

Leads all North Carolina Dailies in News and Circulation

NEGROES GIVEN JOB OF PRINTING HILL CIRCULARS

This Call Printed in Only Negro Printing Office in the State.

WAS IT FOR "ECONOMY?"

Or Was it a Bid to Secure the Solid Negro Support For the Ticket?

A REGULAR STEREOTYPED RADICAL CALL

That is What the Circular Issued by the Warren County Managers of the Mass Meeting to be Held Today is in Effect.

There is but one printing office owned and conducted entirely by negroes in North Carolina.

It is located at Littleton, North Carolina, a splendid town situated part in Halifax and partly in Warren county, North Carolina.

There are four or five printing offices conducted by white men in Halifax and Warren counties. They turn out good work, too, and do it expeditiously and satisfactorily.

And yet—

And thereby hangs an interesting story connected with the mass meeting of "Independent voters" called to meet in Warrenton today to endorse the candidacy of Mr. Thomas N. Hill for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

It was deemed necessary by the men who are managing Mr. Hill's campaign in Warren county to have some circulars issued, informing the people that a meeting of "Independent voters" would be held "in Warrenton, Friday, the 15th day of August, at 12 m., to endorse Hon. Thos. N. Hill for the office of Chief Justice of North Carolina."

The opponents of Clark, before the Democratic State Convention, blundered in every way possible. Why do the radicals who are against him hold their first meeting of ratification of Mr. Hill on Friday, universally deemed an unlucky day? Is the same hood-loom at work in the interest of Judge Clark?

The Hill managers in Warren county, as I was going on to remark, were desirous of sending out a circular letter announcing the object of the meeting, the time and place.

With four or five printing offices, run by white men in Halifax and Warren counties, the friends of Mr. Hill went to the negro printing office at Littleton—

(the only one in the State conducted by negroes)—and gave them the job for printing the circulars. Judge Hill's friends in Raleigh do not believe that he had anything to do with giving the work to the negro printing office.

But his friend, a Palmer and Buckner elector, who is managing the Warren county meeting, gave the order to the negro printing office, they printed the circulars on rather dingy looking paper, without much style, and with rather ordinary press work.

Elsewhere will be found a fac simile of the circular, set up like the original, but of course printed more clearly. In the circular, the word, "economy" was spelled "economy," and "conferring" had only one "r."

Attention is directed to the fact that the Mass Meeting is to be of "Independent Voters"—not white voters or black voters, but "Independent voters" without regard to race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

But these Independent voters are not called merely to "endorse Hon. Thos. N. Hill." That seems to be the bait held out to attract any friend of Mr. Hill who is willing to bolt the party to vote for him, or any enemy of Judge Clark, who is anxious to vote against him. But—

And perhaps the balance may let the reader into the secret of why the Warren county managers of the meeting preferred to have the circulars printed by negro printers instead of white printers. The meeting, called ostensibly chiefly in the interest of Mr. Hill, had other objects, for the call says: "And to consider measures of economy and reform in the State Government and to protest against the overbearing methods of Ring Rule and Political Bosses."

There you have the regulation Radical call, the stereotyped phrases used by them all—from Russell to Jim Young. If the men in charge of the Mass Meeting can get anybody to attend it, you may look out for the nomination of a county ticket.

As the negroes in Warren, eligible to vote, are more interested in securing a new State Government than a Chief Justice, the last part of the card was probably inserted for their benefit, and they may be expected, unless ordered to stay away, to take a hand in today's meeting.

Was it the Palmer and Buckner elector or the negro printers who cut out a portion of Judge Hill's card? Attention was directed yesterday to the fact that in his card, printed in Sunday's News and Observer, Judge Hill specifically said that the announcement of his candidacy was "subject, however, to such action as may be taken by any convention COMPOSED OF DEMOCRATS." The circular printed by the Littleton negroes omits the words "COMPOSED OF DEMOCRATS" leaving it only "by any convention," the necessary inference being that it may be a Radical Convention, a Mugwump Convention, or any old thing.

It seems that the Warren county opponents of Judge Clark are following in the footsteps of Russell, Day & Co., with this difference: Russell, Day & Co., secured white folks to do their printing, while their Warren county followers choose rather to give it to negro printers at Littleton. Is that to get the solid negro vote, or is it for purposes of "economy," to adopt the spelling as employed by the Littleton negro printer? If for "economy," how much less did the negro printers charge than the white printers would have charged? How much did they save on the job?

[Fac Simile of Call Printed in Negro Printing Office.]

CALL FOR MASS MEETING.

There will be a mass meeting of the Independent Voters of WARREN COUNTY, in the Court House in Warrenton, Friday, the 15th of August, 1902, at 12 o'clock M., to endorse Hon. Thomas N. Hill, of Halifax County, for the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and to consider measures of economy and reform in the State Government and to protest against the overbearing methods of Ring Rule and Political Bosses.

Judge Hill's Card.

Halifax, N. C., August 7th, 1902.

After conferring with a number of my friends, I hereby announce that I am a Democratic Candidate for the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, subject however, to such action as may be taken by any State convention that may assemble hereafter for the purpose of making a nomination in opposition to Judge Clark.

THOMAS N. HILL.

CUBAN'S DUAL CRIME

Charles Allen and His Wife Fall Pierced by His Bullets.

(By the Associated Press.)
Tampa, Fla., Aug. 14.—At the home of Charles J. Allen, on Seventh avenue, Tampa Heights, the best residential section of this city, Allen and his wife were fatally shot today by Manuel Chavez, one of the wealthiest and most prominent young members of the Cuban colony here. Allen died this afternoon and Mrs. Allen's death is only a question of time.

Many confusing accounts of the tragedy are current, but the one generally believed is that Allen returned home unexpectedly and found Chavez in his home and that he assaulted Chavez, striking him a blow in the mouth. Chavez, it is said, then drew a pistol and began to fire. One bullet struck Allen in the left side, another in the mouth and the third in the abdomen after passing through the body of Mrs. Allen, who had rushed between the men in an effort to separate them. The shooting of Mrs. Allen is believed to have been unintentional.

Immediately after the shooting Chavez drove off in his buggy that was standing at the back gate. He subsequently surrendered to the sheriff.

An effort was made to get him released tonight. His father's firm, one of the largest manufacturers of cigars here, offered to put up a hundred thousand dollar cash bond, but as the charge is murder Judge Robles refused it.

Prominent attorneys, including Congressman Sparkman, have been employed by the defense.

The preliminary hearing will be held tomorrow.

AYCOCK, JARVIS, McIVER.

Strong Triumvirate Speak at the Educational Rally at Hickory.

(Special to News and Observer.)
Hickory, N. C., August 14.—A tremendous crowd attended the educational rally today. Ex-Governor Jarvis delivered an address of great power this morning and showed the great results that the State would gain by education.

Governor Aycock arrived this morning and spoke at 3 o'clock this afternoon. A great crowd packed the opera house to hear him and cheered the speech to the limit. Aycock was at his best and his effort was praised on every side. Dr. McIver spoke tonight.

Russian Four Per Cents.

(By the Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 14.—The Russian four per cent rentes, aggregating 2,310,000,000 rubles (\$1,188,495,000) were regularly listed on the Stock Exchange today, the application of Morgan & Company, Belmont & Company, Baring, MacGowan & Co., and the National City Bank having been unanimously approved. It is said, by the common stock list.

"Matrimony," mused the elderly woman, "spoils many a romance." "In that case," replied the younger woman promptly, "I would like to have a romance spoiled."—Chicago Post.

EFFORT TO START RESULTS IN RIOT

Deputies at Warnkee Washery Attacked.

(By the Associated Press.)

THEIR REPLY IS A VOLLEY

A Negro Workman is Chased by a Howling Mob.

HE IS RESCUED AT LAST BY CONSTABLES

The Riot is Over in a Short While and Many Arrests Are Made. The Washery Closes Down Again For the Present.

(By the Associated Press.)

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 14.—A riot occurred at the Warnkee washery at Duryea this afternoon. Trouble had been brewing since early morning. Before seven o'clock, men and boys collected about the place and threatened to interfere with those who wanted to go to work. Sheriff Jacobs had a number of deputies on the ground and they held the crowd back.

The works were started up but remained in operation only a short time. The crowd on the outside threw stones over the stockade at the deputies who were on guard inside. Several times the deputies were tempted to fire. Rather than have any trouble work was suspended for the time being.

The deputy sheriffs returned to Wilkesbarre early this afternoon. However, when the deputies on guard were attacked. Several men in the mob also attempted to climb over the barricade. The deputies warned them to go back and when they did not a volley was fired, but the most of the bullets went high into the air. Harry Collins was shot through the right leg. Andrew Marlock, a Lithuanian, received a flesh wound and another forerunner had a narrow escape, a bullet passing through his coat.

A colored man employed at the washery, thinking his life was in danger, escaped from the barricade and ran down the street. He was pursued by an angry crowd who cried "Hang him, hang him." The man was finally run down but before any harm could befall him, a number of constables rescued him.

Deputy sheriffs from Luzerne and Lackawanna counties went to the scene of the rioting, but when they arrived, all was quiet, the mob having dispersed. An eye witness says the attack, the shooting and the riot did not last more than five minutes.

Warrants were sworn out before the burgess charging the deputies with rioting and felonious wounding. The constables went to the washery and placed twenty-five men under arrest. They were arraigned before Burgess Burlington tonight and held in \$3,000 bail each. They could not furnish bail and were brought to the county jail here.

The United Mine-Workers say the shooting was uncalled for and the deputies alone are to blame.

President Rescaavage, of the Miners' Union, of District No. 1, says the deputies were in an ugly mood all day. Sheriff Jacobs, of Luzerne county, is in Hazleton.

It is decided to resume operations at the washery if the sheriff will have a guard strong enough to preserve order and give enough protection to those who want to go to work.

LITTLE BOY DROWNED.

Wilmington Authorities on the Lookout For a Pair of Trained Bloodhounds.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Wilmington, N. C., August 14.—Playing innocently with a brother three years his senior on Sunday, a young boy, who was finally run down by a steamship wharf this afternoon, Andrew Cowan, six years old, son of Mrs. Ida S. Cowan, a boarding house keeper, lost his balance, fell into twenty feet of water and was drowned. George Brown, a colored stevedore, rescued the boy an hour and a half later by diving and although life was not extinct it was impossible to save the boy.

The grand jury in its report to the Superior court today referred to the multiplicity of burglaries that have occurred within the past several weeks and strongly recommended that the County Commissioners purchase a pair of well-trained blood hounds for tracking criminals. The commissioners are in search of the dogs recommended.

There is much talk of an independent movement in politics here, but faithful effort has failed to materialize that anything tangible is on foot thus far. It is rumored that a newspaper will soon be established to lead the independent faction.

Orward Stone Appointed.

(By the Associated Press.)

Charlottesville, Va., August 14.—Prof. Ormond Stone, of the University of Virginia, has been appointed by the executive committee of the Carnegie Institution, as an advisor in relation to original research in mathematics. There are three advisors, the other two being Prof. Moore, of the University of Chicago, and Prof. Morley, of Johns Hopkins.

IN A MOBILE CRASH

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair Killed En Route From Trouville to Paris.

(By the Associated Press.)

Everex, France, Aug. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair, Americans, who were related to Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., (Miss Virginia Fair), were returning to Paris from Trouville today when their automobile swerved and crashed into a tree fifteen miles from here. Both were killed. The chauffeur became insane as a consequence of the shock.

Mr. and Mrs. Fair had been staying at Trouville during racing week. They had a very fast 45 horse power automobile, which attracted considerable attention, and with which they were highly pleased. Mr. Fair had been from Trouville to Paris and back again in one day on the machine.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fair were taken to the Chateau Buisson Du Mal. The accident occurred at half past two o'clock this afternoon and almost in front of the Chateau Buisson Du Mal. The Fairs intended to dine and spend the night in Paris and return to Trouville for lunch tomorrow.

The wife of the gate-keeper of the Chateau was the only witness of the disaster. She says she noticed a big red automobile coming along the road at a tremendous pace. Suddenly something happened and the heavy machine slid sideways from the right to the left side of the road, for about sixty yards. It then dashed up an embankment, turned a complete somersault and crashed into a big elm tree in front of the gate of the Chateau.

The automobile was completely wrecked, the front axle was broken and other parts of the machine were smashed, including the steering gear.

When the automobile turned over the wife of the gate-keeper says she saw Mr. and Mrs. Fair thrown high in the air and fell with a heavy thud to the ground.

The chauffeur, who was sitting behind the Fairs, was precipitated into a ditch. He staggered to his feet, calling for help.

The gate-keeper's wife rushed to his assistance and aided him in extricating Mr. and Mrs. Fair, who were buried beneath the wrecked machine and in the last throes of death.

Both had sustained ghastly injuries and were almost unrecognizable. Mr. Fair's head had been crushed in, while his wife's skull was split.

The chauffeur was terribly affected at the calamity and seemed bereft of his senses. He threw himself into a ditch on the opposite side of the road and rolled about crying: "My poor masters."

M. Borson, owner of the chateau Buisson Du Mal, was summoned, and after advising the local authorities of the accident, he ordered the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fair to be carried to the gate-keeper's lodge, where they now lie on mattresses, and flowers have been strewn over them. In the room are three wax tapers burning dimly.

The accident was evidently due to the bursting of a tire. At the time it occurred the automobile, which was capable of running seventy-four miles an hour, was going at the rate of sixty-two miles an hour.

The local police authorities held in their possession and have sealed up a valise belonging to the Fairs, which contains jewelry, two letters of credit, a French bank note worth \$200 and some gold coins.

A Report From Paris.

(By the Associated Press.)

Paris, France, August 14.—The fatal accident to Mr. and Mrs. Fair occurred at the village of Saint Agullin. Mr. Fair himself was driving his automobile at a high rate of speed when one of the pneumatic tires burst. The machine swerved, collided with a tree with a terrible crash and was overturned. Mr. and Mrs. Fair were killed outright and their chauffeur was badly injured.

The Fairs have been living lately in Paris at the Hotel Ritz, and kept their apartments there while they were staying at Trouville. This morning Mr. Fair sent a dispatch from Trouville to the management of the Hotel Ritz, saying he and his wife would arrive there this evening.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who was Mr. Fair's sister, returned from Trouville Sunday and sailed for New York yesterday on the North German Lloyd steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm.

From the Home of the Fairs.

(By the Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Aug. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair left San Francisco in the latter part of May last, for a trip to Europe. Charles Fair was the son of and one of the heirs to the immense estate of the late Senator Fair. It is peculiar that the son of the late John W. Mackay, one of Senator Fair's partners, was also killed near Paris a few years ago by being thrown from his horse.

Charles Fair has been enthusiastic about automobiles ever since the machines came into use abroad. He was one of the first to bring an automobile to this coast, and he owned three or four of them. He had what was perhaps the largest and swiftest automobile in California. It was a huge French racing machine and capable, it is said, of going at a speed of seventy miles an hour. It had a forty-horse power engine. He imported it from France and with it imported a chauffeur.

Charles Fair was the third of the four children of the late Mr. and Mrs. James G. Fair. Teresa, who is now the wife of Hermann Oelrichs, is the eldest of the heirs. Then came James, who died, about

STILL LOOTING AT BARCELONA.

Bowen Reports That the Situation at Caracas is Critical.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., Aug. 14.—Under date of Wednesday, the 13th instant, Mr. Bowen, at Caracas, reports to the State Department that the situation there is very critical. At the time of the filing of his dispatch he had heard nothing from the Cincinnati or the Marietta. He says the sacking of Barcelona continues and that much valuable property is being destroyed.

Minister Bowen in his dispatch says he is advised by the United States consul at Barcelona that the revolutionists are sacking that town, and searching private houses. They are demanding money from foreign residents in exchange for a guarantee of safety of lives and property."

At the Navy Department a cablegram has been received from Commander McLean, reporting the arrival of the Cincinnati at Barcelona. The Marietta is at port of Spain, Trinidad, and is subject to the orders of Commander McLean.

Commander McLean's dispatch to the department was in part as follows: "Barcelona occupied by revolutionists. (They) have imprisoned all civil officials, and military officers are in possession of entire district. Some pillaging done, but everything now quiet. Twenty-nine business houses sacked, mostly foreign; also fifteen private dwellings."

The Navy Department also received today a cablegram from Commander McLean, dated at Cape Haytien, Wednesday, announcing that the blockade established by Admiral Killek was admitted to be ineffectual and has been abandoned.

The Navy Department is in receipt of the following dispatch from Commander Rodgers, of the Marietta, dated Port of Spain, August 12:

"(There are) three American citizens at Angostura, Venezuela. Life and property safe when ship sailed. City controlled by revolutionary military chief. Foreign subjects alarmed (over) situation. Three American steamers, Orinoco Company, forcibly detained at San Felix for government use."

Just before the department closed a dispatch was received from Commander Nichols, of the Towhee at Porto Cabello, stating that the revolutionists were in control and that there was no danger of an attempt to re-take the town by the government forces. Commander Nichols acknowledged the receipt of instructions directing him to land a force in case of necessity, but stated that the necessity for such a step had not arisen.

MADE SUPREME CHANCELLOR.

Tracey E. B. Bangs is Elected by the Knights of Pythias.

(By the Associated Press.)

San Francisco, August 14.—Tracey E. Bangs, of Grand Forks, N. D., for the past two years Supreme Vice-Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, was today elected to the Supreme Chancellorship by the unanimous vote of the Supreme Lodge. He was nominated by Oden H. Fetters, the retiring Supreme Chancellor, Charles E. Shrively, of Indiana, was elected Supreme Vice-Chancellor.

The surprise of the election came when Supreme Representative George B. Church, of California, was elected Supreme Prelate over the incumbent, C. F. Esely, of New Mexico, and William Simmons, of Delaware.

For Supreme Master of Arms, L. F. Carnsworth was the choice of the convention.

R. L. C. White was re-elected Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals, as was also Thomas Demorest to the position of Supreme Master of the Exchequer.

The twenty-six years of service of John W. Thompson, of Washington, D. C., as Outside Guard, was rewarded by reelection.

STREET FAIRS ARE BARRED.

No More to be Held Under the Auspices of the Elks.

(By the Associated Press.)

Salt Lake, Utah, August 14.—The Grand Lodge of Elks today adopted the recommendation of the Committee on Rules and Laws, absolutely prohibiting the holding of street fairs or carnivals under the auspices of the Elks lodges.

The law will not go into effect until January 1, 1903. The debate over the question was spirited, but the feeling among the members of the Grand Lodge that such fairs and carnivals were not in accord with the fundamental principles of the order was evidently very strong and the committee's recommendations were overwhelmingly adopted.

Today's outdoor program consisted of a prize drill contest of uniformed marching clubs.

Sentenced For Attempted Assault.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Charlottesville, N. C., Aug. 14.—In the Superior court today Judge Cable sentenced Isaac Anderson to fifteen years in the State penitentiary for attempted criminal assault. Anderson's victim was Hester Boyd, a young negro girl.

Mecklenburg's first bale of new cotton was brought to market today by J. A. Blakeley, of Providence township. It weighed 584 pounds and sold for ten cents. For twenty years Blakeley has held the record of bringing in the county's first new crop bale.

W. E. Holt, Jr., of Lexington, has been elected chief marshal of the Mecklenburg Fair, to be held in October, with the privilege of electing his assistants.

A RUINOUS STORM IN MECKLENBURG

Many Farms Are Converted Into Barren Wastes.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Charlotte, N. C., August 14.—From all over Mecklenburg and adjoining counties comes news today of the havoc wrought by the terrific storm of wind, rain and hail that swept over this section early this morning. The damage to growing crops will be hard to estimate, but it is great. Corn was laid low, while cotton is stripped of its bolls, blooms and leaves. Yesterday the prospects for the best crops in many years were excellent; today the farms in this section are in most instances barren wastes.

The storm struck Charlotte about 2 o'clock this morning, the wind blowing at a fearful rate, the rain falling in torrents and occasional heavy hail. Small streams became raging torrents and bridges were washed away.

In Cabarrus county, near Concord, five negroes living on E. A. Brown's place, started to town. In crossing Buffalo Creek the wagon and mules were swept away and one muled.

Lightning struck the Western Union office and Central Methodist church at Concord and fired both buildings. In unsheltered spots in this section roofs were blown off and hundreds of birds are dead under the trees. In the opinion of a number of prominent farmers the crops will not realize one-fourth of what they would have been.

THE STATESVILLE INN PARTIALLY DESTROYED

Supposed to Have Been Struck by Lightning. The Loss Put at \$8,000 or \$9,000. Partly Insured.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Statesville, N. C., August 14.—The Statesville Inn, which was undergoing repairs, was discovered in flames about 4 o'clock this morning. It is believed to have been set on fire by a flash of lightning. Before the flames could be extinguished about \$5,000 or \$6,000 damage was wrought. The inn is valued at \$12,000 and the loss is partially covered by insurance.

MORE SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED.

The Peasantry Gather to Resist But Are Outwitted by the Gendarmes.

(By the Associated Press.)

Brest, France, Aug. 14.—Soldiers and gendarmes left last evening to protect the commissaries in closing religious schools at Plougonvelin and Ploumouger, Finisterre, and the schools were closed this morning, despite protests by inhabitants of the towns. It was rumored at first that the troops were going to St. Meen and Folgoet and the peasantry flocked to those places, remaining on guard until 6 o'clock this morning, when it was learned that the soldiers had gone to Plougonvelin and Ploumouger.

At Ploudaniel the barricade of carts, which barred the way to the Sisters' school, had been replaced by a net work of barbed wire and pointed stakes have been driven into the ground to injure the horses of the gendarmes. In addition a moat has been dug in front of the school door and filled with fill.

Crisis in Potash Industry.

(By the Associated Press.)

Berlin, Aug. 14.—The potash industry is undergoing a crisis due to overproduction. The Prussian treasury mines have discharged hundreds of workmen and have reduced the wages of others from ten to thirty per cent. All private mines and factories took similar steps. It is explained that the industry was not affected by the depression in German business until the end of April, when all factory warehouses were stocked to the roofs. Much bitterness prevails among the discharged workmen against the syndicate for forcing the production in 1901 far beyond the market demands thus rendering it impossible to keep the workmen employed this year.

Accepts the Call to Goldsboro.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 14.—Rev. Frederick H. T. Horsfield, of Cambridge, New York, who has been supplying the city rectorship of St. James parish this city during the past year, today made known his acceptance of the call recently extended to him by St. Stephen's parish of Goldsboro, the same to take effect November 1st. His family, who remained North during his stay here will join him at Goldsboro.