# The News and Observer.

VOL. LII. NO. 65.

RALEIGH. NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1902.

NTS Of Gongress Pni

### Leads all North Carolina Dailies in Newsand Circulation

### DEEP INTEREST IN PHILIPPINS DEBATE

With Auditors.

MORGAN FAVORS THE BILL

Some Necessary Changes He Thinks Will be Made.

CLAY OF GEORGIA OPPOSFS THE MEASURE

Spooner Begins the Speech Which Will Bring to an End the General Debate. House Passes Bill the Increase Sil-

ver Coinage.

(By the Associated Press.) Washinugton, May 29.-Interest in the discussion draws to a close. Today the Senate galleries were thronged with auditors, and the attendance on the floor was larger than it has een for some time, including many members of the House. Soon after the Senate convened at 11 o'clock Mr. Lodge (Mass.) in charge of the bill, offered on behalf of the committee several amendments to the measure, the most important of which was one extending to the Philippines the provisions of the bills of rights of the Constitution of the United States, excepting only the right to bear arms and Fili inos by direction of McKinley. the right to a trial by jury. All of the amendments were agreed to.

Mr. Morgan (Ala.) delivered an extended speech in which he supported, in the main, the bill as presented by the the constitution, you who voted for it United States District Attorney Randolph committee. He said it looked toward peace and toward a just and peaceful opposed to your stand for the declara- the Inter-State Commerce Commission, government in the islands. Some changes were necessary, in his opinion, but these, he thought, would be made.

There never had been, said Mr. Morgan, a pretense of organized government in the Philippines. It was unjust to criticise Dewey for refusing to recognize Aguinaldo as president of the Philippine Government.

This was the legal attitude of Aguinaldo and every other Filipino, because Dewey had no power to change a declaration of war by the Congress. Dewey, he said, believed Aguinaldo was devoted to the success of American arms, and has no reason to feel that he was a self seeking adventurer. "The laudations of Aguinalro's alleged patriotism heroism," said Mr. Morgan, "that have been poured out in his honor here and elsewhere in the United States are as much out of place as if they had been uttered in honor of the fox in Aesop's

Aguinaldo, he said, was only a convenient instrument in the hands of conspirators. Had he died, another agent would have been found, for the Hong Kong Junta had not committed their fortunes perpetually to him.

"The Filipinos are not fighting for liberty," Mr. Morgan continued, "but simply as the savage tools of the junta at Hong Kong."

He spoke of the religious freedom given to the Filipinos by the United States, and said that it was this he pleaded his excuse to his Democratic brethren for insisting that this cardinal principle must be permanent in the Philippines. It was our arms that divorced church and state in the philippines, which result Aguinaldo could not have accomplished had he ever attempted it. "We have dedicated those islands," he said, "to the freedom of religion; we have unshackeled them from the dominion of an established church, and no power will ever exist that can undo our work through military, civil or any other agencies."

Referring to the statements of cruelties of American soldiers toward Filipinos, Mr. Morgan said that investigation by proper authority is demanded by the entire army as a duty to it, and the men of the army resent the discussion of their acts in connection with a bill which does not call for such discussion.

"Their mouths are closed," said he "and they are not permitted to appear at the bar of the Senate to answer these

Reverting to the question of citizenship, he declared that if the Filipinos are not fit to be citizens of the United States. they are not fit to govern themselves. He said that he could not believe that any people will suffer harm through our efforts to bless them.

Mr. Clay (Georgia) opposed the pending measure in a carefully prepared speech. He thought that when the treaty of By 48 to 38 it is Decided That it Shall be Paris was made the United States ought to have insisted upon the relinquishment and not upon the cession of the islands. Such action would have enabled the United States to take proper care of the islands without looking to their permanent retention. He did not contend that they had won their independence before the battle of Manila Bay. He did not think the policy the United States was pursuing in the islands was either right or just.

Mr. Clay said that if, when the Senate had ratified the peace treaty it had have been restored. He said the Demo-

lishment of a stable government. the purposes of the United States were.; character.

taken since the ratification of the treaty of Paris had been unwise. The result had been that the United States had lost thousands of lives and thousands of treasure in the Philippines.

The Democratic party was in favor of carrying out every obligation of the government in the islands, but a declaration of purpose on the part of the United Galleries of Senate Thronged States would have prevented the struggle that has been going on for three

> Mr. Clay declared that, while it was said that the pending bill was temporary in character, it would remain in force if enacted, for perhaps a hundred years. It would remain in full force until repealed, and it would confer more power upon the Philippine Commission than is possessed by the Congress of the United States.

> No czar, no king, he declared, ever had been known to exercise such power over a people as was conferred by this bill upon the Philippine Commission. Late in the afternoon, Mr. Spooner

(Wis.) began a speech in support of the bill and the administration's policy in the Philippines, which is to conclude in general debate on the measure by the Republican side. He reviewed the situation in the islands, indicating that the responsibility for it rested, not upon any one party, but upon all alike. It appeared strange to him that a measure intended to exalt civil government and to subordinate the military power should Philippine debate is increasing as the create such adverse criticism; and he declared that on the Democratic side there had been nothing heard but pes- in this city, on the charge that this "decsimist, the gospel of despair, suspicion, distrust and imputation of the motives of the Republican Senators. He paid a brilliant tribute to President Roosevelt and to the personality and policy of the late President McKinley. He declared that never in the annals of time had an army carried to a people so much of amelioration, as much of upbuilding, so Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, the muc's of kindness and tenderness as the American army had carried to the Mr. Spooner said the general attitude

of the minority Senators was this: "We voted against the Paris treaty, are men who observe the obligations of violated the constitution; we who are tion of independence; you disregard it; we are the friends of the army, you assail it; we love the flag, you dishonor it; we hate atrocities, you defend them; we want liberty in the Philippines, you

want slavery there." "That," said Mr. Spooner, "is a modest attitude but not altogether persuasive." "Had he done so," said he, "he would been made to previous speeches of his. have given aid and comfort to the de- Mr. Spooner said he had announced that clared enemies of the United States." he was not in favor of the permanent interested in the transportation of cot-

> Philippines and he was not now. 'I would not," said he, "buy domination at the cost of any man's liberty.

"I said that our flag in Cuba would come down in honor, as it went up in the interest of liberty. And so it has. but that has nothing to do with this bill." Adverting to the beginning of hostilities between the American and Filipinos Mr. Spooner described how the firing began. Mr. Hoar interrupted to say that Aguinaldo had written to General Otis expressing regret at the occurrence and had withdrawn his troops.

"The Filipinos were not withdrawn, interjected Mr. Spooner vehemently. "They were driven back." (Applause.) Further along the Wisconsin Senator Aguinaldo in imitation of the Mexican constitution with provision for patents of presented a photographic copy of

With a flourish Mr. Spooner handed the parchment to the Tennesseean with the comment "For you. ou are decorated by Agui-

naldo." . Laughter.) Mr. Spooner insisted that there was no parallel to be frawn between the situation in Cuba and that in the Philippines. The Cubans had been fighting for inde pendence for ten years, but no such stra

gle had occurred in the Philippines. He declared that the opening of hostilities in the Philippines "was a perfeetly wanton attack upon our troops who were rightfully around Manila." He quo-

that there would be cruelties. "Are they," he demanded, "in position to turn upon us with vituperation and challenge? They voted for it on the basis that we had acquired sovereignty in the Philippiaes 'rom Spain-that we had paid for it, and that we must sustain it. They cannot properly turn on us and assert taht the present situation is the result of policy instituted by the Republican

Mr. Spooner will conclude on Saturday

THE VIRGINIA CONSTITUTION.

Proclaimed.

(By the Associated Press.) Richmond, Va., May 29.-The Constitutional Convention by a vote of 48 to 38 today decided that the new constitution

Chattanooga is Shaken.

(Ey the Associated Press.)

shall be proclaimd.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 20.-At 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning a considerable from the passing through such point, and been declared that the United States portion of the sleeping population here would grant the Filipinos the right of was aroused by the shaking of houses consequence of such declaration, were self-government, peace already would and rattling of windows, which continued maintained at reasonable figures, where for only a few seconds. Inquiries today competition had placed them." cratic party never had declared in favor fai Ito develop any damage to property, of leaving the islands before the estab- but it is now certain from the corroborative evidence of many reputable citi-The Filipinos had a right to now what zens that the disturbance was of seismic 

## SIX RAILROADS

trol Cotton Rates.

THE INTER-STATE

Fifth Section.

Vice-President Finley of the Southern, Quotes The Farmers Had it All Their Own Way For a Decision of the Supreme Court of Tennessee and Says He is

Puzzled.

(By the Associated Press.) Memphis, Tenn., May 29.-Six railroads Durham 8, Raleigh 1. entering this territory have been indicted by the Federal grand jury, in session laration" or agreement between them constitutes a pool for the purpose of dividing, on a pro-rata basis, the cotton shipped out of Memphis as well as to maintain rates.

The roads indicted are the Illinois Central, Louisville and Nashviile, the St. 'Frisco route (Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham), the Southern Railway and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis. Raleigh at Durham.

The indictments were returned under section five of the Inter-State Commerce Law as amnedded for the regulation of common carriers in the United States. and J. T. Marchand, special attorney of are conducting the prosecution.

#### Vice President Finley's Statement.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, May 29 .- Vice-President Finley, of the Southern Railway Com-

Discussing some references which had pany, made the following statement: "I have information that the railway companies entering Memphis, Tenn.. and to give in. dominion of the United States over the ten from that point have been indicted by the grand jury of the Federal court, at Memphis, Tenn., upon the charge that the railway companies entering that Soffle, 2b., city have defined the respective propor- Smith c. f. & c..... 4 tions of cotton which they are prepared Roy, r. f.,..... to handle from the passing through that Farrell, 1b., ..... city, inter se.

"Several years ago it was alleged Leonard, c. f.,..... rebates were being secured and rates Hook, 3b., ....... 3 unlawfully reduced through the routing Myers, c. & c. f.,... 3 of cotton via certain intermediate and Childs, p., ...... 6 0 connecting lines and to stop these illegal Charters, p., ..... 2 0 1 0 1 practices, and in pursuance of the policy of the lines in the South to conduct trade with proper observance of the laws of the country, steps were taken by the lines entering Memphis individually to referred to a constitution prepared by control the routing with respect to intermediate lines; furthermore, and acting under the service of counsel, traffic ofnobility and large concessions of land ficials of the various lines, recognizing which he promised to his followers. He the exceptional conditions under which the the cotton crop is moved and the dependence of interior cotton markets in the South on a reasonable regulation of the cotton movement adopted the principle of announcing each for himself along the preportion of cotton his company was prepared to handle. No penalty was attached and no agreement was entered into.

"Both of thes arrangements were involved in a suit subsequently brought at Memphis, and entitled Post vs. Southern Railway Company and in that suit the Supreme Court of Tennessee held

as follows: "Where goods are tendered for shipment to a point beyond the initial carted the vote in the Senate by which riers line, and there are several routes troops had been raised to be sent to the equally safe, prompt, reliable and cheap, Philippines. The Democrats, he said such carrier cannot be compelled to acknew when they voted for the sending of cept the goods to be carried over one the troops that there was to be a war, route in preference to another, at the shipper's option, unless some reason apof one route may be advantageous to the carrier, without injury or sacrifice to the

> shipper. "'An initial carrier cannot be compoint beyond its line over any particular

greement with a certain line. in a through shipment to a point beyond spasm was unable to overcome.

"'In order to obtain relief in courts of equity against the congerted action of carriers, there must be not only concert of action, but its direct and immediate effect must be to restrain commerce and trade; and this is not the gase where the road simply make declarations that they will not cut unlawfully or secretly reduce their published rates on cotton from a certain point, and that, to preserve the integrity of such rates, they will control the routing of cotton where the rates were not advanced in

"I am at a loss to account for the action of the grand jury of the Federal court at Memphis, and those inspiring such action in the light of the above decision."

BADLY SWATTED BY **BULLS O' DURHAH** 

Mighty Tumble.

LAW WHEREAT DURHAM SMOLE

Indictment Returned Under Amended It Was 8 to 1 and Raleigh Dandled the Unit.

ACTION OF THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY HARK TO WILMINGTON'S MELLOW THUD

Six Innings When the Hornets Began to Hump Themselves and Then Woe!

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Greensboro 4. Charlotte 5. Wilmington 2, New Bern 8.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Charlotte	. 18	3	.857
Raleigh		9	.591
Durham		9	.591
Greensboro		12	.455
New Bern		12	.455
Wilmington		20	.048
,		1	
TO-DAY'S SCHE	DUL	Ē.	

Charlotte at Greensboro. New Bern at Wilmington.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Durham, N. C., May 29 .- One of the largest crowds of the season witnessed the game of ball this afternoon between Raleigh and Durham, in which the Red Birds were defeated by the Durham Bulls by the score of 8 to 1. In the seventh inning Charters was put in the box by Raleigh, to relieve Childs, who was unwell and unable to do his work up to top notch, although he strive pluckily not

THE TABULATED SCORE. Pastor, s. s.,..... 4 0 0 Traeger, 1. f.,..... 3 Total ...... 30 1 1 24 11

McDade, s. s..... Stecksdale, p., .... 3 Castello, c. f.,.... 2 1 0 1 Rockford, 1b., .... \$ 2 2 10 Curran, r. f.,..... 4 Curtis, 1. f.,..... 4 Deiters, 2b., ..... 3 Soffle, 3b., ..... 3 Logan, c., ...... 2

Score by innings: Raleigh .. .....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 1 4 Durham .. ....4 0 1 0 1 0 0 2 x-8 7 2 Batteries: Raleigh, Childs, Charters, Myters and Smith; Durham, Stocksdale

and Logan. Summary: Earned runs, Durham 2

Stolen bases, Durham 6. Two base hit Radford 1. Bases on ball, off Childs 5 off Charters 2. Hit by pitched ball, by Charters 1. Struck out by Childs 2, by Charters 3, by Stocksdale 7. Passed balls, Myers 1, Smith 1. Wild pitches. Childs 2. Left on bases, Durham 3, Raleigh 2. Time of game 2:25. Umpire Proud. Attendance 700.

#### pears therefor; especially where the use Nip and Tuck, But the Hornets Win.

(Special to News and Oserver.) Greensboro, N. C., May 29.-Until the end of the sixth inning Greensboro had it nelled to make a through shipment to a all her own way this evening when Kelly did stunts at first and let a pop route, merely to enable the shipper or fly go, causing Ashenback to score. In consignee to get a rebate under a secret the eighth and ninth the greedy Hornets had no trouble in finding Walters, swat-"'An initial carrier is liable to the ting him for two home runs, one double shipper for loss from its selection of an and two singles in the two innings, scorinsolvent company as the connecting line ing four runs, which Greensboro, in her

> Greensboro.. .. 11200000—4 Charlotte.....000000131—5 7 4 Batteries: Greensboro, Walters and McTeer; Charlotte, Applegate and Lehman.

Summary .- Home runs, McTeer, Cooper, Lehman; two base hits, Fox, Armstrong and Brouthers; double plays, Kelly unassisted, Weaver, O'Steen, Brouthers; struck out, by Walters 2, by Applegate 1; bases on balls, Waiters 2, Applegate 5; wild pitches, Walters 1. Time of game 1:30. Attendance 1,000. Umpire, Sher-

#### Went to Pieces in the Seventh.

(Special to News and Observer.) Wilmington, N. C., May 29 .- The locals put up a better exhibition than us-ter, to make a three days careful exual this afternoon, but lost the game to New Bern by the score of 8 to 2. east and north.

firing line for the locals and pitched a fair game, but in the seventh he went to pieces and with none down yielded four singles, one two-base hit, which, with two errors and several stolen bases netted five runs. The attendance was about 300. Score: New Bern .....2 1 0 0 0 0 5 0 0-8 12 4

Wilmington .. .. 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-2 5 Batteries: Gettig, Foster and Daum; Sweeney and Fisher.

Summary: Stolen bases, Holland, Fillman, Devlin (2) and Randolph. Two base hit, Foster (2), Gettig and Dommel. Bases on balls, off Gettig 1; Sweenev 2. Hit by pitched ball, Laughlin. Struck out by Gettig 3; Sweeney 4. Wild pitches, Sweeney 2; Gettig 1. Left on bases, Wilmington 7; New Bern 7. Time of game 1:45. Umpire, Mace.

#### Raleigh Defeats Welden.

(Special to News and Observer.) Weldon, N. C., May 29.-Raleigh de leated Weldon in a fast and furious game A beauty from start to finish.

R. H. E. Raleigh......00030010\*-4 7 Weldon.......10001001-3 10 Batteries: Shannonhouse and Brockwell: Green and Hicks. Umpire, Fores Stainback. Time, one hour and twentythree minutes.

#### Mt Olive Defeats Goldsboro.

(Special to News and Observer.) Goldsboro, N. C., May 29 .- The Inde pendent baseball team of Mount Olive, N. C., defeated Goldsboro yesterday by a score of 10 to 3. Score: Mt. Olive.... 0 0 4 0 6 3 2 1 0—10 Goldsboro.........011001000—3
Batteries: Mt. Olive, Dawson and
Fenner; Goldsboro, Bass, Yelverton and

Harper. Struck out, by Dawson 14, by

#### National League Games.

At Boston-

Boston......011000003-5 9 3 New York.. .. ...000110200-4 12 2 At Brooklyn-Philadelphia .. ..0'0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0 Brooklyn.. .. ....20003102\*-8 American League Games.

### At Baltimore-

Chicago.......000005000-5 13 2 Boston.....20220000\*-6 12 2 St. Louis.. .. .. . . . . . 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0-2 10 1 At Philadelphia-R. H. E. Detroit. ......001003000-4 Philadelphia .. .. 4 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 \*-6 11 3 At Washiungton-Washington .. .. 3 4 3 0 0 2 1 3 \*—16 21 1

Cleveland.. .. 020002000—4 8 Eastern League.

Buffalo, 3; Montreal, 9. Jersey City, 12; Worcester, 5.

College Games.

Hly Crss. 3: Cornell. 0. Georgetown, 8; Andover, 6.

WITHIN A MILE OF THE CRATER.

Daring Expedition of George J Kavanaugh, a Newspaper Man.

(By the Associated Press.) Fort de France, Martinique, May 29 .-Noon.-The crater of Mont Pelee has been approached within one mile. This feat was accomplished. Tuesday afternoon by George J. Kavanaugh, an unattached newspaper man, who had accompanied Prof. Robert T. Hill, the United States Government Geologist on his expedition.

When Prof. Hill turned south, toward St. Pierre, Mr. Kavanaugh continued on past Morne Rouge. His route seems to have been along or near the Cale Basse divide. He says he descended from Morne Rouge into the valley between Morne Rouge and Mount Pelee. This valley was deeply strewn with ashes. Mr. Kavanaugh was guided by an aged negress to where an old foot path once led to Lake Palmiste, near the summit of the crater. There an iron cross, twenty feet high, was buried in ashes to stretched upward the mountain slope, covered with ashes, which, soaked by the heavy rains, and baked by the sun and volcano heat, looked like a cement sidewalk. The whole mountain top was shrouded in smoke.

Forgetful of the explosion of the previous night and the awful suddenness of the outbursts, and tempted by the seemingly easy ascent, he continued upward made photographs and sketches. Mr. Kavanaugh found the valley filled with ashes, and twou great rifts, which he was afraid to approach. At six in the evening he turned back, reaching Morne Rouge at about nine o'clock. He had made no new observations, and realized his danger only the next morning, when occurred the greatest outburst since Mont Pelee's first eruption.

On Wednesday Mr. Kavanaugh tried to descend to St. Pierre, but failed. He found a little hamlet, in a valley near the mountain, black with 150 dead bodies They were not carbonized, nor had their clothing been burned off. Probably this valley lay near the inner edge of the zone of blazing flames.

George Kennan reported from Morne

Rouge this morning. Two hours ago Prof. Angelo Heilprin, president of the Philadelphia Photographical Society, left, with Mr. Ledbetploration and study of the new craters

## SALEM CENTENNIAL

Corner Stone of Memorial Building Laid.

ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR

Clark of Montana Makes a Scholarly Speech.

DIPLOMAS TO 36 COLLEGE GRADUATES

Several Additional Diplomas Awarded to Students Who Had Taken Special Courses, Exercises Were Attended by 8,000 People.

(Special to News and Observer.) Winston-Salem, N. C., May 29.-This was commencement day in connection with the centennial celebration of Salem Female College. The exercises throughout were most interesting and were attended by an immense throng of people. The celebration has proven to be the grandest and happiest event in the history of the old constitution as well as

the city. The features of today's program were charming and captivating addresses by Governor C. B. Aycock, of North Carolina, and Senator Clark, of Montana. They were heard by eight thousand peo-

The exercises opened at 11 a. m. in the Home Moravian church, when the following program was carried out: Scripture reading, 103 Psalm, by Rev. James E. Prayer by Rev. E. S. Wolle, of Philadelphia. Transfer of cap and gown. Essay, Miss Madeares, of North Carolina, vice-president of class. Essay and transfer of cap and gown, by Miss Ellen Hutchson, of Texas, president of class, to Miss Bessie Sloan, of New York city, president of the incoming senior class. Bishop Rondthaler read a handful of greetings and congratulations from the following: United States Commissioner of Education, Washington; their excellencies, the Governors of Kentucky, Virginia, Texas, Louisiana, Georgia, Missis-

Presentation of diplemas to thirty-six graduates in the college course followed, twenty-five of these being from North Carolina, three from Georgia, two from Tennessee two from South Carolina, two from Louisiana, one from Texas and one from Massachusetts. In addition diplomas were presented to graduates in special studies as follows: One in instrumental music, one post-graduate; three in book-keeping; three in phonography; four in domestic science; one on organ. and three teachers. Certificates in music were then awarded.

sippi and Alabama.

At the close of this part of the program a procession was formed and marched to the speaker's stand on the square. Mr. C. B. Watson introduced the Governor in an eloquent speech. At the close of the Governor's admirable address, Senator Clark made a scholarly and eloquent address, after which the multitude renaired to the Memorial Hall site where the stone for the Alumnae Memorial Building was laid with impressive ceremonies. Bishop Rondthaler was assitsed in laying the stone by Bishop Moench, of Philadelphia, Dr. Clewell, Governor Chas. B. Aycock, Senator Clark, Mrs. Ellen Starbuck and Mrs. Lindsay

Fervent prayer was then offered by Bishop Rondthaler, the doxology was sung and the centennial celebration closed with the benediction pronounced by Bish-

#### Cumberland in the Race.

(Special to News and Observer.) Fayetteville, N. C., May 29 .- The can-

didacy of Major E. J. Hale for Congress in the district is announced in this morning's paper, which, with that of Hon. H. L. Cook, will make things lively in Cumberland. Major Hale is a member of the within a foot of its top. Before him State Executive Committee, and under the Cleveland administration was consul to Manchester.

Mr. Cook was the late presidential elector from the Third district, has been twice a member of the Legislature from Cumberland and is Chairman of the County Executive Committee.

#### FEDERAL COURT CASES.

Work is Pushed Against Those in Trouble With Uncle Sam.

Federal court was in session yesterday with Judge Thomas R. Purnell presiding. The docket was taken up at 9:30, the hour at which the court now meets. At yesterday's session the cases disposed of were as follows:

R. L. Chappell, eviolating retail laws; oleads guilty as to cancellation of stamps; fined \$50 and costs of action. Crocker Perry, illicit distilling; judgment suspended upon payment of costs. Rufus Clark, counterfeiting; verdict

not guilty. Enoch Kennedy, illicit distilling; verlict, guilty of aiding and abetting. Alex. Ivans, retailing; 18 months in penitentiary and pay \$100 and costs of

action. Jack Carter, retailing; verdict, not

guilty. Job Jones, retailing; verdict, not guilty. Andrew Womack, jury withdrawn; mistrial,