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THE SENATE SWEEP BY A FIERCE BLAZE OF ANGER

A Storm of Bitter Vituperation, of Personal Taunt, of Ugly Charges and of Unmodified Criticism.

LODGE AND TELLER NEARLY GO TO BLOWS

Wrathful Passage Between Tillman and Spooner.

ADMONITION DELIVERED BY THE CHAIR

It Was a Storm From the Philippines Raised by the Discussion of the Tariff Bill That Converted the Chamber For a Time Into a Maelstrom of Passion. The Bill For a Department of Commerce and Labor Was Passed.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—A Philippine storm was central in the Senate chamber today for nearly three hours but was void of definite results. At times it looked very serious, and the spectators, who thronged the galleries, watched it with breathless interest.

Acrimony in Senate debates is not frequent, but old Senators say it has been years since there has been such a hurricane of bitter vituperation, of personal taunt, of ugly charges and of unmodified criticism as was witnessed today. Not since the discussion of the resolutions leading up to the Hispano-American War have any such scenes occurred in the Senate. Even that debate lacked the personal bitterness manifested at times today.

Irritation was aroused on both sides of the chamber and once or twice personal encounters between Senators seemed imminent. Once when Senator Teller taunted the Republican Senators by declaring they knew the statements made in a recent dispatch from Manila in which General Wheaton was represented as criticizing the opponents of the Government's policy in the Philippines were true, a half dozen Republicans were on their feet in an instant. Senator Lodge, at whom the taunt seemed to be aimed particularly, hurriedly crossed from his seat in the center of the Republican side to the main aisle of the Senate, and while to the lips, passionately challenged the statement of the Colorado Senator and demanded that he withdraw it. Senator Teller so modified the statement that further hostilities at that time were averted.

One of the sharpest colloquies of the session was between Senators Spooner, of Wisconsin, and Tillman, of South Carolina. The race problem, involving the lynching of negroes was injected into the controversy and much feeling was manifested. Senators in their excitement seemed for the moment to have forgotten the subject of debate. The chair (Mr. Frye) was able, with difficulty, to maintain order. When the discussion finally ended for the day the chair felt called upon seriously to admonish Senators that the rules of the body had not been observed, and after reading the rule which had been violated he expressed the hope that in the future Senators would have a care to observe it. Such an admonition has not been made by the presiding officer of the Senate in many years.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BILL.

Mr. Bacon (Ga.), offered a resolution which was adopted providing that the Committee on Printing consider the expediency of printing a special edition of the Congressional Record for sale to the general public at \$2 for the long sessions and \$1 for the short sessions. He said that some action ought to be taken by Congress to insure to the general public more complete information as to the doings in Congress. Under the present system, he said, it was impossible for the public to be kept informed upon the work of Congress. It was no reflection, he said, upon the newspapers of the country to say that they did not publish full reports of Congressional proceedings. No newspaper could afford to present to its readers more than a brief synopsis of the proceedings in the two branches of Congress.

Consideration of the bill to establish a Department of Commerce was resumed the pending amendments being that of Mr. Pettus providing that the Department of Labor should not be made a part of the proposed new department.

After a brief discussion the amendment was rejected, 19 to 33.

Mr. Bacon then offered an amendment providing that the name of the new department should be the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Mr. Nelson in charge of the bill agreed to the amendment and it was adopted. The bill was then passed without further amendment.

THE TARIFF BILL TAKEN UP.

Mr. Bacon presented joint resolutions providing that the law restricting to vessels of the United States the transportation of passengers and merchandise,

and shoot Christianity into them and another in the South where we are not allowed to protect our wives and children?"

Mr. Spooner—"If we had the same rule for the colored people in the Philippines as the Senator refers to in the South God help the colored man in the Philippines."

Mr. Tillman—"God help him in the Philippines. Now you have already butchered in three years' time as many as the Spaniards did in three centuries."

Mr. Spooner—"It is one thing to kill men with arms in their hands against a Government and against the flag. It is another thing to burn them."

Mr. Tillman—"You burned them in Kansas, sir."

Mr. Spooner—"Wherever it is done it is an outrageous crime."

TOO MUCH TO ENDURE.

Mr. Tillman—"Oh, it is a very easy thing for a man who has not come in contact with them in close quarters to theorize and sentimentalize as to what other people ought to do."

Mr. Tillman was admonished by the President pro tem that he must not interrupt a Senator without first obtaining leave, to which he replied that he was "taunted in a way that no white man from South Carolina can submit to."

After a little colloquy Mr. Tillman said:

"Now I know that for a farmer like me to discuss the legal points with a giant in the law like the Senator from Wisconsin is a temerity that would lay me over to the accusation of that old doggerel that 'fools rush in where angels fear to tread' and I am fool enough to ask him when he quoted the Constitution a moment ago in regard to the power of Congress in dealing with territory and other property did he include men as other property whose liberty and lives and all rights are to be jeopardized or to be destroyed in this country, and whether they are property, whether people are property? You bought them at \$2 a head it is true, but did you intend

disse, directly or indirectly, from one port of the United States shall not be applicable to foreign vessels engaging in trade between the Philippine archipelago and the United States or between ports in the Philippine archipelago.

Mr. Bacon explained that this resolution was an extract from the pending Philippine Tariff Bill and was introduced for the purpose of relieving commerce of the difficulties presented under present conditions.

Mr. Lodge answered that he did not think the resolution would advance matters at all by passing on it now as other features of the bill were equally important.

In a brief discussion of the proposition of Mr. Bacon, Mr. Spooner (Wis.), adverted to a statement made by the Georgia Senator a few days ago indicating that a formal order had been issued by the Secretary of War practically suspending the navigation laws in respect to the participation of foreign vessels in the trade between the United States and the Philippines. He said an investigation of the subject showed that no such order had been issued. The fact was, he said, that a ship containing a cargo of vegetables for the troops in the islands had been permitted to clear from San Francisco because it was most important that these supplies should go forward promptly.

"I feel sure," he added, "that the Senator from Georgia, would have done the same thing had he been Secretary of the Treasury."

Mr. Bacon expressed his gratification that no general order suspending the navigation laws had been issued.

Mr. Lodge objected to the immediate consideration of the joint resolution offered by Mr. Bacon and it went over.

Referring to a recent criticism of General Wesley Merritt, formerly commander of the Department of the East, for some statements he was reported to have made in a public speech, Mr. Foraker presented a letter from General Merritt denying emphatically that he ever had said the Constitution was an antiquated document and ought to be abolished.

TILLMAN AND SPOONER AT WAR.

Mr. Spooner and Mr. Tillman, the latter asked Mr. Spooner to say explicitly whether the Philippine islands were a part of the United States.

"I recommend," replied Mr. Spooner, "that the Senator read the decisions of the Supreme Court."

"I have read some of those decisions," Mr. Tillman said, "but with four judges on one side and four on the other and the fifth wabbling, I could not make much out of them."

"Whatever he said about their decisions," replied Mr. Spooner, "I don't think that the justices of the Supreme Court will be very sensitive as to the Senator's criticism."

Mr. Tillman—"Oh! Not all."

Mr. Spooner—"The Supreme Court settled one thing and that is that there is a distinction between the United States and territory belonging to the United States."

While Mr. Spooner was proceeding with his speech, he was interrupted by Mr. Tillman and in an instant a sensational colloquy was in progress.

Mr. Tillman inquired:

Foreign Office here as to whether any negotiations carried on by the Boer delegates through the Dutch Government or other channels will prove effectual. If satisfactory guarantees in this respect can be secured, negotiations will be begun immediately. This doubt in regard to the authority of Mr. Kruger and others to speak for the fighting burghers is perceptible in the statement Mr. Balfour made in the House of Commons today.

MINORITY REPORT CRITICISED.

Many Admit That Statements of This Report on Tariff Bill Are Correct.

(By the Associated Press.)

Manila, Jan. 28.—The criticism of the Senate Minority Report on the Philippines' Tariff Bill has been general, both in public and private here, though many people admit the statements made in the report are correct.

General Wheaton's vigorous criticisms referred entirely to Professor Schurman's speech at Boston, though he holds the professor in high personal esteem. The statement that a person who made such remarks here as those credited to the professor during his Boston speech, would be sent to jail, referred merely to the recent sedition law.

THE COLOR LINE IN WOMEN'S CLUBS.

(By the Associated Press.)

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 28.—The Executive Board of the General Federation of Women's Clubs has requested that a committee be appointed from Georgia and one from Massachusetts to meet Wednesday next in New York city to discuss the question of admitting clubs composed of negro women to the Federation.

Military Appropriations Bill Rejected.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The Military Appropriation Bill has been practically completed by the House Committee on Military Affairs and Chairman Hull will report it as soon as he returns from a trip to Iowa, which he is about to take. The bill carries approximately \$91,000,000, which is about \$10,000,000 below the estimate and about \$25,000,000 below the appropriations of last year.

A MOVE FOR PEACE

British Government Considers Holland's Offer to Aid in Stopping War.

(By the Associated Press.)

London, Jan. 28.—The Government leader, A. J. Balfour, announced in the House of Commons today, that no overtures for peace had been received from any authorized to speak in behalf of the Boers. A communication was, however, received late on Saturday last, from the Dutch Government which was now under consideration. Mr. Balfour hoped shortly to lay the communication and the reply to it before the House.

The Government of Holland has offered in the most friendly terms to help in bringing about peace in South Africa. In a communication to the British Government, the Dutch Government suggests that it might be permitted to act as a sort of diplomatic agent for the Boer delegates. The Government, however, expressly disavows any attempt at intervention and does not mention any terms.

It was learned by a representative of the Associated Press that the British Government infers that it would not have been approached unless the Dutch authorities were convinced that the Boer delegates now in Europe were willing to accept the cardinal points of the British peace terms so frequently announced in Parliament.

Lord Lansdowne, the Foreign Secretary, replied in friendly terms to the Netherlands' proposal, but instituted inquiries in order to ascertain what points the powers delegated to Mr. Kruger and the other Boer representatives in Europe to act in behalf of the burghers in the field. Great doubt is expressed at the

other member to be chosen will leave Monday for New York. Mrs. Granger said:

"We have strong hopes of this matter being settled to the entire satisfaction of the Georgia club women. We have had a great many encouraging signs from all portions of the country, even Massachusetts which point to this harmonious end."

FAVOR A GOVERNMENT CABLE

House Committee on Commerce Vote for a Line Across the Pacific.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—By a vote of 8 to 7 the House Committee on Commerce today decided in favor of Government construction operation and maintenance of a Pacific cable and ordered a favorable report on the bill of Representative Corlies, of Michigan, providing the details of such a government undertaking.

The bill provides for a Government cable from the coast of California to Hawaii and the Philippine Islands via Midway and the Island of Guam, or by whatever route the President may consider most practicable. The cost is fixed at not to exceed \$10,000,000, of which \$500,000 is made immediately available. The work of construction is entrusted to the Army and Navy Departments, and after the cable is laid its operation is under the control of the Postmaster General, Secretary of War and Secretary of the Navy.

Provision is made for Government messages and also for private messages at a rate not exceeding 25 cents a word to Hawaii, and 50 cents a word to Manila.

Surrender of Major Lob.

(By the Associated Press.)

Manila, Jan. 28.—Major Lot and three Filipino lieutenants with ten rifles, three revolvers and twenty-four bolos, surrendered to Major Anderson, of the Sixth cavalry, yesterday at Lipa, province of Batangas. Lot was brought in sick on a litter. He was cordially hated at Lipa where he looted \$5,000 worth of jewelry from prominent families.

A party of insurgents, led by two renegade Americans, recently entertained Alangalang in Leyte province, claiming they were constabulary but not yet uniformed. The imposters were taken to police headquarters and were royally entertained by the native sergeant in charge. At a given signal the renegades and insurgents fell on the police, who, though outnumbered more than two to one, fought desperately and drove off their assailants after a hard hand-to-hand fight, in which bolos were the chief weapons. The police lost two men killed and had one man wounded. The insurgents left one man dead.

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(By the Associated Press.)

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Admiral Schley left Chicago today after three days visit. As his private car rolled out of the Dearborn station on the Monon road for Louisville, the cheers of hundreds of citizens echoed through the big train shed. For twenty minutes before the train started the admiral held a hand-shaking levee on the rear platform of the car.

President Munger, of the Hamilton Club, escorted the city's guest to the station. Before he left the admiral said: "I have had a most delightful visit. I shall always carry affectionate remembrance of the cordiality and hospitable welcome I have received from the people of Chicago."

Getting Ready For the Raleigh Celebration.

(Special to the News and Observer.)

Elizabeth City, N. C., Jan. 28.—Mr. Robert Calhoun, of Manteo, and Mr. E. R. Daniels, of Wanchese, spent Saturday and today here on business. Mr. Calhoun states that the preparation are rapidly advancing in Manteo for the Raleigh celebrations next spring. The hotel proprietors and boarding house keepers are adding as extensively to their accommodations as possible, and many people are buying stock in the company that will control it. Several of our business men will have places of business at Manteo during the celebration.

Court Declares Chanler Sane.

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Huger Assumes Control Feb. 1.

(By the Associated Press.)

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DELIRIOUS AND STARVING THEY ATE RAW DOG FLESH

Horrible Suffering of American Marines Who Took Part in an Expedition Into the Interior of Samar.

(By the Associated Press.)

Manila, Jan. 28.—General Chaffee curtailed his trip and returned here this morning. He says he found the conditions satisfactory everywhere, except at Samar, where continuous rain, during the past two months has retarded the campaign, especially against such an elusive enemy.

The condition of Captain David D. Porter's marines, who took part in the expedition into the interior of Samar, is much worse than previously described. They suffered fearful hardships and were without food for several days. The natives who accompanied the marines claimed they were unable to distinguish the edible roots, which the marines did not believe. The anger of the marines against the natives is intense. None of the latter returned with the marines.

The marines suffered so acutely from starvation that they ate, raw, the flesh of two dogs.

When Captain Porter and the first three of his men staggered into camp, they were delirious and difficulty was experienced in ascertaining the whereabouts of their companions.

Williams, of the First infantry, headed the relief expedition in the face of a torrential rain storm which flooded the rivers. He succeeded in reaching the remaining ten men, who would otherwise have certainly perished. He found them all delirious. Two of the men were discovered in the branches of trees, barking like dogs. Some of the marines are so ill that they are not likely to recover.

General Chaffee has endeavored to obtain full details of the trip of the marines, but Captain Porter is not yet able to lucidly explain matters.

The expedition into the interior of Samar led by Captain David D. Porter, of the Marine Corps, numbered 36 men. It had been absent two weeks. The marines had been provided with rations for only five days. On January 21, Captain Porter and 26 members of his party reached the coast of the Island of Samar. The other ten men were missing and little hope of their safety was entertained.

to give them their liberty as we propose, or do you propose to hold them under the bayonet, under carpet-bag government more damnable than you put on us in 1898?"

"That is the old question," replied Mr. Spooner, "the power to occupy inhabited territory involves the power I suppose to change the allegiance. We acquired Louisiana. No one ever pretended that men and women were bought and sold in that transaction."

TIME TO APOLOGIZE TO WEYLER.

Mr. Teller (Col.), offered the following amendment to the pending bill as a separate section:

"Be it further enacted, that the Constitution and all laws of the United States which are locally inapplicable shall have the same force and effect within the said Philippine archipelago as elsewhere within the United States."

Mr. Teller declared that the outrages and tortures committed in the Philippines by the Spaniards had been increased since the advent of the Americans. There was not a square mile of territory in the islands, he said, outside of Manila, where an American could walk without the protection of bayonets. Mr. Teller said that a private letter had been received in Washington in which an army officer was quoted as saying with respect to the establishment of concentration camps, "If this business is to continue I will have to apologize to Weyler."

Another officer was quoted as adding, "The time has come when I'm ready to apologize to him now."

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NAMES FOR USE IN THE STATE RECORDS

Secured by Passage of Mr. Simmons' Bill.

SPEAKS FOR THE MEASURE

And is Given Careful Attention by His Colleagues.

THE LENIOR POSTMASTERSHIP MATTER

The Nomination of Seehorn Taken From the Calendar and Referred Back to the Committee.

Prof. Holmes in Washington.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—Today Senator Simmons secured the passage of his bill to transfer the records of the censuses from 1790 to 1890 inclusive from the Interior Department to the Census Office, the latter having become an independent bureau since the taking of the eleventh census, and to allow any State to secure copies of any of said records upon reimbursing the department for the cost of the same.

Senator Simmons' purpose in this bill was to secure the thirty thousand names of heads of families in the census of 1790 in North Carolina for use in the State records now being compiled by Judge Walter Clark.

Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, and other Senators were disposed to oppose the bill, but Senator Simmons made a short, clear statement, explaining the bill and it passed without objection. It was the first time our Senator has spoken in open session and he was given careful attention by his colleagues.

The nomination of Seehorn, Blackburn's candidate, to be postmaster at Lenoir has been taken from the calendar of the Senate and referred back to the committee. It is understood that this was done on motion of Senator Simmons, who moved in the matter at the instance of certain gentlemen of Lenoir, who desire to be heard before Seehorn is confirmed.

Prof. Holmes is here, returning from St. Louis, where he has been in connection with important work he is doing for the St. Louis Exposition. He saw several Senators in the interest of the Appalachian Park. He is making an arrangement to be in Raleigh at the Good Roads Congress on the 12th and 13th of February.

Judge A. C. Avery is here to confer with the Attorney General concerning the case of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians against the Thomas estate.

ODD FELLOWS BANQUET.

Cross Creek Lodge Enjoys a Feast of Reason and Flow of Soul.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 28.—Cross Creek Lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F., whose membership numbers 250, gave a banquet here tonight. W. D. Gaster was master of ceremonies. The following toasts were responded to: "Secret Orders from Standpoint of an Outsider," Major E. J. Hale; "Secret Orders from the Standpoint of an Insider," Henry L. Cook; "The Good of the Order," Major J. R. Williams; "Cross Creek Lodge No. 4," H. R. Horn; "Odd Fellowship in its Care for its Orphans," B. C. Gorham; "The Influence for Good of Secret Orders in the Community," Col. W. S. Cook; "Benevolence as inculcated by Odd Fellowship," Col. W. C. Troy; "The Lessons of their Promotions of Good Morals," C. D. Gilmer; "The Goat and the Amusing Features of the Order," W. B. Malloy; "The Order from the Standpoint of a Lawyer," N. A. Sinclair; "The Diversion and Recreation Afforded the Man of Business at Meeting of Lodge," E. B. McKelthan; "The Three Links, Friendship, Love, Truth," Col. J. H. Myrover. The responses were all of a high order and the occasion was greatly enjoyed.