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ROOSEVELT IN THE PINE TREE STATE

Bill Sewall, an Old Friend, Dines With Him.

"GLAD TO SEE YOU BILL"

"You Ain't No Gladder Than I be," Said Bill.

THEY ONCE ATE MUSKRAT TOGETHER

Roosevelt Continues His Stump Spaking, Making Addresses at Bangor, Waterville and Other Places in Maine.

(By the Associated Press.)

Ellsworth, Me., Aug. 27.—The President's second day in the Pine Tree State was full of interest. Starting from the Governor's residence at an early hour he was taken for a short drive about the city of Augusta and at 9:30 left for Bangor where the principal speech of the day was delivered at the fair grounds in the presence of an immense audience, which listened with marked attention to his address. The same close attention was given him at Waterville, where, from far and near, came hundreds to see and hear the first President who has visited Maine in many years.

Just before leaving Augusta the President heard that his old guide, Bill Sewall, of Island Falls, Maine, who had accompanied him on many hunting expeditions and who had for a time been employed on his ranch in Dakota, was at Bangor. He immediately wired Congressman Powers at Bangor to "corral" him and hold on to him until he reached that city. That the Congressman carried out these instructions was fully proven when he produced the tall, raw-boned, red-whiskered man on the President's arrival.

"I am glad to see you, Bill," said the President, whereupon Bill replied, "You ain't no gladder than I be." Then it was that the President told the story of his friendship of many years with the old guide and hunter and how many years ago while on a hunting trip through Maine, owing to the shortage in the meat supply, they had eaten muskrat together, which the President seemed to delight in the rural simplicity of the man and insisted that he should sit down to dinner with him. Bill therefore had the distinction that comes to but few of dining with the Chief Executive of the nation and the Governor of his State at the same time.

While at the fair grounds someone suggested to Sewall, who was seated on the platform with the President, that he should go to Washington and secure an appointment as postmaster, but Bill had already received this honor and said to his inquisitor, "I be postmaster already."

Before beginning to speak at the fair grounds in Bangor the President, noticing the jamming and pushing of the crowd in front of the grandstand, cautioned the people to be careful of the women and children and asked them to show their capacity to manage themselves which immediately had the desired effect. The platform from which the President spoke was directly in front of the grandstand, which was packed with humanity. Behind him was another dense crowd. He humorously informed his audience that he did not think he faced both ways but that on that occasion he would have to.

In his speech the President said: "During the century that has closed the growth of industrialism has necessarily meant that cities and towns have increased in population more rapidly than the country districts. And yet it remains true now as it has always been, that in the last resort the country districts are those in which we are surest to find the old American spirit, the old American habits of thought and ways of living. Conditions have changed in the country far less than they have changed in the city and in a consequence there has been little breaking away from the methods of life which have produced the great majority of the leaders of the Republic in the past.

"It must not be understood from this that there has been no change in farming and farm life. The contrary is the case. There has been much change, much progress. The Granger and similar organizations, the farmers' institutes and all the alliances which promote intelligent co-operation give opportunity for social and intellectual intercourse among the farmers, have played a large part in raising the level of life and work in the country districts. In the domain of government, the Department of Agriculture since its foundation, has accomplished results as striking as those obtained under any other branch of the national administration. By scientific study of all matters connected with the advancement of farm life; by experimental stations, by the use of trained agents, sent to the uttermost corners of the globe, by the practical application of anything which in the ordinary has been demonstrated to be efficient, in these ways, and in many others, great good has been accomplished in raising the standard of productiveness in farm work throughout the country. We live in an era when the best results can only be achieved, if to individual self-help we add the mutual self-help which comes by combination, both of citizens in their

individual capacity and of citizens working through the State as an instrument. The farmers of the country have grown more and more to realize this, and farming had tended more and more to take its place as an applied science—though as with everything else, the theory must be tested in practical work and can avail only when applied in practical fashion. "But after all this has been said it remains true that the countryman, the man on the farm more than any other of our citizens is called upon continually to exercise the qualities which we like to think of as typical of the United States throughout its history, the qualities of rugged independence, masterful resolution and individual energy and resourcefulness. He works hard (for which no man is to be pitied), and often he lives hard (which may not be pleasant); but his life is passed in healthy surroundings; surroundings which tend to develop a fine type of citizenship. In the country, moreover, the conditions are fortunately such as to allow a closer touch between man and man than, too often, we find to be the case in the city. Men feel more vividly the underlying sense of brotherhood, of community of interest.

"After all, we are one people with the same fundamental characteristics, whether we live in the country or in the city, in the East or in the West, in the North or in the South. Each of us, unless he is contented to be a lumber on the earth's surface, must strive to do his life work with his whole heart. Each must remember that while he will be noxious to every one unless he first does his duty by himself, he must also strive ever to do his duty by his fellow. The business duties, the home duties, the duties to one's family come first. The people who bring up plenty of healthy children, who leave behind them many sons and daughters fitted in their turn to be good citizens—such a couple emphatically deserves well of the State. "But duty to one's self and one's family does not exclude duty to one's neighbor. Each of us, rich or poor, can help his neighbor at times, and to do this he must be brought into touch with him. (Continued on Second Page.)

PARKER IS GUILTY

The Jury Quickly Arrive at a Verdict.

The Rapist Will be Sentenced Today, If He Dies by the Foe 'twill be Durham's First Hanging.

(Special to the News and Observer.)

Durham, N. C., Aug. 27.—The jury in the case of John Parker (colored), charged with rape upon Lillie Lyon, after being out but a short time, brought in a verdict of guilty at 5:35 this afternoon. Judge McNeill will sentence the prisoner tomorrow evening. If Parker is hanged it will be the first hanging in the history of Durham county.

The trial of Parker, charged with rape of Lillie Lyon, a ten-year-old colored girl last February, came up in the Superior Court this morning.

The jury chosen consisted of W. A. Hewitt, W. L. Johnson, S. D. O'Brian, F. W. Latta, J. C. Crabtree, A. A. Couch, G. P. Clark, A. P. Page, C. P. Herndon, E. A. Cox, H. L. Carden, W. B. Copley.

The first witness examined was Lillie Lyon, the little colored girl. She testified that she was ten years old last March. She knew John Parker; he came after her to carry her to his house to stay with his wife. He got her off in the woods and with threats that he would kill her if she ever told, accomplished his purpose.

Coroner J. Frank Madry, Dr. W. A. Graham, D. C. Gunter and others testified this afternoon. Dr. Graham's testimony was quite damaging to the prisoner. The child's bloody clothing was exhibited in court.

Mr. Jones Fuller was assigned by the court as counsel for Parker. He made a vigorous fight in behalf of the prisoner. A large crowd thronged the court room today and several times numbers of people who crowded about the railing to the bar of the court had to be commanded to take seats.

Paul Bernard O'Brian, the 7-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. O'Brian, died at the home of his parents yesterday afternoon at 1:55 o'clock.

A young man named Hall while on the street car yesterday lost his hat, and stepping from the car in the opposite direction to which it was going to recover it, was thrown violently to the ground, sustaining painful injuries. He is under treatment at the Watts Hospital.

Three Alleged Wreckers Arrested.

(By the Associated Press.)

Toccoa, Ga., Aug. 27.—Officials of Oconee county, South Carolina, have taken into custody three men, Henry Love, John Howard and Thomas Howard, whom they charge are responsible for the wreck of the Southern Railway's limited, near Toccoa, last Monday.

The results of the investigation of the accident show that the train was deliberately derailed. Prints of wrecking tools have been discovered upon the rails.

Joins the Colombian Navy.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 27.—Captain Henry Marmaduke, who served during the Civil War on the famous Confederate ironclad Merrimack, and the Alabama, has joined the Colombian navy and will sail for that republic on the new war vessel which has been purchased at Seattle, Washington, by Senor Concha, the Colombian Minister at Washington.

THE SCEPTRE IS IN PRITCHARD'S HANDS

He Determines the Policy of the Convention.

AND IT SEEMS TO BE THIS

Elect Anti-Organization Democrats to the Legislature.

SUBORDINATE EVERYTHING TO THIS

The Hotels Are Filling Up Slowly With Delegates, and the Convention Will be Opened by Pritchard at Noon Today.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 27.—The hotels are filling up tonight slowly with Republican delegates and officials who come to the convention, which opens here at noon tomorrow, and the lobbies are sparsely populated with the rank and file politicians, while leaders are evidently in their rooms caucusing for nothing, for it is generally admitted that Chairman Pritchard will determine the whole policy, plan and outcome of the meeting tomorrow, and until that plan is consummated all prophecies as to what will be done, who will or who will not be nominated, and who endorsed are mere guesses.

The endorsement of Eaves, Independent Democrat, for solicitor, and of Page, regular Democratic nominee, today for Congress is a fair index of the policy to be pursued tomorrow, that is to subordinate every party principle, every personal ambition to the one ruling purpose: Elect as many anti-organization Democrats as possible to the Legislature, sacrifice everything else to this one point. Resolutions at all in conflict with Chairman Pritchard's plans or complete ascendancy if offered tomorrow will be buried in committee room.

The air is full of talk about endorsing Platt Walker and refusing Connor because he was on both sides of impeachment and of putting Lindsay Patterson in his place and endorsing Hill for Chief Justice, Joyner for Superintendent of Public Instruction, but this is all talk, as no one except Chairman Pritchard knows what will be done and he will not tell. Delegates seem to think there will be some fun over the contested Craven delegates.

Same Old Crowd Minus the Negro.

Greensboro, N. C., August 27.—It is the same old crowd minus the negro and plus a half dozen or so independent Democrats. The purpose is the same of course, but the method is to be different.

It is Pritchard and pie and how best to get them. If Pritchard should say: Endorse Clark, the convention would do it. If he said: Endorse Hill, it would be done, and this is beyond all reasonable doubt what will be done. Walker will also be endorsed and tonight it looks like Cook, Timberlake, Patterson, Bynum and all the others will bite the dust, and Connor will be endorsed also.

Chief Justice Ferguson has written a letter asking for Connor's endorsement. Pritchard and his bung smellers will do anything if it looks like a possibility for trading for a legislator anywhere; that is the whole fight.

It is said that Bob Page's endorsement at Lexington today was intended to so solidify matters in the Seventh District as to mystify Henry Page and the other anti-Clark faction in renewing their fight against Clark without damaging Page.

One faction wants to endorse Joyner for Superintendent of Public Instruction, and another faction wants to nominate Mebane.

It seems that Dr. Abbott will have a walk-over for Corporation Commissioner if he will take it.

I have it from a reliable source that a resolution accepting the suffrage amendment as a part of the organic law will be introduced. Pritchard can kill it or pass it as he pleases. But for the effect in Ohio, Indiana and other States, he would champion it, and some believe that he will make a grand stand play against it with the understanding that it shall pass over his protest.

The whole situation is Pritchard. There is plenty of sentiment against his policy, but it is scared, scared into insipid and disgusting silence. The probable action of the convention is Hill, Walker, Connor, Joyner and Abbott.

I have seen but four ex-Democrats. These are Capt. Day, of Raleigh; Yarborough and Green, of Franklin, and Whitaker, of Halifax. There has been no caucus, nor will there be any. The Grand Sachem of the tribe, Senator Pritchard, is in his room at the Benbow and doesn't leave it. It seems that only those who are invited have the temerity to enter. Capt. Day, Col. Skinner and B. F. Keith seem to have the preference and are among the closest conferees, while the old-timers cool their heels and look longingly through the windows.

At 11 o'clock tonight the fight against the endorsement of Connor looks victorious, and some friends of Timberlake and Cook and Patterson are bold enough to proclaim the fact, but everything in sight and out of sight freely and fully discloses the plan and purpose to surrender

everything for the man from Madison and to trade Judges, Congressman, Solicitors and all else for legislators who will vote for Pritchard. It is a Pritchard-Southern Railroad fight, and but for the railroad the entire State ticket would without question be endorsed, including Clark, and the entire fight be made in favor of Pritchard legislators in the counties where local dissensions exist.

An Earlier Forecast.

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 27.—The Republican State Convention will be called to order at noon tomorrow at the grand opera house by Senator J. C. Pritchard, Chairman of the State Executive Committee. He will make a speech of some length on party matters. There will be an address of welcome by Robert D. Douglass, Esq., of Greensboro.

Further than this the plans have not been perfected, it not even being known at this time who the temporary chairman of the convention will be. At 3:30 p. m., or about that time, the convention will adjourn for dinner. The meeting after dinner, it is thought now, will not close until the work of the convention has been completed. Senator Pritchard says that he has been out of the State so much that he is not in a position to state just what will be the plan of procedure. It is understood that the other party leaders will all be here tonight, and at conference between them and Senator Pritchard plans will be mapped out.

Singularly enough no one knows anything about who are candidates for the several offices, but the sentiment is general that a full ticket will be named.

The present outlook is that Senator Pritchard's speech will be the most important part of the convention. During the best part of the day he has been hard at work in his room adding the final touches.

St. Barnabas Guild.

St. Barnabas Guild meets tomorrow (Friday) morning, at 10:30 o'clock. A full attendance is specially desired.

AN OUTBREAK FEARED

Preparations Are Being Made to Move Troops to Lansford.

(By the Associated Press.)

Tamaqua, Pa., Aug. 27.—Major Gearhart, commanding the first battalion of the Twelfth regiment, stationed here, has asked Governor Stone to send the Governor's Troop from Shenandoah to Lansford. The streets of Lansford and Summit Hill are crowded with strikers. They are in an ugly mood and an outbreak is feared at any time. Preparations are now being made to move troops to Lansford.

PHILADELPHIA, AUG. 27.—The Second Troop, Philadelphia city cavalry, Captain F. E. Schermmerhorn, has been ordered to report to Brigadier General Gobin at Shenandoah, Pa.

HIGGINSON'S REPORT.

Result of Operations Most Beneficial. Wireless Telegraph Outfit for Vessels.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 27.—The Navy Department made public today Rear Admiral Higginson's official report upon the "search problem," which was conducted by the Blue Fleet, under his own command and the White Squadron under Commander Pillsbury, off the New England coast. The Admiral's report says: "Commander Pillsbury's fleet was deficient in speed. His evasion of the outside scouts and arrival on the coast undetected was, I think, very creditable to him.

"The result of the operation, in regard to my own force was to gather very valuable information for the intelligence office concerning the capabilities of defense and means of communication along the stretch of New England coast from Cape Cod to Portland. This information is valuable and should be preserved for future use.

"The line of coast over which I had charge was divided into five districts, each in charge of an officer provided with scouting vessels and a number of observers at shore stations. These districts all reported by telephone or telegraph or by whatever means of communication they could establish with the central district at Rockport, where Ensign Berry, United States Navy, was in charge of the central office and transmitted to me by means of steam launches, torpedo boats and signals from shore, whatever information was received.

"I can only say that the operations have been very beneficial in training the young men in scouting and as observers. I have already written to the Department about the valuable service rendered by the torpedo boat flotilla under the command of Lieutenant Chandler.

"I take this occasion, however, to urge upon the Department the establishment upon all vessels of the navy a wireless telegraph outfit. In my opinion it is of incalculable value and no expense should be spared to hasten its adoption."

Mrs. Pizzini May Recover.

(By the Associated Press.)

Long Branch, N. J., Aug. 27.—Mrs. W. C. Pizzini, of Richmond, Va., who was badly injured in the automobile accident at Elberon yesterday, which caused the death of Frank Matthews and Mrs. J. H. Cobb, was said at the Monmouth Memorial Hospital, to which she was taken after the accident, to have passed a restful night and to have a good chance of recovery.

STEAMERS CRASH IN THE NARROWS

The Liguria Run Down by the Peconic.

THE HULL, IS SPLIT OPEN

There is a Panic But No Lives Are Lost.

THE PECONIC IS ALSO BADLY DAMAGED

The Liguria's Passengers Forced Over to Starboard to Keep the Rent in Her Hull Above Water. The Collision in Broad Daylight.

(By the Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 27.—In broad daylight and bright sunshine, a collision which might have resulted in a dreadful calamity occurred in New York harbor this afternoon between an incoming passenger liner and an outbound freight steamer.

The steamer Liguria of the Italian Royal Mail Steamship Line with over 1,100 persons on board, was run down in the Narrows by the British steamer Peconic, of the Mediterranean and New York Steamship Company bound out for ports in the Mediterranean. A succession of whistle blasts, just how blown could not be learned, was followed by a tremendous crash and the Peconic's bow smashed into the hull of the Liguria just forward of the foremast. The Italian liner's hull was cut to the water's edge and water poured into the aperture.

The Peconic as she drifted away scraped the white hull of the Liguria and carried away the champion ladder. The bow of the Peconic on the port side was stove in and the stem turned to starboard.

On board the liner all was confusion for a few minutes, but Captain Montano restored order promptly and forced the steamer passenger over to the starboard side, in order to bring the hole above water. In this effort he was so successful that very little water entered the liner.

The pilot who brought the Liguria into port, Frank Kramer, was little disposed to talk, but said that the fault was all with the Peconic. He said the Liguria was coming along slowly towards the Narrows. The Peconic and the British steamer Antilia, bound out for Nassau, were steaming to sea a short distance apart when the Peconic blew two whistles and then changed the signals. The Liguria sheered to starboard and then back at full speed. The impact came with terrific force, the sound being heard on the shore.

The Peconic was so damaged that she returned for repairs. The Liguria after the inspection of passengers at quarantine proceeded to her dock.

On board the Italian liner were twenty-one saloon, twenty-nine cabin and nine hundred and sixty-five steerage passengers.

There were no casualties on board the Liguria nor on the Peconic. The latter vessel was in charge of Pilot Charles Thompson and was deeply laden.

REV. A. F. WATKINS CHOSEN.

To Raise Trust Fund of \$5,000,000 to Support Superannuated Preachers

(By the Associated Press.)

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 27.—The board of trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, met here today for the purpose of choosing an agent to raise a trust fund of \$5,000,000 for the help and support of superannuated preachers and the widows and orphans of deceased preachers of the denomination.

The last general conference authorized the creation of the fund and it was provided that none of the interest should be used until the principal reached \$100,000, when 75 per cent becomes payable to the beneficiaries and the remaining 25 per cent is to be added to the principal until the fund reaches \$5,000,000. All of the interest then becomes payable to the beneficiaries. All loans will be made up on improved realty and the committee is not allowed to lend more than 40 per cent of the value of the property. The funds will be loaned and the interests will be paid in Nashville.

Rev. A. F. Watkins, of Brookhaven, Miss., was elected agent to collect the fund.

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION.

The Address of President Rose Before the Assemblage at Saratoga.

(By the Associated Press.)

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 27.—The American Bar Association began its twenty-fifth annual meeting here today. There was a large attendance of delegates when the meeting was called to order by President U. M. Rose, of Little Rock, Ark., who then delivered an address, in which he touched upon many of the leading questions of the day, including anarchy, the trusts, primary elections, Senators by popular vote, etc.

Speaking of trusts he said in part: "The Supreme Court of the United States and several of our Presidents have more than once called attention to the gravity of the situation, and we can-

not suppose that men occupying such high positions of responsibility would wantonly excite public apprehension.

"Efforts have often been made to control prices by law, but never successfully. The natural laws of trade always triumphed over the artificial laws of men. But whoever can control the supply can fix his own prices.

"President Roosevelt has said more than once that the power of corporations over prices should be subjected to public control.

"Another proposed remedy is the modification of the tariff laws as far as they affect prices of commodities sold by the trusts. This would open the trusts to the competition of the foreign markets; and to that extent it would place a limit on the power to raise prices. It would not, of course, affect all the trusts; and hence it would be inadequate, though it might prove very useful.

"Another remedy suggested is an amendment to the Federal Constitution giving power to Congress to control all corporations; a very drastic remedy indeed, one that would greatly strengthen the lobby, one that might introduce an era of political corruption hitherto unknown.

"Lastly, it is suggested that the Federal Constitution should be so amended as to enable Congress to prevent by appropriate penalties the slugging of rivals by local underselling, by 'factor's agreements' and by similar devices. This would not prevent the investment of large sums in corporate hands; and corporations with large but laws of that kind would no doubt be rigidly enforced by the juries of the country; and public sympathy in favor of new and struggling enterprises would probably go a long way to redress the balance."

KILGORE ELECTED SECRETARY.

L. B. Hagid Read a Paper on Silk Culture in the South.

(By the Associated Press.)

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 27.—The Cotton States Commissioners' Association elected officers today as follows:

J. G. Lee, Louisiana, president; R. R. Poole, Alabama, first vice-president; G. W. Koiner, Virginia, second vice-president; T. H. Paine, Tennessee, treasurer; B. W. Kilgore, North Carolina, secretary.

L. B. Hagid, of Georgia, read a paper on silk culture. He said conditions were ripe and advantageous for the revival of the industry, especially in the South, and declared the United States should not stand still while her people were consuming over one-half of the silk production of the world, at an annual expenditure of \$75,000,000. The culture of silk was shown to be more remunerative and less uncertain than the raising of cotton and Mr. Hagid urged that the attention of farmers be called to the industry.

G. W. Herrick, of Mississippi, followed with a paper on measures for the decrease of malaria in the South.

The raising of alfalfa was the title of a paper prepared by W. R. Dodson, of Alabama.

On the Diamond.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Winston-Salem, N. C., Aug. 27.—Winston defeated Madison again today in playing ball by a score of 9 to 2. Batteries: Cook and Nelson; Lindsay and Gibson.

The Doctors today accepted the challenge of the Lawyers to contest for honors on baseball diamond for the benefit of the hospital. Forsyth's two Senatorial candidates will be in the game. In a card answering the challenge the Physicians say: "Free treatment in wards of hospital for all maimed is not ours to grant, nor would it be just to make such a demand of the hospital association, for the proceeds of the game would hardly cover unusual expense, we believe. For instance, how much time and ointment would it require to restore Bob Glenn to a normal condition after a slide to second, especially should he find Cy Watson still on base?"

National League.

(By the Associated Press.)

At St. Louis— R H E
St. Louis ... 1 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 4 5 3
Phila. ... 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 5 15 2

At Pittsburgh— R H E
Pittsburg ... 0 0 0 0 4 2 1 0 8 7 14 1
Boston ... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 5 1

At Cincinnati— R H E
Cincinnati ... 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 6 7 3
New York ... 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 4 8 6

American League.

(By the Associated Press.)

At Cleveland— R H E
Cleveland ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 11 0
Phila. ... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 3 1

Southern League.

(By the Associated Press.)

Atlanta, 3; Shreveport, 5.
Birmingham, 6; New Orleans, 4.
(Second game): Birmingham, 1; New Orleans, 2.
Nashville, 1; Memphis, 0.
(Second game): Nashville, 7; Memphis, 0.
Chattanooga, 9; Little Rock, 4.

Eastern League.

(By the Associated Press.)

Toronto 16, Montreal 2.
Jersey City 6, Worcester 5.
Providence 2, Newark 0.

Currituck's Superintendent Dead.

The Superintendent of Instruction received notice yesterday morning that County Superintendent A. S. Doane of Currituck, died of fever last Friday. Mr. E. R. Johnson, of Currituck court house, chairman of the County Board of Education, will act as superintendent until an election can be held.