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A MAD DOG'S BITE THREATENS LIVES

Pasteur Institute.

THE RABIES ARE FEARED

Statesville Citizens Sent the Bitten Boys to Baltimore.

HAS ISSUED CALL FOR ASSISTANCE

Mr. J. W. Avent From Wake County is Also at Pasteur Institute Being Treated Because Bitten by a

Dog.

(Special to News and Observer.) Baltimore, Md., Feb. 14 .- There are two most distressing cases in the Pasteur Institute here, where they are being treated for fear of hydrophobia from a Because the Order Granting Reduced Railroad mittee on the Philippines, concerning the dog's bire.

Two boys from Statesville, N. C., have reached here this week for treatment, and their case is considered a severe one. Mr. J. W. Avent, of Raleigh, is also at the institute for treatment.

Tonight it is reported that the condition of the two boys is critical and that the rables are threatened.

These boys are the two little sons of Mr. Tim Warren and Sydney Patterson, of Statesville, N. C. They were brought here Tuesday and they had been bitten hadly in the face by a supposed rabid deg last Sunday. The developments today indicate that the dog was mad and death from hy lrophobia is feared, unless the boys rally under the treatment they are undergoing.

BITEN AT STATESVILLE.

Statesville, N. C., Feb. 14 .- The two lit. tle Patterson and Warren boys were bitten by a supposed rabid dog on Sunday, and with Mr. Sydney Patterson were sent a distressing one, as the parents of the The limit of time allowed for the release children are too poor to have borne the expense of the trip and the cost of treatment at Pasteur Institute.

There was needed for this \$250, being \$100 apiece for the boys' treatment and \$50 for travelling expenses, but some money has been contributed and an appeal to the citizens has been made for the sum still needed, which will be con-

Information from Baltimore is that the wounds made by the dog are considered revere, but that every attention will be given them.

Mr. J. W. Avent, referred to in the telegram, lives near Crabtree Creek, three and a half miles north of Raleigh. He was bitten Friday a week ago by a him fiercely until Mr. Avent killed bim with a slat. The dog bit Mr. Avent on the leg, but only scraped off a small piece of the skin. The wound was cauterized by Dr. J. R. Rogers, but out of abundance of caution Mr. Avent went to Baltimore to Pasicur Institute for treat-

In a letter of the 12th Mr. Avent writes from Baltimore that he took the first treatment on Wednesday of this week, and expected to be in Baltimore three weeks longer. In his letter he stated that two small boys had reached the institute that day from Statesville and that they had been bitten very badly.

THE CRAWFISH ACT WON'T DO

Hon. W. E. Moore Replies to Congressman

Moody's Attack. (Special to News and Observer.)

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 14.—Hon. W. E. Moore says of Congressman Moody's attack upon him and the Democratic par-"Moody appears to think his actions at the party caucus at Washington should not be known or criticized by his con stituents, but his crawfish act will not satisfy his constituents at home."

Confirming the interview Mr. Moore what Maj. Moody means by his attempt North Carolica into a province like Porto federate veterans. Rico and the Philippines?"

A Haywood county jury yesterday gave R. H. E. Edwards \$132 damages against the Southern Railway for killing one mule and disabling another.

Culloheo Copper Company has begun mining on properties in Jackson county.

SALISBURY VERY LOW.

Captain Salisbury's mother, wife and child have arrived here, but the patient's condition is so serious that none of his firemen confined the blaze to the kitchen closest relatives are permitted to see him.

CHARGES OF EXTRAVAGANCE.

Clay Makes a Vigorous Protest Against Additional Employes in Senate-

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 14 .-- A little flurry was created in the Senate today over the employment since the beginning of Charleston, S. C., were entertained here the session, of a score or more of extra today as guests of the Vanderbilts. The clerks and messengers to committees. party were taken for a drive over the 921,662, decrease 1.4 per cent; outside The charges of extravagance made in- filtmore estate. The visitors left this New York \$709,550,546, increase 6.2 per duced the reference of the whole sub- afternoon for Charleston.

tee for investigation and report. (Ga.), who made a vigorous protest against a report from the Committee on Contingent Expenses authorizing additional employes. He pointed out that during the past thirty days more than twenty extra messengers and clerks had been employed at a salary of \$1,440 each Two Lads from Statesville at per year. He had been informed, he said, that nine of 'hese employes were for committees that had not had a meeting in eight or ten years.

The bill creating a permanent census office was under consideration for a time, but was not disposed of finally. An effort to cut down the salary of the Director of the Census was defeated. Afier the passage of a large number of the life and character of the late Repre sentative Brosius, of Pennsylvania.

HEAVY SNOW IN THE WEST

Street Car Traffic Interrupted at Asheville. The Snow Still Falling.

(Special to News and Observer.) Asheville, N. C., Feb. 11.-The heaviest snowfall of the winter is now prevailing in the mountains. On the Murphy branch of the Southern Railway the snow is reported eleven inches deep. Street car traffic here is interrupted. Snow still

TRADE EXHIBIT CALLED OFF.

Rates is Revoked.

(Special to News and Observer.) Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 14 .- The Southastern Passenger Association having reoked the order granting reduced rates to the Trade Exhibit, which was to have been held here next week, the affair has

THE RANSOM IS PAID

Delivery of Miss Stone and Companion to Our Agents Expected Hourly.

(By the Associated Press.)

Constantinople, Feb. 14.-4:15 p. m -- | their delivery to the American agents is expected hourly.

REPLY TO SCHLEY'S APPEAL.

By Middle of Next Week the President May Announce His Conclusion.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Feb. 14 .- One of the principal subjects discussed at the Cabinet tive officers would, in my opinion, give meeting today was the reply which the rise to importunities to the commander President will make to the appeal of Ad- to lead the tribes into ladronism or inmiral Schley. The President has given a surrection and would therefore be ungood deal of attention to the matter, and wise. it is understood that in the course of a few days, probably by the middle of next gaunt, starved looking dog, who fought week, he will be ready to announce his conclusion. Members of the Cabinet are extremely reticent as to what the President's views beyond the statement that his decision undoubtedly will clear the atmosphere somewhat upon many of the involved questions.

The President outlined his views on he Schley case by reading the first draft inces of his decision. Some modifications were that it is subject to further and possiof the Cabinet back their indisposition garding the Santiago fight as given the President by the captains engaged in that battle who rwecently were summoned to the White House to confer with him. characteristic and vigorous tone.

Mrs. Davis at Jackson.

(By the Associated Press.)

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 14.-Mrs. Jefferson Davis, wife of ex-President of the "I would like very much to know corted by Governor Longino and a legislative committee to the Executive Man- dependence or to preserve order? to magnify his efforts to prevent North sion, where she will be the guest of the Carolina from being made a province by State for two days, and will appear bestruggle with his own party to keep it old Davis some near Biloxi, for \$10,000 nally required but is not now the case

Fire in McAdoo House Kitchen

(Special to News and Observer.) Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 14 .- Fire broke out in the kitchen at the McAdoo House shortly before four o'clock this morning, and but for the prompt and vigorous work would have resulted disastrously. The and soon had it under control. Breakfast was served on time, the fire not se riously interfering with the service of the

Entertained at Asheville.

(By the Associated Press.) Asheville, N. C., Fcb. 14 .- The Business Mon's League of Cincinnati en route to

tee for investigation and report. The matter was brought up by Mr. Clay NATIVE SOLDIERS

Taft Couldn't Trust Them A Target For Hot Shot From Under Native Officers.

Soon be Sufficient.

WHEN ALL THE PROVINCES ARE PACIFIED WHEELER IS ESPECIALLY SEVERE ON HAY

Liberty to Advocate an Independent or a Separate Form of

Government.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.-Governor Taft, of the Philippines, today continued his statement before the Senate Comconditions in that archipelago with the intention of discussing the degree of tranquility in the pacified provinces which, he said, included all the province

except Tabayas, Samar and Batangas. Senator Lodge asked as to the means used for maintaining tranquility. The reply involved a review of the legal system of the islands at present as under the military government, and also under the Spanish rule.

Governor Taft said that in June of last year the commission had passed an act organizing a system of judiciary for the entire archipelago, creating a Supreme Court of seven justices and creating King Edward and to protest against the fourteen districts. There is no provision for a jury, nor would a jury system be feasible, because, said the witness. the people are too ignorant to sit on a jury.

Senator Culberson asked whether The ransom of Miss Elien Stone and her there is any part of the archipelago the to Baltimore on Tuesday. The case is companion, Mme. Tsilka, has been paid. control of which could be trusted to native troops and the witness replied that he did not think it would be advisable. of the captives has not yet expired, but "I should not like to have the responsibility of recommending such a course," he said.

Senator Burrows: "Do you mean to say that the attachment of the natives for America is so slender that it would not be safe to entrust the control of any section to native troops with native ofdcers?"

Governor Taft: "The presence of a native regiment under the control of na-

under American officers?

with American officers the native troops would be entirely loyal.'

Senator Culberson questioned the witness as to the necessity of keeping as many as 30,000 American troops in the islands and the latter replied that Captain Allen estimates that with all the provpacified 15,000 American troops would be sufficient. For himself he made in it today, and in view of the fact thought it would be desirable to continue small detachments of troops at convenient bly important changes in text, members points all over the islands for the purpose of preventing disorder and violence to discuss it by the assertion that it s and serving as a moral restraint. Senator unsafe at this time to predict what its Lodge stated that the Secretary of War exact effect will be. It is a long docu- had informed him that when the present ment, and one of its features is the clear general orders are carried into effect and concise presentation of the facts re- there will be left in the islands 1,125 offiers and 26 234 enlisted men.

Speaking of the general condition of the pacified provinces Governor Taft said in our own capital attempting to form and 7,316,782 year before lastthat in all these provinces the people are The decision is couched in the President's going about their usual avocations. In one province not a hostile shot had been fired for two years.

Senator Culberson-"Is it true that under existing law they are not at liberty to advocate an independent or a separate form of government?"

"No, they are not." "Are the American troops in the islands Confederacy, arrived today. She was es- being used," Senator Burrows inquired, "to prevent the people from rising for in-

"They are not used at all," replied the witness, "and as we regard the situation the reduction of its representation. Can fore the General Assembly tomorrow at- they are not necessary. Their presence it be possible that he is engaged in a ternoon to offer for sale "Beauvoir," the for the preservation of order was origifrom converting the sovereign State of to be used for a home for indigent Con- and they are being withdrawn and the civil constabulary substituted.'

TO PLAY OUR UNIVERSITY

The Cornell Baseball Team Will Cross Bats With Her April 5.

(By the Associated Press.) Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 14.-Manager J. A Kinney, of the Cornell baseball team, today appounced the schedule of the games ofr the year. It includes the following: April 2-Clemson College, at Clemson,

April 4-Furman University at Greenville, S. C. April 3-University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill, N. C.

Total Bank Clearings.

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Feb. 14 .- Total bank clear. ings week ending February 13, \$1,928,-

FOREIGH COUNTRIES

Mr. Wheeler.

WOULD UNDER OUR OWN THE AIR GETS FEVERISH

private pension bills the Senate eulogized An Army of 15,000 Americans May Boutell, Grosvenor and Other Republicans Take Him to Task.

Under Existing Law the People Are Not at The Disgraceful Sycophancy of the Republic's Representatives to Great Britain, He Declares, Makes Us a Laughing Stock to All Europe.

> (By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 14.-The monotony of private pension day in the House was enlivened today by a very sensational nunciation of what he denominated 'flunkeyism' to foreign countries.

ing from continental cabinets regarding the attitude of Great Britain during the Spanish War as a text for a wholesale attack upon the trand of our recent diplomacy. In the course of his remarks he severely scored Secretary Hay and declared that if Lord Pauncefote sought, as was alleged, to circumvent us during the war of 1898 the sooner he was shipped across the seas the better He also took occasion to criticise the President for his reported intention to send his daughter to the coronation of official reception of Prince Henry.

His speech aroused the House to a high pitch of excitement and elicited from Mr. Poutell (Ills.), a spirited defense of Secretary Hay whom he eulogized in high terms. Several other members of the Republican side took a hand and later in the afternoon Mr. Grosvenor (O.), in a twenty minute speech took Mr. Wheeler to task for his "inopportune protest" and rchearsed the history of the visit of the which swept the main business and resi- night managed the occasion admirably Prince of Wales to this country in 1860 and his reception by President Buch-

A PITIABLE SPECTACLE. Mr. Wheeler said:

"Until the inauguration of the President in 1897 there never was any division of sentiment upon one great question and that was the splendid isolation of the republic and its fixed determination to hold alcof from all entangling alliances with foreign powers. Less than five years ago the most sacred traditions of the republic were disregarded. For the first time we witnessed a President of "Ho wwould it be with native troops flunkey in the State Department, stretch- period year before last of 114,000. in his arms across the water to embrace "I have not the slightest doubt that the bistoric enemies of the American peo- have elapsed the aggregate is ahead of The future, that visionary and unexplored ple? From that good hour until now we th same days last year, 353,000, and space is before us. It is not my purpose have made ourselves a laughing stock shead of the same days year before last to take up the pessimistic cry of the at every court in Europe because of our of 943,006. flunkeyism, and the disgraceful sycophancy of the representatives of the republic at the feet of Great Britain, and now when it serves the purpose of some other great nation, the pitiable spectacle is presented not only to the liberty-lov ing people of the republic, but to the world that we have been hugging to our besom, during the last five years, a nation that has systematically and sistently attempted to destroy the liberties of the American people since the

battle of Yerktown. "It is being heralded abroad that in 1898 when we were seeking to strike the shackles of serfdom from off the heels of Cuba, that nation was then secretly a coalition of the great powers of the world to prevent that interposition. I of the White House, I frankly avow; I against 4,147,495 last year. think he is too honest to be palatable to the average Republican partisan. little quixotic, it is true, hasty-tempered. many of our citizens; and I indulge the 4,095,821 last year. ope that that lingering element of Americanism will induce him at the first opportunity to boot out that man in the State Department who, in my judgment, has brought us to this humiliating con-

AID TO GREAT BRITAIN. "England, a friend of the United States?

I would to God she were, but what a spectacle have we presented in order to be able to boast that we have the friendship of Great Britain and have becoma world power. Never before in the hisery of the republic has there been struggle for freedom on the part of any ceople, that representatives in this chamer did not hasten to declare that we regarded with solicitude the endeavors and efforts of a people to obtain their own liberty. For more than four years we have witnessed Great Britain maintainng military stations inside the borders of the republic. We have seen her agents going up and down this country collisting men and buying materials of

"Afraid of shocking the delicate sensibilities of Great Britain, wanting to be world power, wanting to inaugurate this new system of diplomacy in our country! I want the people of the Unired States to understand distinctly who is responsible for the deep humiliation and disgrace that have been brought the attitude not only of this, but of Loss \$60,000.

the previous administration in its conduct of our foreign affairs. have swung further away from democratic traditions, from republican ideas and from republican principles in the last five years than in the previous hundred years. Things are now accepted as a matter of course that would have tested the patriotism and shocked the intelligence of our forefathers beyond indurance, all growing out of this striving to ock arms with the great European powers and become a world power, to foster this new idea of diplomacy, sitting quietly by and allowing a representative of one great power to assemble in his residence in the Capital of the Republic the representatives of every other great nation, and make the cold-blooded and deliberate demand or request that they join with him in a determination arbitrarly and with force to prevent the American people from accomplishing what they had determined to accomplish. It may be well enough to treat the representatives of foreign powers with courtesy and consideration. I do declare that if the publication in the press is true, this man Pauncefote ought to be ordered to take the first ship to cross the waters. We want no such man in the republic. If he comes here to represent his Government, well and good, but if he come here to hatch conspiracies, to attempt to force his wishes and his ideas upon the American people, the sooner we are rid of him the better it will be.

A DIG AT ROOSEVELT. "And, another thing, Mr. Chairman, I am only restrained from discussion of what I regard as the most unfortunate orations by Messrs. W. A. Dunn and A. incident by the ordinary amenities which J. Bethea. should obtain between one gentleman and another, I allude to the fact of the opportunity seized by the chief citizen of the repubic to send a member of his family across the water for the purpose of participating in the coronation of a

(Continued on Page Second.)

Twenty-Five Buildings at South Mills Swept Away By Fire.

(By the Associated Press.) colored, today caused a fire at South Mills, fourteen miles north of here,

buildings were destroyed. The loss is resented by Robert H. Burns, chief; Benestimated at \$40,000; insurance \$15,000.

Hester's Cotton Statement.

(By the Associated Press.)

There was no loss of life.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 14.-Secretary Hester's weekly cotton statement issued today shows for the fourteen days of "Backward Glances, Present Tenets and February a decrease under last year of Future Possibilities." He spoke in part the United States egged on by a pitiable 19,000 and a decrease under the same as follows:

For the 167 days of the season that

The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 198,439 bales against 167,975 for the same seven days last year and 222,260 year before last.

The movement since September 1 shows receipts at all United States ports to be 6,145,849 against 5,614,073 last year; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and tianity, and for its motto, "In God we Potomac Rivers to Northern mills and Trust. Canada 776,356 against 865,353 last year; interior stocks in excess of those held at were liberty-loving soldiers of the cross. the close of the commercial year 420,949 They left their homes in a civilized against 622,352 and Southern mill-takings country and came in to the wilds of an 917,000 against 805,822 last year.

Foreign exports for the week have been 184,533 against 90,813 last year, making leaders as Patrick Henry, Thomas Jefferhave a respect for the present occupant th total thus far for the season 4,843,086 son and John Adams, they met in Inde-

full-blooded and not exactly desirable to 454,168, against 4,451,718 last week and world." Of this the total of American cotton is

2,509,168 bales, against 3,541,718 bales last and self government. The war of 1812 week and 3,168,821 last year and of all other kinds including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 945,000, against 910,000 last week and 27,000 last year. Of the world's visible supply of cotton

there is now affoat and held in Great Britain and Continental Europe 2,364,000, against 1,811,000 last year; in Egypt 247, 000, against 186,000 last year; in India 422,000, against 455,000 and in the United States 1,412,000, against 1,644,000 last year. The total takings of American mills, North and South and Canada thus far for the season have been 2,395,410, against 2,269,034 last season.

Stocks at the seaboard and the 29 leading Southern interior centres have decreased during the week 74,209 bales against a decrease during the correspond- when the muffled thunder of war, so ing period last season of 25,027.

the number of bales brought into sight its fury upon our old ship of state, tore thus far for the crop the supply to date s 8,619,841, against 8,030,134 for the same

Fire Feeds on 1,400 Bales of Cotton.

(By the Associated Press.) Jefferson, Texas, Feb. 14 .- Rives' cotto the American seople. The Republican ton warehouse, containing 1,400 bales of party has sanctimed and does sanction cotton and 200 linters, burned last night.

AT WAKE FOREST

Greeted by a Most Brilliant Audience.

SOCIETIES' ANNIVERSARY

Phi's and En's Meet in the Arena of Debate.

TWO STRONG ORATIONS APPLAUDED

Subject of Debate Was Resolved - That Labor Organizations in America and England Have Been More Beneficial

Than Injurious.

(Staff Correspondence.) Wake Forest, N. C., Feb. 14 .- The negative won in the debate this afternoon and a great crowd heard two excellent

Wake Forest College was thronged yesterday afternoon and last night. Within its halls were gathered many visitors, and the scene was one that inspires. The occasion was the sixty-seventh anniversary celebration of the Philomathesian and Euzelian Societies. This annual event draws great crowds and yes-

terday saw even a greater attendance The debate between representatives of the two societies began at two o'clock. This was presided over by Mr. Frederick Q. Barbee, with Mr. B. F. Stafford

as secretary. The query of the debate was: "Resolved -That Labor Organizations in America and England have been more Beneficial than Injurious." For the Phi's the debater on the affirmative was Mr. Delos W. Soyrell, while Mr. James Royall was on the affirmative for the Eu's. Elizabeth City, N. C., Feb. 14.A famp negative side of the debate was conductexplosion in the house of Wiley Taylor, ed by Mr. Oscar P. Dickinson for the Phi's and Mr. Charles M. Beach for the

The marshals for the afternoon and The fire raged for four hours before C. Little, chief; John C. Caddell, William t was gotten under control. Thenty-five C. Bivens, while the Phi society was repjamin W. Farham and William E. Mid-1

> In the evening came the crations. The hall was crowded and the interest was great. The Eu orator was Mr. William Albien Dunn, the Phi being represented by Mr. Andrew Jackson Bethea,

MR. DUNN'S ORATION. The subject of Mr. Dunn's oration was

"The history of the past is behind us. The experience of the present is with us. mur of their little ---- for the great wave that echoes round the world,' but to look with an unprejudiced eye upon the past, the experience of the present, and point with pride to our National prosperity and to the future of a government, rocked in the cradie of freedom, which has for its foundation Chris-

"The men who founded our government unknown continent that they might wor-The total movement since September ship their God according to the dictates 1, is 8,260,154 against 7,907,600 last year of their own conscience. And when they felt the hand of English oppression weighing heavily upon them with such pendence Hall in Philadelphia, and in-Secretary Hester's statement of the spired by the words, "Give us Liberty, or world's visible supply of cotton issued Give us Death," the embattled farmers today shows the total visible to be 4,- stood and fired the shot hear around the

"Freedom gained, the colonists formed

a union upon foundations of equality was the tie that bound the States in a firmer union. The forty years that followed were years of paper money, inflated values and delusion. As early as 1860 America was a land of wonders, in which everything was in constant movement. Dotted over the land were magnificent cities where only a few years before were wildernesses. Our flag was respected throughout the confines of the world. Our trade was competing with that of England, and our untold resources made us sure of a lasting and ever present place in the roll call of nations. Abraham Lincoln had asserted that our strength was invisible; that only through our own acts would destruction be our lot. Those words were hardly uttered long rolling in the distance, came nearer Including stocks left over at ports and and nearer. Driven on by the cruel interior towns from the last crop and winds of destiny the storm burst in all it from its moorings, drove it upon the bleak rock of dis-union, and plunged the American nation into four long years of blood and strife. But this same calamity has proved our salvation, for the war was to maintain the Union. The sword once sheathed was sheathed forever. The South came back with the determination to make 'the American Union what our fathers intended it to be; the glory of America and a blessing to humanity. To-

(Continued on Page Five.)