean introduced Mr. Bryan who said in part:

"I am very glad to speak to the people of this county. In 1896 you gave something like 1,700 majority for the Democratic ticket out of a total of less than 5,000. The Republican policy is so bad that there is no reasonable excuse for a minority vote among you."

Mr. Bryan related the story of the young medical student who would bleed every patient regardless of the disease and when the patient became so weak he could not stand it longer, the student would prop him up in bed and bleed him again.

"And that is the way of the Republican party," continued the speaker. "It has bled you on the money question, the tax question and every other question which has come before the country. The time has come when the farmer, the plain-laboring man, cannot afford to throw his influence on the side of the Republican party. I believe in an income tax and I believe it the most just of all taxes. The platform of 1896 favored it and your Zanesville platform reaffirmed the 1896 platform."

At Lima Mr. Bryan said among other things: "Schley destroyed the Spanish fleet off Santiago and American blood was shed at San Juan Hill," said Mr. Bryan, "but we went our way on the promises to turn the island over to the Cubans. The flag was raised on Morro Castle and we have promised to haul it down when the Cubans say so, and it was a glorious war waged for freedom. Why not do the same thing for the Philippines. Judge Day tells us we purchased our title to the Philippines, but Spain had no title except that grounded in force and our Declaration of Independence does not recognize force (Applause), and Republicans, you cannot, dare not, say we own the millions of Malays because Spain put them on the auction block and disposed of them at \$2 apiece."

#### ENTHUSIASM RUNS HOT.

Sibley, O., Oct. 20.—There was a mass of people here and the enthusiasm was exceptional. The income tax engaged Mr. Bryan's attention first, trusts next, and finally the Philippine question. In the discussion of the latter he charged favoritism in the appointment of officers in the volunteer service.

#### WHAT OF THE GOLD STANDARD?

Bellefontain, O., Oct. 20.—At this place Mr. Bryan recalled the fact that when he passed through in 1896 the Republicans all wore yellow ribbons to signify that they favored the gold standard and asked what they had to say at the action of their President in sending a commission to Europe to get rid of the gold standard. "And you farmers had to pay \$100,000 to meet the expenses of that commission," said Mr. Bryan. "A commission that cries: 'Help, help, or we sink.' How do you like the gold standard?"

Findlay, Ohio, October 20.—The last engagement of the day was at Findlay to which the train rushed at the rate of a mile of a minute, stops excluded, after leaving Lima. Findlay, being the largest of the points visited, had the largest crowd and a torchlight procession. The first meeting of the evening was held in the hall park and the second in Marvin's Opera House. The audience in the opera house received Mr. Bryan by a division of sentiment, some cheering and a portion hissing.

Mr. Bryan in the midst of the contending voices said: "I am glad there are Republicans here (Applause). This is the first time I have met men who came to hiss rather than listen. I am glad to speak to even hissing Republicans because that is the only argument you can use to answer our arguments. I want to draw a picture of Abraham Lincoln and I want to do it for the benefit of you Mark Hanna Republicans. In the days of Abraham Lincoln the man was placed before the dollar. Those were not the days of Mark Hanna Republicans. In those days you Republicans stood for self-government. In 1856 Abraham Lincoln praised the Declaration of Independence as the greatest instrument of modern times"—the hissing continuing, a voice said: "Never mind the hissing, it is only from boys," to which Mr. Bryan rejoined:

"But what of the father who sends a boy here who does not know more than that (Laughter). Let them hiss."

a plea for the equality of all men before the law.

A boy cried: "Maybe you think we can't."

Quietly Mr. Bryan said: "No, the boy is mistaken. What we can do is Republican doctrine; what we ought to do is Democratic doctrine" (Applause).

Mr. Bryan continuing said: "If you want to find the people of all countries that hate tyranny go back to the dead, go back to Patrick Henry when he thundered out: "Give me liberty or give me death." "Go back to Jefferson's writings and to Washington, when he drew his sword against a Government exacting taxation without representation. If you don't want to go back so far, read Lincoln's immortal address on the Gettysburg battlefield."

Without further interruption he continued, discussing the Philippine question, silver and the trusts, closing with

#### Hester's Cotton Statement.

New Orleans, October 20.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, and last year. It shows the total visible 3,422,143, against 3,323,496 last week and 3,208,038 last year; of this the total of American cotton is 2,945,143, against 2,794,496 last week and 2,738,038 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 477,000, against 529,000 last week, and 470,000 last year.

Of the world's visible supply there is now afloat for and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,702,000 bales, against 1,533,000 last year; in Egypt 95,000 bales, against 67,000 last year; in India, 220,000 bales, against 215,000 last year; and in the United States 1,405,000 bales, against 1,393,000 bales last year.

Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement shows a decrease in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year 148,000 bales, a decrease under the same days year before last of 27,000 bales.

For the fifty days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is behind the fifty days of last year 183,000, and ahead of the same days year before last 21,000.

The total movement for the fifty days from September 1st to date 2,256,956 bales, against 2,439,610 last year and 2,235,851 year before last.

The movement since September 1st shows receipts at all United States ports 1,528,070, against 1,736,886 last year; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 317,583, and against 349,491 last year.

Foreign exports for the week have been 184,289, against 255,086 last year, making the total thus far for the season 956,075, against 916,631 last year.

The total takings of American mills, North and South and Canada thus far for the season have been 526,702 bales, against 424,208 last year.

Stocks at the seaboard and the twenty-nine leading Southern interior centres have increased during the week 87,375 bales, against an increase during the corresponding period last season of 219,590.

#### Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, Oct. 20.—For the week ending Friday:	
Net receipts at all United States ports during week	264,526
Net receipts at all United States ports during same week last year	421,873
Total receipts to this date	1,527,460
Total receipts to same date last year	1,834,761
Exports for the week	183,888
Exports for same week last year	263,973
Total exports to this date	955,161
Total exports to same date last year	979,372
Stock at all United States ports	802,962
Stock at all United States ports same time last year	909,070
Stock at all interior towns	590,466
Stock at all interior towns same time last year	305,780
Stock at Liverpool same time last year	703,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain	530,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain same time last year	222,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain same time last year	323,000

#### PRESIDENT ANDRADE FLIES.

#### Attempt to Dynamite the Home of his Representative.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 20.—2:30 p. m.—President Andrade, it is now known, escaped this morning to La Guayra.

Telegraph and telephonic communication is interrupted. An attempt was made last night to dynamite the residence of Senor Matos, General Andrade's representative in the negotiations with the insurgent commander, General Cipriano Castro.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The following has been received at the Navy Department from commander Hemphill, of the Detroit, dated at La Guayra, via Haiti, at 2:26 p. m.:

"Secretary of the Navy: Andrade has fled, going toward La Guayra with 800 men. He has not resigned the Presidency. Vice President, who holds authority during the President's absence from the capital, has telegraphed Castro to enter Caracas. No disorder here or in Caracas thus far."

### KILLED BY FIRE, HE DIES BY FIRE

#### Horrible Crime of Joseph Leflore.

### IS HORRIBLY PUNISHED

#### BURNED A MOTHER AND FOUR CHILDREN ALIVE.

#### HE TIED HIS VICTIMS TO THE FLOOR

#### He Confessed his Crime, Hoping for no Mercy People Stand by in Silence While he is Lashed to a Stake and Roasted to Death.

Memphis, Tenn., October 20.—A special to the Scimitar, from Canton, Miss., says:

"The little town of Saint Anne, twenty miles east of Canton, in Leak county, was last night the scene of a tragedy—a sequel to the burning of the Gambrel family the night before. Joe Leflore, a negro, who was captured by a posse, confessed that he, in company with other negroes, had tied Mrs. Gambrel and her four children to the floor of the house, saturated the surroundings with kerosene and burned them alive. The negro after a confession of the crime, was promptly roped to a stake and burned to a crisp, while the citizens looked on in silence.

"Another negro, Bob Smith, was saved in the nick of time, as there was doubt as to his guilt.

"The Gambrel tragedy occurred Thursday morning and it was first thought that the fire was the result of an accident. A casual investigation was made and it was soon established beyond doubt that the family had been murdered and the house fired.

"Posses were immediately formed to scour the country and followed every possible clue. Before the posses left Saint Anne it was discovered that Joe Leflore, a negro who lived in the neighborhood and who had heretofore borne a good reputation had disappeared. Early last evening Leflore was captured several miles from the scene of the murder. At first the murderer denied any knowledge of the affair, but he finally broke down and confessed that he and Bob and Andrew Smith, two other negroes were guilty. He hoped for no mercy and told with a brutal frankness all the details of the crime. In the yard where the Gambrel residence had stood Leflore was tied to a stake and burned alive. No one sent a merciful bullet into his body to kill him. Andrew Smith escaped from the mob while Leflore was being burned, and has not been captured. Bob Smith was tied to another stake and a fire started, though he was finally released as there was a possibility of his proving his innocence.

"Andrew Smith will be recaptured and if it is proven that he and his brother Bob are guilty, it is thought no power can save them from a similar fate meted out to Leflore."

The sheriff of Leak county went to the scene of the tragedy this afternoon and took the negro Robert Smith and three negro women who were implicated by Leflore and started to Carthage, the county seat. It is not thought the sheriff will reach Carthage with his prisoners, as there are about 500 men gathered about the scene of the crime, and they seem determined to let no guilty one escape their vengeance. Telephone communication is very limited, the nearest connection being Saint Anne, about four miles distant from the Gambrel place.

#### BOUNDARY LINE SETTLED.

#### Great Britain Accepts the Temporary Adjustment.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Mr. Tower, the British Charge here called at the State Department today and handed to Secretary Hay a note formally accepting for his Government the proposition for the temporary adjustment of the Alaskan boundary line proposed by Secretary Hay in his note of yesterday.

With that act the long expected modus vivendi relative to the vexed boundary question went into effect. This result has been brought about through the direct negotiation of Secretary Hay and Mr. Tower, after several failures in the past through commissioners and ambassadors. The State Department is confident that it has conserved every American interest in the arrangement, without unjustly treating Canada. The divisional line on the West Pass, by which the Dalton Trail is reached is placed 22 1/2 miles above Pyramid Harbor, which is regarded under the treaty as tidewater mark, so the Canadians are not allowed to reach any point on the Lynn Canal. Moreover there is no permission given for a free port or even for the free transfer across American territory of Canadian goods except of miners' belongings. Those matters may figure later on when it comes to a permanent boundary line, but they are not touched upon in the modus.

#### The Liberals in the Department of Santander, Colombia, have taken up arms against the Government.

At New York last night Joe Choymski, ic Club last night Jake Kilrain, the for-Australia, in the seventh round of their fight at the Broadway Athletic Club.