

# The News and Observer.

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## Leads all North Carolina Daily Papers in Both News and Circulation

### CLOSING SCENES OF ENTHUSIASM

#### House Adjourns Amid Applause and Songs.

### SPEAKER'S ADDRESS

#### A Brilliant Audience Fills the Galleries to the Doors.

### JUBILATION CONTINUED FOR HALF HOUR

#### Spirited Debate Between Cousins, of Iowa, and Richardson, the Democratic Leader,

#### Over the Report on the Bribery Charges.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—Amid a scene of enthusiasm that has not been paralleled since the exciting and stirring days of the Spanish War, Speaker Henderson at 5:30 this afternoon declared the House of Representatives adjourned without delay. In doing so he said that no House of Representatives since the adoption of the constitution had done as much work as this one. The audience to which he made his brief address was a brilliant one. The galleries were banked to the doors and almost two-thirds of the members were in their seats on the floor. The Speaker's appreciative words to the members in thanking them for their cooperation during the session had touched a responsive chord and they gave him a remarkable demonstration of their friendship and good will. While the cheering and applause were still in progress the members on the floor began, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." It was taken up by the correspondents in the press gallery over the Speaker's chair, and by the spectators in the surrounding galleries, and soon the vast hall was ringing with the swelling chorus. Other patriotic airs followed as the members exchanged farewell, "the Star Spangled Banner" alternating with "Dixie." The Speaker came down from his rostrum, his appearance on the floor being greeted with, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and a perfect rush of members to grasp his hand. Standing in the area in front of the clerk's desk he, too, joined in the songs and there was a wild scene when General Hooker, of Mississippi, the old one-armed Confederate veteran, took his place by the side of the Speaker, and together they sang "Dixie." Mr. Candler, a Mississippi Democrat, jumped upon a desk and let out a yell of jubilation that fairly shook the rafters. For almost half an hour the jubilation continued. All this time the spectators remained standing in the galleries watching the animated scene below and joining in the singing.

The adjournment came at an end of the seven and a half hours session, during which much minor matter was transacted. In all seventy bills and resolutions were passed. The general good feeling in the House had been increased by the victory won over the Senate when their item incorporated in the appropriation bill for the building of battleships in a Government yard.

The closing hour was occupied with a spirited debate between Mr. Cousins, of Iowa, and Mr. Richardson, the Democratic leader, over the report on the investigation into the charges made by Captain Christmas concerning the sale of the Danish West India Islands.

Mr. Richardson said that when the secret report of Captain Christmas to the Danish Government containing the statements as to the alleged bribery of members of Congress was called to his attention, he considered it worthy of investigation. He asserted that the proof was conclusive that Christmas was the agent of Denmark and indeed of the American State Department.

"There is not one iota of proof in support of the latter statement," interposed Mr. Dalzell (Pa.). "I have the proof here," replied Mr. Richardson, who read the testimony concerning the letter of introduction to Secretary White at London, giving Christmas by Secretary Hay. Mr. Richardson denied that any member of Congress had been bribed. He had simply believed that the charges were worthy of investigation and that he believed he still adhered.

Mr. Dinsmore (Ark.) desired, he said, to repel the insinuations cast by Mr. Cousins upon Mr. Richardson for bringing the matter to the attention of Congress.

At 5:28 Mr. Payne and Mr. Cannon, of the committee to wait on the President, appeared and Mr. Payne upon behalf of that committee reported that it had discharged its duty and that the President had replied that he had no further communication to make.

Then Speaker Henderson, after

a brief address, declared the House adjourned.

### NO EVIDENCE OF BRIBERY.

#### Report Committee of House to Investigate Purchase of Danish Islands.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—Chairman Dalzell, of the Special Committee of the House of Representatives, which investigated the charges in connection with the purchase of the Danish West India Islands today submitted the report of the committee. After detailing the charges of bribery and showing that Captain Christmas had repudiated the alleged report on which the charges were based, the committee sums up the results of their investigation as follows:

"That there is not the slightest semblance of evidence that any member of Congress, either directly or indirectly, was offered or received any bribe or was paid any valuable consideration of any kind or character to vote for or assist in procuring the proposal, adoption or ratification of a treaty of sale of the Danish West India Islands to the United States.

"It is plain beyond peradventure that the bribery alleged in the report could have existed nowhere save in the imagination of Christmas, since the whole burden of his story is that he had no money. It is in evidence that he had to borrow in order to pay his passage home from this country."

"The committee then takes up in detail the charges that a large sum of money was to be used to bribe American legislators. Aside from the inherent improbability of this charge, the report states, the testimony given by all of the parties mentioned, shows 'the unwarranted nature of the charge.' The report exonerates all the private individuals who had dealings with Christmas.

### CREDIT DUE TO POU

#### That Congress Passed no Obnoxious Election Law.

#### When Mr. Pou Introduced His Resolution to Investigate Election Expenditures,

#### Republicans Took in Sail.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Washington, D. C., July 1.—Congress has adjourned without passing a Federal election law, a Crumpacker bill to reduce Southern representation, or a resolution to investigate elections in the South, and more credit is due Edward W. Pou, of North Carolina, for this result than to any other man. Until he introduced his resolution to investigate the expenditure of money in elections the Republican majority seemed determined to pass some obnoxious election law, but when Mr. Pou introduced his resolution on the floor the Republicans began to take in sail and the session ends with nothing done in regard to elections or reduction of Southern representation. By this one act alone Mr. Pou has earned his legislative spurs. The State has never had a first term member who has accomplished more than the brilliant young member from the Fourth.

Senator Pritchard's bill to give pensionable status to union soldiers who had previously served in the Confederate army, passed the House and was signed by the President today.

Representative W. W. Kitchin's bill appropriating \$5,000 each for monuments to Generals Nash and Davidson, passed the House today. Senator Simmons could have passed it in the Senate, but the time was too short to take it on, and it was thought best to allow it to go over until the short session, when it is thought it will be easily passed.

The President nominated and the Senate confirmed today ex-Judge Spencer B. Adams, of Greensboro, to be a Federal judge in the Indian Territory. The salary is \$5,000 a year and the term four years.

Senator Simmons goes to New York tonight on business.

### CENSUS REPORT ON PRINTING.

#### Extended Account of Operations of the Associated Press.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—The Census Bureau today issued its report on printing and publishing in the United States for the census year 1900, showing a capital of \$292,517,072 invested in the 22,312 establishments reporting for the industry. A feature of the report is an extended account of operations of the Associated Press, showing the great development of news gathering methods during the past two decades. Almost the entire chapter on news gathering organizations is devoted to a history and detailed description of the work of the Associated Press, which, the report says, was the leading organization in 1880 and now is far in the lead of the news gathering organizations of the United States.

The report says that the Associated Press now has about 700 members, more than half of which are afternoon dailies and serves about 2,500 daily and weekly papers in addition. Most of the papers served are in the United States, but there are fifty or more in Canada, Mexico, Cuba and Porto Rico. In its regular news service the Associated Press now uses 9,345 miles of leased wire by day and 20,467 miles by night. The annual revenues received from assessments levied on the newspapers served exceed \$1,500,000 and the number of words daily received and transmitted at each of the more important offices is now over 50,000 or the equivalent of thirty-five columns of an average newspaper.

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### KING'S CONDITION STILL IMPROVES

#### Passed Excellent Night of Natural Sleep.

### APPETITE IS IMPROVING

#### But He is Still Easily Fatigued on the Least Exertion.

### DRESSING OF THE WOUND LESS PAINFUL

#### Appearance of Queen Alexandra at the Review of the Colonial Troops Marks the End of the Period of Anxiety.

(By the Associated Press.)

London, England, July 1.—The following bulletin on the condition of King Edward was posted at Buckingham Palace at 10 o'clock this morning:

"The King passed an excellent night of natural sleep. He has gained strength and made substantial improvement in all respects. (Signed.)

"TRAVES, LAKING, BARLOW."

The following bulletin was posted at Buckingham Palace at 7 p. m.:

"The advancement in the King's condition is maintained. His appetite is improving and the dressing of his wound is less painful. His Majesty is still easily fatigued on the least exertion. (Signed.)

"TRAVES, LAKING, BARLOW."

The re-appearance today of Queen Alexandra as a participant in a public ceremony practically marks the end of the period of anxiety caused by King Edward's condition. Her presence at the review of the Colonial troops by the Prince of Wales greatly increased public enthusiasm over what in itself was a picturesque and interesting event. Upwards of 2,500 colonials were brought from the various encampments and marched through great crowds down Constitution Hill, which was lined with troops, past Buckingham Palace, which for a week has been the center of such supreme interest, and along the Mall to the horse guards parade. The contingent present represented all parts of the British empire, with the exception of India, whose troops will be separately reviewed tomorrow. The Canadian detachment numbered 600 men and was far the largest body on parade. The smallest detachment consisted of three natives of the island of St. Lucia, Borneo, Ceylon, the Gold Coast, Nigeria, Uganda, and other remote colonies were represented by native troops, in clothing of striking variety, while from the fighting line in South Africa were details from the Canadian Scouts, Kitchener's Horse, and contingents from a number of local levies, raised during the war.

The Queen, while on her way from the palace to the horse guards, was greeted with salves of cheers, which increased in strength as the spectators noticed that the ordeal of the past week had but little affected Her Majesty's health and noted the absence of any signs of anxiety as she cheerfully acknowledged the congratulations of the public at the anti-cruelty progress of the King. The troops marched quickly past the Queen's carriage, the Prince of Wales receiving the salute. The Queen then drove slowly in and out of the lines and the Prince of Wales closely inspected the troops and dismounted and conferred medals and crosses on those who had merited the honor, shaking hands with the recipients of the Victoria cross.

Then followed the most picturesque feature of the day. The Duke of Connaught, at the head of the troops and facing the Prince of Wales, in clear tones, gave the command, "The parade will give three cheers for the King," and himself started the "hip," "hip." In a second the refrain was taken up and there rose cheers such as London seldom hears, the sound of which must have reached almost to the royal sick room, half a mile away. Helmets, caps and campaign hats rose in waving confusion at the bayonets point and the assembled crowds joined in with equal vigor. A man in the Canadian ranks shouted: "And a tiger," at which the troops and crowd once more yelled themselves hoarse.

After this the life guards rode up to the Queen's carriage, to the accompaniment of "God Save the King," and cheers not unmingled with tears of the women, many of whom were deeply affected.

### HALIFAX FOR CONNOR

#### Strong Resolutions Unanimously Adopted Endorsing Judge Clark for Chief Justice

(Special to the News and Observer.)

Weldon, N. C., July 1.—The Democrats of Halifax met in convention at the county seat today. Dr. J. A. Collins, of Enfield, was called upon to preside. Strong resolutions were introduced and unanimously adopted endorsing Judge Walter Clark for Chief Justice, W. E. Daniel for solicitor of the Second Judicial district, T. W. Mason for Corporation Commissioner, J. Y. Joyner for Superintendent of Public Instruction and Claude Kitchin to succeed himself in Congress from this district. The vote for judge of the Superior Court resulted: Peebles III, Winston 21, H. G. Connor, for Associate Justice, 39 2-5 and Brown 4 2-5.

E. L. Travis was nominated for State

Senator and W. F. Parker and W. P. White for the House.

A full county ticket was put in the field, the only change being in Frank Shields being nominated for treasurer in place of J. P. Futrell, who declined to run.

The convention was the largest since the memorable one of 1898 and the greatest harmony prevailed. Enthusiastic addresses were made by W. A. Dunn and J. C. Simmons. Kitchin, Daniel, Bell, Emery and others were called upon but each said it was too hot for speech making. Simmons warned the Democrats against allowing themselves to be led into the Republican ranks by the cry that the negro is eliminated and that now every one is at liberty to desert his party. Never was there a time when it was more important to keep up party organization and to stand by the party nominations. The action of the Halifax convention makes sure the nomination of R. B. Peebles for Judge and W. E. Daniel for Solicitor in the Judicial Convention here on the 9th.

### HERTFORD FOR CLARK

#### Lacked Fraction of a Vote of Being Unanimous Judge Brown for Associate Justice.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Winton, N. C., July 1.—The Democratic Convention of Hertford county convened yesterday, June 30th. For Chief Justice, Judge Clark got the entire vote of the county less a small fraction, but from vote, Judge G. H. Brown got the vote of the county for Associate Justice less a small fraction of vote. Judge Connor got the fraction. Corporation Commissioner—J. W. Mason got vote of the county.

The vote for Superior court judges, Second district, was about as follows: Hon. R. B. Peebles, 16 votes; Judge P. D. Winston, 11 votes; making 27 votes, which makes the number Hertford is entitled to in the Judicial Convention. For Solicitor, W. E. Daniel got the entire vote. For Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. Y. Joyner got the entire vote. For Congress, J. H. Small got 53 2-3 votes; W. P. Roberts 1-3 votes of the county vote of 64.

The primary vote may be a good thing for the county, as it guarantees to the minority a just recognition, but from all candidates out side of the counties in the State, it is exceedingly objectionable.

W. P. TAYLOR.

### HARMONY IN HAYWOOD

#### No Vote to Instruct Delegates to State Convention on Account of Late Hour.

(Special to the News and Observer.)

Waynesville, N. C., July 1.—The Democratic County Convention for the selection of delegates to the Senatorial, Judicial, Congressional and State Conventions endorsed candidates as follows: For Senator, Stringfield 25, Cathey 25, Leatherwood 9; for judge, Ferguson 65, Jones 5; for Solicitor, Bryson 20; for Congress, Guder 44, Campbell 16, Gallert 3, Moore 3, Bell 3. Harmony prevails and it looks as if all Democrats will get together in Haywood this year. From indications G. S. Ferguson will be nominated Judge; T. D. Bryson for Solicitor; Guder for Congress and Cathey for the Senate in this district.

The convention was large and enthusiastic, every precinct being represented. The contest for Congress, Judge and Senate was war man spirited. No vote was taken to instruct delegates to the State Convention. Some opposition developed against Judge Clark, and the convention being thin in numbers, many of the delegates having gone home, his friends did not press for a vote.

### Anson Presents Leak

(Special to News and Observer.)

Wadesboro, N. C., July 1.—The Anson County Democratic Convention elected delegates to the Congressional Convention and unanimously adopted the following resolution offered by Mr. T. L. Caudle:

"Resolved, That the delegates elected by this convention to attend the Congressional convention to be held at Monroe, on the 10th day of July, 1902, be, and they are hereby instructed, to cast the vote of Anson county to said Congressional convention, for the Hon. James A. Leak for the nomination for Congress, until he is nominated, or he withdraws from the convention."

At a previous convention delegates to the State Convention were appointed and Hon. J. A. Lockhart was endorsed for Associate Justice and Clark for Chief Justice. Mr. Lockhart's friends are confident of his nomination.

### Swain Is in Line

(Special to the News and Observer.)

Bryson City, N. C., July 1.—The Democratic County Convention today unanimously endorsed and instructed its delegates for Judge Clark for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

### A License Tax Arrest

(Special to the News and Observer.)

Salisbury, N. C., July 1.—Mr. A. H. Neinstein, a wholesale merchant of High Point, was arrested and locked up here today for refusal to pay a license tax as an itinerant merchant. He refused to pay the tax after being advised by officers that he was liable for disposing of a load of watermelons shipped here from his High Point home. He was bound over to court by Mayor Boyden and Squire D. M. Miller in two cases and gave bond. He says he will fight the case to the Supreme Court, and if he wins will institute suit for false imprisonment. He returned home tonight.

### A TART DEBATE IN LAST HOURS

#### This Stormy Session of the Senate is Over.

### CARMACK'S RESOLUTION

#### It Provided For a Visit to the Philippines by the Committee.

### LARGE PART OF INVESTIGATION A FARCE

#### Mr. Carmack and Mr. Spooner Indulged in Some Rather Strong Talk. The Resolution Was Finally Referred to a Committee.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—After a session marked by some of the stormiest debates ever heard in the American Congress the Senate adjourned sine die at 5:30 this afternoon.

During the last hours of the session there was a tart debate on the Philippine question participated in by Messrs. Carmack, of Tennessee; Spooner, of Wisconsin; Culberson, of Texas; McComas, of Maryland, and Lodge, of Massachusetts. The conference report on the Philippine Government Bill was adopted without very serious opposition and then when the desks of the Senate were cleared for adjournment, Mr. Carmack called up his resolution providing for a continuation of the investigation of the Philippine committee and for a visit to the Philippine Islands by the committee during the present summer. This started the trouble and for more than an hour a battle of words was waged. The resolution was referred to a committee, thus effectually killing it.

Just before adjournment the usual resolutions were adopted, including one offered by Mr. Cockrell, the venerable Democrat of Missouri, cordially thanking President Pro-tempore Frye for "the dignified, impartial and courteous manner in which he had presided over the deliberations of the Senate." After the adoption of the resolution, Mr. Frye delivered a feeling response and then declared the Senate adjourned without day.

During the discussion of the Philippine Bill Mr. Culberson, of Texas, said the report of the Secretary of War indicated that from May 1, 1898, to April 30, 1902, the expenditures for the army were \$65,000,000 in round numbers, while of this sum only \$170,000,000 were expended in the Philippines. This statement Mr. Culberson questioned, and figured up an expenditure by the United States of \$22,436,466 on account of the Philippines and even these figures he said, did not include some of the expenditures made for the Philippines.

Mr. Patterson, of Colorado, referred to Admiral Dewey's testimony concerning the agreement for the surrender of Manila before the attack of August 13, 1898. He said this understanding provided that no American soldier should be killed, but that notwithstanding this agreement, General Merritt permitted the soldiers to make the assault without any knowledge of the agreement. He asserted that this revelation calls for a court martial or a board of inquiry.

Mr. Carmack in support of his resolution, said the Committee on Philippines had not considered it. A large part of the investigation by the committee had been a farce and the investigation had been "choked, strangled and destroyed. There has been no investigation."

In reply to Mr. Carmack, Mr. Spooner declared that the attack made upon the army by the minority of the Philippine committee and of the Senate was not only a "farce" as it had been termed, but a wicked and cruel farce.

Mr. Spooner asserted that it was the fault of the minority that the investigation had been, as stated, a farce. The scheme of the minority had been found to be a mistake. The Democrats had mistaken the temper of the American people.

The investigation had not been persuasive with the American people because they did not favor attacks upon the army composed of men "far, far away—men who are brave and humane because they are brave."

Mr. Lodge, chairman of the committee, made an extended statement of the work of the committee. He did not think anything was to be gained by a continuation of the investigation during the summer.

"The case has gone to the American people. We'll hear from them next November. We will make the appeal if the other side does not. I think I know what the verdict will be."

Mr. Carmack said that if it were proper he would denounce Mr. Spooner's remarks as "the merest balderdash."

"The fact remains," he said, "that the committee failed to perform its duty and deliberately suppressed the purposes of the investigation." He denied the charge that the minority of the Philippine committee had assailed the army. "Any fool," he declared, "could utter such a calumny and any parrot could be taught to repeat it."

Messrs. Allison and Cockrell, as members of the joint committee of the two houses, reported that the President had

no further communications to make and the Senate then adjourned.

### Bailey and Beveridge Serene.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—When the Senate convened today there was no indication of the exciting scenes of yesterday. Mr. Bailey, of Texas, entered the chamber from the Democratic cloak room soon after the invocation had been pronounced and took his seat on the Democratic side. He was joined by Mr. Spooner and they chatted together for a few minutes. Representative Burleson, of Texas, then joined Mr. Bailey and had an extended talk with him. Mr. Beveridge did not appear in the Senate during the early part of the session. After his chat with Mr. Burleson, Mr. Bailey left the chamber.

Mr. Beveridge, who had been engaged in his committee room, entered the chamber about half an hour after the Senate convened. As he went to his seat on the extreme Democratic side other Senators joined him and shook him cordially by the hand. Later he went over on the Republican side.

### President Signs Bills.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—The President arrived at the capitol at 4:10 p. m. and went directly to the President's room in the Senate wing. After a visit to the room, which he occupied for a very short time in the spring of 1901, when he was Vice President, the President returned to his room and signed the bills which had lately been passed, among those of importance being the Philippine Government Bill and the Naval Appropriation Bill.

The Philippine Bill was presented to the President by Senator Lodge, who had been closely following its course through the various legislative channels. Secretaries Hay, Shaw, Moody, Hitchcock and Wilson and Postmaster General Payne were with the President. During a short executive session one of the Senators undertook to take Mr. Payne inside under the belief that a member of the cabinet was entitled to be present but the Postmaster General was escorted out again and informed that while the President was entitled to enter the executive sessions, the privilege did not extend to his cabinet.

Shortly after Congress adjourned the President, accompanied by Secretary Crotelyou, left the capitol.

### Division on Adjournment.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, July 1.—The Ways and Means Committee of the House today ordered Chairman Payne to report the adjournment resolution for 5:30 p. m., although this was not done without a sharp political division. Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, the ranking Democrat, moved an amendment allowing this week to consider trust legislation. This was defeated by a party vote, and by another party division the adjournment resolution was ordered reported.

The resolution was adopted in the House, 137 to 76. The Democrats voted solidly against it.

### NORTH CAROLINIANS SUICIDE.

#### Aged, Broken, in Their Early Bridal Chamber They End Their Lives.

(By the Associated Press.)

A sad story of the tragic suicide of two aged North Carolinians at Ouchy, Switzerland, on Lae Geneva, is cable from Paris.

Thirty years ago the couple were married in Switzerland, and rented the same cottage in which they were found dead. Their bodies were discovered in their former bridal chamber.

After their marriage they spent two years in Europe, and later returned home. Though natives of North Carolina, they removed to Portland, Oregon, and there Vaughn embarked in various business enterprises which prospered.

After twenty-five years of married happiness troubles came thick and fast. Their eight children died within three years. The youngest son, after accidentally shooting his eldest brother, himself met death in a mill explosion.

Finally, broken in health and spirit, the aged couple, left without a relative in the world, and with just enough money to keep them from starving, came to Europe. They sought rest in Switzerland, the scene of their romantic courtship.

The modest ivy-clad cottage which they had occupied as bride and bridegroom was by chance empty. They rented it, hoping to find there solace from their many griefs. But instead, Vaughn's letter said, the memories of the past became unendurable and they determined to end everything.

### Nearly all at Work.

(By the Associated Press.)

Roanoke, Va., July 1.—The Norfolk and Western officials here stated today that from indications there is no strike, practically, in the coal fields, as all the miners in the field are at work today. Many old men are going back daily, and new ones are being taken to the mines. It is believed that after the fourth of July all those who have left the fields will return and go to work.

### Robert Foy Re-sentenced.

(By the Associated Press.)

Roanoke, Va., July 1.—Judge Matthews, of the Wise county court, has re-sentenced Robert Foy to be executed for the murder of Dayton H. Miller. The time fixed for the hanging is Friday, August 21st. This is in accordance with a decree of the Supreme Court, which affirmed the verdict in the lower court.